LESSUN HYMN. Nov. zu. Cif ESUS, our great High lriest, Inth full atonement made Ye weary spirits, rest ;
Ye muurnful souls be glad: The , ear of jubilee is come: Keturn, ye ransomed sinners, home.

Extol the Lamb of God,
The all-atoning Lamb;
Throughout the world proclaim : The year of jubilee is come! Kelurn, ye ransomed sintiers, home.

## OUR PERIODICALS.

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## fleasant formes :

A PAPER YOR OUR YOUNG FOLKS:
Rev. W. H. WITHROW, M.A., Editor.
TORONTO, NOVEMBER 12, 1581 .
A SUNDAY AFTERNOON TALK.
"The gift of God is oternal life through Jears Christ our Lond." Itom. 6. 23.

ABRIGHT little girl who had a very hot, quick temper, and who was often told by her mother that she rust give it to Jesus to take care of, said one day, "Now, mamma, there are somo things that I can do and ought to do myself, and I juat know that if I try hard enough I ann control my temper. I will do it, too, and you shall see!"

Her mother said: "Voxy well," und all that day und the next and the next, Kitty was as sweet us a little girl could possibly be. And 80 it went on for nearly a week, and then some very provoking thing happened, and Kitty's 8weetness all went to pieces in a terrible storm of temper! Her mother aid nothing, but $\%$ day or two after Kitty came and said, "Mamma, I ses now that Jeeus will have to do every. thing for me. I onn't do anything but just trust him," and from that time sho wrs really and truly cured of hur bad temper. You see she thought sho was
 that Jesus came to give, and, of course, shò failed.
A. great many children, as well as grown people, make this same mistake. The thirsty fowers hold up their cups to catch the evening dew. They have not earned it; they can do nothing to pay for it ; they can only take it as a nwoet gift of heaven, and grow and blossom by it. Just so God wants us to hold up our empty hearts and hands, and take his precious gift.
Sin pays wages-Death-but God offers a gift-Life, "and this life is in his son." 1 John B. 11 .

So Jesus is the Gift, and we may have it if we will take it, but we can never, nover eurn it!

Do you ank what tiso lifo in us is !

It is the life of Jeass, tender, putient, kind, nelf.denying, faithful-that blessed liff lived out in us! Uhow unlike our life! And it may le ours for the tukiug, for it is a gifl Let us stop trying to give to God, and just simply tako hiss gift to us.

GARFIELD'S FAVOURITE HYMN.

## Sung at his funcral.

Sitio , eapers of life's harvest, CY Why stand weth rusted blacte Untu the night draws round thee, And day begins to fade? Why stand ye idle, waiting
For reapers more to come? For reapers more to coine? Why sit ye idle, dumb?

Thrust 1 ll your sharpened sickle, And gather in the grain ; The night is fast approaching, And soon will come again. The Master calls for reapers, And shall He call in vain? Shall leaves lie there, ungathered, And waste upon the plain?

Mount up the heights of wisdom, And crush each error low. Keep back no words of knowlege That human bearts should know. Be faithful to thy mission In the service of thy Lord, And then a golden chaplet Shall be thy just reward.

## $\checkmark_{\text {read the best boors. }}$

$I^{1}$N whatover branch of knowledge one reads he should read its best books. It is estimated that twenty-five thousand volumes are pub lished each year. The British Museum contains more than a million volumes, and the National Library at Paris three millions. Only a very small proportion, therefore, of all the books can one person read. One volume read each week in a life of sixty years anounts to less than thirty-two hundred volumes. Since one can read so few books, those few should be the beat. They ought to be, as Milton finely "uys, " the life-blood of a master-spirit."
In choosing the beat books it is a good rule never to read a book in history, biography, science or in any do partuent of heavier literature once, which is not worth reading twice. Luther said: "All who study with advantage, in any art whatsoever, ought to betake himself to the reading of some sure and certain books oftentimes over." Daniel Webeter wan distinguished for his knowledge of English Jiterature, and he ropeatedly read his favourite authors. He says that in his "boyish days there were tro thinge which I did dearly love, viz: reading and playing-passions which did not cease to struggle when boyhood was over." In those days "we had so few books that to read once or twice was nothing; we thought they were all to be got by heart."
Read the bost boolis; and thooe broks are the best which doeerve to be read at least twico.

