LONDON ADVERTISER
GRAND CONTINENTAL TRIP
DAILY BALLOT
GOOD FOR TEN VOTES.

If Credited to Miss or Mrs.....

Address .....

On or before April 20, 1915. District No.....

This ballot, to be good, must be clipped and sent to The Advertiser before the above expiry limit. Clip along edges.

ZEPPELIN RAID ON DISTRICT OF TYNE

Bombs Dropped On Several Villages In North of England.

THE "BABY KILLERS" FAIL

No Lives Lost, and Damage Done Buildings Only Slight.

[Canadian Press.]

NEWCASTLE, April 15.—2:45 a.m.—A Zeppelin raid was made in the Tyne district of Northumberland County last night. It appears that the Zeppelin reached Blyth from across the North Sea at about 8:15 o'clock, passed over Blyth and Cramlington and proceeded to the neighborhood of Seatonburn.

Bombs were dropped on several of the villages passed by the airship—five at Choppington, three at Wallsend, two at Seatonburn and one at Bedlington.

The airship passed over North Shields and Newcastle. While neither city was visited, both took precautions against attack by extinguishing the electric lights.

No Loss of Life.

Full inquiry shows that no loss of life or serious personal injury resulted from the Zeppelin raid and that although several small houses were damaged the material loss was not very heavy.

It was an ideal night. There were no clouds and no wind, but the night was dark. The airship sailed at an altitude of about two thousand feet, it was estimated, and was first supposed, at Blyth, to be a British airship. It was soon ascertained, however, that it was a German dirigible and the news was telegraphed to all surrounding towns, where electric lights were extinguished and the other customary preparations made to ward off an attack.

In addition to Choppington, Wallsend, Seatonburn and Bedlington, bombs were dropped on other villages. The Zeppelin followed the track of the railway. When last seen it passed out seaward from the mouth of the Tyne. By 11 o'clock the district over which the Zeppelin flew had resumed its normal aspect.

The failure of the air raid to cause any serious damage is attributed to the prompt measures taken to immediately plunge all the towns in the district into darkness when the alarm was given.

Aimed at Shipyards.

The general belief is that it was the intention of the aircraft crew to drop bombs on the Tyne shipbuilding yard, but only one missile fell even near the yard. This did no damage. It is estimated that twenty bombs, a majority of them of the incendiary variety, were dropped, but all the fires started by them were quickly quenched.

The fact that the town of Newcastle was completely missed by the raider undoubtedly was due to the fact that all lights were put out when the Zeppelin was reported.

LONDON, April 14. — 10:55 p.m. — A German Zeppelin airship passed over Blyth, on the North Sea, in Northumberland County, at 8 o'clock tonight, dropping bombs, says a dispatch to the Central News from Blyth. The bombs, it is added, fell in the outskirts of the town.

A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Newcastle says the Zeppelin passed over Blyth, the Tyne, Wallsend and Cramlington, in Northumberland, and Seatonburn, in Durham, dropping bombs at each place.

COMPANY WITH HUGE CAPITAL REGISTERED

Will Develop Electricity for Manufacture of Fertilizer.

[Canadian Press.]

St. Johns, Nfld., April 15. — Announcement was made today of the registration by Thomas Leopold Wilson, an Ottawa inventor and capitalist, of a company with a capital of $20,000,000, formed to develop electrical energy for the manufacture of fertilizers in this colony. Mr. Wilson has secured from the colonial government a concession of large areas of land on the west coast for the project.

SCENE OF LATEST RAID ON ENGLAND

APENNINES WATER TAKEN 1,875 MILES

Italian Provinces Assured of Fresh Water Supply From the Mountains.

[Canadian Press.]

Bari, Italy, April 14—2:10 p.m.—Via Paris, April 15.—Water from the Apennines was distributed yesterday for the first time to the provinces of Bari, Foggia and Lecce through the Apulia Aqueduct, the largest in the world, which was begun in 1905. More than 2,000,000 persons now are assured of a supply fresh from mountain streams, brought through 1,875 miles of pipe. The territory served has suffered for centuries from lack of an adequate supply.

