

and your doctrines and implement them; is that why you would expect those you are debarred from being members of your association to accept your conditions and your conception of social welfare and implement them? Notwithstanding that fact, you do not accept them as members of your organization.

A. No, I do not think that is the reason, I do not think they are interested in compelling any political party to do anything. We have placed before them our ideas, which I believe the right and even the duty of citizens of any country. I do not think we have ever brought any political pressure to bear on any political party.

MR. BENCE: You have, in the same sense that we understand political pressure; in that you have sent telegrams to the members of parliament and to the Prime Minister of Canada and in that way you have exerted pressure.

WITNESS: We did that once.

MR. MacINNIS: I do not know whether this will be the place to bring it up, but on the point raised by the chairman, that is one which I think should be clarified by the witness at some time during his submission: where governments both in Canada and in the United States and in other countries where government is carried on by some form of public administration and in dealing with other democratic countries, governments are elected by a popular vote of the people. To set up a new government that would bring in or maintain a different system of society would mean that you would have to supplant the present government for your government: how are you going to do that, and how would the public administration then be carried on, and what public control would there be over the administration? Those I think are, to me, the most important points in your set-up. I do not know that this is the time to go into that and I am not going to press for an answer at the moment.