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THIRTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 10 1893--SIX PAGES. ONE CENT.

TWENTY-FIVE KILLED.

Ford's Old Theatre Floors Collapse

CARRYING DOWN 450 CLERKS

The Building Was Condemned In 1885.

UNSAFE FOR BOOKS, SAFE FOR MEN

A Terrible Calamity At Washington — A Building Used As Government Offices Collapses Owing to Excavation Made For Putting In Electric Light Plant—Heartrending Scenes At the Morgue and Hospital—Marvelous Hairbreadth Escapes — Curious Coincidence In the Date of the Catastrophe.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—At 10 a.m Ford's old Opera House in 10th-street fell. The following were killed:

George M. Arnold (colored), Virginia.
B. F. Miller, New York.
John Bussius, District of Columbia.
George O. Allen, Pennsylvania.
F. B. Loftus, New York.
David C. Jordan, Missouri.
Samuel P. Banes, Pennsylvania.
William Shriver, Maryland.
G. B. Gage, Michigan.
J. R. Fagan, Kansas.
J. A. McFall, Wisconsin.
L. W. Brody, New York.
F. W. Williams, Wisconsin.
F. W. Maeder.
R. S. Dietrich.
Howard S. Miller.
J. B. Jones, Evansville, Wis.
Jeremiah Daly, Pennsylvania.
E. G. Shull, Kansas.
M. M. Jarvis, Michigan.
Dr. Nelson.
H. S. Wood.

Another tragedy, less national in character, but involving the loss of many lives and much more human suffering, has stained the walls of the old Ford's Theatre, Washington, where Abraham Lincoln was assassinated by J. Wilkes Boothe in April, 1865. It is a coincidence also which will not escape attention that this second tragedy occurred on the very day when the remains of the great tragedian, whose life was so darkened by his brother's crime that he never visited Washington afterwards, were being laid to rest in Mount Auburn Cemetery, Massachusetts.

A Scene of Agony and Excitement.

The house in which Lincoln died, on the other side of the street from the theatre where he was shot, and which is still kept sentimentally intact as it was that fatal night, looked down to-day upon a scene of agony, excitement and grief which even the great crime of 1865 could not parallel.

A Blunder Worse than Crime.

And the horrors of the scene were by no means lessened by the knowledge that a blunder, in this case almost "worse than a crime," has caused the death of from 20 to 30 persons at the least and inflicted maimings and injuries upon 50 or 60 others.

The Building Condemned in 1885.

Evidence as found in official records appears conclusive that so long ago as 1885 this building, which the Government purchased after the assassination and used as an army museum, was officially proclaimed by Congress an unsafe depository for even the inanimate skeletons, mummies and books of the Army Medical Museum, which as for a place storage was provided by act of Congress.

Used Despite Its Insecurity.

But notwithstanding the fact that in the public press, and in Congress also, continued attention was called to the bulging walls of the building and its darkness and general unsuitability and insecurity, it continued to be used for the daily employment of nearly 500 Government clerks in the pension record division of the War Office, with a refinement of discrimination, however, between what could be replaced and what could not be so easily supplied.

Safe for Clerks, Unsafe for Records.

While the clerks were trusted in the unsafe building, the original records were retained in the substantial fireproof War Department building proper. So the comforting official assurance is given that while 30 clerks may have been killed, the pension records are all saved and uninjured.

The building collapsed in the midst of an ill-judged effort to remedy some of its defects.

Other Buildings Dangerous.

The moral of the disaster, if there is any, is emphasized by the fact that there are known to be at least two great Government buildings—the printing office and the Winder building annex of the War Department, each containing many more employes than were caged in Ford's Theatre death-trap, which are in an equally dangerous condition.

The hour of the disaster was very shortly after the department had settled down for the day's work. The workmen whose operations under the building were the immediate cause of the catastrophe had been tinkering upon it for two hours or more. Half an hour earlier and few lives would have been lost.

Cause of the Collapse.

The excavations which were the immediate cause of the collapse were being made at the instance of the War Department, for the purpose of putting in an electric light plant.

When the first rumbling warning of the approaching collapse came the clerks on the third floor to the number of eighty or a hundred rushed to the windows and jumped for the roof of a small building adjoining on the northwest side. Many of them escaped in this way.

Too Many For the Surgeons.

About 1.30 o'clock the dead and injured began to arrive faster than the corps of surgeons could attend to their injuries. Carried on stretchers they were dumped at the most convenient places. Those who were most seriously injured were attended to, while the others groaning and crying from the pain of broken limbs, lay beseeching the doctors to dress their wounds.

Load After Load of Injured.

