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NINTH YEAR. SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1888.—EIGHT PAGES. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE MONOPOLY SURRENDER

A CONSERVATIVE CAUCUS CONSIDER THE CONDITIONS.

The Terms of the Proposed Agreement with the C.P.R. Presented by the Premier and the Finance Minister—Members Satisfied.

OTTAWA, April 13.—There was a caucus of the Conservatives this morning in the big Railway Committee room, at which every member of the party now at the Capital attended. All of the Cabinet Ministers were present, and Sir John Macdonald was in the chair. The caucus was called to submit the proposed agreement for the abandonment of the Canadian Pacific Railway's monopoly clause. I learn from a member who attended the caucus, that the Premier and Sir Charles Tupper made the following statement, which, it is said, was satisfactory to the caucus:

"The Canadian Pacific Railway are to issue $15,000,000 of land grant bonds secured on their remaining lands, amounting to upwards of 14,000,000 acres.

"Land grant bonds have been issued to the extent of some $3,000,000, which are to be deducted from the proceeds of sale of which instalments are yet to mature, amounting to $1,250,000.

"The Government is to guarantee the interest on these bonds at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum for fifty years, the principal not to be guaranteed.

"The lands are to be vested in three trustees—one of whom at least must be a member of the Dominion Government. The trustees are to manage the sales and the prices of the lands.

"The proceeds of the sales are to be paid over from time to time to the Government for the exclusive purpose of forming a sinking fund to pay the principal.

"The Government is to allow 3½ per cent. interest, which is to be available to pay the interest on the land grant bonds. The amount of interest on $15,000,000 at 3½ per cent. is $525,000, payable semi-annually.

"It is claimed that there is no possibility of the Government risking a cent by these guarantee bonds. Without reference to the interest on the moneys in the hands of the Government, the annual earnings of the road for services performed to the Government will more than meet the interest on the guarantee. During the present year the ordinary earnings for postal service will be $300,000, and that will be annually increased. Added to that will be all the other services performed for the Government, such as the transport of stores for the Department of the Interior, Mounted Police supplies and transport, and indeed for the carriage of every official on public business from the Atlantic to the Pacific. These earnings alone, it is claimed, will exceed the annual interest charges.

"The monopoly clause is to be repealed.

"The $15,000,000, or the proceeds of the sale of the land grant bonds, are to be applied:

"1. $5,000,000 for the purchase of rolling stock and equipment.

"2. $5,000,000 for general improvements, including the erection of elevators and granaries on the main line.

"3. $5,000,000 to be applied to liquidating the floating debt of the company."

It was stated at the caucus by Sir John Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper that none of the credit in this new arrangement belonged to Premier Greenway and Attorney-General Martin, who visited the Capital three weeks ago, but that the final decision was reached on the lines that had been proposed before Mr. Greenway's Government was formed.

THE FISHERIES TREATY BILL.

Another Long Debate and Scheme—Maritime Province Members the Speakers.

OTTAWA, April 13.—This was another weary and monotonous day in the House. There was a long drawn-out debate on the second reading of Sir Charles Tupper's bill to give effect to the fisheries treaty. At the evening session it was another case of talking to empty benches. Very few members remained in the chamber to listen to the speakers. Even the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, generally an eloquent debater, could not hold his audience, and there were very few, indeed, who listened to his speech in defence of the treaty.

When the house opened Mr. Mills asked when they might expect the correspondence moved for in relation to the seizure of sealers in Behring Sea. Mr. Foster said it was in view of diplomatic matters now in progress it was not advisable to bring down the papers at present.

The speakers of the afternoon and evening were all Maritime Province members. Mr. Jones, Halifax, Peter Mitchell and Mr. Eisenhauer of Lunenburg opposed the treaty in strong terms. Mr. Kenny of Halifax, Gen. Laurie of Shelburne and the Minister of Marine and Fisheries were the principal speakers in support of the treaty bill.

At 1.05 Mr. Mills (Bothwell) moved the adjournment of the debate.

Sir Charles Tupper said he could not consent to adjournment at this hour. He was extremely anxious that the treaty bill should receive a second reading at the present session.

Sir Richard Cartwright insisted that it was not fair to force the debate at such a late hour. Several members on the Opposition side, including himself, wished to speak.

There was a hurried conference on both sides of the Chamber and Sir Charles Tupper agreed to allow the debate to stand until Monday evening at 8 o'clock, when it will be made a first order. Mr. Mills has the floor.

In answer to Sir Richard, Sir Charles Tupper said he hoped to make his budget speech next Friday night.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell) asked the First Minister if it were the intention of the Government to introduce a motion confirming the award of arbitrators with reference to the boundary between Manitoba and Ontario. If not he intended to move a motion.

The Premier said a draft bill would be sent to Toronto to-morrow dealing with the award. The bill alluded to by Sir John did not meet the views of Mr. Mills on the award and he said he would have to go on with his motion.

