

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

London, Aug. 28.—The funeral of Charles Kékham took place yesterday. Ten thousand persons accompanied the remains to the depot.

Cork, Aug. 30.—The corporation passed a resolution condemning the sentence of Gray and demanding that he be released. The corporation also resolved to confer upon Gray the freedom of the city.

Dublin, Aug. 30.—At a meeting of the Down police, held at Downpatrick, resolutions were adopted demanding an increase of pay and pensions. Two constables were appointed to attend the Commission of Enquiry at Dublin.

Dublin, Sept. 1.—Over 500 members of the metropolitan police force have been dismissed. It is expected hundreds will resign. Great excitement prevails.

Dublin, Sept. 1.—On hearing of the dismissals, some of the police on duty tore off their badges and swore they would not do duty until their colleagues were reinstated.

All the police stations are now occupied by strong guards of military. The police dismissed are all those who attended the meeting here last night, at which the conduct of Capt. Talbot, Chief Superintendent, was strongly denounced.

A proclamation has been widely posted declaring that the services of special constables are necessary, and calling upon all loyal subjects to come forward and undertake the duty.

Rioting broke out on College street at 9.40 this evening. The mob was very violent. Some policemen who remained on duty at College street station were brought out in a body, but were obliged to retire before the mob.

Additional troops have been sent to the scene of the riot, as there are no police or special constables in Dublin, and the mob has complete possession of the city.

Large bodies of infantry and cavalry paraded the city the other night. Dublin, Sept. 1.—A large detachment of troops arrived at Kingstown from Dublin at noon to-day, and took possession of the police barracks. Of the entire police force, numbering 1,175 men, 240 have been dismissed and 620 declined to do further duty.

Inspectors and sergeants have taken no steps in the matter. The impression prevails among the police that they acted hastily. Many Orangemen presented themselves to be sworn in as special constables for a week.

The constabulary at country stations have been requested by telegram to come to Dublin. Dublin, Sept. 1.—At 9 o'clock p. m. Many ex-police in citizens' clothes are moving about in bodies and are harassed occasionally by other policemen.

A number of persons not connected with the police are taking advantage of it to deliver orations to the populace. 10 p. m.—Roughs are assembling in force. The mob assailed a tram car and broke the windows of the police station, College st.

At 10.30 o'clock to-night the mob on Brunswick street threw stones at the troops. One man was wounded. The magistrate read the Riot Act and the troops charged the mob, who fled. No further casualties reported.

At 11 p. m.—A bayonet charge has been made in Sackville street where the soldiers were hotly pressed and badly stoned. Troops are stationed before the Bank of Ireland. Many constables returned to duty at Kevin street police barracks.

Dublin, Sept. 2.—The Metropolitan police have been training for a grandly of three months' extra pay since they granted the Royal Irish Constabulary. Meetings held to consider this matter and to discuss other grievances resulted in the present crisis.

The whole police force has left service, only 25 officers remaining. Dublin, Sept. 1.—The Lord Lieutenant's decision not to interfere with the course of the law in the case of Hynes, convicted of murder, was communicated to Hynes to-day. The execution is fixed for September 20. It has been alleged that several of the jury were drunk the night before the verdict was rendered.

Constantinople, Sept. 3.—Said Pasha yielding to Dufferin to-day that the Turkish troops be allowed to disembark at Port Said instead of Aboukir. Dufferin telegraphed to Granville relative to the proposal. It is understood that Hobar Pasha, chief of the Turkish admiralty staff, has pointed out to the Porte and Dufferin the impossibility of disembarking at Aboukir, Rosetta, or Damietta. Dufferin informed the Porte that the loyal auxiliaries at Beyrout still prevent the exportation of mules for the British army.

London, Sept. 3.—The News' Kassassin special correspondent reported that the British position there is so formidable that it is hoped Arabi may test his strength against it.

Kassassin, Sept. 3.—One Indian seven-pounder mountain battery has arrived here. Stores are being fast brought up, and the engineers are busy entrenching a camp of defence. A forward movement is daily expected.

Alexandria, Sept. 2.—It is reported the English soldiers, at Meks, are suffering from diarrhoea and dysentery caused by the bad water in the forts. Bedouins continue extending positions the Aboukir side of Alexandria, in close proximity to the British outposts.

