

The Edmonton Bulletin.

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SPECT CAUGHT.

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HON. MR. OLIVER IN TIMBER DEBATE

Minister of Interior Makes Compari-
sons Between Present Administra-
tion and Conservative.

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—Hon. W. S. Fielding today laid on the table papers relating to the arrangements with the western provinces for supplying seed. He began with a reply to Hon. Mr. McArthur, minister of agriculture in the last administration, who called the attention of the government to the need in November, Hon. Mr. Oliver in early correspondence disclaimed responsibility on behalf of the Dominion, quoting the Manitoba statutes in regard to the latter's control over provincial or municipal matters, and advising the new provinces to follow Manitoba's example, which had proved satisfactory. The reply of Mr. McArthur pointed to the magnitude of the want, the Dominion control of public lands of Alberta and Saskatchewan, of the federal resources and machinery, making it desirable, the Ottawa government should undertake the work promptly. He offered to come to Ottawa for a conference in February. Oliver asked for an earlier date, and he accepted the offer in any way or the other.

On January 22, Oliver wired Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, F. W. Thompson, of the Ogilvie Company, and Robert Meighen, president of the Lake of the Woods Company, for information as to the situation, and if they were taking steps to meet it. Sir Thomas replied that General Manager Whyte was on his way to discuss the matter with Mr. Oliver and had authority to promise lower rates for the occasion, although the company had no intention to provide seed. He also thought there was a greater need of C.N.R. points. Thompson expressed a similar view and gave particulars of grain in store, but could not see a way to help distribute it. He promised that Warehouse Commissioner Castle should instruct all buyers and elevator men in the West to place themselves at Mr. Castle's disposal whenever required. Mr. Meighen expressed similar views and a willingness to cooperate, but said he had no wheat of the required grade. On January 23, George Ferguson, deputy minister, came into the negotiations with the result as has already been published.

Debate on Timber Continued.
A. C. Boyce, Conservative, West Alton, resumed the debate in the House this afternoon, speaking in favour of the interior department relative to the administration of timber. He laid down as the principles which should have guided the department: (1) The relative value of timber; (2) whether it was desirable or necessary to immediately dispose of the timber; (3) whether it was desirable or necessary to immediately dispose of the timber. Mr. Oliver, minister of the interior, agreed with the statement of Mr. Boyce though from a different standpoint. The discussion had become a farce, the opposition forgot that western lumbering was not contemplated from a revenue-making standpoint, but there was a need to encourage investment in lumbering to provide lumber for the use of the people at reasonable prices. Hon. Mr. Oliver read from the regulations of 1881 wherein this object was set forth. In answer to Messrs. Bristol and Wright, he said there was a requirement in the licenses that the limits be operated for a period of six months annually, within a year of the granting of the license, and this operation

NEW CONTRACT WILL BE HEDGED

Now in Position to Make New
Telephone Contract. Forfeiture
Bond Will Be Required.

(From Wednesday's Bulletin.)
As the result of the city council's cancellation last night of the contract with the Lorimer Telephone Co., Edmonton today is open to receive offers from different companies for the installation of a new system.
Mr. Wylie, of the Chicago Automatic Co., was early at the city offices this morning and had a consultation with the commissioners, with reference to the proposals that he has made to the city for the installation of the Strouger system.
Mayor McDougall has taken a firm stand in the matter and is determined that Edmonton shall be equipped with a telephone system without further delay. To this end he will see that the next contract will be safeguarded against being cancelled.

In answer to Mr. Foster he said there was never a license issued, though in this case and others, proprietary acts were evident. In the case of Tisdale, he applied for a yearly license, though there was no payment in consideration thereof, and he secured another berth which he exchanged for another, but finding the proposition impracticable he gave up. There was nothing improper in this from the standpoint of interesting capital. He had no wish to be offensive, but merely wished to show that in this and 217 cases under the Conservative administration, Tisdale held the right for three years and had he found a purchaser might have sold outright. This was the case exactly of the celebrated Railway Horse and Cattle company, which was cancelled upon the granting thereof. He could give instances of the exercise of ownership rights.
Mr. Borden wanted to know if there were others of a different character. Mr. Oliver cited the case of John Hagar, which formed the subject of a suit, the court awarding the berth to another man before the license was issued, and the berth was operated under a permit paying fifty cents per thousand. In answer to Mr. Foster, Mr. Oliver said that ownership of the permit he could not say. The latter had nothing to do with the case as the minister understood, as the permit granted Ferguson was not the gentleman in whose favor the order was passed. Ferguson operated under a permit before 1894, when the license was granted. Regarding the statement that the Conservative policy had been followed by the Liberals, Mr. Oliver characterized it as one of the most outrageous pieces of jobbery the country ever saw, and declared that the Conservatives secured less than three-fold increase in six years, while the Liberals, without alienating a third of the land, secured a fourfold output. The timber industry was not given any aid, and was of no value till it was cut and marketed. The men who invest must follow with their mills, and their money was dead. There may be an intervening speculator, but the only value is what the consumer is willing to pay. Mr. Oliver compared the valuations quoted to inflate bond prices in city lots and mining speculation. He deplored the introduction of the opposition members that they could not secure tenders, and after dealing with Mr. Ames' figures, said that lumber beyond present requirements was stacked in the yard of the coast and the west.

