HUN!

N'S OWN"

68. All Infringers of Patent will be Prosecuted

CO.,

TORONTO.

T. CO.

, King, Church and

to Union Depot.

ES NOW LEAVE:

UNION DEPOT:

8.35 A.M.
10.05 A.M.
2.35 P.M.
5.35 P.M.

during the week and more coaches

THE TORONTO PASSENGER TRANSPORT CO.

TRADOME

NG-STREET EAST.

DING PROVIDERS."

RAINS

onth with bargains that have to be cleared—all sup-
eans sales at your own prices practically. All the
in every reigning color and weaving.

Sealettes, Mantle Materials, Silks,
ress Goods, Trimmings, Etc.

n Canada Has Ever Shown or Can Offer Goods
CONVINCED BY AN INSPECTION. It will be at
onfirm our representations.

OLAN & HICKSON.

S IMPORTED
CIGARS!
MICHIE & CO.
7 KING-ST. WEST.

Have just received a consignment of

Manilla Cigars & Cheroots.

Also their own importations of Havanna Cigars, including the following well-known brands:

R'CALIA DE TORONTO, RECALIA DE REY, RECALIA FAVORITE, RECALIA PRECIOSA.

TOBACCOS.

Perique and Virginia.
HYMAN'S BEST.
Sponge Cakes,
Richmond Gem,
Pace's Twist, Etc.

GRAND DISPLAY
OF
GAS FIXTURES

At prices to suit the Thousands

VISITING THE EXHIBITION.

FIRST PRIZE 1885, 1886, 1887.

LEAR'S
Noted Gas Fixture
EMPORIUM,

New Numbers, 19 and 21 Richmond-st. West.

Filled from cellar to attic with choice goods. Circumstances beyond control, will not admit our showing at the Fair but will make showing of our own at the above numbers worthy of inspection by those who favor him with a call.

R. H. LEAR.
246 19 and 21 Richmond-st. West

NASMITH'S Brown Meal Bread.
Corner Jarvis and Adelaide-sts.
51 King-st. West and 58 King-st. East.

T.S.L. TORONTO STEAM LAUNDRY
SHIRTS, COLLARS AND CUFFS A SPECIALTY
109 YORK-ST., NEAR KING
GEO. P. SHARPE.

The Toronto World.

C. S. GZOWSKI, JR.
Late Gzowski & Buchan, Stock and Exchange Broker and General Agent, changes all kinds of money, buys and sells drafts on New York and London; also agent Dominion Royal Mail Line of steamships for Europe.

NINTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT

DEATH OF MR. W. A. FOSTER

THE EMINENT COUNSELOR PASSES AWAY LAST EVENING.

A Victim to Overwork He Succumbs to a Cold Contracted in a Pullman Car—The Dead Man as a Politician and a Lawyer—A Sketch of His Life and Career.

As feared by his many friends, the illness of Mr. W. A. Foster, Q.C., has proved fatal. No more will the good-natured face of the popular lawyer be seen at the bar, no more will his voice put forth the logical arguments as was his wont of yore.

Mr. Foster's illness, which resulted in his death at 8.30 last night at his residence, No. 22 St. Joseph-street, originated during his visit to New York on Oct. 5 in his capacity as solicitor for the liquidators of the defunct Central Bank to take part in the examination of ex-President David Blain.

While journeying to New York, Mr. Foster complained of the heat of the sleeping car. During the night he threw off the coverings and awaking in the morning found himself ill, the result of a chill during the night. He did his work in New York, but was compelled to remain there a few days after his confreres had departed because of his illness. As soon as he was able he returned home and for a few days attended to business. A week ago the lung trouble increased, and Mr. Foster was confined to his house, never to leave it. He was attended regularly by Dr. L. McFarlane, and the other physicians who were in consultation were Drs. W. T. Aikins, Graham, Temple and Caniff, the last named being his brother-in-law. No alarming symptoms were noticed till Tuesday at noon, when serious results were feared. All day Wednesday the patient grew worse, but that night he rested well, and yesterday he improved so much that hopes were held out for his recovery. But towards evening he grew worse again, and at 7 o'clock it was seen that the end was near. At 8.30 he passed quietly away, the immediate cause of death being acute inflammation of the lungs.

The Dead Lawyer's Career.

William Alexander Foster, Q. C., LL. B. was born in Toronto in 1840, being the second son of the late James Foster, merchant. He received his education at the old Grammar School and the Toronto Academy, and subsequently at Toronto University, from which he graduated. Called to the bar in 1861, after studying law in the office of Sir Adam Wilson, he formed a partnership with Mr. C. E. English. On the dissolution of this firm he became a member of the firm of Osler, Moss & Foster, and subsequently of the firm of Harrison, Osler & Moss. After the elevation of the late Chief Justice Harrison and Moss to the bench he formed a partnership in 1881 with Messrs. J. B. Clark and R. H. Bowes, of which firm he was senior member at the time of his death.