Shortly after the arrival of the first unfortunates a crowd began to assemble in and outside of the hospital, many of them being the wives, daughters and relatives of the dead and injured. Their weeping and frantic cries for information were heartrending. They greatly interfered with the work of the physicians, and Dr. Kerr, who is in charge of the hospital, determined to put them out. Load after load of the wounded, blind from the debris and with limbs broken and maimed, were dumped at the doors. They had to remain outside for some time, as the force and facilities of the hospital were unequal to the emergency.

The Ministering Clergy.

An incident of the day was the number of clergy who, on hearing of the accident, flocked to the scene. Utterly regardless of their own safety they entered the building, the rear walls of which were warningly bulging out and ministered to the dying and injured. Ministers of all creeds were present.

Numberless Hairbreadth Escapes.

The hairbreadth escapes narrated by the survivors were numberless. A dozen men left in a corner of the third story clambered down the hose pipe to the ground.

One of these men, E. Baier, who worked in the centre of the third floor, said: "I was at my desk when I heard a great roar. There was no premonitory trembling of any kind, just a roar and crash, and the desks and tables seemed to rise up in the centre of the floor and then disappear in a blinding cloud of white dust. I sprang for the rear window and called to my companions to follow. Those who were right near me did so and we gained a safe place.

Planned His Escape Two Years Ago.

W. H. Mellach of New Jersey claims to have been the first to leave the building. He was in the second story when he saw the ceiling giving way. For two years he had planned a route of escape. He knew the building would fall some day. He got through by the side building.

Jumped On An Awning.

Another man saved himself by jumping from the window into the awning of a tobacco store.

Alive Under Three Feet of Debris.

Several of the clerks were extricated from beneath desks and beams and conducted to places of safety. The last man taken out of the building alive up to 12.30 o'clock was Captain Dowd of Indiana. He was found near the southwest corner of the building, covered to a depth of two or three feet with brick and mortar. He had lain there for three hours, but a falling beam had lodged near him in such a position as to break the fall of the brick and timbers, and when lifted up he raised his hand, showing he was conscious.

Their Mangled Faces Covered.

Between 10 o'clock and noon the ambulances were kept busy carrying away the dead and injured. The faces of many of the victims were covered with pieces of cloth, an old coat, a newspaper or whatever else could be had, but some of the mangled bodies were carried out with their faces exposed to the gaze in the great throng that surrounded the building.

The President Interests Himself.

The President was informed of the sad event just as he reached the entrance to the White House by one of the clerks, and he at once interested himself in relief measures.

450 People in the Building.

The full force employed in the building numbered 514 persons. A number of these were absent on leave or because of illness, so that probably not more than 400 or 450 persons were in the building when the crash came. Then, as only half of the floors fell, the number of persons who went down was further reduced, and of those who actually fell many escaped with slight injuries or without harm.

Horrible Scenes At the Morgue.

At the morgue, the sight was one horrible to behold. The little building in which was the ice chest and a dissecting table was not near large enough to hold the dead bodies brought from the wrecked building. At 12.30 o'clock the sixteenth dead body reached the little building.

There was no one at the morgue who was able to identify the bodies, and so Superintendent Schoenberger tagged them with numbers as they were brought in.

The Morgue Too Small.

The morgue was soon filled, and then the stable was turned into a reception room for the bodies. Blankets were spread on the floor, and the bodies were laid out as respectably as possibly under the circumstances.

A Sad Sight for His Wife.

The first woman to appear at the morgue was Mrs. F. W. Maeder, and when she entered the little brick building the mutilated body of her husband was the first to meet her eyes. The scene that followed was a sad one, and Mrs. Maeder had to be assisted out of the presence of the ghastly sight. Mr. Maeder was 39 years old and came here a year ago from Buffalo, N.Y.

The body of John Bussius was identified by his heart-broken son. He was 34 years old and his wife is about to be confined.

At 2 o'clock there were only two bodies unidentified.

Four of Injured Die.

Only those persons whose injuries are serious now remain in the Emergency Hospital. About 25 more or less injured were sent there, four of whom have since died: Howard S. Miller, J. B. Jones of Evansville, Wis.; — Jarvis and Jeremiah Daly of Pennsylvania.

Responsibility For the Accident.

The question of the responsibility for the accident is of course already discussed. There seems but little doubt that the primary cause was some excavation which was being done under the front wall.

Thought the Building Secure.

From Col. Ainsworth, Chief of the Record and Pension Division, it was learned that there was no storage on the floors and that the only weight was the desks and the clerks employed there. He said that the underpinning was not being done in order to strengthen the building, as it had never been intimated that it was in any way insecure.

Warned by a Colored Man.

One of the workmen, a colored man, who was employed in excavating the cellar and who escaped with only slight cuts, says: "I told them yesterday that the archway would fall, for every time anyone walked over the floor it would bend. I tell you I was scared, and got out just as quick as I could. There were 20 men at work with me. Indeed I don't know what became of them."

The Records May Be Recovered.

