## PHenswarder

Fom XVII. 1

A Quear Race.
I baw the queerest race today
Out at the county falr. The riders all wore tiny tots:
racers
The racers all wore rare.
I eaz a little wiasome maid.
With fyling yellow halr. Hold fast and rlde around the ring.
upon a blg brown bear.
Another one laughed loud In glea,
And raced around tho track,
6he wai
And the weas seated fearlessly
upon a lion's back.
And one rode on a elger tierce.
Another on a deer,
While others rode on Wrancing steeds.
Without a sign of fear.
And round and round the track they rode,
All at a rapid pace.
And no one beat, though all tried hard
To wla the cunny race.
At last the racers came to
The musle ceased to
sound,
all the little tots went
nd all the
And left the merry-go-round.
-Youth's Companion.

## REOEPTION ROOM, CHINESE

 MANSION.The Chinese are a very hospltable, and a very polite people. They are very fond of entertaining their triends. and the rich folk entertain them most magaidcently. They are very protuse in their salutations and compliments. The mansions of the rich are often sltuated in the midst of elegant gardens. and are adorned with very great taste. In the engraving, We are shown the interior of one of these mansions. the win bs ob served from the size of the gigures how ory spacious the apartment the rarough the latitice doorway and the large oval glimpse of the beautiful gardens without The numerous and elcgant lanterns hanging from the celling will lanterns hanging irom the these are ail Hgated at aight, the efect must be very beantiful. The sentences liscribed in bold or vermilion letters are for the most part moral maxims or proverbs, ot which the Chinese are very fond. An artist will be seen copying the extraordinary

ancbption hoom, chinese ha:syon
looking dragon on the screen to the left of the picture. The grave and dignifled tigures, with their bald heads and pigtalls, and rat moustaches and almond eyes, are very queer looking. It is sad o think that oxe-thrd of the tuman race living in China bave oever heard the Gospel of Jesus.

## COLD WATER AND CLOUDS.

## by ozorue u. weuril

Did you ever stop to think when you look out of the window and saw dull. gray clouds from which the rain was so steadlly pouring, and which seemed to shut in the world all around. that. in panty. they extended over a very small else, yerhaps only twenty or thirty or a bundred miles away, the sun was shinlag and all mas bright and beautiful ? This is really the case. For storms, however long and dreary, do not extend over many miles; and though it always is raining at some place in ine world, yet aiways. and at the same time, It is pleasant somewhere else. Now. let us see why this is.
Suppose that on a barm summer afternoon we were to bring a pltcher of clear.


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ocrans. lakes. and hrors would, in tumo, dry up and ditappenr. All tho trees. grass and plants would than wither, and our beanliful land woul as the groat descrt of As the

## THE ELEPHANTS

 JOKSA very amusing zlory told ta one of tho English papors of an elephant and a constable. The day was very windy, and tho constablo stood in tho shetter of a large bullding looking in an oppositt dircetion from tuat in whlch the olephant was appearing. Tho circua hal givea its porforman for tho weok. and men and anlmals wor thor way to the next town Tho pertorming olephau was suartora of the others he an bls keeper were walking qulethy along in the very early mornlug. The only disturbance was the ole phant's appareat determination to waik. The keoper drove him trom the alde drove him from soveral thes, but walk soveral tmes, llitlo llke a milschisvous litto
boy. back be would boy. Wack the elephant cool water, frech from the well, and to mached the corner where the conatablo place it on the table in the dintag-ruom. was, he touched the constable on the tiave dried the pitcher befora bringlng it turninge, saw the huge beast at his ghoutine and in, we shall discove.. In we wates wet or gan runnlag down the gtreet and tho mist and then anthery Into drops, and perhaps even runs down the pitchor to the table. Now, where does this water cone from? Not through the sides of the pitcher: that is imposilble: but from the air. We cannot see it. perhaps, but stlli it is there in the state of vapour. How came It there? Did you ever notice after rain how in a short time the puddies become dry. and how the moisture disappeared from the grass and leavos as soon as the sun shone out and the wind blew? Or did you ever notice that it you left a pan of water out of doors the water each day grew less and less, unth all was gone and the pan was dry?
All the water that was in the puddles, on the grass and leares (excopt that which soaked into the ground), and to the pan, was taken up as vapour into tho alr-It "evaporated," as we say. The same thlag happens when water bolls. only it thea evaporates more rapldly, and we can see the yajour arser ing as steam. If you live near a riols or in a country where the areation ac perhaps you can see thls evaperation actually taking place. Get up earig some morning. before the sun rises, and look Pou mara the river. You may see a long Hee of tist ar cloud like a blg whe chat hanger ins mist is onts to war oraporating from the riser and is rust now staible 89 fog because the alr to cool After the sun bas shone the alr becomes warmed and the fos disappears. but the risappears. buts on nevertheless. Indeed, it is solag on continually, and all ore the carth; so that if the water wice not re turned to us as raln snow and dex, all the