ONr there is above all others,
0 , how he loves !
His is love beyond a brother's,
0 , how he loves !
With his precious blood he bought us, In the wiljerness he sought us, To his home be safely brought us

0 , how ho loven !


${ }^{1}$one of the mosques of Con stantinople the pretty scene shown in tha picturemay any day be witnesed. Mabomot's life having on one occasion been saved by pigeons, it is thought, rtligious act to care for and protegt then. They are fed at a certain fime every day, and flock in t!:ousands to the feeding.place -graceful, pretty things, Gluttering and hopping about. It would be as much as a man's life is worth almost, if he were to hurt one of them.
A similar custom prevails at Venice. Every day at two o'clock, a great bell is rung to call the pigeons to dinnerand instantly the air is full of the whirr of their wings, as they Hock to the appointed spot. Six hundred years ago, the Doge of Venice won a victory over the Turkes at Candia, and the news was brought to Venice by carrier pigeons. The grateful senate decreed that they and their successors for ever should be fed by the Stato-and the custom is kept up to the present day.

## SPENDING MONEY.

$1 \vdots$AWRENCE and Fred are cousins. Their fathers are boys are growing up under good influences, in good schools, with good parents and friends to help them along, and at least a head belief in a good heavenly Father who loves them and is socking to lead them in the right and true way.

But one of theee boys has already atarted on a course that, we fear, will lead him into trouble. Igt us see if we can find the point where the two paths separata.

These boys have each a weekly allowance of spending money, with which they are to do exactly as they please. It is not much, to be sure, but it is their own, and is paid to thens regularly at the beginning of each month.

Lawrence knows from month to month what he wants to buy with his money. Sometimes, in order to make his purchase, he has to save for two or three months, and this he does, without any difficulty.

When he buys, (it is alrays with his mother's approval,) it is sure to be something of real use. Sometimes, not alwaya, it is a book. He has some good gamea, two or three pretty picturea
number of tools, to say nothing of pencils, drawing paper and paints, for Lawrence lias an eye for colorand form. He has guthered these things gradually, and during the four years that he has had "an income," he has made but two or three unwise purchases. His money is not all spent cion himbelf, either, but a good many thoughtful gifts have been made from his store, to which he is constantly adding by his own labor.

Fred, on the other hand, is almost always out of money, and often gets into debt. He says that money will not stay in his pocket! That is true, because he will not let it. He sprads it for root-beer, nuts, and candies, picture-papers of a doubtful sort, marbles, and such like, and he is always wishing that he could have more monoy, no as to buy tools and books as Cousin Lawrence does. But he wouldn't buy them if he had, for he has learned to use his money in gratifying his whims, and it is very easy to that he is already in the power of a habit that will grow upon him.

Look out, boys and girls, for your pennies and dimes. As you spend money now, you will be very likely to do when you are older. Think of the future when you buy! Look ahoad, and ask, "Will this do me, or others, any good?"

## "I'D JUMP, MIASSAH."

A planter once asked a colored slave, if he thought he ought to. do whatever God told him.
"Yes, massah," said the slave; "whateber de good Lawd, tell me to do, dat I'm gwine to do."
"Well, Jim," said thé planter, "but suppose you should find in the Bible, that God wantod you to jump through a stone wall, what would you do then?"
"I'd jump, massab," replied Jim.
"What ! Jumpinto a stone wall, and break your head?" asked the planter.
"Yes, massah," answered. Jim, "I'd jump; for, you see, jumpin' at de wall, dat belongs to me; but gettin' fru de wall, dat's de Laud's part ob de burgain.'
"Caluyny," says Archbishop Leighton, "would starve and die of itself if nobody took it up and gave it lodging." . "There would not," mays Bishop Hall, "be so wany opea mouths if there were not so many open earm." The hearer is as bad as the tuttler.