Inasmuch as there was no fire, Col. Ainsworth thinks when the debris is cleared away all the papers of value will be recovered.

Another Body Recovered.

The work of clearing away the debris continued from 11.30 until 5.03 before another body was found. The work was being done in the cellar in the extreme front of the building when one of the laborers announced that "he saw a hand." Shovels and picks were immediately dropped and the debris was removed by hand. The body of the unfortunate man, who, from his dress, was evidently a clerk, was lying face down with one arm doubled under him and the other extended. The back of his head was badly crushed. His face was cut in several places. The body was removed with all possible care and sent to the morgue to await identification.

Twenty-five Dead, Fifty Injured.

The total casualties, as near as can be ascertained at this writing, are as follows: Twenty-one dead bodies are at the morgue and the Emergency hospital. Four more persons are reported dead whose names were probably confused with those of victims or their identity confused with some other bodies through physical resemblance. The number of injured reported is about 50, but many others who were able to proceed to their homes were hurt more or less badly.

CREMATED IN THEIR SHANTY

TWO WRETCHED LIVES END IN SHOCKING DEATHS.

An East York Hovel Takes Fire, One of the Inmates Perishes in the Flames, and Her Brother Dies at the General Hospital From the Effects of His Burns.

Alex. Rogers, aged 79, and Mrs. Mary Ann Leppington, aged 68, brother and sister, who lived together in a wretched hovel at "Flyntown" on the third concession of York, two and a half miles east of Lansing, will trouble the York Township Board of Health no more. Both are dead. They perished miserably, as they had lived.

For some time past brother and sister had been living in such a filthy state that it was held to be harmful to the health of the community, and at the last meeting of the township Board of Health, Dr. F. G. Pope of Bracondale, the Medical Health Officer, was instructed to visit and have the premises cleaned up.

At 2 o'clock Thursday morning neighbors of Rogers observed that the house was on fire and, on going to the scene, found the old man crouched in front of the burning building, which was totally enveloped in flames. Rogers explained that when he went to bed he left the light burning on the table, that he was awakened in the night by the heat and smoke, that he tried to extinguish the flames and that he endeavored to awaken his sister, but could not and that he only escaped by crawling out on his hands and knees.

Next morning Dr. Langstaff made an examination of the ruins and found the spinal column, shoulder blade and a portion of the arm of Mrs. Leppington.

James Flynn, John Flynn and Mrs. Whalen did their son attempted to rescue the woman, who occupied a room upstairs, but their efforts were futile, as there was no ladder to reach the upper story and it was impossible to enter from below. Two houses, stables and barns were entirely destroyed. The rest of the body had been burned to a crisp.

An inquest was held and the jury found that deceased came to her death by accident, the fire being probably caused by the explosion of a lamp. The jury also censured the Board of Health for not having deceased and her brother, both of whom were in a helpless condition, removed to the Industrial Home.

After the inquest the old man Rogers was brought to the Toronto General Hospital, where he died a few hours after his admission.

THE EDWARDS ESTATES.

Canadian Claimants to Estates in New York Valued at Two Million Dollars.

Mr. P. McPhillips of London has been retained by about 25 or 30 claimants to the Edwards estate in the centre of New York, who claim property to the value of $2,000,000. Mr. McPhillips is in Toronto to-day, and leaves for New York to-morrow. It is understood that he has offered $300,000 to settle the claims.

FATALITY AT PORT CREDIT.

A Starch Factory Employe Whirled to His Death.

Fred Ellis, an employe of the St. Lawrence Starch Factory at Port Credit, was adjusting a belt when he was caught by a revolving shaft, which instantly whirled him off his feet, dashing him against the ceiling and a large rat on which he was standing at the time. He sustained a fracture of the skull, one of his legs was broken and he was seriously injured internally. It is not thought that he will survive his injuries.

It Will Be Hotter.

Gents will not swelter in ordinary-weight clothing any longer than it will take them to get to the spot where they can on the shortest notice have a complete outfit of coolest apparel made—and it's a blessing that the fashioners of these special summer goods have been so keen as to anticipate what will tickle man's fancy in style, keep him comfortable and not break him financially. R. Walker & Sons, the Golden Lion, is about handiest and without doubt the best place to get to for summer suits of all sorts.

Struck a Rock in the Canal.

MORRISBURG, June 9.—The steamer Acadia, owned by MacKay & Sons, Hamilton, struck a rock at 6 o'clock last evening in the Morrisburg Canal and stove a large hole in her bottom. She will have to be lightened before she can be towed out. Navigation is not obstructed.

The St. Clair-Erie Canal.

OTTAWA, June 9.—Col. Tisdale, M.P., had an interview with Acting Minister of Railways and Canals Bowell this morning regarding the Lake St. Clair-Erie canal scheme.

