

CIRCUS PEOPLE AT CAPE TORMENTINE

Had Merry Time Boating, Fishing, Bathing and General Entertainment.

(Moncton Times.) It is not often that show people, whose business it is to entertain others, are themselves entertained, but the 900 members of the Hagenback-Wallace show were yesterday given what they call the treat of their lives, even though they arranged the settings and stagings themselves. A member of the show said last night that never in the history of circusdom had a traveling aggregation so thoroughly enjoyed anything as did the show folk their stopover Sunday at Cape Tormentine.

Boating, fishing, bathing, picnics in the woods, parties in search of wild flowers, all were the order of the day. In addition, in a grove on an eminence near the Cape, a quartette mounted on an improvised platform, furnished a musical programme. Between songs, members of the organization delivered monologues, recitations and "orations." A few did clog dances and it was a show given by show people and for show people. However, a great many residents of the locality who had motored to the scene to see the show unfolded for the day were made welcome in the audience and enjoyed the programme immensely. "Outsiders" were invited to take part, but none accepted, although one expressed, on behalf of all, appreciation of the entertainment given them.

Burlesques on the Chicago and San Francisco conventions formed a part of the programme. One bald-headed man with a fringe over his ears, took the part of William J. Bryan and attempted to pour a bottle of grape juice down the throat of another performer who was made up to resemble Governor Edwards of New Jersey. The scene ended in several of the members of the wild west section of the circus entering the affair and, with revolvers popping, compelled the pseudo Mr. Bryan to a two-step and then "set 'em up" to the crowd with imaginary liquor, in true western style of a bygone age.

"It was a great day," say the circus people, "and one we have never before experienced."

And, when it was all over, and the bugles announced that the animals had been unloaded after their first day's break-up, other groups came trooping in from the woods and the fields, the bathing places and other points where they had been enjoying themselves, and resumed their journey bound for Moncton where the show will give two exhibitions, one this afternoon and another tonight.

WILL CONTEST KRAMOR'S WILL

It Forbade Wife and One of Daughters to Attend His Funeral.

Perth Amboy, N. J., July 13.—The will of Joseph Kramor, of Perth Amboy, who died recently, has been contested by his wife and a daughter, and forbade their attendance at his funeral. According to the document, which was contested by those two members of his family, the greater portion of the estate, which is said to be large in realty holdings, being left to his son, Arthur, and another daughter.

After directing the division of the estate, the will reads:—"Expecting my will to be read by my executives before my funeral, it is my earnest wish that my wife, Minnie, and daughter, Jennie, do not attend my funeral."

"I do give, devise and bequeath to my wife Minnie, only the dower interest in which the law of the State of New Jersey provides I shall give her and she shall not share in any other part or division of my estate. If it were possible for me to deprive her of what the law of the State of New Jersey compels me to give her, on account of her treatment of me, I would do so."

"I do hereby give, devise and bequeath to my daughter Jennie the sum of \$12 a month to be paid to her from my estate as long as she shall live. My purpose in devising this monthly sum is as follows:

"Five dollars a month, to remind her of the time in 1916 when she said to me, 'Black pig, don't sleep with my mother!'

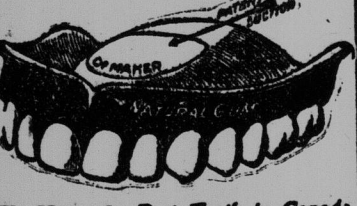
"Five dollars per month to remind her of the time in 1918 when she struck me while I was in the kitchen."

"Two dollars a month to remind her of the time in 1920 when she said to me, 'So long you are making too much noise. I will have you arrested for disturbing the neighbors.'"

"Except as above my daughter shall not share in any part or division of my estate."

A leak in the twenty-four inch water main in the Gypsy Settlement road, discovered yesterday morning, was repaired in the afternoon without interfering with the service. The leak was in the point, which are held together with pine wedges. A minor leak in the water main in Clyde street, near the railway tracks, was attended to in the morning.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION Only 25c.



We Make the Best Teeth in Canada at the Most Reasonable Rates.

