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CABLE NEWS.

Religious Intolerance at Bristol—Unemployed Men at Dantzig Loot Bakers' Shops.

Lord Lytton's Will—He Vigorously Vindicates the Memory of His Parents.

Threats Against the King of Greece—Conservative Victory in Surrey—R. R. Collision.

No Popery Uprear.

LONDON, March 4.—Owing to the Bishop of Bristol's acceptance recently of a cope and mitre, a sentiment of considerable intolerance has been developed at Bristol. Yesterday evening this ill-feeling resulted in a small sized riot here. The Dean of Bristol, it appears, was addressing a missionary meeting, when several people in the hall raised cries of "No Popery," and an uproar followed. The disturbers of the peace persisted in repeating "down with Popery," "clear the cathedral of the images," until a serious state of affairs was anticipated; it even being proposed to march upon the cathedral and to pull down the images complained of. The chief disturbers of the peace were finally ejected from the hall, and the Dean was enabled to continue his address.

Lord Lytton's Will.

LONDON, March 4.—The will of the late Lord Lytton was made public to-day. The estate is valued at £750,250, entailed. Two-thirds of the income go the widow, and there are legacies to daughters and others. All copyrights go to the widow. The widow is requested to obtain the assistance of a statesman or writer of integrity to prepare a complete record of deceased's Indian administration from the records. The will further decrees that "as there exist in the hands of persons unrestrained by a sense of honor or decency certain letters which testator believes to be garbled, and statements which he knows to be wicked and cruel falsehoods relative to the domestic life of his parents, and whereas there is no impudent misstatement or baseless imputation which biographers are incapable of adopting in pursuit of sensational novelties about the private lives of eminent persons, the widow shall collect and seal all the papers bequeathed by his father for transmission to the future Earls of Lytton, so that the representatives of the name rendered illustrious by the testator's honored father shall not be without means of refuting calumnies originated by Rosina, Lady Lytton. The testator further expects his widow and executors never to permit to be destroyed the documents which contain a complete refutation of said calumnies."

The Greek Crisis.

ATHENS, March 4.—A number of letters have been received by the King, since his dismissal of the Delyannis Cabinet, in which his course is severely criticized and condemned, and his life menaced. The King's action is regarded with much disfavor by the people, as Prime Minister Delyannis was very popular.

"Work or Bread!"

LONDON, March 4.—A number of unemployed workingmen at Dantzic, enraged on account of being unable to find employment, looted several bakers' shops to-day, crying that they would steal before they would starve. They also seized several butchers' carts, and distributed the contents. The police ultimately dispersed the mob.

Conservative Victory.

LONDON, March 4.—Polling yesterday in the Chertsey division of Surrey for a successor in Parliament to the late F. A. Hankey, resulted in a victory for Mr. Combe, the Conservative candidate. The voting stood for Mr. Combe, Conservative, 4,509; Mr. Baker Gladstone, Liberal, 2,751; Tory majority 1838. Mr. Hankey had been elected by acclamation.

German Railroad Collision.

BERLIN, March 4.—An express train from this city and a goods train collided this morning at Bromberg. The driver, the stoker and a passenger were killed and several passengers injured.

To Fight Radicalism.

ROME, March 3.—The Vatican recently sent instructions to Paris for the formation of a Republican Conservative party in the Chamber of Deputies, to act as a mouthpiece of the Vatican, in order to fight Radicalism. When this fact came to the knowledge of the representatives at the Vatican of Austria, Germany, Portugal and Spain, they requested an explanation of the Pope's abandonment of his monarchial policy. In reply they were told that the instructions would only apply to France, and that the Vatican did not intend to display hostility to existing monarchies.

Extra Session of the Commons.

LONDON, March 3.—In the Commons, this evening, Balfour's motion to hold morning sittings for the remainder of the session was strongly opposed by Gladstone, who, however, said he would agree to the motion if it should apply only until Easter. Balfour accepted the suggestion, and the motion was carried.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S DISASTER.

Further Particulars of the Calamity on the Coast of Newfoundland.

