

25. Communication of January 22, 1951, from the Chinese People's Government to the Indian Ambassador, Peking

(1) If the principle that all foreign troops should be withdrawn from Korea has been accepted and is being put into practice, the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China will assume the responsibility to advise the Chinese volunteers to return to China.

(2) Regarding the conclusion of the war in Korea and the peaceful settlement of the Korean problem, we think that we can proceed in two steps. First step: A cease-fire for a limited time-period can be agreed upon in the first meeting of the seven-nation conference and put into effect so that the negotiations may proceed further. Second step: In order that the war in Korea may be concluded-completely and peace in East Asia may be ensured, all the conditions for the conclusion of the war must be discussed in connection with the political problems in order to reach agreement upon the following: The steps and measures for the withdrawal of all foreign troops from Korea; the proposals to the Korean people on the steps and measures to effect the settlement of the internal affairs of Korea by the Korean people themselves; the withdrawal of the United States armed forces from Taiwan and the Taiwan Straits in accordance with Cairo Declaration and Potsdam Declaration; and other problems concerning the Far East.

(3) The definite affirmation of the legitimate status of the People's Republic of China in the United Nations must be ensured.

26. Draft Twelve Power Resolution introduced before the First-Committee on January 24, 1951: "Peaceful settlement of the Korean and other Far Eastern problems".

Afghanistan, Burma, Egypt, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Lebanon, Pakistan, Saudi-Arabia, Syria and Yemen

The General Assembly,

Viewing with grave concern the situation in the Far East,

Considering that the continuance of this situation is likely to endanger the maintenance of world peace and security,

Noting the reply of the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China to the resolution of the First Committee dated 13 January 1951,

Desiring to continue its efforts to secure a cessation of hostilities in Korea and a peaceful settlement of the Korean and other Far Eastern problems in accordance with the principles and purposes of the United Nations,