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THE DAILY COLONIST.

Howing rates:

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of ant later than 6 p. m. Advertising will ,e accepted up to 8 p. m. at the business office. but insertion cannot be guaranteed. For argent advertising after 8 p. m., consult the

\$10 REWARD

Will be naid for such information anyone stealing the Colonist from the doors of subscribers.

MR. BORDEN'S POLICY.

Mr. Borden, leader of the Conservative party, has lately made a speech at Halifax, which being his first important address since parliament was prorogued is worthy of special attention. He said among other things that great corporations and trusts seem necessary for the these should be governed and should not be allowed to govern the country. There is no doubt that Mr. Borden is right as to the desirability of keeping the great corporations under control. We have in Canada very little of corporation rule, as the people of the United States understand it. In that country they dominate legislatures, courts and even the judiciary to an extent which seems at first sight incredible to an outsider. This domination is not necessarily corrupt. Large corporations are able to attract to their service the strongest men. and thus are able to create and contro public sentiment. They are able to lend diticions their powerful aid and hence can control executive action to a very large degree. We hesitate to believe that they are often successful in corrupting the bench, but they are able to secure the appointment to indicial positions of men trained to look upon the law from the standpoint of corporations. We have the general public does not want them in Canada hitherto, but it must be remined that men who are unwilling to membered that no great occasion has arisen for corporations to make their into them. We have as a people been so anxious to get capital invested in the Dominion, that we have been studious to

Labor unions. These organizations do ous to the system, and thus affects th they are always open to reason unless suppose. together out of place in the United cool the water down by means of ice to States, and a section of the workingmen 60. The surface of the body should be believe that they are being oppressed rubbed so as to bring the hot blood from by their employers. They are encourag- the heart to the surface. Then the paed to think this by the hasty expressions | tient should be gently dried and allowed of some newspapers, as was the case the to rest under a sheet. If a bath tub other day, when the Times spoke about is not available, a sponge bath may the workingmen having to combine be given. The following directions may against those who would deprive them be quoted in full: of their rights. We would like to hear It is well to give the patient a little

of their rights. We would like to hear at some future time, how Mr. Borden thinks the Conservative party should attempt to deal with industrial disputes.

Mr. Borden said that a great question to be determined was that of internal transportation, especially as it affects Ontario and Quebec. He does not appear to have looked any further West and his failure to do so is a distinct disappointment. Western progress was the watchword of the Conservative party in the days when it was strongest and when it was able to secure the support of the great majority of the people. We dope that the omission does not imply that the Conservative leader does not regard Western transportation problems as of the first importance. It might be a good plan for him to come West and see for himself. His speech was on the whole moderate yet forcible, and indicates that if he will broaden out a little whiskey before the bath, and the temperature should be taken every half hour afterward. When it has risen above 103 or 104 the bath should be repeated. If the temperature does not become satisfactory, stimulants are to be employed—whiskey, aromatic ammonia, strychnine and digitalis. Generally the temperature stays down after the second or third bath. The patient a little whiskey before the bath, and the temperature should be taken every half hour afterward. When it has risen above 103 or 104 the bath should be repeated. If the temperature does not become satisfactory, stimulants are to be employed—whiskey, aromatic ammonia, strychnine and digitalis. Generally the temperature should drink small amounts of cold water—not iced—and as soon as the fever is under control a quick cathartic should be given.

It is well to give the patient a little whiskey before the bath, and the temperature should be taken every half hour afterward. When it has risen above 103 or 104 the bath should be repeated. If the temperature does not on the temperature should dispersed. If the temperature should drink small amounts of cold water—not iced—and as soon as the fe

CONDITIONS ON THE FRASER.