Sir John: "Go on, then, go on."

The House adjourned at 1.12.

The Senate's Short Session.

OTTAWA, April 13.—The Senate sat for about half an hour to-day. In answer to Senator McInnes of British Columbia Mr. Abbott said that the Government intended to establish an Experimental Farm in the Pacific Province this year. A 300 acre site had been selected adjoining the Agassis station on the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Private bills Nos. 66, 76 and 77 were read a second time and referred to committee.

Senator John Macdonald introduced the bill concerning the liquidation of the Federal Bank of Canada, and it was read a first time. This bill has passed the House of Commons.

The bill for the reduction of the capital stock of La Banque Nationale by 40 per cent. was also read a first time.

THE DIVORCE COMMITTEE.

Permanent Court Practically Established by the Senate.

OTTAWA, April 13.—The Senate to-day practically established a permanent divorce court composed of its own members. On the motion of Senators Abbott and Frank Smith the permanent committee on divorce will be composed of Senators Dickey, Gowan, Macfarlane, Kaulbach, Read, McClelan, Haythorne, Ogilvie and Macdonald of British Columbia. The committee will meet shortly for organization. Senator Haythorne complained that there was not a medical man in the court.

It is understood that the application of A. M. Irving of Toronto for divorce from his wife, May Louise Skelton, will be formally presented to the Senate on Monday. Senator John Macdonald has charge of the bill.

Senator Macfarlane presided over the committee which heard the evidence of Eleanor Elizabeth Tudor for divorce from her husband, Fred L. Hart. The parties belong to Montreal and are very wealthy. The evidence of Mrs. Hart was to the effect that her husband was cruel and had deserted her. Adultery was also charged against him.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Mr. Justice Henry Seriously Ill—Parliament to be Prorogued About May 18.

OTTAWA, April 13.—Mr. Justice Henry of the Supreme Court was seized with three epileptic fits to-day. He was attended by Dr. Ferguson, M. P. for Leeds and Grenville, and Dr. Montague. To-night His Lordship was reported to be somewhat better.

To-morrow is the last day for depositing factums, and Monday the last day for inscribing appeals for the next session of the Supreme Court, which commences on May 1. It is not anticipated that there will be a very large list of cases, but it is probable that there will be election appeals from East Simcoe, Muskinonge, Rimouski and Haldimand.

An Order-in-Council has been issued allowing the name of the steamer "Manitoba" of St. Catharines to be changed to "Carmona."

A deed of mortgage executed by the Guelph Junction Railway Company, to secure payment of the bonds of the said company to the amount of $135,000, with 5 per cent. interest, "upon the railway and undertaking of the company as constructed or may be constructed," has been deposited with the Secretary of State.

The Committee on Standing Orders to-day threw out, by a majority of one, the bill to allow the Ontario Central Railway to divert its connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway at Callandar 100 miles eastward to Sudbury. The grounds for throwing out the bill were technical, being insufficiency of notice in The Canada Gazette. Sir Donald A. Smith and other Canadian Pacific Railway men were very active in getting the bill discharged by the committee.

The Railway Committee could not meet to-day owing to the Conservative caucus. It will probably meet on Tuesday next.

It is understood that the Government will make every effort to have Parliament prorogued about May 18, in order to permit the Governor-General to sail from Quebec the following week. Legislation will be rushed.

Hon. J. H. Pope, Minister of Railways, continues to improve in health. He had an hour's drive to-day, and leaves shortly for his home at Coaticook, Eastern Townships, for a rest.

No Discrimination.

OTTAWA, April 13.—A proclamation will be published to-morrow changing the order-in-council of last Saturday, respecting the admission of certain free goods from the United States. That order uses the specific words "United States" from which these articles can come in duty free, but makes no mention of Great Britain or any other country. The proclamation in question will place these articles on the free list, no matter from what country they come.

ENGLISH LIBERALS.

The Local Government Bill Discussed by John Morley and Others.

LONDON, April 13.—At a meeting of the National Liberal Club to-day, Right Hon. James Stansfield presiding, it was resolved to urge the Government to extend the debate in the House of Commons on the Local Government Bill. John Morley undertook to move the resolution in the House. All the speakers expressed the opinion that the feeling was growing, especially in the rural districts, that the bill was a sham and a rank Tory measure, and that its apparent democratic character was a veneering which at first deceived the elect.

Prof. Stuart said that the fact that the bill omitted to deal with outdoor relief while it appointed the compulsory Chairman of Quarter Sessions in thousands at the meetings to be held on Sunday.

VAN BRUNT HANGED.

"Happy Bob" Pays the Penalty of His Murderous Jealousy.

WARSAW, N.Y., April 13.—Robert Van Brunt was hanged here this morning for the murder of Will Roy at Castile, Oct. 7, 1886.

