

Since this case occurred, I find in the British Med. Journal of the 14th of October, that Warman reports the treating of 28 cases of post-partum hæmorrhage in this way. In his cases he only uses a teaspoonful of salt to a quart of water, and at the temperature of the room, which he thinks causes it to have a more rapid effect than at a higher temperature.

He also states that the saline solution has marked hæmostatic properties, and recommends its use in all hæmorrhages except those from intestines.

I have reported this case because I think that in emergencies of this kind, this treatment has not received the attention its importance demands. Most cases are treated by stimulants and nourishment, if transfusion is not done, but by the absorption of this saline in the bowel, the blood vessels are quickly supplied with a solution that certainly takes the place of the lost blood at a critical time for the patient.

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## NOTES ON BAZIN'S DISEASE.

By RANKINE DAWSON, M.D.

Many years ago (1861) Mr. Bazin described, under the name of *Erythème induré des Scrofuleux*, an affection resembling in its early stages erythema nodosum, from which, however, it differs in several essential particulars. Mr. Bazin says :—"Erythema induratum of a scrofulous nature is not a rare affection ; it is characterized by red, indurated patches, the redness disappearing momentarily under pressure. There is no itching, and pressure causes little or no pain. This affection is observed usually upon the legs, more often in girls than in boys." Bazin does not, however, appear to have followed up the cases from which his description is taken, nor does he seem to have recognized the ulcers which frequently result from these indolent, deep-seated nodules, as being a characteristic phase of this malady. During recent years this affection has attracted a good deal of attention amongst dermatologists, both in Paris and London ; numerous cases have been reported, and a more definite and accurate conception of the affection obtained.