To the Times the first thing nece seems to be to dispute some proposition made by the Colonist, or rather to prodispute it. Our contemporary thinks that it was not necessary for the Japanese to arm themselves when going out to fish. That is a matter of opinion, and we do not propose to discuss it. The fact that they went out armed is what ity, should think themselves called upon avocation. It is idle for our contemporary to say that there is no evidence that Delivered by carrier at 20c. per week, or the striking fishermen intended to do anymailed postpaid to any part of Canada the Striking assermen intended to do any-(except the city) and United States at the thing else than talk with the Japanese. It is a mere waste of words to say that there is no law in this country to prevent a man from talking with another. We are not concerned with such quibbling. The fact stands out patent that Japanese fishermen went out armed to carry on their lawful work, and we repeat that conditions which give rise to

Sent postpaid to any part of Canada and Times seeks to gain by calling the white city is always an excellent thing. fishermen a mob. Is it quite true that All new advertisements and coanges of men, who refuse to work for specified foremost part in the great commerce means than lock-outs and workmen no whould be handed in to the business office pay, are a mob. It ought to be possible which they realize will be developed dur-

any one harsh names.

Reliable information has been brought ready to lend a helping hand in ca to us that some canners have advanced need. money to buy rifles and revolvers, and arming of the Japs a step which means our excellent Seattle neighbors. civil war. The fishermen will ask all white men and Indians to govern themselves accordingly. This information was brought by a Jap, who is in sympathy

It is surely not worth while to quibble over expressions while such things as this are happening. We do not fear that there will be any bloodshed. The government fully appreciates the nature of the emergency and will leave nothing undone to prevent anything of a graver character than what has already happened from occuring. Mr. Rogers is quoted as saying that the white fishermen are not going to give up the fisheen wholly clear of this sort of thing to give it up, but it is equally deter-

SUNSTROKE.

The Druggists' Circular publishes some discover terms that will be regarded observations about sunstroke, which are with satisfaction by those who are in of present interest here, and especially control of the necessary funds. But because a very general opinion exists the resources of Canada are far better in Victoria that there is no danger understood now than they have been, of that sort of thing here. The Cirand investors are looking towards this cular reminds people that the sun is not country. We will welcome them, but necessary to sunstroke. Moisture is the Mr. Borden is right in saying that we more noxious, for if the atmosphere is must take good care that we govern dry, so that perspiration is rapid, althem and that they shall not govern us. most any temperature can be borne. Mr. Borden did not appear to think What is known as sunstroke is due to it necessary to express any opinion as the cessation of perspiration, which canto what shall be done to prevent the ses too much heat to be confined to the country from being governed by the body, and also renders the blood poison not as such interfere in politics, and it brain. When the skin does not dry off cannot be laid to their charge that they rapidly, but the perspiration stands out endeavor to accomplish their objects in drops, atmospheric conditions are unthrough corrupt means. Left to themthe trades-unions of Canada people are not immune from sunstroke would be wholly beneficial. Their mem- here simply because we do not have bers know that they can depend upon excessive sunshine. The cases may be being administered fairly and rare, but they are more frequent along impartially, and when men know this, the Northwest Coast than most people

influence interferes. Unfortun- The treatment recommended for heat we have had imported into Canada prostration is to place the patient in a ne extent ideas which are not al- bath at a temperature of 80 or 85, and

As we have said, prostration from heat is not at all common on this part

THE ROYAL VISIT.

party will embrace, in addition to Their nor-General and the Countess of Minto, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and some other ministers.. The tour will thus be made specially conspicuous, the desire of all con-cerned, evidently being to make it a

great function of special impressiveness. we are chiefly concerned with. They thought it was necessary, and it ought pared a draft for submission to the gennever to be in a British country that eral committee tonight, and it is to be any persons, no matter of what national- hoped that there will be a full attendance at the meeting to be held in the to go armed when following their lawful City Hall. In addition to the matter of programme, the question of ways and means will be considered.

A DISTINGUISHED PARTY.

The committees on Rivers and Har-bors of the United States Congress will biniere, will entertain them at Govern-

lines already suggested. We know the realize fully that the English-speaking Japs and their patrol boats are armed, nations cannot rid themselves, if they but the union fishermen do not care would, of the obligations to assume doanything about any bluff like that. We minion in all the corners of the earth. are determined, and are not going to The world is just about big enough for give up the fishing on the river without us. We 'are the meek, and we are a fight for it. We are not afraid of the going to inherit the earth. We will keep Japs, and are going right after them. out of each other's way, but always be

We welcome the visitors to Victoria. that they have ordered the Japs to shoot none the less cordially for the fact that to kill. The fishermen consider this they are accompanied by so many of

A TRAINING SHIP.