Robert Van Brunt, alias "Happy Bob" or "Salvation Bob," was born in England in 1864. He made his way to London, and there on one occasion attempted to commit suicide by jumping into the Thames, for doing which he was arrested and confined. He came to this country in 1883, and was given employment by Mr. Hughes of Toronto. According to the story he told at his trial, he tried to poison himself with laudanum in one of the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. building (Shuter-street Hall) there. After this occurrence he joined the Salvation Army and became quite a noted character in its ranks. At Thorold he again tried to commit suicide, this time by shooting, twice, and into some difficulty with young women. He escaped before complete recovery from the hospital to which he was taken. In the course of time he blossomed out as an officer in the army, and came to Warsaw, N. Y., where he first saw Eva Roy, the girl whose brother he murdered, who lived at Castile. He fell in love with her and went to board with her family. On the morning of Oct. 7, 1886, he found her sitting on her brother's knee, and in a mad paroxysm of jealousy drew a revolver and shot him mortally. He was tried, found guilty of murder in the first degree and sentenced on Feb. 19, 1887, to be hanged on April 15 of that year. Great efforts were made to save him by appeals, but on Feb. 28 last the sentence of condemnation was confirmed to be carried out April 13. Unsuccessful efforts were made during the trial to get the jury to believe that he was insane.

Wreck of a Construction Train.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 13.—A construction train on the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham Railway was wrecked sixty miles west of here last evening. Four workmen were killed, one was injured fatally and nine others were seriously hurt.

An Exciting Race.

CHICAGO, April 13.—There was an exciting race between two locomotives on the Burlington tracks last evening, which almost culminated in bloodshed. Volleys of stones were thrown and a pistol shot was fired, but no one was very badly hurt.

Brewers' Contracts.

ST. LOUIS, April 13.—The master brewers here have determined that when existing contracts with their men expire, which will be on May 1, they will not renew them. The brewers are members of the United States Brewers' Association, and will act in harmony with that association.

Manitoba Politics.

WINNIPEG, April 13.—The reply to the Speech from the Throne will be moved by Mr. Roblin and seconded by Mr. Gelly.

The Government supporters held a caucus to-day to consider the redistribution bill.

The formal report of the Ottawa delegation will probably be presented to the Legislature Thursday.

Business Disasters.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days, as reported to Dun, Wiman & Co. to-day, number for the United States 200, and for Canada 22, or a total of 222 as compared with 207 last week and 223 the week previous to the last. In the corresponding week of last year the figures were 175, made up of 146 in the United States and 29 in Canada.

The Glass Trade Troubles.

CORNWALL, April 13.—The long-standing dispute of mill operatives and the Canada Cotton Company, has been left to arbitrators, Messrs. J. Beckly for the operatives, and Eaton of St. Henri mill for the company. The company and the 600 operatives agree to abide by the award.

Death of a Journalist.

QUEBEC, April 13.—The death of a well-known journalist is announced to-night, Mr. Alphonse Eug Demers, co-proprietor and editor of many newspapers published in Quebec, viz., Le Canadien, L'Evenement and Le Cultivateur. Mr. Demers was a member of the firm of L. J. Demers & Frere. He was in his 29th year.

Dr. Agnew's Illness.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The condition of Dr. Cornelius Agnew, the well known physician and surgeon, is very critical to-day. An operation is to be performed on him.

A Life for a Life.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., April 13.—Nels Olsen Holorg was hung this afternoon for the outrage and murder of Lilly Field, the 16-year-old daughter of Mrs. Field, on whose farm he was employed.

Bank Robbery in York State.

UTICA, N.Y., April 13.—The St. Johnsville Bank was robbed last evening of $12,000.

No Change.

NEW YORK, April 13.—There is no change in Mr. Conkling's condition to-night.

CANADIAN NOTES.

Fire at Tweed did $500 damage last night.

At Cookstown yesterday three buildings were destroyed by fire.

It has been definitely decided to locate the station of the Niagara Central Railway on Mr. Carlisle's property, on the corner of James and Raymond streets, St. Catharines.

Rev. Mr. Rennie of Alma Craig has been appointed a missionary for a term of years to Saint Ste. Marie by the Home Mission Committee.

BOULANGER AND BISMARCK

FRANCE AND GERMANY BOTH SERIOUSLY DISTURBED.

The Fiery General's Campaign Full of Wild Excitement—The Iron Chancellor Has Not Yet Won His Fight—His Infatuated Partisans.