In 1883 Mr. Foster was made a Queen's Counsel by the Dominion Government. He was a member of the University Senate for several years. During the whole course of his legal practice he was noted for his devotion to his profession and to the interests of his clients. At the time of his death he was one of the most prominent counsel at the Ontario bar.

While yet a student he developed a fine literary taste, and among the papers to which he contributed were The Leader, Telegraph and Grumbler. Later he wrote an article on "Canadian Nationality" in The Westminster Review, which attracted great attention on both sides of the Atlantic. For a couple of years during his early career he was the Canadian correspondent of The London Times. He was the author of the article entitled "Canada First," which gave that name a prominence and influence lasting up to the present time. The deceased gentleman was one of the founders and sole editor of The Monetary Times during its early days. He taught, and he attended it exclusively, achieved as great a success in literature as in law.

In 1877 Mr. Foster married the eldest daughter of the late Major J. G. Bowes, and leaves her two children, two sisters married to Dr. Canniff and J. J. Withrow, two unmarried sisters, and one brother, Major Foster, to mourn his loss. His genial disposition and grand talents endeared him to all who knew him either in his professional or social capacity.

His Connection with the Winding up of the Central Bank.

Mr. Foster emphatically died in harness. For nearly 12 months he had been solicitor to the liquidators in the winding up of the Central Bank. The labor involved in this was Herculean, and it greatly taxed Mr. Foster's strength. He was temporarily unable to attend to his other multifarious practice, and devoted himself with all the powers of legal acumen and patient research in the elucidation of the financial labyrinth in which he found the affairs of the wrecked bank. The settling of the list of contributories was a heavy task, and month after month Mr. Foster was in his accustomed place in the Master's Court often from 10 o'clock till 6.

Courteous and affable to all opponents he was indefatigable in his service to the liquidators and the sufferers whose interests they represent. He had a wonderful grasp of the facts of each case, and in the course of its duties he subjected witnesses to some of the keenest cross-examinations which have taken place in Osgoode Hall. In his longer addresses to the court, whether in stating the case of the bank or analysing and replying to the speeches of counsel on the other side, he occasionally rose to flights of forensic eloquence. But he was a straight and fair hitter, and no blows were dealt "below the belt." On the eve of the long vacation Master Hodgins paid a high tribute to the zeal, ability and fair-mindedness of the deceased counsel. The other counsel, whose name is legion, applauded this sentiment and personally paid deserved encomiums to Mr. Foster.

Whilst others took their vacation, Mr. Foster, ever anxious to overtake accumulating arrears of business, kept to his office until matters were somewhat straightened out, and then had his brief and well-earned holiday. With the opening of the Courts the second volume of Central Bank litigation opened, and the store of Mr. Cox's arrest and the subsequent proceedings ending in his acquittal are well known.

In his lamented death the legal fraternity of Toronto is bereft of one who was universally liked for his sterling qualities of head and heart, who was a true friend, a genial companion, and who sought to elevate his profession and his numerous co-workers.

The Canada First Movement.

Mr. Foster was one of a score of bright young Canadians who made up a little circle of their own here in Toronto twenty-five years ago. Among them were Thomas Moss, W. J. Rattray, the Two Tyners (all of whom are now dead), W. H. Howland, W. G. McWilliams, W. A. Foster, etc. They were all imbued with patriotic fire and originated the movement known as "Canada First." Mr. Foster was especially active in its organization and promotion. An article by Mr. Foster in The Westminster Review was what gave the first impetus to the movement. Most of the young men were graduates of the University of Toronto and honor men on its class lists.

As an example of Mr. Foster's style and of the views he held, the annexed extract from an "address of the Canadian National Association to the People of Canada," issued in 1873, is given:

The necessity for a new political party is manifest: Old party lines are obliterated; party nomenclature has become so diluted as to be almost incomprehensible or at least incapable of intelligent explanation. The fits and cuts cannot be segregated under the old names of Reformer and Conservative. Tory and Grit are merely synonymous with cat and dog, and convey no notion save that of difference in momentum.

If so in Ontario and Quebec, how much more so in the other Provinces, where a helpless but contented ignorance prevails regarding the most cherished traditions of our dividing parties! Seven years have elapsed since Confederation was accomplished, and to this day neither one nor other of our old parties has established itself, as a party, in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Manitoba or British Columbia.

Patronage and vituperation were equally ineffacious to give a lasting foot-hold to either party, and to-day only too many of the parliamentary representatives of these provinces, as well as of our own, think and act as mere delegates, while the patriotic sentiment of the various provinces is left to draw a miserable sustenance from geographical contact and the preamble to the Confederation Act.

There is a very large number of persons in even Ontario and Quebec who acknowledge no allegiance to either of the old parties, and find no political body with which they can act in concert. There are also many who act at present with one or the other, but desire a change. It appears to us, therefore, that there is a large field for a new party, and in the present dismembered and unsettled condition of those parties which have hitherto held sway, the present offers the most favorable opportunity for its establishment.

