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War News.

Messages Received
Previous to 9 A. M.

THE KORNILOFF REVOLT.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 12. Information concerning General Korniloff's revolt was kept from the people until to-day. During the sessions of the Cabinet in the Winter Palace no special precautions were taken. Moscow was also kept in ignorance until yesterday, though the heads of the Council of Deputies there were aware of it on Saturday. General Verkhovsky, loyal to the Petrograd Government took special precautions against counter-revolutionary movements. Verkhovsky was recently summoned by Korniloff and urged to join in the revolt. On his emphatic refusal he was threatened with arrest. His reply was that unless his immediate release was permitted all railway officials would strike and thus cut off Korniloff's army from the rest of Russia. He was then released. The Korniloff revolt appears to date several weeks back, the troops, especially the cavalry, being concentrated on strategic points in order to further his aims. Some pro-Korniloff troops in Petrograd are reported to have had no prior knowledge of his plot. Up to late on Sunday night the rank and file of the army knew nothing of the conspiracy. Premier Kerensky is taking vigorous action to prevent the spread of disaffection. The Central Executive Committee of the All Russia Council of Deputies has declared for Kerensky. Socialists ask him to discard the Constitutional Democrats and strike them with his own nominees. The leader of the Labor Party urges all democracy to rally round the Premier, denouncing Directorate rule. Exclusion of reactionaries from the Democratic Assembly is demanded. The following statement has been made by Premier Kerensky to the Associated Press for transmission to

the people of America: "In view of the fact that the Cabinet is engaged uninterruptedly in discussing measures, the premature announcement of which is impossible, I am obliged to withhold a statement until later, when conditions and prospects may be clearer than now. You may, nevertheless, announce the following: The situation with respect to the conflict between the Provisional Government and the revolting Commander-in-Chief is more serious than we earlier contemplated, and it is impossible to predict what developments may ensue in the next few hours, but as regards the fundamental position, there is no doubt that the Supreme Government is absolutely unanimous in favor of all decisive matter which we have prepared and are preparing against the present attempt by a military rebel, in alliance with the reactionary element of the country, to exploit the Fatherland's internal troubles, in order to effect a counter-revolution, with the design of robbing the Russian peoples of their hard won liberties. So much for the Government. Regarding the nation I declare that I have no doubt whatever that the mass of the population is behind the Government in its new fight for freedom, and that being so, I have no doubt whatever about the triumph of our cause. In that triumph I have absolute and unqualified faith."

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL.

PETROGRAD, via London, Sept. 12. "Superior officers everywhere are acting in agreement with the revolutionary commissaries of the Government and the Committees at the front, General Denikin, Commander on the southwestern front, and the whole of his headquarters staff, have been arrested. General Erdelli, former military Governor of Petrograd, who disobeyed army commands, has also been arrested together with several members of his staff. The Baltic fleet with its officers has unanimously placed itself on the side of the Provisional Government. Only small detachments of troops have been moved toward Petrograd by Korniloff. Thro' deception they have remained deluded regarding their position. Further advance of these has been arrested and the bonds between them have been broken. Individual units of them

And the Worst is Yet to Come—



have sent delegates to Petrograd with the request that they be furnished with orders to arrest these commanders who have betrayed the Provisional Government. The Government has taken measures to put Petrograd in a state of defence against attacks, and hope is entertained that all bloodshed and civil war will be avoided. Evidence of the loyalty of troops and people of the Provisional Government is being received from all the provinces, while all the public organizations have announced their determination to support the revolutionary government by every possible means. It is essential to the safety of the Fatherland that complete unity of action be preserved. The Government enjoins complete calm and urges submission to the Government and its representatives. (Signed) Kerensky."

COSSACKS LOYAL.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 12. Cossack troops who formed part of the army sent by General Korniloff against Petrograd, have sent delegations to the Provisional Government expressing loyalty to the revolution, declaring they would arrest their officers who had deceived them.

FRENCH SUCCESS.

PARIS, Sept. 12. French troops last night attacked German trenches in the region of St. Souplet in the Champagne and succeeded in smashing the first two German lines, and entering the third position. All the German troops, garri-soning these trenches, were either killed or taken prisoners.

HANDS PASSPORTS.

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 12. The Argentine Government to-day sent to the German Legation, passports to be delivered to Count Luxemburg, German Charge d'Affaires in Buenos Aires. The whereabouts of Luxemburg is unknown to the Argentine Government.

FRENCH SINKINGS.

PARIS, Sept. 12. Sinkings, according to the statement of the Ministry of Marine, issued this evening, shows that for the week ending Sept. 9th, one French vessel of more than 1,600 tons and five under 1,600 tons were sunk by mines or submarines.

THE WEEK'S SINKINGS.

LONDON, Sept. 12. A very marked decrease in the destruction of British merchant ships by mine or submarine is indicated in the weekly Admiralty statement issued this evening. Twelve vessels of more than 1,600 tons, and six less than 1,600 tons were sent to bottom, compared with 20 in the large and 3 in the small category sunk in the previous week. To-night's statement shows that four fishing ships also were lost.