HALIFAX, March 4.—The steamer Conscript, which arrived, to-day, from St. John's N.F., brings the following additional particulars regarding the dreadful calamity in Trinity Bay, on the coast of Newfoundland, by which so many sealers lost their lives on the morning of March 1st. The schooner Rose Cleer arrived at Trinity having on board the sixteen men who were saved and landed at Heart's Content, and the bodies of John Nurse and Coleman Penny. The 16 men, all of whom belong to English Harbor, with the exception of Patrick Hanlon and three sons, got on some pan-ice seven feet high, on Saturday night, and erected a shelter with some of their boats. The other boats were used in building a fire and three seals which they had captured, were also used for this purpose. The ice drifted into Heart's Delight, early on Sunday morning and the men walked ashore. One of their number, a young man, was froz n stiff when the fire was started, but he revived under the influence of the warmth thrown out by the blaze. The sixteen men who were brought to Trinity are now all fully recovered; but William Ivany and his four sons remained behind at Shoal Harbor, on the south side of the bay, being so badly frost bitten that they could not board the schooner. Captain Fowler, of the Rose Cleer, saw fires in the direction of Norman's Cove, on Sunday night, but it was impossible for him to get his vessel there. It is hoped that others of the missing men are at that point. Eleven men are still missing.

The St. John's Herald, of Tuesday's issue, says:—"At first it was feared that over two hundred persons were castaway, but we are thankful to say that as far as we can now learn, only eleven are still missing, and thirteen have died, making a total of twenty-four fathers and brothers, who have succumbed to the blizzard of Saturday night.

FITZSIMMONS AND MAHER.

Harsh Criticisms of the Losing Pugilist—Prospective Engagements for Fitzsimmons.

NEW ORLEANS, March 3.—Peter Maher's promising pugilistic career was abruptly terminated by his last night's performance. This was not only the conclusion of those warmly interested in local sport, but the almost unanimous sentiment of representatives of the sporting fraternity of the country. Even the men who rejoiced in the Australian, who had brought them good financial returns for the money they had put up on him, had nothing but condemnatory words for the Irishman, these as well as others, bestowing on him the nick name, "The Quitter." Charlie Mitchell will voice the prevailing opinion when in his rather more expressive than elegant English, he said:—"Maher is the dirtiest cur that ever stepped in the ring, he ought to be ashamed to own himself as an Irishman, and Irishmen generally ought to be ashamed to own him as a representative of their nation. He can't fight, he won't fight." Phil Dwyer says that the new man is a disappointment, and of little account. Steve Brodie sent word to Maher to-day that he would give him a position as bartender in his New York saloon if he wanted a job, for all that he was good for was to "sling rum taste." Brodie lost several thousand dollars on the Irishman, and his wife begged for the pleased him from New York this afternoon to return at once before the walking got bad. Fitzsimmons has gained hundreds of new friends by his performance, and there is a general concurrence of opinion as to his being one of the cleverest and most active men in his line of business. His fight was one against odds well calculated to test his skill and strength, if not his gameness, and the outcome raises him several lengths on the ladder of fame. Efforts were inaugurated, this evening, to bring about another meeting between Fitzsimmons and Hall. The latter is willing and says that he would like to have the preliminaries arranged without delay. Carroll, however, in behalf of Fitzsimmons, said that he proposed to take no notice of Hall, but that if the latter was aching for a fight they would be willing to put up Joe Choynski against him. At a conference of officers of the Olympic club and prominent sports tonight Frank Slaven announced that Mitchell proposed to challenge Sullivan at once for $5,000 a side, for a meeting in October, and that he would prefer that the affair come off in the Olympic, if the club would put up a purse of not less than $10,000. The suggestion was favorably regarded by the members of the club contest committee, but no definite action was taken.

CHINESE CONDITIONS.

A United Press Correspondent Gives the British Government His Opinion on the Celestial Empire.

LONDON, March 4.—The Foreign Office has invited Mr. Kinnear, who went to China as correspondent of the United Press, to give his views upon the condition of affairs in that country. The conference with the Foreign Office officials lasted for two hours, during which Mr. Kinnear gave a thorough review of the Chinese situation as he has observed it. When asked his impression of the missionaries, Mr. Kinnear said he believed that the course taken by may of them was fruitful of mischief, many who were appointed to spread Christianity among the Chinese being utterly unsuitable for dealing with that peculiar people, of whose ways and prejudices they were entirely ignorant, and seemed incapable of understanding. Mr. Kinnear mentioned, as an instance of utter unfitness for the sacred call, a missionary who had previously been a railroad porter, and whose experience before going to China was almost wholly confined to the handling of luggage. Mr. Kinnear thought that sufficient care was not exercised in the selection of men for missionary work.