Such a party, free from the issues of despotic repression and distasteful control, unclogged with the weight of past misdeeds, based on principles of a national character, capable of extension with equal facility into all parts of the Dominion, presenting an intelligible guarantee for united action, availing itself of the experience and prudence of age and the energy and enthusiasm of youth, struggling honorably for success, and recognizing success only in the country's progress and the country's welfare—such a party, we say, is possible, and given a stringent law to prevent bribery and corruption votes by ballot to complete the severance of old party ties, income franchise to bring into play the energy, hopefulness, and self-devotion of the young men of Canada, we assert that such a party will be, and that its watchword "Canada First" will, ere long echo from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Unless we realize that we shall have failed to accomplish our purpose.

But we have no thought of failure. If such were entertained it could not survive the rapid increase of our organization, both here and elsewhere, the encouragement received from all parts of the Dominion, and the victory which attended our first active interference, as a party, in an election contest.

Mr. Howland Talks.

Ex-Mayor W. H. Howland, with whom The World conversed last night, had a high opinion of Mr. Foster's abilities, and spoke feelingly of the deceased. "We were," said he, "a party of young men unfortunately without political experience. Mr. Foster it was who was most outspoken in declaring that if Canada was to be united the old party cries should be hushed. His article in The Westminster Review attracted wide attention. The ground he took was that there must be a grand national feeling for the prosperity of Canada, and the present position of affairs in the difficulties between the provinces justifies this stand.

"He was totally unselfish in all public matters," said Mr. Howland, "and he always kept himself in the background." Mr. Howland added that when he spoke with Mr. Foster on Wednesday afternoon, the deceased remarked, in view of his approaching death, that while in his earlier days he might have been tempted with strange ideas he could never become an infidel and he would die with a firm faith in the Christian religion. The deceased was a member of the Central Methodist Church, Bloor-street.

The Funeral To-morrow.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

VICTIMS OF THE "SPOTTER."

Four Grand Trunk Conductors Suspended—What Was It For?

Three familiar ticket-punchers have disappeared from the Hamilton branch of the Grand Trunk Railway and one from the main line of the Southern Division (Suspension Bridge to Windsor). That is four well known passenger conductors have been suspended, and considerable excitement has been created both here and in Hamilton in railway circles.

The unfortunates are "Bob" Gilkinson of Toronto, Wm. McKay and Conductor Edmonson of Hamilton and "Tom" Blunt of the main line. When a passenger conductor is suspended now-a-days he is very lucky if he ever finds out what it is for. "Spotters" have been watching the trains on the Hamilton branch for considerable time. These informers, it is said, are bound to make some kind of a report against some one, and they are not over particular what that report is. In this it is rumored that the suspended conductors were charged with carrying some of their friends on their trains dead head.

Superintendent Stiff of the Southern Division was in Toronto yesterday and remained until the evening holding some kind of an investigation which may lead to some of the men being reinstated. Rumors were in circulation last evening that a whole Grand Trunk system was profusely picketed with spotters and that no less than twenty-three conductors had been suspended within a couple of weeks on the different divisions.

The Accident Record.

Chas. Schryner, who had his collar bone broken on Yonge-street a few nights ago, wishes to state that his injuries were purely accidental, he having slipped and fallen as he stepped off the sidewalk. He was not pushed by the students or interfered with by them at all.

Wm. Berry, a C. P. R. brakesman, had his right hand jammed while coupling cars at West Toronto Junction on Sunday evening. He is now in the Hospital, and it is feared the hand must be amputated.

Yesterday afternoon Eli Smith, aged 25, a laborer residing at 47 Trinity-square, was at work filling a cart on the C. P. R. spur at the Winchester-street Bridge. The horse wheeled round and Smith was jammed against the face of the clay cutting and had his left leg broken. He was conveyed to the Hospital.

A Praise Meeting in a New Church.

A praise meeting was held in the First-avenue Baptist Church last night. It was the first of a series of services which will be held in connection with the opening of this new edifice.

Rev. Dr. Thomas, of Jarvis-street Baptist Church, preached a sermon specially adapted to the occasion from John x., 37-8, and his subject was, "The Ultimate Test of Christianity." In this connection he said: "The first thing essential to your efficiency as a church and the accomplishment of the best results is the irreproachable character of your membership. Another thing essential to your efficiency and to the accomplishment of the best results is the activity and consecration of your membership in holding forth the words of life."

The Churches Over the Don.

Mr. G. Vennell, 747 Queen street east, sends a supplemental list of religious edifices in the East End and extending as far as Little York. At the latter place there is a Roman Catholic mission and a Presbyterian and Anglican church. Then there are St. Matthew's Episcopal Church, De Grassi-street, St. John's, Norway; also Methodist churches at Leslieville Greenwood's Side-line, Don Mills Don-road, and Logan-avenue, Chester; Presbyterian Mission Church, Gerrard-street, corner Bolton-avenue, "East Presbyterian" is now "French Catholic." With these eleven additions the list is longer than can be supplied by any other portion of the city and suburbs.