A correspondent renews the discussion can add little or nothing to the argument of our correspondent. The case do in this regard except urge the matter no matter by whom it was made. thority. The provincial government fully

f doing the country most useful service. Such boys if sent to a reformatory, come out in many cases very greatly improved, but the stigma of having been in acter. such an institution sticks to them. But not the least discredit attaches to service aboard a training ship.

CHARACTER IN MEDICINE ment of the world. You can rely on it just as you rely on Dr. Chase's Receipt Book, because you know that it is backed by the sterling character of Dr. Chase—America's Greatest Physician.

MODERN FEUDALISM.

Earl Russell is charged with bigamy and has elected to be tried by the House of Lords, that is "by his peers" as the phrase is. A few centuries ago the mempers of ecclesiastical orders claimed to e exempt from the jurisdiction of the benefit of clergy," which meant that and very much in earnest, person charged with an offence could claim, if he was a "clericus" to be tried by his peers, that is by an ecclesiastical court, and this practice extended so far tion. There are no politics in the Board. that any man who could read was en. It is simply an institution representative titled to claim his "clergy." It is hardly of business men, and doubtless Mr. Sitnecessary to add that the church courts ton will be glad to hear what it may penalties as the civil institutions. Thus great projects, which we all desire so we see that there existed at one time a universal idea in Christendom that als can aid the good work. Let those each order of society should have jurisdiction over its members, those that or to impress upon him how very imwere neither noble nor clerical being portant it is that British Columtried by a jury of their peers. This bia should receive more consideration practice of maintenance of class distinction than has fallen to it heretofore at the tion in the administration of the law hands of the federal authorities. If has been a long time dying, and as is there is united effort on the part of the shown by Earl Russell's case, is not dead people, we can send Mr. Sifton home yet. The idea underlying it was very convinced not only of the merits of the fairly expressed by one of the seigneurs claims of this province, for it is altofrom Quebec, who gave evidence before gether probable that he is convinced on the committee of the House of Commons shortly after Canada had been ceded to people of British Columbia are in very the British crown. He said that the great earnest in asking that reasonable the British crown. He said that the class to which he belonged had no obclass to which he belonged had no objection to the institutions of the com-FIREWORKS

heat is not at all common on this part of the Pacific Coast, but the above hints may prove useful some time even here.

For celebrations, garden parties, camping out, etc.

Promptly shipped, carefully packed, with full instructions for firing.

East to which he belonged had no objection to the institutions of the common law, except to trial by jury, for, he said, "it is a thing unseemly and not to be submitted to with equanimity that the above hints may prove useful some time even here.

Mrs. Claney.—Shure, an' it's this day me an' Môike have sent Admiral Dooey a dinner invitation.

Mrs. Casey.—He'll rayfunse.

Mrs. Claney.—Phwat av it? We hov as much right to git noospaper advertisin' as other people.—Newspaper Maker.

Mrs. Claney.—Phwat av it? We hov as much right to git noospaper advertisin' as other people.—Newspaper Maker.

Pireworks Manufacturers. Victoria, B.O.

In the resources of their province and their large contributions to the revenue of the country entitle them.

CONDITIONS ON THE FRASER.

This is the year of Grace 1901, and this is a British province, enjoying self-in laving the construction of the country entitle them.

CONDITIONS ON THE FRASER.

This is the year of Grace 1901, and this is a British province, enjoying self-in laving to the country entitle them.

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This is the year of Grace 1901, and this is a British province, enjoying self-in laving to the country entitle them.

CONDITIONS ON THE FRASER.

British countries learned the fallacy of government and a fine system of laws.

Over the entire took on the country to the country entitle them.