Boston Dental Parlors
Head Office: 527 Main St.
Branch Office: 35 Charlotte St.
Phone 683. Phone 38.
Dr. J. D. MAHER, Prop.
Open 9 a. m. Until 9 p. m.

MUNICIPAL UNION CONVENTION WILL MEET IN QUEBEC

Prominent Speakers Will Present Subjects of Municipal Interest at Annual Session.

The annual convention of the Union of Canadian Municipalities will meet for its twentieth session in the city of Quebec beginning Tuesday, July 27, and continuing for three days. By special invitation of His Worship Mayor Samson and the city council, the meetings of the union will be held in the council chambers of the city hall, and will open with a business session in the morning at which Mayor Samson will extend the city's welcome to the visiting delegation.

The three day programme of the union shows wide range of subjects in which the organization interests itself, almost every phase of municipal development and every problem of municipal experience will be considered during the sitting of the convention, when addresses will be delivered by experts in the various fields represented. The speakers will include F. A. Ackland, deputy minister of labor in the federal government; Hon. W. F. Roberts, M. D., minister of public health for New Brunswick; L. A. Herd, E. E. D. Sc., chairman Montreal Tramways Commission; E. T. Sampson, city clerk and treasurer of Outremont, Quebec; H. H. Gale, mayor of Vancouver, and others.

During the course of the convention a banquet will be tendered to the visitors by the city of Quebec at the Chateau Frontenac, in the course of which Hon. Sir Lomer Gougeon, retiring premier of the province, will give an address. On Thursday, the closing day of the convention, the delegates will, the guests of the city, make a tour of the famous Quebec bridge.

Aim of the Union.
The Union of Canadian Municipalities is an organization which embraces all the smaller provincial municipal unions, and in turn forms a unit of a larger international municipal league which includes representation from England, Scotland, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and the United States. The Canadian organization was inaugurated in 1901 at a meeting in Toronto, and since that time has been active in the promotion of municipal interests. The union is the only dominion-wide organization through which a municipality can co-operate and exert its influence with other municipalities. Its aims are the guidance and improvement of legislation, both dominion and provincial upon municipal questions and the betterment of municipal government and the fostering of municipal interests generally. By its annual conventions it provides for interchange of a mutually profitable character, and an interchange of views between municipal authorities in all departments from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

TO SHIP BEES BY AIRPLANE

Canadian Apiculturists to Import Bees From the South.

Delivering breezy air is the latest use to which an airplane will be put, according to Aerial Age, which tells of the owner of large apiaries in Ontario, and a supply of bees from the southern part of this country.

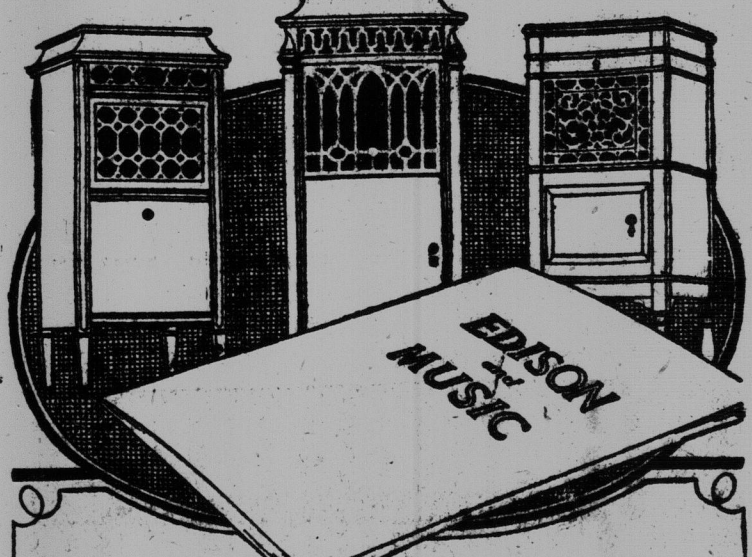
"It is expected that a large number of bees will be imported into Canada for next year," says Aerial Age, and the Canadian breeders are anxious not to get a strain which might weaken during the winter months. It is therefore important that the bees arrive at the right moment next Spring in Canada and without loss of time. This is where the speed of the airplane is to be turned to account."