THE BY-ELECTIONS.

Candidates in South Perth and Carleton, New Brunswick.

ST. MARYS, March 4.—The candidates for the House of Commons by-election in South Perth are William Pridham, farmer, Conservative, and James Trow, Reform. The election takes place on Thursday.

FREDERICTON, March 4.—The Carleton Liberals have nominated Dr. Carter for the Commons.

N. B Lieut.-Governor.

MONTREAL, March 4.—It is stated that Hon. Peter Mitchell will be appointed Lieut.-Governor of New Brunswick, in succession to Sir. Leonard Tilley, whose term shortly expires. Mr. Mitchell knew nothing of the appointment.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Relations With Newfoundland Likely to be More Satisfactory—Cowichan River Improvements.

Royal Thanks for Messages of Condolence—London Election Before the Commons.

Financial Statements Encouraging—The Estimates to be Presented Next Week.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Ont., March 3.—The House sat for three hours, there being considerable discussion on Mr. Charleton's Lord's Day bill, and Mr. White's Insurance bill. Mr. Taylor's Anti-Alien bill was introduced.

select committee to take evidence regarding

Mr. Cockburn moved the appointment of a the claims of the workingmen on the Baie des Chaleurs railway. Sir John Thompson urged that the matter was sub-judice, and therefore the House should not interfere.

Mr. Mills moved for the production of the original list of voters in the city of London. He and Mr. Laurier took the ground that the returning officer should not have made a return until the question of the appealed votes had been settled. Sir John Thompson clearly showed that this ground was untenable, and not according to law. Mr. Mulock made a bitter attack on Judge Elliott, and said he had been biased in favor of Mr. Carling. The speaker called Mr. Mulock to order on the ground that it was improper to make reflections on the judiciary. Mr. Mill's motion was carried.

Mr. Corbould, to-day, presented the petition to the Commons of the Columbia Southern Railway for Federal corporation. He also handed in the labor petitions of the Building Laborers' International Protective Union, of the Vancouver Bricklayers and Masons Union.

Mr. Gordon urged Hon. Mr. Bowell to allow the formation of another infantry company at Nanaimo.

Messrs. Watson and Mulock have given notice of a resolution that binder twine be placed on the free list.

Sir Hector Langevin moved for papers relating to the boundaries of Quebec his first work in this session.

Mr. Marshall proposed to ask the House to declare it advisable to place a duty of five cents per dozen on eggs and five cents per pound on butter.

In the Senate, Mr. Power moved for the production of Mr. Carling's resignation. The senator complained that recent changes had deprived the senate of the just share of cabinet representation.

Hon Mr. Abbott moved in appropriate language the address to the Queen and Prince of Wales on the death of the Duke of Clarence.

A formidable deputation, representing the printing and publishing trades, interviewed Hon. Messrs. Foster and Bowell, this afternoon, and pointed out the disastrous effects of the U. S. copyright law on the Canadian book publishing interests. Since the act had gone into force, reprinting had entirely stopped in Canada. The deputation urged that duty on books be increased whereby the printers, book-binders and paper makers would be benefitted. It also demanded a revision of the tariff as regards everything pertaining to printing.

Mr. Dugas was re-elected for Montcalm by a large majority.

The annual meeting of the Canadian Press Association strongly protested against the heavy duty on "boiler plate." A deputation was appointed to interview the Ministers, and secure a reduction.

The Governor General gave a reception to the Press Association, to-night. A thousand invitations were issued. It was an enjoyable affair.

Mr. Charlton's bill respecting indecent literature seeks, among other things, to impose heavy penalties on newspapers publishing quack advertisements of an indecent character.