Boodler Slonaker Goes Back.

Louis Helm Slonaker, the Sioux City boodler who was arrested in Toronto Monday night, left for home at 4.50 yesterday afternoon in company with the American officials who came after him and Detective Siemin. Yesterday he voluntarily agreed to waive extradition proceedings and go back to Iowa to stand his trial. He gave up the $800 he had in the Dominion Bank, $20 in cash, a gold watch and a pair of trousers.

Another Operation on Louis Sievert's Eye.

Mr. Louis Sievert, into whose face the man Graham threw vitriol a year ago last August, for which the fiend was sentenced to prison for life, underwent an operation upon his right eye on Tuesday, after having the left one removed a few weeks ago. He is doing well, and this operation, it is expected, will be the last.

Provision for the Needy.

If every rich or well-to-do family would wisely help one or more deserving families the sharpest edge would be taken off the coming winter. The keen edge would be doubly blunted if the aforesaid rich people would buy their underwear, gloves, and full dress shirts at E. A. Levian's mammoth men's outfitting establishment, No. 92 Yonge.

Omitted From the List.

The names of these candidates were omitted from the list in the final examination of the O. C. P. S., published in The World of yesterday: L. W. Wilmott, George Bobier, A. L. Castleman, C. P. Dewar, A. H. Garrutt, D. S. McDougall, A. N. Rivert.

St. Andrew's Ward Assessments.

The Court of Revision yesterday heard St. Andrew's Ward appeals. There were 120 Appellants. None of the reductions were large, the total amounting to $20,000.

THE SACKVILLE EPISODE.

CONSIDERED AT AN END IN BRITISH GOVERNMENT CIRCLES.

The London Papers Continue to Print Caustic Comments on American Politics and Politicians.—Mr. Blaine Arraigns the Diplomacy of the Democratic Party.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Addressing a meeting at Norwich, Conn., this evening Mr. Blaine said while speaking on the Sackville incident: "The Democratic party never has conducted the affairs of this country with Great Britain with dignity or with advantage to this country. We owe to the Democratic party and to its bad diplomacy the loss of British Columbia, and of that vast province on the Pacific coast which would give us the entire coast from Behring Strait down to the Gulf of California. To the bad diplomacy and the surrender of the Democratic party we owe the reciprocity treaty of 1854 in which we got about one article to forty as compared with the Canadians; the reciprocity treaty which was 39 degrees on one side—which was our opponents'—and one degree on our side. We own that to them. In fact it is not in the power of the Democratic party to give a single treaty or diplomatic procedure they have made with Great Britain which redounds to the honor of this country.

Simply Told the Truth.

PORTLAND, Ind., Nov. 1.—Hon. John Sherman speaking at a Republican meeting to-day said: "How have the Democrats conducted foreign affairs? Why have they surrendered the fisheries question? They gave up everything they had (and that was not much), then when the Senate refused to assent to the treaty they proposed to retaliate—on England?—on Canada?—No! No! On whom? On the people themselves, and all that this administration has done is that it has finally got the approval of Sir Sackville-West. The trouble was that Mr. West simply told the truth."

Democratic Charges Against "Old West."

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Boston Pilot (John Boyle O'Reilly's paper) of this week contains a remarkable paper, signed by more than twenty of the most distinguished and respected Irishmen in this country. The paper is an address to the Irish people in America, assuring them, on the personal word of every signer, that they have examined the original and amended forms of the Extradition Treaty with England, and have complete proof that the clauses giving up political refugees to England were wholly inserted by Republican Senators after the Administration had refused the British Minister's request for the adoption of such clauses. Also that the Democratic Senators on the Foreign Relations Committee fought these clauses, but were out-voted by the Republican majority. This paper effectively disposes of the Republican charge that the Democratic Administration was responsible for the treaty.

Another article analyzes the letters of the British Minister and his mythical British-American correspondent, and shows that Lord Sackville is more a knave than a fool, and that he richly deserved the disgrace which has fallen upon him. The Pilot also contains letters from Eugene Kelly, Patrick A. Collins, Major Byrne, and other leading Irish-Americans. Some of these letters from reputable gentlemen directly charge a conspiracy between the British Minister and the Republican party, by which, for British aid in electing Harrison, the Republican Senate would add an extradition amendment to the treaty which both the President and Mr. Bayard refused. The visit of John Boyle O'Reilly and General Collins to New York was to meet leading men of their race in conference on this matter.

CONSIDERED AT AN END.

