against whole Bodies. — These are all the Objecations that have ever appeared here, where the Facts, if salse, might easily have been refuted.

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168.

Before I conclude, I shall fully prove against the Assembly, that it is not Libelling of them, to say that they are a factious Cabal, effectually promoting the French Interest, and a dead Weight upon his Majesty's Service. This, and every other Charge which is brought against them in the Brief State, I shall support with fresh and undeniable Evidence.

As to the other Writer, I find him so well handled for me in the *New-York* Mercury, that I need only to transcribe the Substance of it.—

My Vindicator, in that Paper, begins with a heavy Complaint that in *Philadelphia*, by the scandalous Practices of the Assembly's Party, he was refused the Privilege of the Press, which had been granted to them; and that he was obliged to seek for that Justice in another Province, which he could not obtain in his own.

He then observes, that the Reason of his Writing was to make proper Remarks on an Essay which had just been published in a Philadelphia News-paper, containing several Extracts of Letters from London, either fictitious, or written to our Assembly by their ever-faithful Agents; fetting forth, that the Clamors raised against them, by my Brief State, were just beginning to wear off; — that there were many, both Peers and Commoners in England, who now acknowledged that they had been imposed upon by the Brief State, and that they began to confider our Assembly's Conduct, as one of the most glorious Struggles for Liberty which History can shew; -that the Governor's Conduct was of course condemned, and that the Author of the Gen-