ANOTHER TRANSCONTINENTAL.

Vancouver Expects to be Terminus of
Great Railway System.
Vancouver, Feb. 3.—In railroad circles today the story of the proposed extension of the Northwestern line into the coast-continent business in competition with the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern Railways and other great transcontinental lines across the border was revived as the result of the visit of a party of Northwestern officials to the city.
There were five men high up in the administration of the Chicago and North-western and Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railways in the party which arrived from Seattle this morning and left again this afternoon on the Great Northern for the Sound City. They were G. M. McEae, assistant general passenger agent at St. Paul; C. A. Cairns, general passenger agent at Chicago; F. W. Parker, assistant general agent at Seattle; P. D. Bricham of Chicago and E. Barber of St. Paul, members of the executive staff.
Some time ago it was reported that the Northwestern line was endeavoring to secure a location in this city for terminals and it was even stated that a site had been purchased. Nothing more was heard concerning this at the time, however, but the railway men are inclined to attach considerable importance to the visit of the Northwestern magnates today. It is admitted that the Northwesters are coming to Seattle and the visit of the officials today probably had some bearing on the case though they do not admit anything of the kind. Any authoritative statement in this connection will have to come first from the headquarters of the Northwestern line in Chicago. However, something may develop as the result of its visit today.

Western Pioneer's Dad.

Portage la Prairie, Man., Feb. 4.—Marshall Bidwell Snyder, a well-known citizen and a familiar figure throughout the west, died here today after a lingering illness. He was born in Nottolton, Ont., in 1859 and came west in 1880 and settled here at the time that Portage la Prairie was looked upon as the coming western metropolis.

EDMONTON SEED FAIR.

The annual seed fair of the Strathcona branch of the Alberta Farmers' Association will be held in the Mechanics' hall, Third street, on Thursday and Friday, February 13th and 14th, for the exhibition and exchange of farm seeds.

The following are the rules governing this seed fair:
1. All seeds entered for competition must have been grown by the exhibitor in the year 1906 or 1907.
2. All entries must be in the hands of the Secretary not later than Feb. 12th, 1908.
3. No seed shall be admitted for competition for prizes unless the quantities of seed for sale are two bushels of flax and 25 bushels of all other kinds. Each exhibitor must have this quantity for sale on date of fair.
4. All exhibits of seed shall be held to be representative of the total quantity of such seed offered for sale by the exhibitor.
5. All samples, receiving first or second prize shall become the property of the Alberta Farmers' Association.
6. No premium shall be awarded unless the seed offered is considered by the judge to be of good germinating quality.
7. No exhibit shall receive more than one prize for any class.
8. All samples of seed must be labelled after judging, with the name and address of the exhibitor, the name of the variety, the amount of seed for sale, and the selling price.
9. In case of dispute a statutory declaration that when the government has been complied with may be required from each exhibitor.
10. All exhibits for competition for prizes must be delivered not later than 12 noon, Thursday, Feb. 13th, and shall not be removed until the close of the fair.
11. All samples of grain must be one bushel, except flax, which shall be one peck.
12. All exhibits for this fair must be in place by 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, February 13th, as judging will commence at 12.30 p.m. At four o'clock the judge will give the reasons for his decisions. On Friday, February 14th, the hall will be open for the examination, buying and selling of the exhibits. A public meeting will be held in the hall, which will be addressed by local farmers. The authority of what is published in the Dominion Seed Fair.

The following is the prize list prepared for the fair:
1906 Grain. 1st, 2nd, 3rd.
1. Winter wheat—any hard variety... 4 3 2
2. Spring wheat—any hard variety... 4 3 2
3. Spring wheat—any other variety... 4 3 2
4. White Oats—Long variety... 6 5 4
5. White Oats—Short variety... 6 5 4
6. Barley—Six-rowed... 4 3 2
7. Barley—Beardless... 4 3 2
1907 Grain. 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th.
1. Winter wheat—Hard variety... 6 5 4 3
2. Winter wheat—Soft variety... 6 5 4 3
3. Spring wheat—Hard variety... 6 5 4 3
4. Spring wheat—Soft variety... 6 5 4 3
5. White Oats—Long variety... 6 5 4 3
6. White Oats—Short variety... 6 5 4 3
7. Barley—Six-rowed... 6 5 4 3
8. Barley—Beardless... 6 5 4 3

Cushing Bros. Moving Factory.