For the construction of the aqueduct, the cost of which is estimated at $30,000,000, and upon which 4,000 workmen have been engaged nearly ten years, the course of the Sele River has been diverted. A collecting basin has been built at its source 1,370 feet above the level of the sea, whence the waters are conveyed by tunnel for seven and one-half miles, penetrating a watershed and then through the aqueduct, which is 155 miles long. While the most important parts of the aqueduct have been completed, it will take a year longer to finish all the minor details.

BANDITS HOLD UP TRAIN NEAR BUFFALO

Escape With Ten Motor Trucks Full of Loot.

BUFFALO, N.Y., April 15.—Ten masked and armed men held up a New York Central freight train at Sanborn, about fifteen miles from Buffalo, at 2 o'clock this morning, uncoupled and looted the cars. Ten automobile trucks were filled with the stolen goods.

Engineer Goss, of Syracuse, escaped from the robbers and ran his engine eight miles to Suspension Bridge for help. The robbers had disappeared when a posse arrived on the scene.

Hundreds of armed men scoured the country for the men, but none of them were arrested. The stolen goods were worth thousands of dollars.

The automobiles came in the direction of Buffalo and a call for help was sent to this city. Every highway leading to the city was guarded, but no trace of the machines was found.

DOUBLE MURDER

Two Greeks Shot to Death in Bed at Peabody, Mass.

[Canadian Press.]

Peabody, Mass., April 15.—Two men were shot to death as they lay in bed in a Greek boarding-house on Central street early today. The murderer escaped. The victims were Peter Karampelas, 26 years old, and Arthur Clereouletheses, 25.

According to other lodgers who heard the shots, a man was seen running away from the house immediately afterward. He jumped over a fence and disappeared.

RETAILERS' PROTEST.

[Canadian Press.]

St. John, N. B., April 15.—A. O. Skinner, of St. John, was elected president of the Retail Merchants' Association at the closing session last night. The association decided to appeal to manufacturers against the practice of some in marketing goods through jobbers and selling direct to catalogue houses at the same price, enabling catalogue houses to sell to the consumer at prices the retailer has to pay the jobber.

MR. SULMAN, M.P.P., ILL,

CHATHAM, April 14. — George W. Sulman, M. P. P., is threatened with pneumonia.

LCE.-CORPL. HARRIS, PETROLEA RESERVIST, KILLED IN FRANCE

E. G. Harris was a member of the Scottish Rifles. He had one year to serve in the reserves. His brother was killed on the battleship Formidable on Christmas day. He leaves a wife, a five-year-old son and baby daughter. The citizens of Petrolea have shown deep sympathy toward the stricken family.

GOVERNMENT DECIDES TO STOP BUYING WHEAT

British Board of Trade Takes Heed of Representations Made.

[Canadian Press.]

London, April 15.—Announcement of the Government's decision to cease purchasing wheat was conveyed yesterday in a letter from the board of trade to the London Corn Trade Association, stating that, in view of representations made to the Government that its action in purchasing wheat was preventing a resumption of normal trading, it had been decided to make no further purchases.

Estimates vary as to the quantity of the grain bought by the Government, and nothing is known regarding the use it is intended to make of it. It is understood, however, that the rapid advance in prices in recent months caused merchants to hesitate in dealing in the commodity, and the view was held that Government action would best meet the situation.

CLUBS ARE DEFEATING EARLY CLOSING LAWS

Glasgow Striking Example of Trouble Experienced In Britain.

Glasgow, April 4.—(Correspondence.)—Several of the labor delegations which urged upon Chancellor Lloyd George the advisability of total prohibition of alcoholic liquors during the war, made a particular point of the fact that any such prohibition, to be effective, must apply to private clubs as well as to saloons and hotels.

While this was urged partly on the ground that any such prohibition should operate equally upon all classes, it was also observed that in many towns it would be futile to close the barrooms and leave the clubs open. Glasgow is the most striking example of this, for the workingmen's clubs here are very numerous, and they practically all serve liquor.