Col. Tisdale says it is not true that he is associated in promoting this undertaking with Wyatt. He has great faith in the project, and if it is in the right hands it must prove a big commercial success. Whoever undertakes to carry it must have the confidence of capitalists.

June is the First Month That We Can Really Enjoy the Seat Out of Doors in the Evening.

When the warm day is about over how pleasant to draw the light arm chair and the small rocker to the verandah and be refreshed by the pleasant evening air of June! There is a good deal in having a comfortable arm chair, or a comfortable rocker. Sometimes one buys these things and finds they don't exactly suit. It's a good idea to go where there is plenty of choice. There is one furniture store in the city where you can get about all the kinds of chairs and rockers that are made. Mentioning that fact suggests the name of the store, for their name is everywhere. No wonder their sales are so much, for they have a way of serving people that is sure to bring them back for some other article of furniture when wanted, or a carpet or other necessary article in the Home Furnishing line. That store is C. P. Adams Co., 175-179 Yonge-street. C. S. Coryell, manager. 62

In Col. Tyrwhitt's Constituency.

Some time ago The World announced that Col. Tyrwhitt of South Simcoe was likely to succeed Prof. Saunders of the Ottawa Experimental Farm. Color is given to the rumor by the fact that the Finance Minister and Messrs. Wallace and Wood will visit Cookstown on Wednesday next, June 14, and deliver addresses.

Use Taylor's White Hyacinthe.

Strangled by a Falling Window.

HALIFAX, June 9.—The 9-year-old daughter of Hugh McDonald of Northwest Arm, Cape Breton, met a horrible death yesterday. She was getting out of a window, when it fell, the bottom of the sash catching her by the neck. Before being discovered the little one had been strangled.

Use Taylor's White Hyacinthe. 246

Dwelling House Burned.

CACHE BAY, Ont., June 9.—This morning a fire broke out in the dwelling house adjoining the lumber mill of Davidson & Hay. The building was damaged to the extent of $200.

Drink Sprudel and keep your system in good condition. It is bottled just as it flows from the earth and every bottle is put up at the spring. Only $6 for a case of 50 quart bottles if empties are returned. William Mara, agent, 79 Yonge-street.

Try Taylor's "Special White Rose." 246

THE POOL ROOM CASES.

Defendants Committed for Trial Charged With Keeping Disorderly Houses—A Stern Indictment.

On a charge of keeping a disorderly house Thomas Plunkett, Thomas Quinn and Walter Hawley appeared before Colonel Denison yesterday morning.

Mr. Murdoch appeared for the defendants and asked the Colonel to try the case, but the magistrate decided to send it to a jury.

The Staff-Inspector's Testimony.

Inspector Archabold was the first witness called by the prosecution, and in his evidence swore that he considered the pool room in question a resort of convicted thieves, reputed gamblers and men who had been convicted of keeping houses of ill-fame, ill-governed, disorderly houses; men convicted of selling liquor without a license, men who for the most part made their living by crime, or lived upon the avails of crime and prostitution; men who for 20 years had not been known to do an honest day's work. He considered the pool rooms most degrading in their influence and had frequently heard most obscene and profane language there.

Crown-Attorney Curry wanted to know if the Inspector had ever known of anybody committing any crime as a result of frequenting the pool-rooms, but Mr. Murdoch objected to this question being answered.

A. N. Smiley and Abe Orpen were present on a similar charge.

The defendants were all released on bail for trial, and the large batch of frequenters were remanded until disposition of the two cases is made.

WANT THE EMBARGO PERMANENT.

A Movement to Permanently Exclude Our Cattle From Britain.

LONDON, June 9.—The ever-watchful inspectors who stand on guard against diseased cattle have secured and submitted to special examination the lungs of five Canadian animals. The Board of Agriculture's experts passed all these lungs except those of the animal from Pilot Mound, Manitoba, which came on the Lake Winnipeg. There is as yet no report issued on this particular case.

In view of the fact, however, that there is some ground for a protest because of this animal's lungs being diseased, strong pressure is being brought to bear on Hon. Herbert Gardner, the President of the Board of Agriculture, in the House of Commons and elsewhere to secure the permanent exclusion of Canadian and American cattle.

At the head of this agitation is Chaplin, the former President of the Board of Agriculture in the Salisbury Administration.

Sir Charles Tupper and the Scottish interests who oppose this step vigorously are still hopeful.

The Diseased Cattle Come From the States.

OTTAWA, June 8.—A prominent cattle shipper, discussing the possibility of the embargo imposed on Canadian cattle in England being removed, said that the whole trouble had arisen out of the mistaken policy of the Government in admitting American cattle, belonging to settlers coming into the Northwest, without quarantine.

He fully believed, if the suspected case now being investigated in England should prove to be pleuro-pneumonia, that the disease had been contracted from settlers' cattle coming into the country without the usual quarantine.

CANADA'S FISCAL POLICY.