This is the year of Grace 1901, and this is a thing unsere

Fresh interest attaches to the royal munity are considered safe in the hands of the Fraser, while protected munity are considered safe in the hands by armed vessels owned by the fisher-order will embers in addition to Their party will embrace, in addition to Their Royal Highnesses and suite, the Governor-General and the Countess of Minto, with the single exception illustrated by

change from century to century, but business. This condition has been reach their dominant characteristics remain ed so quickly that the provincial au the same. When compulsory arbitration | thorities are quite excusable in not havis proposed as a remedy for industrial ing taken steps to reader an armed privdisputes, we have claims advanced sub- ate patrol unnecessary, but this only stantially similar to those forming the renders some change in the law governbasis of Earl Russell's claim, and those ing labor disputes absolutely necessary. underlying "benefit of clergy." The Life in this country will be intolerable, baronage of finance wishes to be tried, if it is to become necessary for men to

pay Victoria a passing call today. With to be tried by any one. The trades-unions characteristic courtesy, His Honor Lieuthrow the protection of their "clergy" tenant-Governor Sir Henri Joly de Lotover all who are affiliated with them. The remainder of the community must subment House. The City Council will do mit to the ordinary operations of the the honors of the city. A visit of this law. That this is only a temporary consuch a state of things are utterly un- kind is a matter of very much interest dition of things must be admitted by all to the people of Victoria, for anything who have kept tract of the evolution We are not quite clear what the which brings well informed people to our of social conditions. There will come a time when all industrial disputes, no We would like to remind our visitors matter whom they may affect, will be they are not simply combining to wrest that this city is the capital of a pro- referred to a common tribunal, and when their rights from those who would keep vince, which has an area equal to about the idea of resorting to a union for prothem down, or whatever it was which one-eighth that of the United States, tection will be as obsolete as the claim it proclaimed a few days ago to be of not including Alaska and its possessions of benefit of clergy. At no very dissuch vital importance to workingmen? beyond seas; that the province possesses tant day men will wonder that indus-The term "mob" is not one that is much almost illimitable resources in minerals, trial conditions were so little understood esteemed nowadays. They are not a timber, coal and soil; that with the State at the beginning of the Twentieth Cenmob any more than any other band of Washington it is destined to play a tury that employers knew no better to debate this question without calling ing the next twenty years upon the ferences of opinion as to hours of labor, waters of the Pacific. They will see wages and matters affecting the rela-But what the Colonist may say or the here a people who enjoy under British tions of employers and employed. We Times may think on these matters is rule, the most democratic government are in a transition period in this respect of minor importance compared with the in the world, a country which prides just as our ancestors were in a transistate of facts disclosed by a telegram itself upon the manner in which its laws tion stage at the time when feudalism published by our contemporary yester- are administered, a country which de- with all its anomalies seemed the emday. This telegram said that the white sires to live on good terms with all the bodiment of human wisdom. We do as will lead to the conviction of fishermen are going to stop the Japan- world. Our people watch with great not like to push an analogy too far, but ese from fishing and that he expected a interest the progress of the great republiust as feudalism received its death blow fight. We quote from the statement lic from which our visitors come, and when it became necessary for christen of Mr. Frank Rogers, a prominent mem- rejoice when prosperity reigns there. dom to present a united front to Mober of the Fishermen's union executive: They have noted with appreciation the hammedanism, so it is possible that when "You can say," he went on, "that expansion of their nation by the acquisi- the Yellow Peril becomes more manifest there is no hope of a settlement on the tion of territory beyond the sea, for they the ranks of Occidental civilization will any way be avoided, without completely

GOVERNMENTS AND PROS-PERITY.

sented to a foe, whose conquest of Chris-

tendom would mean a return to sol

thing worse than the Dark Ages.

The Times says it is dogmatic to say that all the governments in the world cannot make times good, and it wants to know why, if a government can make times bad it cannot make them good. The answer is that good times depend upon influences so general in their operation as to be beyond the reach of legislation: but investment, enterprise and confidence may be interfered with locally, House of Commons have passed a vot of the necessity and advantage of establand times may be bad locally in conselishing a training ship for the Royal quence. We do not say that a great Bannerman. Mr. Asquith, who was Navy on the British Columbia coast, We many Conservatives have not claimed at lately talked of as the possible head of times that their party was entitled to the party which Gladstone created, joincredit for the country's prosperity. We ed in the vote, which he supported in a is so very strong that it only has to be know that many Liberals have made speech. Thus the white dove of peace presented to carry conviction with it. the same claim for their party. But hovers once more above the famous or-There is nothing which the citizens can we never thought the claim a sound one,