OTTAWA, March 4.—The Government are making earnest efforts to reconcile the difficulty with Newfoundland on the Canadian Tariff and Fisheries questions. It is learned that the Dominion is prepared to revert to the *statu quo*, and will remove the duties on Newfoundland fish, conditional on the sister colony returning to the old schedule of duties on Canadian products. Pending a final settlement of the questions in dispute, Sir Charles Tupper is authorized to confer with Mr. Harvey, a member of the Island Government, at present in London, with a view, if possible, to reaching an agreement.

The Cowichan Improvement Company are applying to the Governor-in-Council for its approval of certain works for the improvement of the Cowichan River between Cowichan Lake and Cowichan Bay, and have deposited plans with the Minister of Public Works.

The Senate to-day adjourned to the 16th inst. Four Senate committees were organized to-day.

Mr. Starrs, M.P., was introduced to-day.

Hon. Mr. Tupper gives notice of several bills affecting his department. One proposes to renew the *modus vivendi* on the Atlantic fisheries. Another is to amend the Pilotage Act. Another will amalgamate the Department of Marine and Fisheries.

The revenue for February was $23,500,000, and the expenditure $20,668 000. The debt was reduced, last month, by $900,000.

Messrs. Corbould and Mara, in an interview with Mr. Dewdney to-day, advocated throwing the land in the Westminster and Kamloops districts open to homes and settlement. His decision will be known in a few days.

Petitions have been presented to both Houses urging that the Canadian section of the World's Fair be closed on Sundays.

The Canadian Press Association terminated its sessions to-day, which were most successful.

Premier Abbott is sending a circular letter to all the Lieut.-Governors, transmitting the Queen's thanks for the messages of condolence on the death of the Duke of Clarence. He says it is the desire of Government that the eloquent and moving messages from the sorrowing sovereign and parents should receive the widest publicity in Canada, and suggests that the documents in question should finally be deposited with the public records of the several Governments.

The session of the House, to-day, was devoted entirely to the discussion of the London election case. The motion of Hon. Mr. Mills was designed to extract from the Government an opinion as to what further steps should be taken by the returning officer, the county judge. Sir John Thompson, refused to give such expression, holding that the ordinary course of law was quite competent to deal with the subject. He pointed out that no charge whatever was brought, or could be brought, against the officials so far. His able address completely demolished every contention of Mr. Mills. So much so, that Mr. Laurier counselled him to agree to the amendment of Sir John Thompson, to the effect that while the House retained the undoubted right to review the case where wrong had been done, it would be unwise and injudicious to express an opinion on the present case. The amendment was adopted without division.

Hon. Mr. Foster announced that the estimates would be brought down, next week.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Both Parties in Quebec Express Confidence as to the Result of the Elections.

No C. P. R. Strike Expected—Rev. D. Fraser's Successor—Political Rumors.

Elected Without Opposition.

QUEBEC, March 3.—Carbray (Conservative), and Parent (Liberal), have been elected by acclamation, Tanguay having withdrawn from the contest in Quebec West, and Dr. Fiset from that in St. Sauveur.

Election to be Protested.

QUEBEC, March 3.—It is rumored that immediate steps will be taken to annul Hon. L J. Beaubier's election for Nicolet, on the alleged grounds that Mr. Mauffet, the National candidate, whose retirement permitted Beaubien to go in by acclamation, was brought about by Hon. L. P. Pelletier.

Obituary.

HAMILTON, March 3.—A. H. Muir, formerly of Hamilton, and of late years residing in Detroit, is dead. He was a brother of W. K. Muir, formerly manager of the Great Western R.R.

Shades of Major Andre!

WINDSOR, March 3.—Ex-Sheriff John McEwen is dead, aged 79. His wife was a granddaughter of Benedict Arnold.

Archbishop Cleary.

KINGSTON, March 3.—Archbishop Cleary left yesterday for a trip South in search of better health than he at present enjoys.

Coming to Victoria.

COLLINGWOOD, March 3.—Rev. Dr. Campbell, of this place has received a call to the First Presbyterian Church of Victoria, B. C. He will probably accept it.

Suicidal Family.

CLINTON, March 3.—A man named Cooper committed suicide, yesterday morning, by blowing his brains out. His eldest son took his own life a year ago.

No C.P.R. Strike Feared.