LONDON, April 13.—There is still nothing but Boulanger and Bismarck in the European papers. Reports from the Department of the Nord show that the electoral campaign there has reached fever heat. Meetings are being held everywhere, and they are generally attended by scenes of excitement and turbulence, with a vast amount of noise, the singing of the "Revenant Revue," and wild interruptions. The current seems to be running steadily in the direction of Gen. Boulanger. Nothing is talked of in French political circles but Sunday's election, and what will follow its expected result. There are all sorts of rumors of General Boulanger's intentions, the most circumstantial of which is that he will take a place in the Chamber, make a speech demanding a dissolution of the Chambers and a revision of the Constitution, and then resign and stand for the next vacancy, repeating these tactics till a dissolution is forced, when he will run in every department and secure a popular vote which will amount to a plebiscite. Already in various departments 230,000 votes have been cast for him. The Department of the Nord will raise this to nearly 600,000. All this has suddenly become grave, ominous for the republic.

Prince Bismarck has not won his fight. This is evident from the fact that he gives no word of rebuke to his infatuated partisans of Breslau, Leipsic and Dresden who are holding meetings and circulating petitions asking the Kaiser on no account to lose the services of the Chancellor. Such an agitation is as unworthy of the great man as it is unheard of in a monarchial country. It is noteworthy that the National Liberal party is foremost in this undignified work. There are no trustworthy accounts of the progress of the dispute inside the Palace of Charlottenburg, but there is a growing belief that Bismarck will get the worst of the contest and a well-defined rumor that Prince Hohenlohe, Statthalter of Alsace-Lorraine, has been offered the post of Imperial Chancellor to him. There are numerous signs, also, going to confirm the existence of a serious political difference between the Kaiser and the Chancellor.

BOULANGIST AIRS.

The Order Against Playing Them in the Ex-ach Army Rescinded.

PARIS, April 13.—M. de Freycinet, Minister of War, has rescinded the order enforced by Gen. Ferron and Gen. Logerot against the playing of Boulangist airs in the army.

Gen. Boulanger has recommended to the electors of Dordogne ex-Minister Fourton, who urged Marshal MacMahon to become dictator, as a stepping-stone to a monarchist regime. This is considered a blunder on the part of Gen. Boulanger, M. Fourton being regarded as a bitter anti-Boulangist. A manifesto has been issued to the electors of the Nord, signed by Deputies Laguerre, Susini, Laur, Herisse and Michelin, protesting against the employment of police and other measures which they attribute to the Government to prevent the election of Gen. Boulanger. The manifesto declares that the general is a Republican and will enter Parliament to maintain a programme of sincere democratic reform and that he will defend France and the Republic.

The Chamber of Deputies will re-open on April 19, and it is expected will remain in session until the beginning of May, in expectation of a debate on the policy of the Cabinet.

President Carnot has postponed his journey to the South, and Premier Floquet his tour of the departments.

Boulanger's Boast.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The Herald's Paris cable says: "Boulanger said yesterday: 'I have no liking for dragging my sword after me in time of peace. If we had war everyone knows I would take it up again. It's idiotic though to say, 'Boulanger, c'est la guerre.' Why should I think of war when neither France nor Germany wish it. I repeat my wage it, yes; declare it, never. You should entitle your article, 'Boulanger c'est la paix.'"

THE GERMAN EMPEROR.

Indications of a Local Complaint of the Trachea—Attacks on Bismarck.

BERLIN, April 13.—The North German Gazette says that owing to the contraction of the air passage of the Emperor's throat, Prof. Bergmann yesterday inserted a new canula. The Emperor's general condition was not affected. After the insertion of the canula he remained in bed. It is believed that the contraction of the air passage indicates that the trachea has been attacked by a local complaint.

At noon to-day the Emperor and Empress drove in a closed carriage to Berlin, where they visited the Palace. Prince Wilhelm followed in an open carriage. Their Majesties afterwards returned to Charlottenburg. The Emperor was paler than usual, but otherwise looked well.

Bismarck Defended.

BERLIN, April 13.—The North German Gazette, referring to attacks of the Progressionist newspapers upon Prince Bismarck for what they term his official interference in Imperial family affairs, says such insinuation makes as little impression upon Emperor Frederick as similar criticism from the same source did on his deceased father. Prince Bismarck was appointed Chancellor of the Empire by both that they might receive responsible advice according to his knowledge and conscience. They never doubted that Prince Bismarck would watch over the interests of the Imperial family as attentively as over the interests of the country. This confidence stands quite apart from the question whether or not the Chancellor remains Prime Minister. It would have no existence if it were thought possible that the Chancellor would belie his convictions and act dishonestly towards the Emperor in order to remain in office.

A Present for a Princess.

BERLIN, April 13.—The Princess Victoria received from her parents as a birthday present a diamond necklace. It is reported that the Princess has voluntarily agreed to the postponement of her engagement to Prince Alexander.

CHAT ACROSS THE CABLE.

The Cologne Gazette says a French syndicate is negotiating a great Russian loan.

Two thousand six hundred emigrants left Queenstown during the past week.