Americans in London Anxious That Lord Dufferin Should be Appointed.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—The Times strongly condemns the American Government's action, which it says was unmannerly and hasty. The Standard says if war had been declared between the two countries the State Department at Washington could not have done anything more unfriendly. The Standard hints as to whether the affair does not involve the tendering to Minister Phelps his passports.

The St. James Gazette says: "It would be most creditable to English good sense if Secretary Bayard's insolence is treated with contempt. The American eagle is screeching; let him screech. We are not exactly prepared to send ironclads to Long Island because Mr. Bayard is outrageously offensive. Respectable Americans who stand neither with Mr. Cleveland nor Mr. Harrison are not nearly so much disgusted with the affair as Englishmen are."

In Government circles it is considered that the Sackville incidents is ended. Lord Sackville has not yet advised the Government as to the date of his return. It is possible that some time may elapse before a new minister is sent to Washington. American circles here are anxious that Lord Dufferin should be appointed to the post.

The Irish Vote Paramount.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—The Star (T. P. O'Connor's paper) says Mr. Bayard puts it pretty strong. The Irish voter is so pressing, and the desire to satisfy him is so urgent, that President Cleveland cannot wait until Lord Salisbury takes action. The incident furnishes fresh evidence of the paramount influence of the Irish vote in Anglo-American politics.

Britain's Only Cause of Shame.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—The Globe, commenting on the Sackville affair, says: Unhappily for America in one sense, happily in another, the character of ministerial and journalistic bluster during an election is comprehended by politicians of the saner sort better even than among the best informed persons here. It is understood as a portion of a great sham, which everybody sees through, but in which, nevertheless, everybody affects to believe. Whichever party scolds England the loudest will win. Lord Salisbury preserved England's dignity by not indulging Mr. Bayard's desire to hurry over what is only a piece of election strategy. As far as England is concerned the matter is over. Our only cause of shame is that those we call cousins are capable of such short-sighted folly. Both of the leaders chosen work upon whatever anti-English feeling exists and bid for it by competition in bluster. If Mr. Cleveland is re-elected it will be as a President whose Secretary of State sent the British Minister his passports and snapped his fingers in the face of Downing-street. It will be a perilous character he will have earned, because it will have to be maintained.

You Pays Your Money, etc.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The Daily News says: "The suggestion to retaliate upon Mr. Phelps is theoretically illogical and practically foolish. It probably results as much from sheer ignorance as from any less respectable quality of the human mind." Again justifying Mr. Cleveland's course The News maintains that if he had ignored the matter and happened to be unsuccessful in the coming election, Mr. Harrison would probably have seized the first chance to intimate that Lord Sackville's room was preferable to his company.

The Daily Chronicle says: "With every desire that President Cleveland and Secretary Bayard should enjoy a monopoly of their rudeness it is impossible passively to submit to having our representative treated like a Chinese coolie or an Irish pauper immigrant. There need be no heat displayed, but if England is to remain a self-respecting nation her ministers must not be slow to resent so deep an insult to her national dignity."

The Business of a Diplomatist.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Herald's Paris special says: I met M. de Blowitz, the well known Times' correspondent, to-night, looking stout and radiant as usual. I asked him what he thought of Cleveland dismissing Lord Sackville, and he said: "Cleveland, by intimating directly to the minister of a foreign power that his presence was no longer desired, exceeded all precedents, and did what a sovereign would not do. Of course," said De Blowitz, "everybody knows that your country is in the throes of an election, and Europe is ready to show the greatest complaisancy and patience towards any little diplomatic faux pas that may be made on the other side of the Atlantic. Sackville was imprudent, very imprudent, in mixing himself up in the local politics of the country to which he was accredited."

I also met Henry Rochefort, who said: "Cleveland was quite right in turning out Sackville, who was guilty of a terrible blunder in getting into such a scrape. For a diplomatist it is unpardonable. I don't hold a very high opinion of diplomatists, and think them all a useless expense in these days of cables, telegraphs and telephones, but their business is to make dupes of other people, not to be made dupes themselves. Sackville made a terrible blunder, that Cleveland judiciously made use of, and Sackville thereby received the coup de grace to his diplomatic career."

A Berlin Opinion.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—The National Zeitung says: The frivolity with which international difficulties are provoked by political factions in America is especially evident in the Sackville affair. After the Republicans set a trap to catch a strikingly harmless English Minister and discredit Mr. Cleveland as the candidate of the foreigner, Mr. Cleveland himself tries to offset this by exaggerated severity against Lord Sackville. This conduct appears comical from the fact that Mr. Cleveland does not leave England in doubt as to his aim in so acting. This kind of thing is scarcely calculated to raise the reputation of the American Republic.

THE SHARPSHOOTERS' MONUMENT.

Unveiled at the Capital by Lord Stanley—The Inscription.

OTTAWA, Nov. 1.—The event of to-day has been the unveiling by Lord Stanley of the monument to the two members of the Ottawa Sharpshooters, Privates W. B. Osgood and John Rogers, who were killed at Cut Knife. The day being fine a large crowd turned out, over 5000 people being assembled in Major's Hall Park and vicinity.