MONTREAL, March 3.—General Manager Shaughnessy, of the C.P.R., denies that there is any truth whatever in the report that a big strike of C.P.R. conductors and brakemen, on the western division is contemplated. There is the question of a readjustment of rates among the western men, but there is no idea of consequent trouble.

Montcalm Elects a Conservative.

MONTREAL, March 3.—Mr. Douglas, Conservative, has been elected for the Commons, to-day, for Montcalm, by some 400 majority.

Mercier Stock Going Down.

TORONTO, March 4.—The Mail's Quebec correspondent says: There is every reason to believe that Mercier will be beaten in Bonaventure. The effort to buy off his opponent has signally failed. Careful Conservatives estimate upon an even division of twenty-four counties in the Quebec district, though the Mercier government took them all but three at the last general elections.

Memorial to Toronto's Founder.

TORONTO, March 4.—It is proposed to erect a statue of Governor-General Graves Simcoe, the projector and founder of what is now the city of Toronto.

The Hockey Championship.

TORONTO, March 3.—The Ottawas and Osgood Halls met here, last night, in a contest for the championship of the Ontario Hockey Association. The former won, obtaining ten goals against their opponent's four.

Ontario Express Co. Insolvent.

TORONTO, March 3.—Justice Meredith, in the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice, has granted an order for winding up the Ontario Express company, declaring it to be insolvent.

A Curling Disappointment.

TORONTO, March 2.—The Governor-General's prize for stone playing among the curling clubs will not be completed for this season. All the preliminaries had been arranged for a match between Virden, champion of Manitoba, and the Toronto Granites, representatives of the Ontario branch in the contest, but yesterday a message was received to the effect that the Northwest curlers would be unable to visit Ottawa.

Diversion of Trade.

MONTREAL, March 2.—Large quantities of Canadian grain are already diverted from the St. Lawrence route to the States waterways, a loss of business to the Canadian boats. Considerable Manitoba grain has been chartered for the opening of navigation from Port Arthur via Buffalo and New York.

Weiler Bros. are selling their chenille and art curtains at reduced prices to clear.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

A $1,000,000 Brewing and Malting Co. for Vancouver—The N. P. Railway.

The Methodist Missionary Society and Indian Training Schools—Early Harvesting Operations.

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, March 3.—Auctioneer Emanuels disposed of a large quantity of unclaimed goods from the custom house to-day.

A rifle match is to be held at Hastings on Saturday, between Vancouver and Westminster.

The Knights of Pythias are disappointed in their efforts to start a lodge of Pythian sisters. They have been forbidden to proceed by the Supreme Lodge.

The agent for McGillivray's hair renewer recovered $450 from the proprietors, in the county court, this morning. It had been sold in territory previously gone over.

Last evening the Eliza Edwards tied up at the C. P. R. wharf, after a very successful halibut fishing trip of two weeks. She brought in 1,100 fish, weighing upwards of 40,000 pounds. Among the catch was about two tons of skil.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, March 3.—A man named Archibald was brought down from Yale and placed in the provincial gaol for a month for carrying concealed weapons.

The silver trumpet won by the Westminster firemen at Victoria, last Fall, has been presented to Mr. Dallas, captain of the team.

B. Wilburg, brother of Peter Wilburg, whose name was associated with the murder of May Hunter, says that suits for criminal libel will be instituted against the papers which published the charge. Peter Wilburg was arrested in San Francisco, this afternoon, by Chief of Police Crowley on suspicion of murdering May Hunter. Chief of Police Huston was wired to this effect, and asked to state if Wilburg was wanted in connection with the affair. The inquest into the death of May Hunter was concluded to-day. No new evidence came out and the jury returned an open verdict.

J. H. Jensen is building a schooner for the sealing business.

The following are the customs returns for the port of New Westminster for the month ending Feb 29, 1892: Value of imports, 624,104; value of exports, $7,354; duties collected, $6,814 97.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, March 3.—Hull Bros. & Co., will shortly open a butcher shop at Wellington.

James Sullivan, Deputy Supreme Grand Master, A.O.U.W., arrived here to-day. It is Mr. Sullivan's intention to institute lodges of the Ancient Order United Workmen at Comox, Wellington and Northfield.