Bulletin Special.
Calgary, Feb. 5.—The machinery of Cushing Bros. moving factory on Second street, east, is being removed to and installed in the company's new factory in East Calgary. The old building which has been greatly altered and added to since its erection in 1884, was one of the first built in Calgary for industrial purposes. It will be utilized for other business purposes in the future. The factory with its business bustle and activity will be missed for some time by the residents in the vicinity, but the rapid progress of the move is deemed advisable for the company to remove to a section of the city where \$2,000, but Mr. Wylie says it is not worth so much. Should his company receive the contract he is willing to take over the apparatus already in Edmonton if an arrangement can be arrived at as to the price with the Canadian Machine Telephone company.

Man Killed by Yard Engine.

Prince Albert, Sask., Feb. 5.—Fred Wright, a well known ferryman, was run over by a C.N.R. yard engine yesterday and horribly mangled. Wright was very deaf and did not hear the engine. Both legs and his right hand were cut off. He was taken to the Victoria Hospital and his injuries dressed. He died at two o'clock this morning. His only known relative is a brother in the Barletoles. Wright was about 55 years old. He operated the ferry here last summer.

No Home Rule This Session.

London, Feb. 4.—All doubt that the government is planning the introduction of legislation looking to home rule for Ireland in the present session of parliament was set at rest today, when Herbert H. Asquith, chancellor of the exchequer, declared on behalf of the premier that the government had no intention of re-introducing the Irish council bill.

Van Drowned at Vancouver.

Vancouver, B.C., Feb. 4.—Four Japanese who arrived from Mexico on the British steamer Londale's last trip, and were denied admission to Canada, attempted to escape from the vessel last night. The Londale was lying at Westminster wharf, when the Japanese jumped into the icy Fraser. Three were recaptured and one was drowned.

CONTRACT PRICES ARE MADE PUBLIC

Minister of Public Works Replies to
Questions Concerning the Con-
struction of Buildings.

(From Wednesday's Bulletin.)
The opposition in the local house has been busy recently preparing considerable small bits in the way of questions, with which it is hoped to discover some weak spot in the government's armor. A number of these were brought up at yesterday's session of the legislature and were fully replied to by the ministry, the opposition failing to find any weak points.
A J. Robertson gave notice at yesterday's session that on Friday next he will introduce the following resolution:
"Resolved, That the legislative assembly of the province of Alberta in session assembled, that in the opinion of this House the government of the province of Alberta should acquire the railways in the province of Alberta running north and south, and should undertake the construction of a railway from the most northerly station to the southern terminus of the northern portion of the province for the purposes mentioned."
"And it is further the opinion of this House that when the government has so constructed a railway or any such railway, the same should be placed under the absolute control of an independent commission."

Mr. Robertson will also ask of the minister of education on Thursday next:
1.—Is one Dr. Tory engaged by the government of the province of Alberta to deliver a course of lectures at the University of Alberta?
2.—In what capacity, if any, is Dr. Tory engaged?
3.—If he is so engaged in any capacity in connection with the University of Alberta, what authority of what section of the Alberta act is he engaged?
The bill introduced by C. Hiebert, the opposition member for Rosebud, aiming to institute in Alberta a government controlled system of dispensing liquor comes up this afternoon for its second reading and will likely provoke some discussion.
Tenders on this work were received from the following: A. Lee & Co., Edmonton, steam heating \$4,995.35; Balson, Calgary, steam heating, \$4,500; John Cope, no tender received; J. McAllister, no tender received; J. A. Spencer, no tender received; May-Simpson Construction Co., no tender received; Purcell & Footelender, \$4,315; J. R. Manson, no tender received; W. H. G. Gieseler, no tender received. Contract awarded to Purcell & Footelender.

Several Bills Passed.

An new session of the committee of constitutional and other legal questions, introduced by Hon. Mr. Cross, passed the third reading, while a number of bills passed up this afternoon and were referred to various committees. These included an Act to Amend Chapter 32 of the Statutes of 1907, introduced by Hon. Mr. Cross, and referred to the committee on municipal law; an Act respecting the Canadian Club, introduced by Hon. Mr. Cross, and referred to the committee on miscellaneous and private bills; an Act to Amend and Confirm Certain Bylaws of the City of Edmonton, referred to the committee on municipal law.
Two acts which were down on the order paper for consideration in committee of the whole were allowed to stand over until tomorrow.
New Government Buildings.
Mr. Robertson asked the Hon. Mr. Cushing in regard to the new government departmental block and the legislative building:
1.—What is the cost of these buildings complete?
2.—Were these buildings built by day labor or by contract?
3.—What individual, firm or corporation supplied the lumber, lime, cement and cement, respectively?
4.—What amounts of money were paid to those persons, corporations or firms in respect to lumber, lime, mill work and cement, respectively?
5.—Were tenders called for these materials, if so, in what newspapers were tenders advertised?
6.—Who is supplying the cement for the permanent parliament buildings now under construction by your department?
7.—Were tenders called for?
8.—At what price is this cement being supplied?
The following questions the following replies were given:
1.—I cannot give exact cost of buildings complete as they are not quite finished. All the buildings will cost when completed approximately \$66,000.
2.—All excavation, backfilling, concrete, carpenter work and painting was done by day labor under the di-