Sir Charles Tupper Makes a Strong Defence of the N.P.

LONDON, June 9.—The Canada Club's dinner was held last night.

Sir Charles Tupper made a strong speech upon the question of the Canadian National Policy, which he vindicated as the policy Canada is pursuing because of her peculiar situation in regard to competition. The conditions which Sir John Lubbock and others attributed to the Dominion when they criticised her fiscal policy were not fairly put.

Hon. John S. Hall, the Treasurer of the Province of Quebec, followed. He took up some of the recent English attacks upon Canada which have been thrust forward in the Parliamentary Home Rule debates and in other ways.

Mr. Hall declared that the overthrow of the corrupt Mercier Administration was about as effective a reply as could be made to the attacks on the honesty of the French people in his province. In no part of Canada, he continued, did blood run in veins more loyal than in the grand old Province of Quebec. The attack regarding the impoverished condition of the treasury would be met, for Mr. Hall was confident that the Taillon Administration under the existing circumstances must restore the credit of the province and at the same time develop its resources.

Six Horses Cremated at London.

LONDON, June 9.—The stables in rear of the residence of F. J. Garner, drayman, were destroyed by fire this morning. Six horses were burned to death. Loss, $1,000; no insurance. Cause, incendiary.

Unprofitable Burglaries.

SYDENHAM, June 9.—This place was visited by burglars last night. J. P. Lacey's store was entered and his safe was blown open, but no money was in it. They failed in an attempt to get into the postoffice, but at Griffiths' store they got away with the proprietor's purse.

Americans at the Races.

Visitors from over the border will find they can procure in this city at John P. McKenna's, 50 Yonge-street, near corner King, a complete line of the American daily papers from New York, Chicago, Boston, Buffalo and Detroit, also all the late novels as issued from day to day.

The Campania Outstrips the Paris.

QUEENSTOWN, June 9.—The Cunard steamship Campania, which sailed from New York Saturday, June 3, passed Browhead at 8.40 a.m. to-day, having made the passage from the Hook to Browhead in 5 days 17 hours and 10 minutes. Nothing has been reported as yet in regard to the American line steamer Paris, which passed Sandy Hook at 10.05 a.m. June 3.

1892, "The Cream of the Havana Crop

"La Cadena" and "La Flora" brands of cigars are undoubtedly superior in quality and considerably lower in price than any brand imported. Prejudiced smokers will not admit this to be the case. The connoisseur knows it. S. Davis & Sons, Montreal. 136

Try Taylor's "Special White Rose." 246

Asbestos Cement.

Steamboat owners, engineers, etc., will find it to their advantage to see us regarding covering of boilers, cylinders, pipes, etc. We are prepared to do this work to satisfaction, or will supply cement by barrel. Good quality. Canadian Mineral Wool Co., Ltd., 122 Bay-street, Toronto. 6

Hamilton Athletics v. Champs Dukes to-day.

To-Day's Sporting News.

Yesterday there was a great rush for The Spirit of the Times, The Sporting World and Goodwin's Turf Guide, No. 3, at John P. McKenna's, 80 Yonge-street, near corner King. Visitors will find those papers on sale to-day at 9 p.m.

Loans on Real Estate.

Owners of central properties can secure loans on most favorable terms by making personal application to Mr. Troy at office of the Ontario Mutual Life, 32 Church-street Toronto.

Try Lotus Toilet Soap, the latest. 246

Bandages of all description for male and female abdominal supporters in rubber, celluloid, cotton, silk. Suspensories in 40 different patterns. Elastic hosiery in silk or cotton stockings, knee caps, thigh. Fresh goods in monthly. Crutches, $90 pair to select from. Trusses of all description, 93 varieties of spring trusses. All kinds of syringes. Charles Clushe, Surgical Machinist, 134 King-street west, Toronto. 6

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

MORTALITY AMONG SEALS.

Sir Charles Russell Quotes American Authority to Show the Absurdity of the American Claim.

[Telegram Special.]

PARIS, June 9.—The question of the cause of the mortality amongst seal pups was discussed at this morning's session of the Behring Sea Court of Arbitration. Sir Charles Russell denied that the deaths to the pups were in any large measure due to the slaughter of the mothers by sealers. Sir Charles quoted Prof. Macoun's report of last year, which showed that the mortality continued, although there had been no pelagic sealing during the season. Prof. Macoun counted four thousand dead pups in one rookery.

Prof. Elliott attributes the mortality to the cruel treatment and waste of the Alaska Company—an American concern.

Sir Charles Russell produced statistics showing conclusively that there was an average annual slaughter of 5000 pups for food purposes.

A BABY'S BODY IN A CROCK.

Supposed Case of Infanticide in Erin Township.