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence McMann, who are motoring to St. John from Toronto with the Misses Davison, of Bridgewater (N.S.), are guests at the Algonquin Hotel, St. Andrew's. The party have had an enjoyable ten days tour via the Berkshires, and the New England summer resorts.

Hard Workers find sturdy food strength in a breakfast dish of Grape-Nuts

Try this ready-to-eat cereal and enjoy its fine flavor and wholesome building value.

Grape-Nuts Needs No Sugar "There's a Reason"



It's Here! Your copy of EDISON and MUSIC

The book that takes you into the realm of fine furniture. The illustrations show you everything; the articles tell you everything you want to know about the Edison period cabinets.

The Best in Period has been worked into these 17 exquisite models. French, English and Italian designs.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD.
St. John, N. B.

Wherever tea is liked to-day, you will find the favorite is always LIPTON'S.



24 Front St. West, Toronto

GETTING AROUND THE NEW LAWS

Diverse Methods Adopted by the Landlords of New York City.

New York, July 13.—The new state rent laws are ineffective and have not deterred profiteering from one thousand to ten thousand tenants in New York City, according to a report of the city council.

The three chief dodges employed by the landlords as outlined by Council Mayor Cox:

Notify tenants that their leases will not be renewed unless they are willing to pay exorbitant rentals. If they refuse to meet this increase the tenants are then ousted by due process of the law.

Notify tenants that the premises have been sold on the operating plan, but they will pay the exorbitant sum asked for a higher valuation on their property by inter-transfer of property through alleged sales and thus be able to extract a higher rental.

The first method, according to Mr. Mayor, is the most popular, but is rather slow. It takes from one month to one year legally to evict a tenant.

The co-operative selling plan, he declared, was one of the new inventions of the landlords to exploit the tenant.

The entire legal staff of the rent committee has been placed at the disposal of tenants in their fight against the rent profiteers. Landlords who are inclined to be fair are meeting their tenants in the offices of the committee and are arranging new leases with their tenants on definite terms.

The rent committee, which has been in operation for fifteen months, has handled more than 80,000 cases, of which 92,000 have been settled in and out of court. Of the remaining cases, 8,000 are listed as hopeless and no settlement is possible.

There is a constant flood of complaints into the committee's office, which is visited by about 5,000 tenants every week. The committee's office staff of seven, according to Mr. Mayor, handles more than 3,000 complaints by mail daily, besides from from twenty-five to 800 telephone calls.

The committee, which is maintained as a municipal department, is making an investigation of these claims and furnishing legal talent free of charge to all worthy cases.

Fred. Webster of Shelburne, who served overseas, has been appointed to the N. B. passenger office in New York City, and will leave for that city soon. He is a son of Albert J. Webster and Mrs. Webster, formerly Miss Stockton of St. John.

NO PEACE IN SIGHT IN MIDDLE EAST

Trouble Grows in Asia Minor and Georgia

Bolsheviks Threaten Drive on India—May Get Batum Oil Fields—All Trans-Caucasia in Ferment.

(By Hamilton Fish Armstrong.)

From the Dardanelles to the borders of Afghanistan and India there is no peace. Asia Minor, Syria, Armenia, Mesopotamia, Persia—these are among the places described in earliest tradition and known to men since the first dawn of history. Between the Tigris and the Euphrates, we are told, lay the Garden of Eden itself. But not so far back as the memory of man travels, not in the days of Sennacherib or Nebuchadnezzar or Darius or Suleiman the Magnificent has there reigned more general or complete chaos than today.

The future is befuddled and uncertain. The struggles of long-embittered peoples to free themselves from the yoke of the Turk have in some places met with success. In other instances success is incomplete and doubtful and still hangs in the balance. In the past rivalries and mutual hatreds and intrigues have laid the nations inhabiting these stretches of territory open to all sorts of exploitation from without. Today many

of them are listening willingly to the glib nonsense of Moscow.