Some little misunderstanding arose yesterday at Northfield as to the method of working certain places; but work will go on to-morrow as usual.

Sailed, Bark Highland Light.

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, March 4.—Charles Anderson and Robert Nellist, both inmates of the hospital, died last night. The funeral of the former will be under the direction of Longshoremen. The latter will be buried by the employes of the Hotel Vancouver.

The C.P.R. has decided not to build a block of stores opposite the Hotel Vancouver, this season.

The Finance committee met this morning and transacted general business. The matter of a $1,000 grant to the hospital for Women and Children was laid over till the estimates were struck.

A petition is being largely signed for the appointment of a market day for this city.

Five sailors of the Empress of China, charged with desertion, were discharged on payment of the board in jail, and promise of better behavior.

H. Bell-Irving, returned from England, yesterday.

An interesting illustrated lecture was given, last night, at Whatham College, on the telephone, phonograph and photophone. Papers were read by J. B. Kerr and Viggo Gandil.

A shooting match takes place at Hastings, to-morrow, between New Westminster and Vancouver.

There will be a football match to-morrow between the Matsqui Rangers and the Vancouver club.

Rumors have been revived about the N. P. Railway coming into the city near Hastings' Mill.

The Lacrosse boys won the tug of war contest from the Whetham College team, yesterday.

Alderman Collins goes East on Saturday to be absent four weeks.

The prospectus has been issued of the Vancouver Wine Brewing and Malting Company, with a capital of $1,000,000. The company proposes to do an export and import business.

Tenders for the addition to the Hotel Vancouver will be let in a very few days, and the building will then be completed as fast as possible. The company has decided not to erect the block of stores on Georgia street until next year, as with the station buildings and the hotel they would have enough to attend to this year.

Mr. L. G. McPhillips acting for the barristers of the city, has authorized Mr. J. W. Horne, M. P. P., to make the necessary changes in the petition presented to the Legislature, and present it to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

Lord Aberdeen has made arrangements to have a stall at the World's Fair, in which will be exhibited specimens of fruit, farm produce, jams, etc., grown on his estate in the Okanagan district.

An Indian woman was killed on the track near North Bend on Tuesday. She did not take any notice of the approaching train until it was quite close, when she stepped off the track, but remained so close that the trucks caught her skirts and dragged her under the wheels. Her body was terribly mutilated. Her little boy was with her at the time, but escaped with a scalp wound.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, March 3.—Captain Baker and J. Oliver have bought a half interest in the steamer Telephone, which plies on the South Arm route.

Port Kells' farmers generally, are taking advantage of the early arrival of mild weather to begin preparing ground for seeding. Some have advanced their work so rapidly, that they will commence sowing in the course of two or three days.

Geo. W. Chadsey, of Sumas, finds that he is the owner of a *bona fide* Cremona violin, which was made in the year 1694. Mr. Chadsey bought the violin twenty-four years ago in Cariboo, and paid a good price for it. It was out of repair at the time and was not repaired until recently. It is a grand instrument now.

There are no new developments in the May Hunter case. The police are inclined to think that the deceased committed suicide. The viscera of the woman have been preserved by Dr. Fagan, who made the post mortem, but will not be chemically analyzed until another clue turns up.

The Methodist Missionary Society have purchased twenty acres of land from H. Webb, of Sardis, at $125 per acre, on which they will erect three large buildings for Indian School purposes. The plans for the buildings are now in course of preparation, and in a short time tenders will be called for their construction.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union is making a strong fight to prevent Thos. Levi getting a license to sell liquors. He had a license for his old hotel and built a new house in the residental portion of the city, but was refused a license at the meeting of the license board in December. Since then Levi has been going round with a petition, and he says he has three-fourths of the qualified electors of the ward upon his petition.

The Indians are still working the newly discovered bar, eight miles above Yale, which was left bare by the receding waters, two weeks ago. The bar is barely an acre in size, but sixty Indians are working the gravel, and making an average of $3 a day each. The gold is beautiful in color and sufficiently coarse as to require no amalgam to collect it.

A son of Logan W. Davis, a well known rancher on the Serpentine river, a few days ago killed a large horned owl, which measured 4 feet 8½ inches from tip to tip.