The Khedive has given the British the necessary permission to cut the dykes at Meks, thus inundating Mariout Lake, preventing an attack by the enemy from that side.

Paris, Sept. 3.—The Telegraph's special says, the acknowledgment of the power of England proves that Europe is not reduced to the leadership of one power—Germany. This circumstance will benefit none so much as France, which is the natural ally of England.

By separating from her we afford an opportunity to Germany, whose omnipotence can only be opposed by an Anglo-French alliance.

Paris, Sept. 2.—A dispatch from Ismailia states it is reported on good authority that the commandant at Tel-el-Kebir is inclined to abandon the cause of Arabi-Pasha.

Canadian. Toronto, Aug. 30.—Vicar-General Rooney, of St. Mary's Church, was ordained into the priesthood twenty-five years ago to-day. The event was celebrated to-day by the clergy of the diocese and by his parishioners. The ceremony in the church was very imposing.

Vicar-General Rooney wore the vestments that formerly belonged to Pope Pius VIII, which were bequeathed to His Grace Archbishop Lynch by the late Archbishop of Tuam. During the day he was the recipient of a number of valuable presents.

On Monday morning, Reid, a brakeman on the Midland Railway, was knocked from the top of a freight train by an overhead bridge near Peterboro', and his head and feet crushed to a jelly. Deceased was recently out from England and had no friends in this country.

A seven-year old son of P. McLaughlin, of the Albion Hotel, Kingston, was run over by a team of horses and wagon, Monday evening, on Wellington street, and died shortly afterwards of his injuries.

Newmarket, Aug. 30.—A bankman, named Robert Marshall, from Angus, was mortally injured by being struck on the head and knocked under the train while passing under a bridge this evening at Lundy's Cut, two miles north of Newmarket. Fourteen cars went over him before the train could be stopped. He seems easy, but he cannot survive.

Hollis, Ont., Aug. 30.—James Braces, a farmer, while drawing in a load of hay from the field of Arthur Nixon, fell from the load on a three-tined fork, which entered his breast and penetrated to the heart, killing him instantly.

Kassassin, Sept. 2.—The British troops remain in the position in which they were at last report. Arabi Pasha's outposts are two miles distant. The British armored train is now completely fitted up ready for action.

C. M. B. A. NOTES.

To the Officers and the Representatives to the Supreme Council of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association: You are hereby officially notified that the 14th Annual Convention of said Council will be held at the city of Buffalo, in Branch No. 20, St. Stephen's Hall, commencing Tuesday, Sept. 12th, 9 a. m.

Headquarters at the Bazel House. Officers and delegates are requested to be in attendance at the time specified. By order of Supreme President, C. J. HICKEY, Recorder.

OFFICERS OF THE GRAND COUNCIL OF CANADA. President—John Doyle, St. Thomas, 1st Vice—D. B. Olette, Windsor, 2nd Vice—John Kelly, Toronto, Recorder—Samuel B. Brown, London, Treasurer—D. J. O'Connor, Stratford, Marshal—J. H. Kelly, Chatham, Guard—Joseph Reame, Amherstburg, Trustees—Rev. P. Bardou, Cayuga, one year, W. J. McKee, Windsor, one year, Rev. M. P. Molphy, Maidstone, two years, J. E. Lawrence, St. Catharines, two years, A. Forster, Berlin, two years.

gara Falls; Rev. J. Bayard, Sarnia. Finance and Milage.—Thos. Coffey, London, Mayor Thos. O'Neil, Paris; Mr. J. Barry, Brantford.

Return and Credentials.—Mr. P. B. Reath, St. Thomas; Mr. J. Skelly, Galt; Mr. D. Sullivan, Kingston.

Appeals and Grievances.—Rev. J. P. Molphy, Maidstone; Mr. D. McCart, Sarnia; Mr. J. Jones, Cayuga; Mr. P. F. Boyle, London; W. J. McKee, Windsor; Rev. P. Bardou, Cayuga.

The following are the Deputies for the ensuing term: Grand Deputies—D. B. Olette and A. Forster; District Deputies—J. J. Connor, A. H. Wandell, and John Kelly.

Mr. Thomas Coffey will represent the Canada Grand Council at the meeting of the committee of the Supreme Council on Laws and Regulations, and the revision of the C. M. B. A. Constitution, to be held at Buffalo on Sept. 6th.