On the shores of the Sea of Marmara the Turkish Nationalists, whose chief is Mustafa Kemal Pasha, have been attacking the British troops which have been sent to Constantinople. In Cilicia, meanwhile, Greece has obtained permission from the Supreme Council to subdue the Turks if she can, and the attempt is now under way.

Confusion About Georgia.

All Trans-Caucasia is in a ferment. The Georgian government at one stage announced that it had succeeded in reaching an agreement with the Bolsheviks, in which Georgia's rights to the Black Sea port of Batum were recognized. It is now said that Georgia has conceded Batum outright to the Bolsheviks, who thereby get control of one of the chief oil stations in the East, a most important accession in view of the fact that lately they have been very hard pressed for oil. The uncertainty is probably due in part to the fact that the

Russian Bolsheviks are by no means supreme south of the Caspian, there being a Turco-Tartar Soviet at Baku (on the Caspian Sea), which does not always acknowledge the rule of Moscow. Meanwhile some of the Bolsheviks, of which ever group, are continuing their operations against Georgia.

Armenia, without military or financial aid from the Allies, is a prey to all manner of doubts and wide open to Bolshevik influences. Although at war with the Baku Soviets (which have been working closely in conjunction with the Turkish Nationalists on Armenia's eastern flank), she has been unable to come to terms with Georgia, her closest neighbor, and the two have been fighting the common enemy without any sort of co-operation. Georgia is also occupied in a minor way on her southwestern frontier, which she is endeavoring to extend along the shores of the Black Sea south of Batum. This may eventually bring her into conflict with Armenia, and meantime involves some minor fighting with the Adjara, a Moslem tribe.

Southward, in Arabia, there is reported to be great discontent over the extension of French power in Syria. Emir Feisal has always been counted a friend of the Allies, but it has recently been said that he feels bitterly over the terms of the proposed French mandate for Syria. He will soon make a visit to Paris, and this will probably be the occasion for a renewal of the whole discussion over the mandate.

Italy wants to scrap it entirely, as favoring Greece in Smyrna and Thrace in a manner disadvantageous to Italian aspirations. Britain has so far been content with the provisions of the treaty, in spite of the disorders which it has provoked. She would be willing to modify some of the terms, however, if it meant a better peace. France stands midway between Great Britain and Italy, and will favor any concessions to Mustafa Kemal which do not interfere with her plans in Syria. Ex-Premier Brand is

leading the French party demanding revision.

Enzeli a Russian Port.

Bolshevik intrigue is also busy with Persia. Last month the Bolsheviks bombarded the Caspian port of Tcherem. It is not generally remembered that Enzeli is a Russian concession, so the technical seizure of that port did not constitute a violation of Persian sovereignty. In subsequent negotiations the Moscow Soviets offered to withdraw their troops if Persia would recognize the diplomatic envoys. The Tehran government refused, pending a recognition of the Soviets by all the powers. Some observers believe the Bolsheviks will not leave Enzeli, as it would be an important station in launching any drive against India. Soviet propagandists are reported to be already established in Persia and Afghanistan as preliminaries to such an undertaking. It is said that the plans were laid at a recent meeting of Spartacists, Turkish Nationalists and Bolsheviks in Munich.

of them are listening willingly to the glib nonsense of Moscow.

On the shores of the Sea of Marmara the Turkish Nationalists, whose chief is Mustafa Kemal Pasha, have been attacking the British troops which have been sent to Constantinople. In Cilicia, meanwhile, Greece has obtained permission from the Supreme Council to subdue the Turks if she can, and the attempt is now under way.

Confusion About Georgia.

All Trans-Caucasia is in a ferment. The Georgian government at one stage announced that it had succeeded in reaching an agreement with the Bolsheviks, in which Georgia's rights to the Black Sea port of Batum were recognized. It is now said that Georgia has conceded Batum outright to the Bolsheviks, who thereby get control of one of the chief oil stations in the East, a most important accession in view of the fact that lately they have been very hard pressed for oil. The uncertainty is probably due in part to the fact that the

Russian Bolsheviks are by no means supreme south of the Caspian, there being a Turco-Tartar Soviet at Baku (on the Caspian Sea), which does not always acknowledge the rule of Moscow. Meanwhile some of the Bolsheviks, of which ever group, are continuing their operations against Georgia.