The monument is placed at the entrance to the park and consists of a bronze statue of a sharpshooter in the full uniform of a guardsman, with the rifle reversed and in an attitude of repose, standing upon a square pedestal of grey Canadian granite, upon either side of which are basso-relievos of Osgood and Rogers. The figures of the sharpshooter, while full of massive strength, is indicative of dejection and grief. The pedestal is ten feet in height and the statue seven. The inscription reads:

ERECTED BY THE CITIZENS OF OTTAWA
To the Memory of Privates
JOHN ROGERS AND WILLIAM B. OSGOOD
of the
GUARDS COMPANY OF SHARPSHOOTERS,
Who Fell in Action at Cut Knife Hill on the
2nd of May, 1885.

After the formal unveiling brief addresses were delivered by His Excellency and Sir A. P. Caron.

The Original Fisk Jubilee Singers give their second grand concert in Bond-street Congregational Church (Rev. Wilfrid's) this Friday evening. Come early and avoid the rush. General admission only 25 cents.

CUSTOMS SEIZURE AT MONTREAL.

A Young Irishman Taken in by an Old Confidence Game.

MONTREAL, Nov. 1.—Henry Moore, a young Irishman who has been working on a farm in the vicinity of Toronto, and who arrived in Montreal yesterday on his way to visit his friends in Ireland, has been taken in by a confidence game. He loaned a man $20 because his supposed friend could not cash a bogus check for $950 drawn on a New York bank.

The customs officers here have made a seizure of liquors, in which it is claimed there was undervaluation of a large consignment of wines, at a club house on St. Antoine-street kept by Mr. Bertin, who is an importer. The wines are valued at between $4000 and $5000. Bertin denies any intention of irregularity in the matter and says he has been betrayed to the officers by an ex-employe for revenge.

Temporary premises of the C. F. Adams Home Furnishing House, 181 Yonge-street. Carpets on credit.

Ambitious City News.

HAMILTON, Nov. 1.—The committee of the Niagara Methodist conference, which met last night to consider the case of Rev. Mr. Colling, of Simcoe, arrived at a decision, but it has been decided not to divulge it until the Simcoe board has passed on the matter. It is understood that the charges against Mr. Colling are chiefly in relation to matters of doctrine, particularly in regard to his extreme views on the doctrine of holiness.

The customs duties collected at this port during October, were $52,154, a decrease of $3844 as compared with the corresponding month last year. Inland Revenue receipts $44,545, an increase of $10,968. Exports to the United States from the consular district of Hamilton $105,243.

St. Clair Tunnel Company.

SARNIA, Nov. 1.—These gentlemen have been elected officers of the St. Clair Tunnel Construction Company: President, Joseph Hickson; vice-president, S. J. Sargent; secretary and treasurer, Robert Wright; engineer, Joseph Hobson; directors, Hon. Alex. Vidal, Sarnia; Chas. Mackenzie, Sarnia; Joseph Hickson, Montreal; S. J. Sargent, Montreal; John Bell, Belleville; E. W. Meddaugh and W. J. Spicer, Detroit. It was stated at the meeting that the tunnel would be finished in two years at a cost of $2,500,000, unless some unexpected obstacle is encountered.

A Morrisburg Man Drowned.

MORRISBURG, Nov. 1.—Mr. M. G. Munro, a wealthy citizen of Morrisburg, was missing this morning, not having been home last night. His hat was found floating in a flume leading from the canal to Gibson's mills, and on further search his body was discovered near the mills, the water having drawn it against a grating. He was seen late last night, and it is not known how the accident occurred. He had quite a large sum of money on his person, which was found on the body. The coroner did not consider an inquest necessary.

Reported Big Railway Deal.

HAMILTON, Nov. 1.—The Times to-night says: A Hamilton commercial traveler, who had an interview with the Superintendent of the Canadian Division of the Michigan Central Railway this week, volunteers the important information that the Vanderbilt Road has obtained control of the Niagara Central Railway, and that the line will be built through to Hamilton and Toronto. It is already completed to St. Catharines.

The highest medical authorities endorse Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum for indigestion. Sold by all druggists and confectioners everywhere, five cents.

Pleaded Guilty to Indecent Assault.

OSHAWA, Nov. 1.—Joe Strickland, who was recently tried before Police Magistrate Harper for indecent assault upon a young woman, employed as waiter in the Queen's Hotel, has been committed for trial. The prisoner has elected summary hearing before one of the county judges, and pleads guilty. He will be sentenced this week.

The New Rifle For the British Army.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—Mr. Stanhope, Minister of War, in a speech in London to-night said that the new rifle decided upon for the British army was believed to be superior to any used abroad. He hoped the Government would be able to supply the army with the new weapon before long. He also saw the way to the early introduction of a new system of explosives for big guns.