with an abundant crop, and the price any special reason, a party gets togeth appreciates the value of such a step and of wheat is likely to be satisfactory. er and votes confidence in its leader. may be relied upon to do anything in its That will mean good times for the Confidence is usually one of those things power to give effect to the proposal, al- prairie province, but the government that are taken for granted, and to make though there is really very little that it will have nothing to do with bringing an unnecessary declaration of it is to about such a condition of things. There suggest the want of it. As we all know The people of Victoria are very familis a bad slump in prices on Wall street. it is considered in Canada the correct iar with the product of the naval train- It may injure business and the injury thing for political parties occasionally to ng but good may extend to Canada, but nothing that express confidence in their leader and rewords to say for them. The boys who the Laurier government has done or has new their promises of support, but the are sent to such ships are really not left undone will contribute to the evil, rule does not apply to the Mother Councriminals. They may have in some way if it occurs. What business asks most try. No one has ever thought it necesprought themselves within reach of the at the hands of governments is to be sary for the Conservatives to pass a vote aw, or for some other reason be sent to let alone. Tinkering at tariffs plays of confidence in Lord Salisbury. If Gladreceive such training as the ship can give. They come out thoroughly disciplined, rugged and healthy men capable any sort of interference with what are opposed and healthy men capable any sort of interference with what are opposed and healthy men capable any sort of interference with what are opposed and healthy men capable any sort of interference with what are opposed and healthy men capable any sort of interference with what are opposed and healthy men capable any sort of interference with what are opposed and healthy men capable any sort of interference with what are opposed and healthy men capable and the mischief with business, and so does not consider the mischief with business, and so does not consider the mischief with business, and so does not consider the mischief with business, and so does not consider the mischief with business, and so does not consider the mischief with business, and so does not consider the mischief with business, and so does not consider the mischief with business, and so does not consider the mischief with business. purely business maftters. The chief credit attaching to the Laurier administration is that their interference with business has been of a minimum char-

PROVINCIAL DEVELOPMENT.

Mr. Sifton is coming out to the Coast There is character in Dr. Chase's Ointment—just such character that has made Dr. Chase esteemed and admired the world over. Dr. Chase's Ointment has stood the test of time and remains today the only actual cure for piles and itching skin disease. It is the standard ointment of the world. You can rely on it just as you rely on Dr. Chase's Receipt. You can rely on it Some minister must look after each part of the Dominion, we suppose, and it is said of the Minister of the Interior that he is a pretty good sort of friend to have at court. When Mr. Sifton will come and how long he will stay, deponent sayeth not, but he must not be permitted to come and go without an effort being made to impress upon hi mthe great made to impress upon him the great projects. What he is likely to be told may not have the merit of absolute novelty, but we can do much towards letcivil courts, and hence arose the term ting him know that we are all united

The Board of Trade of this city ought to be able to do something in this direchave to say to him in regard to those this point now, but of the fact that the

such distinctions, and now the most vital interests of every member of the community are considered safe in the hands of the whole community, one jurisdiction covering all classes of people, and all kinds of property and personal rights, with the single exception illustrated by the fisher ese does not alter the case. If they were with the single exception illustrated by the Russell case, and even in that the law is the same as in any other case of alleged bigamy.

The conditions under which men live the company to compute the control of the same and the fisher men. Omment seems to be needless. The fact that the fishermen are Japanese fishing boats are fishing off the Fraser, while protected by armed vessels owned by the fishermen are Japanese fishing to the fisher men. Omment seems to be needless. The fact that the fishermen are Japanese does not alter the case. If they were with a hole in the centre with a sector of the stack was 30 feet square for a height of 30 feet with a hole in the centre with a sector with a hole in the centre with a hole in the stack was 30 feet and the brick work started on top of this. This height of 30 feet with a hole in the centre with the safe with a hole in the stack was 30 feet stack was 30 feet and the brick work started on top of this. This height of 30 feet with a hole in the centre with the safe with a hole in the stack was 30 feet and t

if tried at all, only by a jury of its peers, but more frequently, like the feuselves and their property while engaged dal barons of old, entrenches itself be- in a legitimate industry. Concerning the hinds its golden ramparts and declines merits of the dispute between the canners and the fishermen, it is not possible for one on the outside to form an opinion of any value. Acting within their rights, the canners have said that they will pay a certain price and no more.