CHEMAINUS.

CHEMAINUS, March 3.—The mill has been closed down for a few days to undergo slight repairs. The company have opened up their first logging camp of the season at Cabble Hill.

TROUBLE IN CONGO.

Severe but "Necessary" Punishment Inflicted on Refactory Natives.

BRUSSELS, March 2.—Some time ago the natives of the upper Congo, about 100 miles above Stanley, shot a white man, the only one under the protection of the Belgian Government, who has ever fallen a victim to native hostility. This murder was the culmination of the period of unrest during which insults were offered to the whites. It was decided that the natives must be severely punished. Captain Vankerkovan, instructor general of Congo, started out with an expedition of 500 soldiers. They traveled up the Congo to the mouth of its greatest southern tributary, the Kassi, which they ascended for 40 miles to the big town of Mushi, described a few years ago as under the control of a native queen. Then the expedition began to burn and plunder the town. They killed scarcely any people, but all the villages along the Kassi, for 40 miles, were leveled to the ground. The natives fled to the woods and their plantations were laid waste. Then a part of the expedition descended the Kassi and started up the Congo again, while an auxiliary party traveled overland to Bolobo, where they met. Bolobo is one of the most populous regions along the Congo. The villages, which stretch for miles along the river banks, are burned to the ground. It is a very severe lesson, but even the missionaries say it was necessary, and that it will be possible now for a white man to travel in that region without imperiling his life. This is the most serious trouble the Congo state has yet had with the natives along the main river.

THE "MODUS VIVENDI."

Opinions of the New York Tribune—Indiscriminate Slaughter Likely.

NEW YORK, March 4.—In connection with the report from London that Lord Salisbury is unwilling to renew the Behring Sea *modus vivendi*, the Tribune has the following special from Washington: "No one who has carefully followed the various phases of negotiations in the pending controversy of the seal fisheries in Behring Sea will be surprised to learn that Lord Salisbury refuses to consent to a renewal of the *modus vivendi* of last year. The information which reaches the Tribune, by way of London, is practically confirmed here. At any rate, its correctness is not denied. As long ago as last November, Lord Salisbury began making difficulties and raising objections to a renewal of the *modus vivendi*. Those difficulties and objections were referred to a number of times in these dispatches, but as they were not based, apparently, upon any substantial grounds, little importance seemed to be attached to them, so long as the treaty itself referring the entire controversy to arbitration remained unsigned. Even as late as last week, or about the time that Lord Salisbury finally agreed to authorize Sir Julian Pauncefote to sign the treaty, there was no reason to believe that the British government would in the end resist a proposition so eminently fair and so absolutely necessary in order to protect from utter destruction the fast dwindling seal herds. The reasons for Lord Salisbury's refusal to renew the *modus vivendi* of last year are not stated in the London dispatch, and the State Department, if it has been furnished with any such reasons, is unwilling at present to make them public. It is difficult to imagine what they can be. Whatever they are, the practical effect of Lord Salisbury's refusal will be the indiscriminate slaughter of tens of thousands of seals, and possibly their extermination. Neither Canada or Great Britain will derive any benefit from such a course, but it will prove a serious financial loss to the United States. By the time the board of arbitration reaches a conclusion there may be nothing left to arbitrate about. The seal will simply have disappeared. If this be Lord Salisbury's object, he has certainly taken the most effective steps to attain it in refusing to renew the *modus vivendi* of last year.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND.

The Prelate Accused of Disloyalty to the Holy Sea; but Defended Direct from the Vatican.

He is Regarded as One of the Next Batch of Cardinals.