FERGUS, June 9.—Some few weeks ago Mr. Joseph Bingham rented a farm from Mrs. Harper, a widow, on the 6th line Erin, in the Guelph-road. There was one room in the house which he could not get into, as Mrs. Harper said she had no key for it. However, Mr. Bingham effected an entrance by the window and in looking through the room found in a stone jar what he supposed to be the bones of a child. Coroner McNaughton was notified and he and Dr. Gear made an examination.

An inquest was held. Bingham said that a day or two before the 24th of May on raising the window of the room he was almost knocked down by the smell. The room had evidently been used as a receptacle for old rags, for it was littered with all sorts of castoff garments in every stage of decay. On one side of the room stood a large earthen crock.

On proceeding to investigate the crock Bingham found stuffed into the top of it a blanket and a sheet. On withdrawing these, the stench became far greater. He went on with his search and was horrified to find covered with lime in the bottom of the crock part of the bones of an infant.

Mrs. Harper was examined, and stated that no person had been in that room since Miles Young had slept in it, over 13 years ago. According to the coroner's statement the body had evidently been there for about a year, and to judge by the bones remaining was that of a well-developed child.

The inquest was adjourned until Saturday, when further information may be elicited.

WORLD'S FAIR SUNDAY CLOSING.

An Appeal Allowed From the Decision Ordering the Gates Shut.

CHICAGO, June 9.—Judge Woods, sitting in the United States court, decided this morning to allow the World's Columbian Exposition to appeal from the decision of yesterday granting an injunction against Sunday opening of the fair. The time and place of hearing the appeal will be fixed by Chief Justice Fuller.

Application for a supersedeas, which would suspend the effect of the injunction pending a hearing on the appeal, was refused, leaving yesterday's decision in force.

TIRED OF POLITICS.

But Hugh J. Macdonald Will Not Be Governor of Manitoba.

OTTAWA, June 9.—Emphatic denial is given in Ministerial circles here to the report that Hugh J. Macdonald, M.P., of Winnipeg, will succeed Governor Schultz as Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba.

Politics have not the same infatuation for him as they had for his father, the late Premier, and he is anxious to retire the moment he can do so without disappointing those who had elected him to represent them at Ottawa.

Shot Himself Through The Head.

FOREST, June 9.—Albert Moore, living on the London-road, committed suicide on Thursday. He had a sum of money deposited in the Industrial at Sarnia. Some slight irregularity had occurred in depositing this money which preyed upon the young man's mind, with the result that he repaired to a stack stand in the barnyard of John Napper, and shot himself through the head. Death was instantaneous.

Died of Lockjaw.

FERGUS, June 9.—A simple accident that proved fatal in 12 hours is reported from Metz. The four-year-old son of Mr. James Allan, stonemason, was running around the house playing, when he struck his right foot against a sliver, which ran into the ball of his big toe under his foot. Shortly after the parents saw that medical treatment would have to be secured, and a doctor was sent for. Lockjaw set in, and in half a day the little fellow was released from his agony by death.

Death of Mrs. Ralph Jones.

OTTAWA, June 9.—Mrs. Jones, widow of the late Ralph Jones, a well-known contractor and warm personal friend of Sir John Macdonald, died this morning from heart failure caused by grippe. She was 70 years old.

Mrs. Jones was widely known and esteemed in Ottawa and Toronto. Among her surviving sons and daughters are Mrs. T. C. Patteson of Toronto, Frank Jones of Toronto and Walter Shanly Jones of Winnipeg.

A Crowd That Could Not Believe Their Own Eyes.

There appeared in front of a store last night many bewildered persons, who were kept busy guessing when they saw 14c. marked over a great pile of ladies' prunella gaiters in front of Howell's Cut-Rate Shoe Parlors, 542 Queen-street west. They did not believe their eyes on account of the ridiculously low price, which proved an agreeable surprise. Mr. Howell was only too glad to demonstrate to the public the positive proof of his wonderful cut-rate system. To-day he will offer many other lines, especially in men's boots. Ladies' prunella boots at 14c. from 8.30 to 12 o'clock.

Crushed Under a Land Roller.

COLLINGWOOD, June 9.—While Mr. Clink, of the Dutch Settlement, was engaged rolling a field the tongue of the roller broke, causing Mr. Clink to fall off the seat forward unto the ground. Before he could escape the roller was drawn over him, crushing him terribly and breaking three ribs. There is no hope for his recovery.

June Blessings.

The birds have finished their houses, the flowers are in bloom, the grass is as green as emerald and as soft as velvet, the spring chickens are learning to fight and crow and nature is in her happiest mood. Prominent amidst the good things that flowery, balmy June has brought to us may be mentioned the charming summer shirts and neckties which quinn is now showing. These articles are the epitome of daintiness.

Under a Wood Wagon's Wheels.

KINCARDINE, June 9.—Burns Bott was crossing a culvert at Tiverton with a load of wood when the wagon gave a jolt throwing him to the ground and the wheels of the wagon passed over his head. He may die.