Hoisting Works Burnt.

LAKE CITY, Col., Nov. 1.—All the buildings including the immense hoisting works of the Frank Hough mine, one of the most extensive in this district, were burned to-day. The owners are residents of England.

THAT STUDENT RACKET.

DR. S. C. McCULLY ARRESTED FOR SHOOTING H. H. OLDRIGHT.

He Pleads Not Guilty to the Charge of Intent to do Grievous Bodily Harm—Released on $4000 Bail—The Police Will Stop all Future Noisy Parades.

The student racket of Wednesday night was almost the sole topic of conversation in the city yesterday. When the facts began to be unraveled and became known the students were almost universally condemned for their outrageous conduct in the city streets after leaving the theatre on Wednesday night.

They came in for a round measure of denunciation on every hand. They were spoken of by many as a lot of "country jays who thought they could, during their residence in the city, do as they pleased."

The wound which young Mr. Oldright received outside of Dr. S. E. McCully's Jarvis-street residence was not at all a serious one. At two o'clock yesterday morning Dr. Oldright telegraphed to the Agnes-street Police Station that he wanted Dr. McCully arrested for shooting at his son. The sergeant in charge, learning that the young man was not seriously wounded, refused to arrest him without a warrant.

Dr. Oldright went to Police Headquarters at 10 o'clock yesterday morning and swore out a warrant against the gentleman whom the "regulars" denounce as a "quack." About this time Dr. McCully was at the Wilton-avenue Station, complaining that his house had been again attacked by students and he asked for protection. He was detained by the police, and sent to Headquarters, while a couple of officers were detailed to look after his house.

Dr. McCully was arraigned before Magistrate Denison on a charge of shooting with intent to do grievous bodily harm. Mr. F. M. Morson, for Dr. McCully, pleaded not guilty and asked for a summary trial. The magistrate then entered the case for to-day and said he would accept bail if County Attorney Badgerow gave his consent. Later in the afternoon this consent was obtained. Mrs. McCully and Farmer Johnston, (Dr. McCully's father-in-law), who lives in the vicinity of the city, went on the bond for $1000 each and the Doctor himself for $2000. Then he was liberated.

Dr. McCully does not deny that he fired a gun loaded with small shot from his window into the crowd outside. He said he was afraid that they would destroy his property and perhaps do him personal violence. Dr. Oldright says his son was on his way home from the Queen's Own parade at the Armory and was merely a spectator of the antics of the noisy students.

Whatever may be the outcome of this case in court, it will in all probability put a stop to any similar gathering of students in future. The police say they will be on to them now with both fact.

Dr. McCully's house was guarded by policemen last night. He says his place has been attacked on two previous occasions by the students.

The Mayor will put Down Street Rowdyism.

"I knew nothing of the trouble last night,' Mayor Clarke told The World yesterday, "until I opened The World this morning, and saw it there. During the day I learned incidentally that the party who is alleged to have done the shooting had been arrested. I can assure you as mayor and a police commissioner that I will see that all forms of street rowdyism are put down and that citizens are protected in their rights. A medical student preferred a complaint to me about alleged harsh treatment on the part of a policeman and the matter is to be investigated. Any complaints sent to me about students or anyone else will receive prompt attention."

Nothing to Do With It.

Dr. Geikie, Dean of the faculty of Trinity Medical College, was met by The World in Toronto-street yesterday and asked if the faculty would take any steps. He said: "We have nothing to do with it. Mr. Oldright is not a member of our school."

MR. JEFFERY'S POSITION.

The Trustees and the Pastor Cannot Be Removed Unless They Resign.

Rev. T. W. Jeffery is said to be in a fix. Neither he nor his congregation can get rid of the Trustees, although the members of the church asked for their resignations. The trustees cannot be removed unless they resign, and the parties advancing the money agree to accept other trustees in their place. Mr. Jeffery, it is alleged, cannot be removed except by his own act. The probability is that if the present trustees bind themselves to finish the building and agree to an honorable treatment of the pastor, he may resign as the speediest way out of the difficulty. The position is being anxiously discussed in the Methodist Book Room and throughout the city.

Father Shea's Successor.

The death of Rev. Father John Shea just after he was appointed parish priest of Dixie leaves the administrators in a somewhat difficult position. The archdiocese is short-handed, and there is considerable speculation expressed as to who will succeed him. It is thought that the administrators will get over the difficulty by transferring a rector from the Peninsula to Dixie.

The funeral of Father Shea will take place this morning at 10.30 from his late residence in Seaton-street.

Why She Shouldn't Marry.

Sherman E. Townsend, accountant, and Smith W. Cornell, merchant, yesterday applied for letters of probate of the will and codicil of Charles Henry Foster, of Toronto, merchant, who died Oct. 10, 1888, leaving a realty and personalty to the value of $26,800. The interest on the estate is left to the testator's wife Mary, for her maintenance and the maintenance and education of their children till their coming of age, on condition that she do not marry again. If at the time of the coming of age of his youngest child his wife be not re-married, one-third of the estate goes to her absolutely. In other case the whole estate is to be divided, share and share alike, among the children.