KING CARLOS WAS THE SACRIFICE

Revolution in Portugal Stayed by
Assassination. Downfall of
Dictatorship.

Lisbon, Feb. 5.—The terrible tragedies of Saturday, it is believed, have resulted in the flight of Premier Franco, who is said to be a British cruiser anchored off Cascais, and will seek refuge in Gibraltar or England. Admiral Be Amoral, the new premier, who is a devoted friend of Queen Amalia and the new king, is committed to revise the entire policy of the dictatorship, and to the restoration of the "old Liberal monarchy." On Saturday the government by a decree will withdraw amnesty accorded political offenders not implicated in the down of violence and the censor on the press will be raised. After a day's consultation with prominent men of his political belief the new premier together the cabinet which represents practically all the factions in Portugal. The policy of the new premier will be to harmonize all as far as possible with a view to quieting the public unrest.

King a Sacrifice.

He believes now the possibility of a revolution is passed with the assassination of the late king. The shock seems to have struck the public and a better element of people are flocking to see the new king. There is no question of the downfall of Dictator Franco. The police are experiencing the greatest difficulty in unravelling the details of the plot which led to the assassination. The police are told are to be released, because, according to the authorities, no evidence has been found to connect them with the killing of the king. All accomplices of the three assassins who were shot down at the scene of the tragedy, escaped in the confusion; no trace of them being found. To add to the mystery the police have been unable to trace the antecedents of the dead men.
The city is still under military martial law, which continues in force already the inhabitants of the city are going about as though nothing had happened. Reports of the abolition of the republic at Oporto are officially denied. Much significance is attached to the departure of the Marquis de Soveral, the Portuguese minister to Great Britain. It is believed that the influence has been such to do with the downfall of Dictator Franco and the establishment of a policy of peace and order.

Leopold of Prussia For Lisbon.

Berlin, Feb. 5.—Prince Frederick Leopold of Prussia left for Lisbon today with condolences for the widowed Queen and to act as the Kaiser's representative at the funeral.
Portuguese Pretender Goes to Austria.
Vienna, Feb. 5.—On the advice of relatives, Don Niguel De Braganza, the Portuguese pretender, left Vienna, returning to Austria to avoid the possibility of his presence in Italy being regarded as connected with the plot to seize the throne.
Supposed Assassin Innocent.
Paris, Feb. 5.—A special from Lisbon says that the Matias Costa, who was killed as one of the assassins of the King, was innocent. He was employed by a jeweller, who swears he dispatched Costa to purchase some postage stamps at the time the royal carriage was passing. The man became involved in the general stampede and was shot by a stray bullet.
Rumors are Denied.
Lisbon, Feb. 5.—There is no truth in the rumors current in Berlin of the attempt made on the life of the Minister of War Jose de Mattias Nunes, whose appointment was slated in the first cabinet reorganization. The new cabinet, which ought to have been announced for in the capital account. Debating such receipts there, there was an actual deficiency of \$88,798.
The provincial secretary in reply reviewed the achievements of his own department and declared that the Montevideo schools drawing government grants would have to comply with the regulations requiring the firing of the national flag.
Dr. McConnell directed attention to the gravity of the situation caused by the snow storms and other noxious weeds, and advised that independent inspectors should be appointed to force the owners of woolen farms to exterminate such weeds.
The premier indicated that he would be only too pleased to accept any suggestion that would stop the spread of the pest, and said he would have the matter brought before the municipal and agricultural committee of the legislature.

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

Debate on the Motion to Give Into Com-
mittee of Supply in Progress.

Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—In the legislature yesterday the debate on the motion to go into committee of supply was resumed. The leader of the Opposition, Hon. C. J. Meikle, claimed that the government was entitled to little credit for its financial administration, while Dr. Thornton argued that the surplus was again due to the receipts from land sales, which ought to have been accounted for in the capital account. Debating such receipts there, there was an actual deficiency of \$88,798.
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Acts as a tonic and
system generally.
ed Liver Oil with
phosphates.
agreeable to take.
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