"Clear Havana Cigars."

La Cadena," and "La Flora." Insist upon having these brands. 136

The latest perfume "Sweet Pea." 246

Another Half Million.

"Board of Trade" Envelopes, and they are better than the last, 85 cents per thousand. Blight Bros., 64 Yonge-street (Globe Building). 246

The razing toothache, why endure, when there is found an instant cure in Gibbons' Toothache Gum? Sold by all druggists.

The latest perfume, "Sweet Pea." 246

POINTS FOR LIZZIE BORDEN

WITNESSES CONTRADICTORY UNDER CROSS-EXAMINATION.

The Broken Handle of the Hatchet Said to Have Been Found, but Was Never Produced—No Weapon With Blood on It Discovered by the Searchers—A Slight Sensation.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 9.—It was about 8.45 o'clock when the Borden case was called this morning. At least one-half of the spectators were women, and this led Miss Borden to remark that the house work in the majority of the houses in town must be neglected.

The first witness called was Assistant Marshal Fleet, and his cross-examination by Governor Robinson was resumed.

That Broken Handled Hatchet.

Mr. Robinson made a skilful and long examination of the officer and disclosed the fact that other hatchets than the handleless hatchet were found in the box by the chimney and that there were piles of ashes in the place. The handleless hatchet was found on the witness' second visit to the cellar on the day of the murder. Mr. Robinson led Fleet into a contradiction of yesterday's testimony that the broken part of the hatchet handle was covered with ashes like the blade.

Didn't Think the Hatchet Was Used.

He also said he put the hatchet back where he found it, that it was not produced at the preliminary hearing and that he did not testify about it at the time because he did not think it was used in the murder.

Condition of the Bodies Described.

Officer Harrington was called. During his testimony as to the condition of the bodies the prisoner looked down and nervously fingered her fan. He testified that the prisoner said she left her father reading a paper and after 20 minutes found him dead, and that she said the motive was not robbery, as everything was all right about the house.

Lizzie Laughs Heartily.

The witness gave a detailed description of the prisoner's dress, which caused amusement, and the prisoner twice leaned her head on her arm and laughed heartily for the first time in the trial.

Contradictions.

Attorney Robinson involved the witness in several contradictions as to the condition of the barn doors and windows.

Witness contradicted Fleet as to the place where one hatchet was found.

Officer Doherty was put on at noon, and described his experience at the Borden house on the day of the murder.

Officer Mullally took the stand at 1.38 p.m. His direct testimony as to the condition of the premises on the day of the murder developed nothing. He corroborated Fleet's testimony as to finding the handleless hatchet. The broken handle was clean, but the blade was covered with ashes.

Saw No Weapon With Blood on It.

Mullally took the stand again after recess. In searching about the premises, he said, in answer to a question, that he had seen no weapon with blood on it. Some of the testimony given by Mullally a few minutes later took on a curious interest. Mr. Robinson was asking the witness about the hatchets found in the cellar. He said there had been no dust on the hatchets when he saw them.

The Broken Handle Was in the Cellar.

He told his questioner that something else had been found in the cellar besides what had been enumerated. It was nothing less than the missing part of the handle.

"Where was it found?" asked the surprised lawyer, while everybody leaned forward anxiously.

"It was found in the box with the hatchet," was the reply.

"Where is it now?" The question came quick and sharp.

"I don't know. Assistant Marshal Fleet found it."

Ex-Governor Robinson turned to District Attorney Knowlton and asked, "Does the Government know anything of that missing part of the handle?"

"The Government has no knowledge of it."

Fleet Denies the Finding.

Fleet was recalled to the stand. In a few rapid questions he was asked about the finding of the handle. He said he had not found it, had not seen it, and did not know of anybody who had seen it or knew anything about it. There was an awkward pause for a moment and then he was excused.

Other evidence followed, but merely corroborative or in line with previous testimony, and at the usual time a recess was taken till 9 a.m. to-morrow.

A Suit for $10,000.

Messrs. Denton & Dods have instituted an action against the Toronto Street Railway on behalf of William H. Ewing of 66 Arthur-street for $10,000 for injuries received when the trolley collided on Yonge street on Tuesday evening last with a team.

Mr. Silver's Great Sale.

When Mr. C. M. Henderson, the prince of auctioneers, steps into the auction box at the Mutual-street Rink on Monday, June 19, the goods and chattels will then belong to Mr. I. Silver. When he descends from the rostrum the effects will all be the property of other people, as Mr. Silver is bound to have the money instead of the goods, and everything will be sold without reserve. As each article is knocked down to the highest bidder a deposit of 20 per cent. will be required on every article, and all articles must be settled for and removed the following day. Seats will be reserved for ladies, and the goods can be examined Saturday afternoon and evening before the sale. The building will be lighted by electricity Saturday evening.

