

| | Uniform | Diskened |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| c: semi-axis relative orbit | 8,800,000 | 8,915,000 |
| " " Brighter star | 4,458,000 | 4,470,000 |
| r: in terms of radius of sun | 12.78 | 12.82 |
| a: " " " | 5.81 | 5.86 |
| r _b : radius bright star | 3.22 | 3.23 |
| r _f : " fainter " | 3.22 | 3.21 |
| m _b : mass brighter star | 5.31 | 5.36 |
| m _f : " fainter " | 1.66 | 1.71 |
| ρ_b : density brighter star | 0.20 | 0.18 |
| ρ_f : " fainter " | 0.18 | 0.16 |

The volumes of the stars are computed assuming the elliptical forms given by the photometric orbit and

| | | |
|--|-------|-------|
| volume brighter star | 26.28 | 29.07 |
| volume fainter star | 26.28 | 29.07 |
| and the total surface area of both stars | 18.88 | 19.62 |

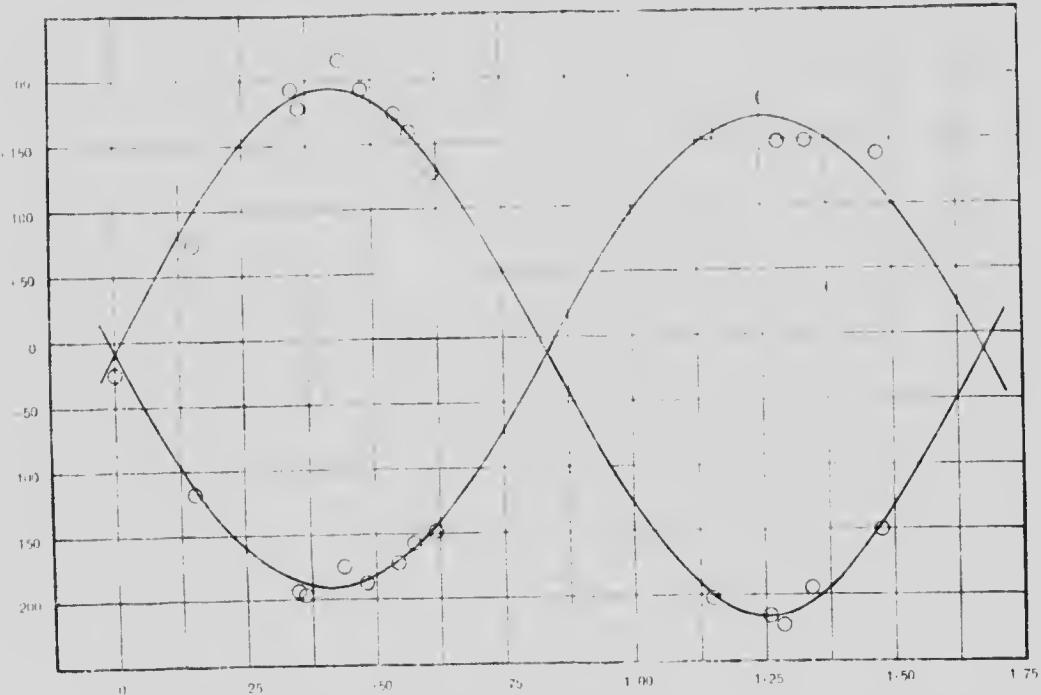


Fig. 1. U Ophiuchi

If we assume the surface intensity of a B5 star to be -2.5 magnitudes,¹ the sun's absolute magnitude to be 4.86, the absolute magnitude of the brighter component of

¹ Astrophysical Journal, 10, p. 415, 1914.