WILL SEE WAR THROUGH.

LONDON, Sept. 12. In the course of his address to-day before the Empire Parliamentary Association, Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said: "Perhaps I may be excused from speaking of the Russian situation, except to say how much we sympathize with Russia in her time of anguish, and that we hope she yet may be able to render us assistance in the great cause. The American people, like us, are people of hard, practical sense, and realize that the war now has become largely a question of nerves, endurance and staying powers. Thank God, we of England and America have those qualities, and shall see this thing through to victory. We have two special reasons," the Chancellor said, "for satisfaction at the coming in of the United States: First, it is the best possible proof that our cause is just and righteous; and second, we know we now have on our side resources which are more than sufficient to achieve victory. The States possesses the greatest wealth and resources of any nation in the world; moreover as a nation they have shown inventive genius and adaptability which they might apply successfully to the prosecution of the war."

NEWFOUNDLAND-CANADIAN FOOD CONTROL.

OTTAWA, Sept. 12. There is to be close co-operation between Newfoundland and Canadian food administration. Newfoundland's representative on the Board of Food Control, at present in Ottawa, has had a number of conferences with representatives of the Canadian food administration. He declares that Newfoundland's food control policy will be so devised as to harmonize with the policy adopted by the Canadian Food Controller.

BRITAIN SURPRISED.

LONDON, Sept. 12. The British Minister at Stockholm called at the Swedish Foreign Office yesterday, and drew attention to the charges made against the Swedish Government by the State Department at Washington, and expressed his amazement that it was possible for



may be, in most cases attributed to constipation, disturbed digestion, rather than imprudent diet.

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such charges to be brought, after formal assurance had been given Great Britain some time ago. The Minister added the British Government was surprised that it had not yet received any official explanation from Sweden.

QUEEN OF BULGARIA DEAD.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Sept. 12. Via London. Queen Eleanor, of Bulgaria, died here this afternoon. She had been ill for some time, and recently the King and Crown Prince Boris and Prince Cyril, were summoned to her bedside.

MOSCOW IN STATE OF WAR.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 12. The Provisional Government to-day declared that a state of war exists in Moscow.

THE TONNAGE PROBLEM.

LONDON, Sept. 7. (Delayed by Censor.)—A Government official informed the Associated Press to-day that as Britain's great effort of the first year of the war was to create a huge army and for the second and third year to create an inexhaustible supply of munitions, so that of the fourth year it is not only in Britain, but also in America, to create a merchant navy to replace submarine losses and supply the constantly increasing demands. There is no disguising the fact that the shipping situation is serious. Do not misunderstand me. The shipping situation has not grown serious through any increased success of German submarine warfare. As a matter of fact that is being held together very well and the average sinkings show no increase, either in number of ships or tonnage. Sinkings in the Atlantic main route are now very low, and the greater proportion of sinkings occur at out of the way spots, indicating either that the submarines have been forced afield or that a larger number of them are operating. But the total available tonnage is shrinking slightly, while on the other hand demands for tonnage are increased tremendously. Where three ships were needed a year ago four are needed now. France is very short of coal, one of the vital necessities for winter. Italy is short of coal and the shortage is so serious that it is causing the Italian Government the utmost concern. For all these shortages there is only one remedy, namely tonnage. But a still more important demand for tonnage comes from America whence the Entente's great reserve of men must come this winter. The necessity of tonnage to transport the American army and keep them supplied is perhaps the most important feature of the shipping situation. So the Entente statesmen have arrived at the conclusion that the war may depend on the new effort which will be demanded of England and America this winter, an effort to push quickly to completion, more quickly than ever attempted before, fleet upon fleet of ships to carry the sinew of war to the fighting nations.

LA FOLLETTE ENTRAPPED.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12. Special despatches from Philadelphia to a number of New York morning papers say that evidence seized by the Government agents in their raid on Monday on the Philadelphia Tageblatt, a German language paper, shows that this paper was part of a national conspiracy against the United States. In his despatch to his paper, the Philadelphia correspondent of the New York Sun, says that in the correspondence of the paper, letters were found from several prominent Americans including Senator La Follette, certain Congressmen and others, who may be seriously embarrassed by the Tageblatt raid. The records seized show that the paper was in constant communication with Germans throughout the country.

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The Pattern is cut in 3 sizes: Small, Medium and Large. It requires 6½ yards of 36-inch material for a Medium size with sleeves; without sleeves, 6 yards.

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2176—This style is good for gingham, serge, cashmere, lawn, voile, balise, organdy, poplin, silk or percale. The gumpie may be of the same material as the dress, or of contrasting goods. The Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. It requires 1½ yard of 27-inch material for the gumpie, and 3½ yards for the dress, of 36-inch material, for a 10-year size.

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