These clubs, in fact, have completely defeated the object of recent legislation for the early closing of saloons in Great Britain. Early closing and Sunday closing in Glasgow merely transfer the drinking from the licensed houses to the clubs.

The membership fees to these workingmen's clubs are generally nominal, and in many cases are dispensed with entirely, through the presentation of a form of receipt for money which has never been paid. The law requires that only members may be allowed admittance to a club serving liquors, but the enforcement in Glasgow is very lax, and a newspaper investigator last Sunday obtained admission unquestioned to a large number of clubs, although he was not a member of any. In several of them he found upwards of 150 persons seated around the tables.

ITALIANS FLOCK TO SLAIN MAN'S FUNERAL

Soldiers Have To Charge Crowd During Inflammatory Speeches.

[Canadian Press.]

Milan, April 14—8:25 p.m.—Via Paris, April 15.—An immense crowd, composed both of those favorable to a continuance of Italian neutrality and those who seek the nation's intervention in the war, attended the funeral today of the workman who died from wounds he received Sunday, when the police dispersed a war mass meeting which he was attending.

The entire garrison of the city was posted at strategic points to prevent disorders, and mounted carabineers several times charged the crowd after excitement had been caused by inflammatory speeches delivered by radicals, while the funeral service were in progress. Socialist deputies and the members of all the workingmen's organizations in the city took part in the procession.

BRITISH LOSS AT NEUVE CHAPELLE NEARLY 13,000

The Germans Paid Much More Heavily In Killed and Wounded.

DELAY WAS UNFORTUNATE

Sir John French Says It Spoiled Gaining of the Full Advantage.

[Canadian Press.]

LONDON, April 14.—12:50 p.m.—Field Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British expeditionary forces on the continent, reports the British losses in the three days' fighting at Neuve Chapelle as follows:

Killed—190 officers, 2,337 men.
Wounded—359 officers, 8,174 other ranks.
Missing—23 officers, 1,728 men.

Field Marshal French's report continued:

"The enemy left several thousand dead on the field, and we have positive information that upwards of 12,000 wounded were removed by train. Thirty officers and 1,657 of other ranks were captured."

Infantry Disorganized.

The British commander's dispatch concerning the battle of Nueve Chapelle, which began early in March, is lengthy, and says among other things: "Considerable delay occurred after the capture of Nueve Chapelle, and the infantry was greatly disorganized. I am of the opinion that this delay would not have occurred had the clearly expressed order of the general officer commanding the first army been more carefully observed."

"Field Marshal French's report, which covers the battles of Neuve Chapelle and St. Eloi, under date of April 5, was published in the Official Gazette today. The commander-in-chief writes:

"The event of chief interest and importance which has taken place is the victory achieved over the enemy in the battle of Neuve Chapelle, which was fought on March 10, 11 and 12.

Haig Led Main Attack.

"The main attack was delivered by the troops of the first army, under Gen. Douglas Haig, supported by a large force of heavy artillery, a division of cavalry and some infantry of the general reserve. Secondary and holding attacks and demonstrations were made along the front of the second army, under direction of its commander, Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien.

"While the success attained was due to the magnificent bearing and indomitable courage displayed by the troops of the 4th and Indian Corps, I consider that the able and skilful dispositions which were made by the general officer commanding the first army contributed largely to the defeat of the enemy and to the capture of his position. The energy and vigor with which Gen. Sir Douglas Haig handled his command show him to be a leader of great ability and powers.

Germans Spring Surprise.

"Another action of considerable importance was brought about by a surprise attack made by the Germans on March 14, against the 27th division, holding the trenches east of St. Eloi. A large force of artillery was concentrated in this area under the cover of a mist and a heavy volume of fire was suddenly brought to bear on the trenches.

"At 5 o'clock in the afternoon, this artillery attack was accompanied by two mine explosions, and in the confusion caused by these and by the suddenness of the attack, the position of St. Eloi was captured and held for some hours by the enemy.

"Well-directed and vigorous counter-attacks in which the troops of the 5th Army Corps showed great bravery and determination, restored the situation by the evening of the 15th."

Leading Up to Attack.