Acting within their rights, the united fishermen have said that they will not fishermen have said that they will not fish under such circumstances. But and 1876 Harewood mile flourished for such circumstances.

was attempted, and to an outsider it would seem as if the canners are the most likely to have gone to the reasonable limit than the fishermen, The canmise on equitable grounds. Compromise ners are interested in keeping their plants in operation, and they are practiplants in operation, and they are practical business men, who would not be likely to precipitate trouble if it can in close up and a united front will be pre- sacrificing their own interests. should suppose that the striking fishermen would be ready to accept reasonable pay rather than lose the whole season. For this reason we find it difficult to express any opinion on the dispute itself; but upon 'the probability that violence may be resorted to on the part of the white fishermen, we have and wish to express the strongest opinion. This cannot be tolerated, if British Columbia is to remain a free British land governed by the Common Law.

THE BRITISH LIBERALS.

The Liberal members of the Imperia of confidence in Sir Henry Campbell hovering process will be temporary. It Manitoba seems likely to be blessed is never a very good sign when, without our memory. Disraeli's supporters never felt it to be their duty to get together and vote that they would stand by him. The fact is that the British Liberals are in a bad way politically. It was said in ism, and that the Liberal party consist ed of those people who thought the country safer in his hands than in those of any one else. When he retired, signs of breaking up became at once visible in the great party which he had led so long and so brilliantly, and when he died, there was apparently nothing left to keep it together. The Gladstonian tradition has no vitality in it, and the readition has no vitality in it. the great party which he had led so long pr dition has no vitality in it, and the reason, we think, was that he was not understood to stand for that feature of the British character, now dominant, and, for want of a better name, called Imperialism. It is not a matter of leadership. There are as able men on the Libbert eral side as among the Conservatives; but the latter appeal to the national sentiment and the former do not, and that is the whole story. For the British to the provisions of sub-section (5) of the "Land Act, "as amended by section 6 of the "Land Act Amendment Act, 1901," to enable the Industrial Power Company of B. C., Limited, to select therefrom timber limits for wood pulp and paper manufacturing purposes, as provided by an agreement bearing date the sixth day of June, 1901, viz:

Area 1.—All the surveyed land on both sides of the river at the head of Wakeman Sound. people, with all their claim to being so Area 2.—Commencing at the west bound-practical, are, after all, more influenced by sentiment than any other nation in River: thence along both sides of the river

TALL SMOKESTACK.

It is 365 Feet High and Cost \$30,000.

From New York Sun.

The tailest smokestack ever built in this country has just been completed at Constable Hook, N. J. It is 365 feet above the ground and in height is exceeded by a few others in the world. The stack is at the works of the Orford Cooper works, which are opposite New Brighton, Staten Island, and residents of that blace, and indeed, of the whole shore of the island, have watched its erection with the greatest interest, as it has been designed with the smoke nuisance of which Staten Islanders have been complaining so vigorously.

It was figured out by experts that if the smoke from the twenty-seven chimneys of the blast furnaces containing a considerable percentage of sulphurous gas, could be carried up to a sufficient height it would reach a strata that would take it over Staten Island or any other contiguous territory far enough to permit the obnoxious gases to become dissipated. Investigations were made at the cooper works at Laurel Hill, Long Island, where there is a stack 295 feet high, and for miles around no one, it was found, complained. Consequently a stack even higher than that at Laurel Hill was decided unon, which has cost something over \$59,000.

The construction of such a stack on the marshy ground at Constable Hook was a difficult undertaking and involved great

ROSSLAND POST OFFICE.

From Rossiand Miner.