"The marvellous spread of this benevolent association, in so short a time, invites the attention of the Catholic journalist; and if it be true that you, Mr. Walker, you shall know them," we must surely have had that fruitifying blessing of God has been breathed abundantly upon this admirable organization.

Born in the brain of a good priest—Father Moynihan of Niagara Falls, now also no more—C. M. B. A. is Catholic in its every fibre, having been baptized and confirmed in the Church, its sponsor in the latter sacrament being none other than the officiating Prelate himself, the Rt. Rev. S. V. Ryan, Bishop of Buffalo.

Being the necessary of having some established organization of permanence and character, under the guardianship of the Church, which would offer some advantages to Catholics as do the many tempting secret societies outside her pale, he, from the very first, not only gave the full sanction of his name and influence, but labored not a little to guard it from the shoals and rocks that so often in the past have proved the wreck of similar associations.

And what is the result? Simply marvelous. The little mustard seed that about five years ago was cast into Catholic soil, at Niagara Falls, has grown up into a sturdy tree. Its roots are far extending, its leaves fresh and green, and in the shelter thereof, countless widowed and orphaned hearts have found protection.

We have, time and again in these columns, advocated the special claims of the C. M. B. A., and encouraged all our Catholic men to be of its members.

Catholic Review. A large company of men and women, calling themselves "free thinkers," had a field day, several days in fact, last week in the pleasant region of Watkins Glen, New York. They represent the "Free Thinkers' Association," and they assembled at their sixth annual meeting.

This of course would imply that up to six years ago the United States was a land of free thinkers. Now, it is pleasant to know that there are no less than 1,200 free thinkers in the Republic; all of them free, and all of course, thinkers.

The association has a vice-president in every county in the State of New York. Many of the associate are women, who, when they think "freely" at all, are apt to think very freely indeed, and free thought in the sense of the association, with woman as with man is not very far removed from free action.

But man nature, no less than the Church of Christ, tells humanity that it is bound all around by moral laws as fixed and unalterable as the laws of physics, and that to transgress those moral laws is sooner or later to fall into the abyss, into moral and physical chaos.

The Church will be held at the city of Buffalo, in Branch No. 20, St. Stephen's Hall, commencing Tuesday, Sept. 12th, 9 a. m. Headquarters at the Bazel House. Officers and delegates are requested to be in attendance at the time specified. By order of Supreme President, C. J. HICKEY, Recorder.

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Representatives to Supreme Council—Rev. J. P. Molphy, Thomas Coffey, John Doyle. Alternates—Rev. P. Bardou, W. J. McKee, T. B. Heath.

LIST OF BRANCHES. No. 1 Windsor.....J. M. Meloche, 2 St. Thomas.....M. O'Hara, 3 Amherstburg.....John C. Mullen, 4 London.....Alex. Wilson, 5 Brantford.....A. Hawkins, 6 Stratford.....P. O'Keefe, 7 Sarnia.....M. Lysaght, 8 Chatham.....F. W. Robert, 9 Kingston.....Owen J. Cleary, 10 St. Catharines.....P. H. Duffy, 11 Dundas.....David Griffin, 12 Berlin.....Newcomen, 13 Stratford.....R. A. Purcell, 14 Galt.....Thos. J. Wagner, 15 Toronto.....John S. Kelz, 16 Prescott.....John Gibson, 17 Paris.....Jno. Sheppard, 18 Niagara Falls.....James F. O'Neill. The President appointed the following Standing Committee for the ensuing term: Laws and Supervision—Mayor A. R. Wardell, Dundas; Mr. Jas. Quillinan, Ni-

long possessing race is dwindling away and yielding to the stronger blood of true Christian parentage and culture. Many of the cretaceous thinkers have gray-headed," says the report, while "some show long silken locks white with age." Surely this is a sad showing for our Protestant friends, and yet a very natural one.

A Mr. Bronson, from Streeter, Ill., states that twelve years ago he was criticized in his town for his liberal opinions; but since that time Streeter has so far advanced in knowledge and wisdom that now half the town is liberal, that is to say, unbelieving in a Christian sense.

Two or three of the eleven or twelve churches in Streeter, said Mr. Bronson, triumphantly, have become bankrupt. "So great was the change there that common sense men were ashamed to go to those churches."