A Veteran Councillor's Funeral.

A number of aldermen and city officials will attend the funeral to-morrow of the late William Lennox, who died on Wednesday. Mr. Lennox was a member of the council of 1858, representing St. Lawrence Ward as councillor. He was past master of Duke of York L.O.L., No. 375. He came to Toronto from Ireland in 1838, and for many years kept hotel on Yonge-street and Colborne-street.

Don't Read This.

The reason that a certain clothing store in Toronto sells so cheap is that they are satisfied with small profits and sell for spot cash, so that their customers do not have to pay for other people's clothing. The place is the British Arms Clothing Store, 221 Yonge-street, corner of Shuter-street. R. Baker & Company. 1956

The Immortal William.

Before a crowded audience in Euclid-avenue Methodist church Rev. George Webber, the pastor, last night discoursed on William, Prince of Orange. He had a sympathetic audience, who greatly enjoyed the able delineation of the Prince's character and work. County Master J. L. Hughes presided. The lecture was under the auspices of the Young People's Association, whose funds will benefit to the extent of nearly $140.

Rev. Mr. Greene Returns to the Toronto Diocese.

Rev. W. E. Greene, for years assistant at St. James' Cathedral, who gave up the flourishing parish of Weston to undertake pioneer work among the outcasts in St. Louis, has returned to the diocese of Toronto and has accepted the rectory of Orillia, as successor to the venerable rector, Rev. Rural Dean Stewart, who retires on account of old age.

A Wealthy Broker's Suicide.

PROVIDENCE, R.I., Nov. 1.—Wm. Cooke, a broker, aged 70, hung himself last night. He was worth $3,000,000. Insomnia was the cause.

ONTARIO'S NEW CIRCULATION.

More Handsome Bank Notes for the Business World—The Counterfeiter Foiled.

The Ontario Bank has issued a new circulation. The bills so far put out are only 5's and 10's, which will be followed by 20's and 50's; the 100's of the old issue will continue in use. The life of a bank note is placed at six years, and some idea of the cost of a new circulation, as well as of the height of ingenuity to which their manufacture has been brought, may be imagined when it is said that the yellow ink used in the latest Canadian bills costs $1000 a pound. The counterfeiter is making big strides in the improvement of his devices and methods, but he is being outstripped by the bank-note makers, and will find his occupation gone when only such mediums as the recent one of the Bank of Commerce, and now this of the Ontario Bank, are in circulation.

As in those of the Bank of Commerce, the main object sought in the engraving of the Ontario's bills is protection against forgery, alteration, or what is termed "raising." The designs on all of the bills are different. On the 5's the colors are supposed to be impossible of being photographed. The centre vignette is a portrait of Tecumseth, his keen eyes looking out from under his feather-crested brows. On nearly all bank bills is to be found a portrait, for the reason that a face cannot be copied with any degree of success. Besides the portrait of Tecumseth are two other smaller vignettes; one on the left hand represents Agriculture, the other on the right hand the Goddess of Fortune leaning on her merciless wheel. The back is a maze of tracery in red to harmonize with the tints of the face, which are red and green, with the former predominating.

The 10's are of a bold and striking design and impossible of being altered. The tinting is faultless and the tracery a wonder of intricate designs. On the face of the 10's green is the predominating color with an enlivening mixture of yellow, and therefore, to harmonize with the face, the back is all green. The centre vignette is an allegorical representation of Commerce, and on either side of it are smaller vignettes. The whole engraving is a triumph of the engraver's art. The paper is like that used in the Bank of Commerce's recent issue, and is the finest that can be procured. The bills are from the American Bank Note Company of New York and will be a handsome addition to the floating currency of the country.

Second grand concert Original Fisk Jubilee Singers, will be given in Bond-street Congregational Church (Rev. Wilfrid's) this Friday evening. Admission to any part of church, 25 cents. Come early to avoid the rush.

Mr. Foster's Illness Retards Liquidation.

Owing to the serious illness of Mr. Foster, solicitor for the Central Bank liquidators, the investigation into the liquidation accounts has been adjourned indefinitely.

[Mr. Foster, since the above was written, has passed away.]

HEAVY DAMAGES DEMANDED.

A Man and Wife Claim $7000 For Being Cast Into the Smallpox Hospital.

The Executive Committee met yesterday afternoon. There were present, Chairman McMillan, Mayor Clarke, Ald. Carlyle (St. Thos.), Roaf, Harvie, Johnston, Galbraith, Gillespie, Dodds and Fleming. City Solicitor Bigger appeared before the committee and was given instructions to prosecute the suit against the Dominion Telegraph Company for arrears of taxes. The amount involved is $7000, and it will prob