Messrs. O'Brien, Redmond and Barry left London last night for New Ross, where they will attend on Sunday a meeting of the League. It is expected the meeting will be proclaimed.

The Pope yesterday celebrated a special mass in St. Peter's for 20,000 French, Austrian and Slav pilgrims.

The Bolgian Government's extraordinary expenditure for 1888 is estimated at $10,000,000. This is mainly for new forts, military roads and artillery.

Prince Ernest of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha has presented the Duke of Edinburgh, his nephew and heir-apparent, with his castle at Rosenau and its appurtenances.

A provisional manager has been appointed to conduct the business of the American Exchange pending in Europe a decision upon a petition for liquidation of the concern.

Political meetings were held at several places in the Nord last night, but the disorder was so great that the speakers could not be heard.

The French steamer Zorouba, from Marseilles for Havre and London, has been wrecked on Guernsey. The crew were saved.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

A reward of $1000 is offered for the return of a 15-months-old baby stolen from in front of a dry goods store on Third-avenue, New York, yes erday.

The missing silver dollar of 1804, only three of which were coined, has turned up in Pittsburg. It is valued at $800.

The steamer Newport, from Aspinwall, which arrived in New York yesterday with seventy cabin and twenty-three steerage passengers, had eleven cases of smallpox on board.

Fire early yesterday morning in the building Nos. 155 to 159 High-street and 114 to 118 Oliver-street, Boston, caused $60,000 damage. Five firemen were dangerously burned by an explosion which occurred.

CAPTAIN CLARKE'S CLASSES.

An Immense Audience Witness Their Performances at Guelph.

GUELPH, April 13.—Another immense audience greeted Captain Clarke and his classes in the Speed Rink this evening. When the grand entry took place fully 1500 people showed their admiration by long and hearty applause. The enthusiasm thus awakened never once flagged throughout the entertainment. The Highland Cadets improved on their previous performance, and went through the firing exercise and bayonet and sword drill with the precision and regularity of veterans. Their fancy marching was a feature of the evening. Probably the greatest enthusiasm was awakened by the Daughters of the Regiment. This company of girls, ranging in age from 10 to 16 years, attired in pretty braided tunics and red skirts, took the audience by storm in their military evolutions, forming in squares, crosses and stars with a rapidity deceptive to the eye, and then rearranging themselves in double column without one false step. Their exhibition was certainly a most pleasing evidence of the careful training they received. The Daughters of the Regiment is a new company and one of Captain Clarke's most gratifying ventures.

Pleasing, too, was the performance of the boys allotted to the naval brigade and the calisthenic class. The former was organized simultaneously with the Daughters of the Regiment, and on this occasion shared the honors with the young ladies. Especially fine was their lance drill. The performance terminated shortly after 10 o'clock. Captain Clarke has by these latest entertainments installed himself more securely than ever in the good graces of the people of Guelph.

RETIRED FROM POLITICS.

Mr. McShane to Devote His Attention to Cattle Exporting—Sudden Death.

MONTREAL, April 13.—Hon. James McShane announces his retirement from active politics and his intention of re-entering the field as a cattle exporter.

J. N. Greenshields has, at the instance of A. L. Lockerby, wholesale grocer, commenced proceedings against J. A. Matthewson for damages in connection with his utterances on the sugar combine in his evidence before the Combine Committee at Ottawa.

The Rev. Mr. Lemonde, Cure of St. Dorothe, who was kidnapped by some of his parishioners because of his evidence before the Archbishop here, has taken action for $150 damages against his abductors.

The Rev. Father Drummond, S.J., died very suddenly this forenoon. He said his mass at 6 o'clock this morning.

Robbed a Canadian.

CHICAGO, April 13.—Eddie Mines and John Considine were arrested to-day for a bold robbery in the Wabash depot here Tuesday morning. Dr. John Campbell of, Seaforth, Ont., an elderly man, was on his way to British Columbia, and when the Grand Trunk pulled out of depot the doctor was sleeping. "Hurry up if you want to catch the train," a voice said behind him, and at the same time a hand shook the traveler roughly. The doctor picked up his valise, and three men pushed him along towards the door. Just as he was passing through a pair of arms were thrown around the doctor to insert their plunder, and he became in thousands at the meetings to be held in conscious of the loss of his money and his ticket was taken. The men got away, but Dr. Campbell gave a good description of them, and two of the men were subsequently arrested. Ald. Whelan went $1500 bail for Mines and Considine, who were remanded for $65 in Canadian bills was found on Considine.

—The "Lexington" hand-made shade cloth will not fade, and is now selling at low-priced as common window-shades, and made specially for and can only be had from W. A. Murray & Co. 246

IMPROVEMENTS AT THE JAIL.

Alterations and Additions to be Made at a Cost of $29,000.