He Has Been Discharged.

The young man Robinette, who some time ago was appointed as an assistant in the City Solicitor's office, has been discharged for neglect of duty, he having failed to report at the City Hall for several days past. This is unfortunate for the young man, especially as his appointment to the office from which he has just been removed is a portion of the case to be tried in the action the Queen against Maclean, in connection with R. J. Fleming's position as Mayor of Toronto.

Toronto Baseball Grounds — League game to-day.

Toronto Industrial Fair.

The prize lists for this year's Toronto Industrial Fair has been printed and are now ready for circulation. With the new grand stand and other improvements made last year, and the new stables and new cattle sheds that are being erected this year, the coming exhibition, which is to be held from the 4th to the 16th of September, should excel all others.

Baseball to-day—Mickey Jones against Dukes.

North American Life.

The annual report of this thriving home company, lately published in our columns, affords abundant proof as to its stability.

Its assets now are $1,421,981.80, while the net surplus for the security of policy-holders now stands at the handsome sum of $236,633.80.

Before insuring elsewhere, secure particulars from the company regarding some of their leading plans of insurance. 246

GAUDAUR AND HOSMER WIN

Breaking the Record For Double Sculls—Hanlan and Teemer Second in the Austin Regatta.

AUSTIN, Tex., June 9.—To-day's races drew a larger crowd than ever. The first race was an amateur seniors single scull for a gold medal, distance 1½ miles, with turn. The entries were: McDowell, Chicago; James Henderson and Fred Keonig, jr., of St. Louis. Keonig won by a dozen lengths. Time 11.04.

The second race, which was a record-breaker, was the three-mile professional double scull race for $500 and $250. The entries were: First boat, Alexander McLean, Australia; James Ten Eyck, Massachusetts; second boat, Edward Hanlan, Toronto; John Teemer, McKeesport. Third boat—J. G. Gaudaur, Orillia, Ont.; George Hosmer, Boston. On the up course the boats were well bunched. The men rowed steadily and passed the mile and a half post well together, but after the turn Gaudaur and Hosmer forged ahead and finished winners by 20 lengths. Hanlan and Teemer were second. Time 18.03½.

THE QUEEN'S ROYAL OPEN.

The Niagara Season Begins To-Day—Some of the Attractions of the Resort.

The Queen's Royal Hotel, Niagara-on-the-Lake, opens for the season to-day and is now ready for the reception of guests. Its opening marks the commencement of the summer season at Niagara-on-the-Lake, the resort so accessible and favored by Toronto people. The season at Niagara promises to be especially bright and pleasant, and from the opening of the camp next Thursday to the middle of September there will be a succession of amusements and entertainments to keep the many summer sojourners at Niagara occupied. A military ball to be given under the auspices of the officers in camp is on the cards as one of the initial events. A series of sporting tournaments will also be held commencing with a golf tournament, the date of which has not yet been fixed, followed by the bowling tournament on August 24, and ending with the tennis tournament, commencing on Aug. 30. These events will be made the occasion for special entertainments in addition to the regular Saturday hops and a mid-week concert and dance. This round of diversion need not, however, interfere with those who will be summering at the Queen's Royal with a view to rest and recuperation. The beautiful and historic scenery, the delightful drives, the purest water, the healthful bathing, the pleasant boating are all amusements of a quieter character to be found at Niagara. The fishing is most abundant and, with the ending of the black bass close season on Thursday, will be another attraction. A daily-no couch with four and riding horses will be one of the connections of the hotel. Prospectus and terms may be obtained from the lessee, H. Winnett, Queen's Royal Hotel, Niagara-on-the-Lake.

The Sunday World.

Either subscribe for The Sunday World forthwith or buy it off the newsboys before you go home. It will be on the streets by 9 o'clock, or will be delivered at your house, no matter in what part of the city you reside, by 10 o'clock. The subscription is $2 a year or 50c a quarter. Hand in your subscription to-day and you will receive the paper to-night.

The Sunday World of June 11, that will be on sale to-night, for excellence and interest will surpass the highest expectation of Toronto newspaper readers. It main feature will be George Washington Smalley's New York Tribune letter. Up to date this letter, which for literary ability, judgment, comprehensiveness and method, admittedly exceeds any similar correspondence in any paper published in America, has been appropriated by the Association Press and supplied by that institution for publication in the Monday morning journals. The Sunday World has made arrangements whereby it will be furnished to them in advance of its appearance in New York and will be exclusively its property under contract, being copyrighted and paid for. No newspaper reader will need to be reminded of the greatness and importance of the enterprise thus consummated. Mr. Smalley's letter has always held a unique position in Canadian appreciation, being the only one that has been previously looked for on Monday morning with expectant interest. The Sunday World has made arrangements whereby it will contain all that is of moment in the letter each week, commencing with to-