The construction of the post office has now reached the second story, work having commenced on the floor of the second flat above the street level. The last course of granite is being placed in position and in the next course Calgary sandstone and pressed brick will be used. Shipments of both materials are enroute. A feature of the exterior work on the second story will be the oriel windows, three in number. For these granite corbels have been prepared at the quarry, each of the big blocks of stone, carefully dressed, costing some \$50.

THE NEW HAREWOOD.

fish under such circumstances. But some other fishermen say that they will. Shall those who will not be permitted to say that they will stop those who will, and shall it be necessary for the latter to go armed? This is the issue now presented, and it is a very serious one. If this condition is to continue, it will be a grave thing for this young province. Capital will be driven away; industry will be naralyzed. It must province. Capital will be driven away; industry will be paralyzed. It must never be told to the world that there is any other law in British Columbia than Company. (Dunsmuirs). The N. V. C. that which the courts administer.

We have said that we do not pretend to any knowledge of the merits of the case, but it must be a very strange case indeed if it does not admit of compromise on equitable grounds. Compromise

Canuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills

Must Bear Signature of

Breutsood

Sie Pac-Simile Wrapper Below Very small and en ency to take as mucha

CARTER'S FOR HEADACHE. LYOR RILIGUESESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

CURF SICK HEADACHE

MINERAL ACT.—(Form F.); Certificate of Improvements. Notice. Alida Fraction Mineral Claim, situate in the Victoria Mining Division of Chemainus District. Where located: Mount Sicker, B. C. Take notice that we, Jerry S. Rogers, Free Miner's Certificate No. 60726, and Claudius P. Aubert, Free Miner's Certificate No. 60727. Intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim. And further tage notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements. Dated this Fourth day of July, A.D. 1901.



to the lake, with a width on each side of the river of 40 chains,

Area 3.—Extending from the head of Queen's Reach, Jervis Inlet, ten miles up the river, with a width of one mile on each side of each branch thereot.

Area 4.—Extending from the head of Robson Bite, Johnson Strait, three miles up the river, with a width on each side of half a mile.

Area 5.—Extending for five miles up

hair a mile.

Area 5.—Extending for five miles up Adams river. Johnson Strait, from its mouth, with a width on each side of one

Area 6.-Extending from the junction of River for a distance of ten miles up said LAW—At Revelstoke, on June 29th, the White River, with a width on each side wife of W. J. Law, of a son.

thereof of one mile.

Area 7. Commeacing at a point where the 51st parallel intersects with the coast line of British Columbia; thence east on said parallel to a point north of Emble Lagoon; thence south to said Lagoon thence south and west following the char nel between Kinnsird Island and Pand Head; thence south and west along cen of Wells Passage to the Queen's Charlo nd: thence northwest to point of be

Area 9.—Gifford Island.
Area 10.—Commencing at the head of Pitt
Lake: thence up the river at the head of
said lake for a distance of five miles, having
a width of half a mile on each side of said

Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works.

Lands and Works Department, Victoria,

B. C., 6th June, 1901.



Hatley Park

Tuesday July 23, 1901

At 12 O'clock, Noon

HORSES, MILCH COWS, PIGS, POUL-TRY, WAGONS, HARNESS, ETC.

1 pedigreed Durham Bull, 3 Horses, 19 Milch Cows, Jerseys and Short Horn Durhams, 21 Berkshire Sows, Pigs and Boar, 170 prize Brown and White Leghorns, Grey and White Plymouth Rocks, Buff Plymouth Cockrel Brahams, Hens and Pullets, 12 ENDEN AND TOULOUSE GEESE, 30 young geese, 5 PEKIN DUCKS, 2 Brooders, DAIRY, Milk Cans. 4 Cream Crocks, 2 IN DAIRY, Milk Cans, 4 Cream Crocks, 2 IN CUBATORS, NONPARIEL, 100 EGGS PETALUMA, 120 Eggs, 10 Milk Coolers, Buckets, 2 Churns, 1 Butter Worker, Prints, 1 Refrigerator, 1 ALPHA-LAVAL (Sweden) CREAM SEPARATOR, 1 DR. GERBER'S ACID BUTYROMETRIC MILK TESTER, complete, 4 Beehives, 1 Crate imported Mushroom Spawn, Team, Buggy, Single and Chain Harness, 1 Ladies' Riding Saddle, Saddles, Collars, Crowbar, Cowbells, Carpenter's, Stable, Garden and Farm Tools, Bone Crusher, Mincer for Making Chicken Food, Stone Crusher, Haying Implements, Hay and Cordwood Racks, Pulping Machine, Scythes, Wheelbarrow, SPRING WAGON, Cart with Cover Top Buggy, 2 Farm Wagons, Perambulator, 1 ENGLISH MORROCCO LEATHER EXTENSION CHAIR WITH CUSHION FROM FOOT OF BOND ST., 1 Dinner Set, Blue and Gold, 1 Dinner Set, White, China Tea Set and Cups and Saucers.