Armenia, without military or financial aid from the Allies, is a prey to all manner of doubts and wide open to Bolshevik influences. Although at war with the Baku Soviets (which have been working closely in conjunction with the Turkish Nationalists on Armenia's eastern flank), she has been unable to come to terms with Georgia, her closest neighbor, and the two have been fighting the common enemy without any sort of co-operation. Georgia is also occupied in a minor way on her southwestern frontier, which she is endeavoring to extend along the shores of the Black Sea south of Batum. This may eventually bring her into conflict with Armenia, and meantime involves some minor fighting with the Adjara, a Moslem tribe.

Southward, in Arabia, there is reported to be great discontent over the extension of French power in Syria. Emir Feisal has always been counted a friend of the Allies, but it has recently been said that he feels bitterly over the terms of the proposed French mandate for Syria. He will soon make a visit to Paris, and this will probably be the occasion for a renewal of the whole discussion over the mandate.

Italy wants to scrap it entirely, as favoring Greece in Smyrna and Thrace in a manner disadvantageous to Italian aspirations. Britain has so far been content with the provisions of the treaty, in spite of the disorders which it has provoked. She would be willing to modify some of the terms, however, if it meant a better peace. France stands midway between Great Britain and Italy, and will favor any concessions to Mustafa Kemal which do not interfere with her plans in Syria. Ex-Premier Brand is

leading the French party demanding revision.

Enzeli a Russian Port.

Bolshevik intrigue is also busy with Persia. Last month the Bolsheviks bombarded the Caspian port of Tcherem. It is not generally remembered that Enzeli is a Russian concession, so the technical seizure of that port did not constitute a violation of Persian sovereignty. In subsequent negotiations the Moscow Soviets offered to withdraw their troops if Persia would recognize the diplomatic envoys. The Tehran government refused, pending a recognition of the Soviets by all the powers. Some observers believe the Bolsheviks will not leave Enzeli, as it would be an important station in launching any drive against India. Soviet propagandists are reported to be already established in Persia and Afghanistan as preliminaries to such an undertaking. It is said that the plans were laid at a recent meeting of Spartacists, Turkish Nationalists and Bolsheviks in Munich.

of them are listening willingly to the glib nonsense of Moscow.

On the shores of the Sea of Marmara the Turkish Nationalists, whose chief is Mustafa Kemal Pasha, have been attacking the British troops which have been sent to Constantinople. In Cilicia, meanwhile, Greece has obtained permission from the Supreme Council to subdue the Turks if she can, and the attempt is now under way.

Confusion About Georgia.

All Trans-Caucasia is in a ferment. The Georgian government at one stage announced that it had succeeded in reaching an agreement with the Bolsheviks, in which Georgia's rights to the Black Sea port of Batum were recognized. It is now said that Georgia has conceded Batum outright to the Bolsheviks, who thereby get control of one of the chief oil stations in the East, a most important accession in view of the fact that lately they have been very hard pressed for oil. The uncertainty is probably due in part to the fact that the

Russian Bolsheviks are by no means supreme south of the Caspian, there being a Turco-Tartar Soviet at Baku (on the Caspian Sea), which does not always acknowledge the rule of Moscow. Meanwhile some of the Bolsheviks, of which ever group, are continuing their operations against Georgia.

Armenia, without military or financial aid from the Allies, is a prey to all manner of doubts and wide open to Bolshevik influences. Although at war with the Baku Soviets (which have been working closely in conjunction with the Turkish Nationalists on Armenia's eastern flank), she has been unable to come to terms with Georgia, her closest neighbor, and the two have been fighting the common enemy without any sort of co-operation. Georgia is also occupied in a minor way on her southwestern frontier, which she is endeavoring to extend along the shores of the Black Sea south of Batum. This may eventually bring her into conflict with Armenia, and meantime involves some minor fighting with the Adjara, a Moslem tribe.