PARIS, March 4.—A sensation has been created in church circles by the publication to day, in the Moniteur, of an article, four columns long, direct from the Vatican headed, "Monsignor Ireland and his calumniators." It is known that the article is intended as an answer in behalf of the Pope, to the attacks upon Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, which have followed that Prelate from America in his visit to Rome. The Archbishop has been received with the greatest favor by the Pope, who is said to be charmed with his visitor, and to seriously meditate making him Cardinal of the United States. The assault upon Archbishop Ireland appears to have originated in a difference of views as to his school policy, and to have become more acrid owing to the divergence between the American Archbishops with Archbishop Ireland, as their secretary and the lay committee appointed in connection with the proposed Catholic Church Congress at the World's Fair, as to the school question. It has been claimed by Archbishop Ireland's critics that he has put into effect in his diocese a policy, whereby Roman Catholic parish schools are conducted for certain hours of the day in a non sectarian manner, after which half an hour is devoted to catechism. The substance of the Catholic congress issue appears to be that the lay committee appointed at the last Catholic congress wished the World's Fair Catholic congress to be a purely Irish gathering, where matters pertaining to the Church could be discussed and acted upon, whereas the ecclesiastical authorities declined the views of the laymen, and desired to make the meeting a social affair, going so far as to suggest that it be called a social instead of a church congress. It was claimed that Archbishop Ireland was strenuous in his opposition to the discussion by the congress of church matters, and especially of education, and the reason suggested was that he did not wish his own educational methods made the subject of review. The influence arising from these and other antagonisms have militated against Archbishop Ireland since his arrival in Rome, but apparently without the slightest effect upon his standing at the Vatican, as the article in the Moniteur, and inspired, if not dictated, by the Pope, goes to prove. The article professes to be an official and plenary defence of the Archbishop against his adversaries—American, German and Italian—and to be intended to silence, once for all, says the article, the passionate and contradictory attacks which have for some time been coming to Rome, as a stormy cloud from various countries, upon the great American prelate, who is now the guest of the Pope. The angry attacks and false reports were coincident with the arrival of the Archbishop in Rome, and the accusations were multiplied with the evident purpose of seeking to establish a contrast between the policy of the Holy See and the apostolic action of Archbishop Ireland. The faith in these accusations were as visible as their object, but the article goes on to say:

"They prove at the same time that we are in the presence of a perfidious campaign marked by machiavellian devices and strategic assaults, often witnessed in the church. The calumniators find a field in the Vienna Freie Presse and the Corriere del Matineo of Naples as well as among Protestant and Catholic journals in America and officious Italian and German advocates of the triple alliance. They say that Archbishop Ireland is disloyal to the Holy See, that he is unfriendly to the true and efficient independence of the Pope, as though the career of Archbishop Ireland, in America, and his notable utterances in his own cathedral and elsewhere, could be forgotten. They assert that the Archbishop opposes the ideas of Pope Leo, whereas he is the most farseeing member and most docile imitator of the policy of His Holiness, which is to reconcile and to pacify. The idea of this distinguished man (Archbishop Ireland) has been to extend the influence of the church by taking advantage of the condition of the times to follow Catholic tradition without either faltering, or changes in forms and situations, and to adapt the undying vitality of the Catholic faith to the newly developed needs; to place religion above political parties; to unite instead of dividing, and to imbue the young American Republic with Christian thought, as Pope Leo sought to imbue the Republic of France. Archbishop Ireland belongs, with his whole soul, to the call of Pope Leo. Archbishop Ireland's course at Baltimore echoed the Pope's social policy. He is the most popular man in the United States, but his enemies would like to silence his powerful voice and break his influence. Then the enemies of Rome would exclaim: 'The Pope is behind the age, and in opposition to the most eminent interpreter of Romanism beyond the Atlantic.' Opposition to the Pope underlies the attacks on the American leader, but his accusers cannot darken the glory of the Church and cannot lessen in the United States the empire of the archbishop who is to remain the representative of the influence of Leo XIII. and of Rome in the young and robust country, where are being worked out new destinies for the Church and for civilization. The work of religious conquest and of patriotic unification will be carried to a natural and fruitful result by the co operating forces of Rome and the American Episcopate despite the efforts of calumniators to accomplish the impossible result of estranging from his Holiness an incomparable auxiliary." This article is considered the more surprising as the critics of Archbishop Ireland have endeavored to impress upon Rome the idea that the Archbishop was not friendly to the restoration of the temporal power of the Papacy. It is now acknowledged on all sides that Archbishop Ireland's prospects are excellent for a cardinal's hat at the next consistory.

Choynski to Fight Corbett.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 4.—Choynski telegraphed to this city to-day that it was true he had signed to fight Corbett in New Orleans within sixty days.