Note.—A LAUNCH will leave Esquimatt every half hour, commencing at 10 a, m, to 12:30 p. m., for BELMONT. Fare and eturn 25 cents.

JOSHUA DAVIES. Auctioneer.

The H. B. A. Vogel Commercial College

P. O. Rox 347 Vancouver, B.C. We teach through office methods entirely hookkeeping. We teach and place our students into positions in six months. Shorthand and typewriting. Send for



Notice is hereby given that all the unap-propriated Crown lands situated within the boundaries of the following areas are hereby reserved from pre-emption, sale, or other disposition, excepting under the provisions of the mining laws of the province, for two years from the date hereof, pursuant to the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 41 of the "Land Act." as amended by Act, 1901," to enable the Pacific Coast Power Company, Limited , to select there-from timber limits for wood pulp and paper manufacturing purposes, as provided by an agreement bearing date the 13th day of

Area 1 .- All the surveyed land on both ides of Kingcome River, and the land surveyed between Kingcome Inlet and Bond

Area 2.—Commencing at the northeast river at the head of Thompson's Sound and its branches, a distance of ten miles, and

oundary of Lots 45, 55 and 56, on the Klena-Klene River; thence north along the said river and its branches five miles, and having a width on each side of one-half

mile, including all surveyed lands, Area 4.—Commencing on Wakeman Sound at the southwest corner of Lot 61; thence west on the 51st parallel of latitude to a point north of Embley Lagoon; thence south to said lagoon; thence southwesterly following the passage between Kinnaird Island and Pandora Head to Mills Passage;

Area 5.—Consisting of Harbledown and Turner Islands. Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works. Lands and Works Department, Victoria,

DIED. ROSS-At Ducks, on Wednesday, July 3rd, Annie Marion, daughter of V. Ross, aged 7 weeks.

STRACHAN-At Revelstoke, on June 30th, David Strachan, aged 53 years.

SHEPHERD—At New Westminster, on July
5th, John Davitt Sandes, eldest child
of Arthur and Letitea Shepherd, aged 7
years, 3 months, and 11 days.
LEE—In this city, on July 4th, William
Lee, a native of Glasgow, Scotland,
aged 74 years. PARKINSON—On the 2nd July, at Fairview, B. C., the wife of Richard H. Parkinson, J. P., P. L. S., of a son.

FARVEY-At Revelstoke, on June 30th, wife of Mr. Fred P. Garvey, of a da

MARRIED.

HOLT-HICKEY-In this city, on July 3, at Christ Church Cathedral, Gilbert Seymour Holt, of Seattle, formerly of Victoria, to Charlotte Emma Hickey, of Victoria, eldest daughter of P. Hickey.

COKKEBYE—BUCKNAM—In this city on the 8th inst., by Rev. J. F. Vichert. Capt. P. M. Stokkebye, of bark Honolu-lu, to Miss Lois Jacquemal Bucknam, second daughter of Capt. S. W. Buck-nam of Montreal street.

HARRIS-In Vancouver, on July 2nd, the wife of R. W. Harris, of a son. MITCHELL—In this city, on July 1st, the wife of Mr. A. Mitchell, of a son.

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In the Senator man. committe Thos. H. Dalla Hall, M Mayor Geo. Jee lain Mer Shakespe

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Member bors of Sever Harbor Senate from Se er Maj trip. 7 for 4.30