The Markets and Health Committee met yesterday afternoon, those present being Chairman Johnston, Ald. Fells, Verral, Macdonald, Hill, Frankland and Gibbs. Architect Strickland submitted a series of plans for the proposed alterations at St. Lawrence Market, which were referred to the Property Committee. The plans for the proposed improvements at the jail were considered. They arranged for the erection of a residence for the Governor in the eastern yard, and accommodation for 80 more prisoners. The cost is as follows:

Fitting up Central Division for female prisoners	$10,900
New cells	7,700
Laundry building	2,600
Yard	1,000
Governor's residence	5,800
Contingencies	1,600
Total	$28,700

The committee hope to reduce the sum total when tenders are called for.

When the question of street cleaning came up Commissioner Coatsworth stated that the G.T.R. through Local Manager Wragge had refused the city permission for its carts to cross the tracks at Simcoe-street to dump the street scrapings on the C.P.R. water lot. It makes a difference in the scavengering expenses of $30 a day. Several aldermen suggested that the G.T.R. tracks be torn up from that portion of the city property they occupied without leave, but nothing definite resulted from the discussion.

The question of street cleaning and repairing came up, Ald. Frankland being very severe on the City Engineer for neglecting to put down metal on the macadamized roads requiring it. A lot of small accounts were passed.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

There is to be a concert in St. Stephen's school house next Tuesday evening.

Big Chief McKinnon of Hamilton graced the Police Court with his presence yesterday.

Rev. James Grant of Paris has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Parliament-street Baptist Church.

The City Commissioner should look into the nuisance at the foot of Sumach-street. The vacant lot east of The Empire building.

Mr. A. B. Wood of The Winnipeg Call, who has been spending a past few days in the city, has returned to Ottawa.

The Anti-Poverty Society met last night in Room 2, Y.M.C.A. Hall, and was addressed by W. A. Douglass on "The Laws of Distribution."

Sunday being the 15th the gas company will deduct the discount allowed for prompt payment on all accounts paid on Monday, the 16th inst.

The Globe Clothing House is doing a rushing business at 420 Queen-st. west. Mr. T. K. Rogers knows how to please his customers and ensure their future patronage.

Housekeepers should not forget Strathern & Co. are removing to their new premises, 203 Yonge-street, and are holding a special sale for a before leaving their old stand, 179 Yonge.

Attention is called to the sales of real estate at Oliver, Coate & Co.'s rooms to-day at noon sharp. Some valuable property, well worth the attention of speculators, will be offered.

J. W. McAdams is removing in a few days to his new store, 88 Queen-street west, and is having a special discount sale at his old stand, corner Queen and Terauley streets. Bargains in footwear for those who come early.

Messrs. J. Cleghorn & Son have just received the second carload of oranges from Riverside, Southern California. They were shipped only nine days ago. This is the fastest time on record.

Magistrate Wingfield has committed for trial Gus Clark, Christopher Wren and Wm. Armstrong on a charge of breaking into Fred Clarry's house in Parkdale, on Aug. 11, 1887, and stealing $5, a sealskin sack and other goods.

Mr. James Smith, Secretary R.C.A., announces that Art Fair prizes will be given for the best set of one dozen dessert D'oyleys, etc., the same to be sold for the benefit of the fund. Articles must be sent to Mr. Smith before May 5th.

"St. Charles."

A suite of elegant luncheon and dining rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen have just been opened and furnished regardless of expense at the above named restaurant, 79 Yonge-street, first door south of the Dominion Bank. The celebrated lunch counter for the convenience of business men and others will be continued as usual. Fred Mossop, Proprietor. 246

The Queen's Plans.

LONDON, April 13.—According to the latest arrangement Queen Victoria will arrive in Berlin on April 24. Her stay there will not exceed forty-eight hours and she will return directly to London.

The Lady "Knight" of Labor.

Mrs. L. M. Barry, the female organizer and investigator of the Knights of Labor, was to have arrived in the city last night but did not come. She will be here to-day and will be the guest of Ald. McMillan. Mrs. Barry will deliver series of lectures, the first being in Orwell hall at Queen and Berkeley-streets to-night.

SEEKING SETTLEMENT.

The Hamilton Labor Troubles—Lost Children—Liquor Convictions Quashed.

HAMILTON, April 13.—There was a meeting of the Master Masons' Association Committee and the committee of the Laborers' Union last night, Mayor Doran, who has been endeavoring to bring about a settlement of the difficulty, presided. The various phases of the trouble were discussed, and propositions were made which will be considered by the different committees and acted upon at a future meeting. There seems to be a desire on both sides to reach a settlement and have the present trouble brought to a close at once. The boss painters and journeymen met yesterday afternoon and the men submitted a proposition which the bosses will consider. The Exchange held a meeting with closed doors this afternoon.