We could wish it were otherwise; but probably the common sense men had no reason. A Mr. Walker, of Oswego Centre, acknowledged that he had been a Methodist for twenty-five years, but he had now "got his eyes opened." Imagine a Methodist waiting twenty-five years to get his eyes opened! Mr. Walker might just as well have remained where he had been so long. The old leaves, however, had not quite deserted him, for "he offered to bet \$100 that he could go into any Christian revival meeting and prevent them from getting a convert."

A hundred dollar bet on six months from an ex-Methodist and no takers! Naturally enough; for Mr. Walker proclaimed that he could psychologize the whole congregation in five minutes. It would be an interesting spectacle to see a Methodist Detroit Office and ex-superior, each eminent in his own specialties. They remain at the name of Peck, from Chicago, also sang at intervals, one of his refrains being "No Hell." It is always a matter of wonder to us why he se people, if, like Mr. Henry Ward Beecher, they do not believe in hell, they with that distinguished man profess not to believe, should bother so much against it. In fact, Mr. Peck acknowledged that his "No Hell" song was founded on a remark of Mr. Beecher's.

An old lady, Miss Mary Tillotson, of Vineland, N. J., who was introduced as "a general reformer," spoke on "the relation of things," whatever she meant by that. The old lady appeared in Bloomer costume, and doubtless her costume constituted her main article of belief for she wanted women to wear tight rights and dress as the di. We are not told that she converted many, at least to bloomerism.

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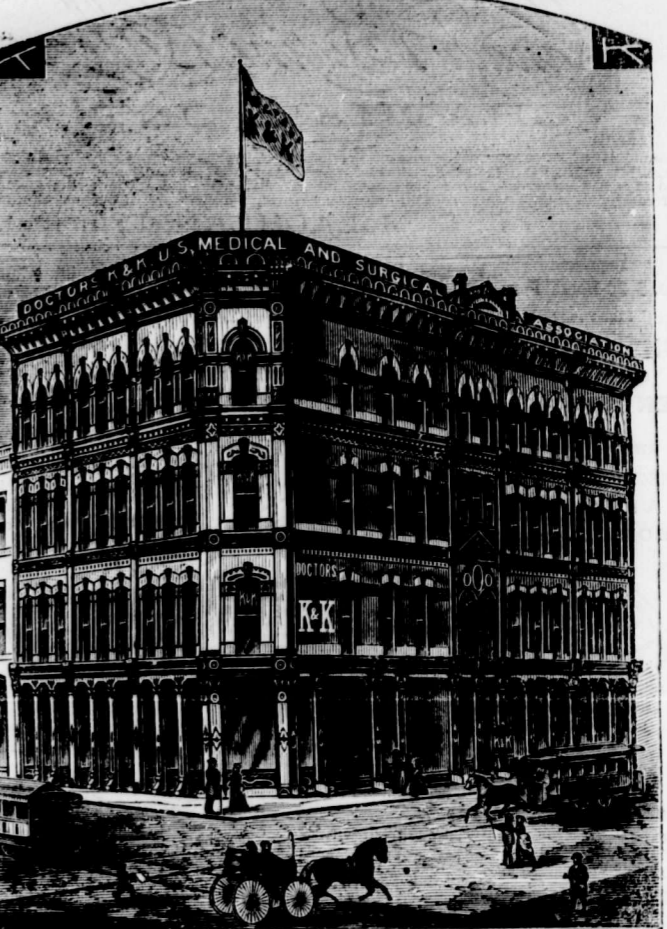
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U. S. MEDICAL ASSOCIATION. Largest in the World. J. D. KERGAN, M.D., Med. Sec. CONSULTATION FREE. More capital invested, more skill employed, more cases treated, and more cures effected than by any other establishment in the world.

HALL'S BLOCK, Cor. of Griswold St. & Michigan Ave. SEAFORTH, Sept. 1.—Flour, No. 1 super, 3 1/2 to 4 1/2; No. 2, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 3, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 4, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 5, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 6, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 7, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 8, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 9, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 10, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 11, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 12, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 13, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 14, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 15, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 16, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 17, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 18, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 19, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 20, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 21, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 22, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 23, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 24, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 25, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 26, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 27, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 28, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 29, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 30, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 31, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 32, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 33, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 34, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 35, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 36, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 37, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 38, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 39, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 40, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 41, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 42, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 43, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 44, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 45, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 46, 3 1/4 to 4; No. 47, 3 1/4 to 4; 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