Southward, in Arabia, there is reported to be great discontent over the extension of French power in Syria. Emir Feisal has always been counted a friend of the Allies, but it has recently been said that he feels bitterly over the terms of the proposed French mandate for Syria. He will soon make a visit to Paris, and this will probably be the occasion for a renewal of the whole discussion over the mandate.

Italy wants to scrap it entirely, as favoring Greece in Smyrna and Thrace in a manner disadvantageous to Italian aspirations. Britain has so far been content with the provisions of the treaty, in spite of the disorders which it has provoked. She would be willing to modify some of the terms, however, if it meant a better peace. France stands midway between Great Britain and Italy, and will favor any concessions to Mustafa Kemal which do not interfere with her plans in Syria. Ex-Premier Brand is

---too old to work

Maybe there's an old fellow working beside you—the house keeps him on—he's a sort of pensioner. His productive years are gone. While he was a producer he never saved.

If you could analyze that old fellow's thoughts, you'd find him sadly rueing the years when he spent all he made. Instead of being able to retire to a comfortable, independent old age, he's working for a mere pittance, to keep body and soul together.

Man! Don't let yourself come to that. Provide for your declining years now by means of an Imperial Endowment Policy. Write for particulars—now.

THE IMPERIAL LIFE Assurance Company of Canada

HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO
L. J. Lowe, Provincial Manager
Royal Bank Bldg. - St. John

Have You Seen OUR ATTRACTIVE DISPLAY

of

Odd Chairs and Rockers

At Special Prices?

FOR BALANCE OF THIS WEEK ONLY

J. MARCUS, 30 - 36 Dock St.

APPRECIATION OF NATIONAL COUNCIL

The appreciation of the National Council of Women of the kindness shown them in St. John during the recent convention is expressed in a letter from the corresponding secretary to Mrs. E. Atherton Smith, president of the local council, which arrived too late to be presented at the last meeting of the council. The letter is as follows:

Toronto, July 6, 1920.
Dear Mrs. Smith:—Words fail me when I endeavor to place before you the depth and breadth and height of the gratitude of the National Council of Women of Canada for the delightful hospitality given by St. John in general, and the Local Council of Women in particular, during the annual meeting. The days we spent with you were great joy—each morning gave us further proof of your consideration and well thought out plans for our comfort and pleasure and each evening closed with the deep satisfaction that only whole hearted co-operation can give. For every effort you made we thank you; the thought of all your kindness will long be a fragrant memory and the results of this annual meeting where difficulties were met and overcome and forward strides were taken in the cause of Greater Canada will surely be blessed in the name of the National Council of Women kindly pass these appreciative words to your own council.

In affectionate remembrance,
Yours very sincerely,
LYDIA M. PARSONS,
Corresponding Secretary.

TOOKE'S Nothing Harder Than TOOKE'S SOFT COLLARS

It's the TOOKE HOOK that improves the Lock.

DIGBY CHERRIES

At

McPHERSON BROS.

181 Union Street
Phones Main 506 and 507

We invite you to come in to our New House Library, 10 Germain St. and look over our many new and good books we rent at 3 cents a day—P. Knight Hanson, dealer, Master's Voice Records.

Correct Eyeglasses

Eyeglasses that are just as comfortable and efficient as they are becoming are the kind you will want.

We fit glasses that make you see as you should and give you that degree of comfort and satisfaction which is due you.

The superior service we give you is not an overnight growth, but the result of experience, study and hard work in our profession.

D. BOYANER
111 Charlotte Street

Music in Your Country Home

With the Pathophone in your country home you can hear all the latest songs, solos, instrumental music, etc., without coming to the city.

The world famous Pathophone plays all records and no needles to change, and will last a lifetime.

A large stock of Pathe Records to select from. We allow 25 records with each Pathophone sold. Sold on Easy Terms. Inspection invited. Come in and hear it.

Amiland Bros., Ltd., 19 Waterloo Street

WHEN USING WILSON'S FLY PADS

READ DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY AND FOLLOW THEM EXACTLY

Best of all Fly Killers 10c per Packet at all Druggists, Grocers and General Stores



Wilson's Fly Pads