At a meeting of the Builders' Exchange tonight the resolution passed at the last meeting was rescinded and the following substituted as an ultimatum:

That whereas certain branches of the building trade are desirous of coming to a satisfactory settlement as soon as possible, and whereas certain of the trades are inclined to continue in their immoderate demands and thereby prevent a speedy return to work.

Resolved, That on and after April 19 all such branches of the building trades as have made satisfactory arrangements with their respective departments consistent with the rules and regulations of this exchange be reinstated so far as possible at their work. In the matter of such other trades as have not settled as above, we will proceed to fill their places with any men which can be procured and guarantee to all such a season's work, provided they give satisfaction in skill and ability to do their work.

Two children from Dundas, aged 4 and 2 years respectively, strayed into the city yesterday on the 2.15 train. They were returned to their parents in the evening.

Judge Wilson this morning quashed the conviction of Daniels & Wilson, formerly of the Franklin House, for selling liquor during prohibited hours.

At the Police Court this morning Charles Siderski, a Polish refugee, was charged with buying articles from boys under 16 years of age. Siderski does business on Cathcart-street in boxes, bottles, scrap iron, rags, etc. He was fined $50. Two similar charges were preferred against Samuel and Joseph Steinberg, who do business at the old stand opposite the Police Station. They were convicted of receiving in two cases and were fined $50 on one charge. Sentence in the other was allowed to stand over.

Mr. James Turnbull of the London and Canadian Loan Company has been appointed cashier of the Bank of Hamilton in place of Mr. Colquhoun, resigned. Mr. Turnbull is an experienced financier, well known in banking and business circles.

At a meeting of the Board of Education last evening it was decided that the nomination and election for school trustees take place on the same day as the municipal elections in future, and the female teachers of the public schools be allowed an increase of $50 a year each. It was also decided to ask the City Council to issue debentures for $50,000 to be raised for building purposes for the board.

Letter Books, Letter Books, Letter Books, Letter Books. Get your orders in for Christmas. Grand & Toy, Stationers, Lender-lane. 631

HON. T. W. ANGLIN IN THE FIELD.

He Will Run for S.S. Trustee—Mr. Dunbar Not a Bit Disturbed.

The deputation of St. Andrew's and St. Matthew's Ward waited on Hon. T. W. Anglin to ask him to contest the vacant seat on the Separate School Board saw him yesterday, and he consented to become a candidate. The requisition calling on him to come out has been signed in all by 142 Separate School supporters. A similar requisition put in circulation yesterday and bears the names of Archbishop Lynch, Bishop O'Mahony, all the priests of the city, and quite a number of prominent Catholics.

Mr. S. Dunbar, Mr. Anglin's opponent, shows no signs of weakening. He is still a candidate, and the fact that he has so redoubtable an antagonist in the field does not trouble him. He is in favor of the ballot in Separate School elections, and will fight the issue on that ticket.

Mr. E. A. Cullerton has disappeared from the contest in a most mysterious manner.

Father Rooney's Standard of Conscience.

Editor World: In your account of the meeting held in St. Mary's Presbytery, re the nomination of a Separate School trustee, particular stress seems to be laid on the fact that the Very Rev. Vicar, though throwing open his parlors to a crowd of thirsty politicians, disclaimed very energetically having any hand in the affair. Of course he hadn't. How obtuse we are, to be sure! And how profound the diplomacy of the Very Reverend gentleman who, some weeks ago, solicited Mr. Father McCourty to be the Archbishop's candidate, and who afterwards requested him not to run, imagining that he had discovered a more pliable instrument in Mr. Cullerton? Does the rev. gentleman know the meaning of the word "hypocrite," or does he take his standard of conscience from the Archbishop's theology? He must recollect that we are anxiously awaiting some explanation of this, and of his assertion that the reputation of a most worthy citizen, made some time ago by himself and henchman and repudiated in the press by his commander-in-chief. Until this cloud which obscures his honesty be dispelled, he need not affect to lift his nose just a little askance on his curious manœuvring. VOTER.

Picked up at Police Stations.

George McCarthy, R. Morrison Patrick Dirvan and John McGarr were lodged in St. Andrew's Market Station yesterday by Precinct Detective Johnston for stealing goods from a G.T.R. car.

William R. Hope, residing at 36 Adelaide-street west, was arrested last night charged with felonious wounding, the complainant being Albert Hardy.

Daniel Thompson, aged 13, was arrested yesterday afternoon on suspicion of being concerned in the "Flag of Nations" robbery on Friday night last.

Margaret Ellison was yesterday arrested in her house, Front-street west, charged with keeping a house of ill-fame, Wm. Orr being held as a frequenter.

Iron Smelting and Silver Ores.

