The Auld Scotch Sangs.

No. III.

FOR THE SAKE O' SOMEBODY.

Words by Burns.

My heart is sair, I daur-na tell, My heart is sair for some - bo - dy;

I could wake a win-ter night, For the sake o' some - bo - dy.

Oh hon, for some - bo - dy! Oh hey, for some - bo. - dy!

I could range the world a - round, For the sake o' some - bo - dy!
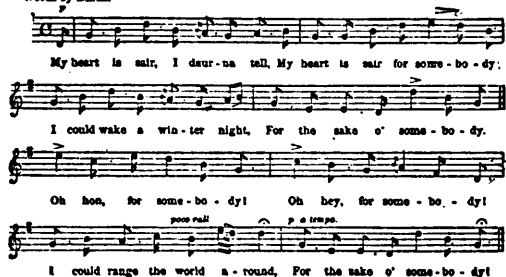
Ye powers that shine on virtuous love,
Oh, sweetly shine on Somebody.
Fra ilka danger keep him free,
An' send me safe my Somebody—
Oh, hon, etc.

The MacDonald's of Glenaladale.

PART II—THE BORRODALE BRANCH—BY THE REV.
A. MACLEAN SINCLAIR.

Angus of Borrodale, second son of John fifth of Glenaladale, had four sons, Alexander, Ranald, John of Rhu, and Donald. Donald died without issue.

Alexander, son of Angus of Borrodale, went to Jamaica in early life and succeeded in amassing a large amount of wealth. After his return to the Highlands he was known as Alexander an Oir, or Alevander of the Gold. He purchased the estates of Glenaladale and Glenfinnan in 1771. He had two sons, Alexander, his successor, and Angus, who died young. Alexander, second MacDonald of Glenaladale of the Borrodale branch, died in Edinburgh on the 4th day of January, 1825. He was twenty-eight years of age. He was a very amiable man. He erected a monument in Glenfinnan to commemorate the zeal, bravery and fidelity of those who fought and bled for Prince Charles. He willed Glenaladale and Glenfinnan to John, son of Ranald, son of Angus of Borrodale; and Lochshiel, and the island of Shona to Archibald of Rhu. He is the subject of a very fine elegy by John Macgillivray, the piper—an elegy which unfortunately has never been published.

Ranald, son of Angus of Borrodale, had at least one son, John. John was the third MacDonald of Glenaladale of the Borrodale branch. He married Jane, daughter of Alexander Macnab, of Innishewen, by whom he had two sons, Angus, his successor, and John, an officer in the army. Angus left three sons. In 1886 the eldest was laird of Glenaladale, the second Roman Catholic Bishop of Argyll and the Isles, and the third superior of a religious order.

John of Rhu was a good scholar and wrote an account of the wanderings of Prince Charles after the battle of Culloden He married Catherine, daughter of Coll MacDonald of Barrisdale, by whom he had five sons, Archibald, Alexander, John, James and Angus. Alexander was a lawyer. He went to India, where he established a newspaper. He was waylaid and murdered whilst returning from a ball. John was an officer in the army. James was a priest. He was drowned whilst crossing from Skye to Arisaig.

Archibald, eldest son of John of Rhu, inherited Lochshiel and the island of Shona from Alexander of Glenaladale. He married Ann MacGregor of Glengyle, by whom he had eight children, Alexander, John, Coll, Ann, Catherine, Jane, Joanna and Mary. Alexander resided at Dalilea in Lochshiel. He sold the island of Shona in 1853, for $32,500, and Lochshiel in 1855, for $120,000. John was a captain in the army. He died at Gibraltar. Coll was a doctor. He practised for some years in P. E. Island He died in Scotland. Ann was married to Colonel Macdonell of Morar. Catherine was married to Hugh Macdonald of Panmure, P. E. Island. The Hon. Senator A. A. Macdonald is descended from her. Mary was married to Angus Macdonald of Brudenell Point, P. E. Island. Jane and Joanna lived and died at Dalilea.

It was at Borrodale that Prince Charlie landed in Scotland in 1845. He lived in the farm house of Borrodale from the 25th of July until the 11th of August. He was the guest of Macdonald of Kinlochmoydart from the 11th of August until the 18th. He spent the night of the 18th of August with Macdonald of Glenaladale. He went to Glenfinnan on the 19th, and there raised his standard, a large banner of red silk, with a white space in the centre. He returned to Borrodale on the 18th of September, 1846. He sailed for France on the next day. His battles, marches and wanderings were now over. The monument erected by Macdonald of Glenaladale stands on the spot on which he unfurled his standard.