of areoles in the costal space except near the base; hind wings less spotted.

Length of body, male, 32 to 44 m.m.; female, 21 to 27 m.m. Exp. al. 42 to 60 m.m.

Habitat.—I have before me 8 males and 9 females. From Canada; Upper Wisconsin River, Kennicott; from Hamilton, Ontario, Moffat; Michigan, a couple in alcohol, Capt. Meade; Ludington, Mich., Pierce; Port Huron, Mich., Hubbard; from New Jersey, Uhler; from S. Carolina, Zimmerman, the type of M. Talpinus Klug.; from Savannah, Ga., the type of M. irroratus Burm., vol. ii., p. 995, No. 11, with the label in Burmeister's hand-writing; from Millin, Scriven Co., Ga., July, by Morrison; from Florida, Norton.

The range of the species is very large; the largest specimens are from Canada and Michigan, the smallest from Georgia. The wings are more or less sprinkled.

The species has been raised from a larva which I had supposed to belong to Acanthactisis congener, but Mr. Redtenbacher rightly doubted my determination. I have besides the described larva from Wyoming before me, one from Port Huron, Mich., and one from Crescent City, Fla., both collected by Mr. Hubbard. I can not find any difference between them and a larva from Ludington, Mich., by Mr. Pierce, who intends to describe the full history of the species raised by himself.

When I was still in Europe, I had determined "with some doubt" this species as the M. abdominalis Say. The large material now at hand has shown me years ago that Say's species is a different one. exist before Burmeister two different M. irroratus, Rambur's name has the priority; his type is a female. The M. irroratum Oliv., Encycl., viii., p. 126, No. 30 (copied by Walk., p. 408, No. 207), from Italy and Greek Archipel., is probably M. imbecillus Stein. The M. irroratus Klug., Symb., pl. 35, f. 6, from Arabia Felix, has visible spurs. The type is in the Berlin Mus.; I can not determine the species, but believe it is not a After Mr. Taschenberg, there can be no doubt that the type of Burmeister of his M. irroratus in the Halle Museum, is different from his type in Winthem's Coll. The type in the Halle Museum is M. longicaudus Burmeister, after his type in Winthem's Coll. M. contaminatus Burm. is the female of irroratus type (in Winthem's Coll.); Mr. Taschenberg's description is conclusive. M. nebulosum Oliv., Enc. Meth., viii., 127, 35, from New York, is M. conspersus Rbr.; the description of