Before the Geological and Mining Section of the Canadian Institute last night, with President W. Hamilton Merritt in the chair, Mr. S. D. Mills of St. Ignace, Mich., read a paper on "Iron Smelting," the process of which he fully explained. Mr. Mills gave numerous illustrations on the blackboard. In the discussion which followed, the mem bers all expressed their earnest desire to see the vast deposits of iron in Canada utilized. Mr. Robt. R. Hoadley, analytical chemist of Port Arthur, gave a graphic description of the "Silver Ores of Thunder Bay," of which he had numerous specimens. These were viewed with great interest by the audience. The tenor of Mr. Hedley's paper was to show the immense value of the silver deposits in the district.

A Successful Performance.

Madame Stuttaford and pupils gave a highly successful private performance of selections from the opera of "Maritana," in Victoria Hall last night. The audience was large, select and decidedly fashionable, and the performers acquitted themselves with credit. Among those who took part in the program were: Mr. A. Stuttaford, Miss Burrows, Mrs. Maitland, Miss Donovan, Miss Thomson, Miss Sayers, Miss E. Brewster, Mr. F. M. Baker, Mr. A. Strutt, Mr. W. R. Lawson and Mr. H. Scott.

Lawyer G. H. Stephenson Out of Town.

Legal circles are talking about the absence from the city of Mr. George H. Stephenson, formerly of the firm of Stephenson, Dickson & Taylor. The last seen of Mr. Stephenson was on Monday, when he withdrew from the firm. It is stated by a friend that he is now in Kansas City. He is said to be mixed up in an indebtedness to the Central Bank to the amount of $30,000, and was to have been examined shortly as to what became of the money.

G.T.R. Earnings.

The receipts of the Grand Trunk Railway for the week ending April 7 were:

	1888.	1887.
Passenger train earnings	$126,929	$122,980
Freight train earnings	213,202	246,155
Total	$340,131	$368,435
Decrease, 1888	$ 28,304	.....

East Toronto.

Work began on Thursday on the new coal chutes at East Toronto by the Grand Trunk Railway. The company have secured three acres for storage at this important point in view of present and prospective wants. An additional round house and repair shops are talked of as likely to be erected in the near future.

Removal of the Asylum.

A City Council sub-committee will wait on Attorney-General Mowat, by special appointment, at 4 o'clock this afternoon, to interview him anent the removal of the Insane Asylum buildings.

The Carpenters Want a Change.

The carpenters have drawn up an agreement relating to wages, hours of labor, etc., and submitted it to the master carpenters' committee. Up to the present no answer has been received.

THE BUILDING PROSPECTS.

THERE WILL BE A GOOD SEASON IF NO STRIKES OCCUR.

What the Architects Say—Uneasy Feeling Among Contractors—A Large Increase in the Number of Permits Issued—Wisdom Should Prevail on Both Sides.

Architects, builders, contractors, carpenters, plumbers, painters and all connected directly or indirectly with the building industry have been interviewed for the purpose of ascertaining the prospects for the ensuing season.

Architects complain that recent enquiries made by an evening paper and reported therein, were so distorted as to grossly misrepresent the ultimatum.

That whereas certain branches of the building trade are desirous of coming to a satisfactory settlement as soon as possible, and whereas certain of the trades are inclined to continue in their immoderate demands and thereby prevent a speedy return to work.

Resolved, That on and after April 19 all such branches of the building trades as have made satisfactory arrangements with their respective departments consistent with the rules and regulations of this exchange be reinstated so far as possible at their work. In the matter of such other trades as have not settled as above, we will proceed to fill their places with any men which can be procured and guarantee to all such a season's work, provided they give satisfaction in skill and ability to do their work.

Contractors and builders speak with some amount of reserve, as there is an uneasy feeling in some quarters as to the steps some of the workmen who are not working under agreements may take. The unanimous opinion is that if any body of men connected with the building trade should resort to a strike, or even threaten one, then a number of projected buildings and alterations will not be proceeded with, and so in place of a busy year it will be a dull one. It is claimed by the contractors that although the architects may be busy getting plans ready, yet the very threat of a strike would immediately decide intending builders to postpone the work until another and more settled period. Boss plumbers, painters, etc., confirm this view of the case. Seeing how intimately the workmen's and employers' interests are well as those of the public are bound together, it seems strange to an outsider that all classes of workmen connected with the building trades do not federate like the employers, and then have a joint conciliation committee to arrange all differences. At present contractors have to arrange separately, in many cases, with masons, bricklayers, laborers, carpenters, plumbers, plasterers, hod men, stone cutters, painters, etc. It is good representative committee from employers and employed should be able to arrange a working plan, by which all differences might be speedily settled.

Careful inquiries show that the cost of building for the ensuing month will be little, if any, than last. It is not necessary to give a list of all building operations going on in the city and suburbs, but no one can go about without observing the numerous proofs afforded of the prosperity of Toronto, as evidenced by the many enlargements and improvements of business premises now being carried out on every hand.

The City Commissioner's office records show that from Jan. 1 to April 12, 1887