The dispatch describes the operations leading up to the attack on the town, saying: "On February 6, a brilliant action by the troops of the first corps materially improved our position in the area south of LaBassee Canal. During the previous night, parties of the Irish Guards and the 3rd Battalion of the Coldstream Guards had succeeded in gaining ground from which a converging fire could be directed on the flanks and rear of certain brick stacks occupied by the Germans which had been for some time a source of considerable annoyance. At 2 p.m., the affair commenced with a severe bombardment of the brickstacks and the enemy's trenches.

"A brisk attack by the 3rd Coldstream Guards and Irish Rifles from our trenches west of the brickstacks followed, and was supported by the fire from the flanking position which had been seized the previous night by the same regiments.

Attack Succeeds.

"The attack succeeded; the brickstacks were occupied without difficulty, and a line was established north and south through a point about forty yards east of the brickstacks.

"The casualties suffered by the 5th Corps throughout the period under review, and particularly during the month of February, have been heavier than those on other parts of the line. I regret this, but do not think, taking all circumstances into consideration, that they were unduly numerous.

"The position then occupied by the 5th Corps had always been a very vulnerable part of our line. The ground was marshy and trenches were most difficult to construct and maintain. The 27th and 28th divisions of the 5th Corps had had no previous experience in European warfare, and a number of the units composing the corps had only recently returned from service in tropical climates. In consequence, the hardships of a rigorous winter campaign fell with greater weight upon these divisions than upon any other in the command.

Utmost Gallantry.

"Chiefly owing to these causes, the 5th Corps, up to the beginning of March, was constantly engaged in counter-attacks to retake trenches and ground which had been lost. In their difficult and arduous task, however, the troops displayed the utmost gallantry and devotion, and it is most creditable to the skill and energy of their leaders that I am able to report how well they have surmounted all their difficulties, and that the ground first taken over by them is still intact and held with little greater loss than is incurred by the troops in all other parts of the line."

Describing an attack on the German trenches near St. Eloi, on February 28, by Princess Patricia's Regiment, of the Canadian contingent, under command of Lieut. C. E. Crabbe, the commander-in-chief says: "Lieut. Crabbe, who showed the greatest dash, took his party over everything in a trench until they had gone down it about eighty yards, when they were stopped by a barricade of sandbags and timbers. This party as well as others, then pulled down the front face of a German parapet. A number of Germans were killed and wounded and a few prisoners were taken.

Tribute to Col. Farquhar.

"The services performed by the distinguished corps have continued to be very valuable since I had occasion to refer to them in my last dispatch. They have been most ably organized and trained and were commanded by Lieut.-Col. F. D. Farquhar, D.S.O., who, I deeply regret to say, was killed while superintending some trenchwork, on March 20. His loss will be deeply felt."

MOTORIST KILLED

[Canadian Press.]

New York, April 15.—Benj. Jackson, a lawyer, was instantly killed in Central Park today when the automobile in which he was riding alone crashed into a large tree on the side of the driveway. His speedometer, the only part of the automobile which was not wrecked, showed that he was riding at the rate of 55 miles an hour. The wreckage under which Mr. Jackson was pinned caught fire almost immediately. He was dead when extricated.

Something Newer and Lovelier Every Day Now at Smallman & Ingram's

THE NEW STYLES IN LADIES' RAINCOATS

SHOWING ON THE SECOND FLOOR.

$5.00 EACH.—Ladies' Poplin-Rubberized Waterproof Coats, in the new Raglan sleeve and full back; two colors, fawn and navy. Special price .....**$5.00 each**

$8.75 EACH.—Ladies' Paramatta-Rubberized Waterproof Coats, new belted style, Raglan sleeve, side pockets; three colors, navy, fawn and black. Special price .....**$8.75 each**

$10.50 EACH.—Ladies' Paramatta-Rubberized Waterproof Coats, in the favored style, with wide belt all around, set-in sleeves and convertible collars; shown in fawn only. Price .....**$10.50 each**

There are four other styles in this shipment at **$6.50, $10.00, $11.50 and $17.50,** worthy of your inspection.

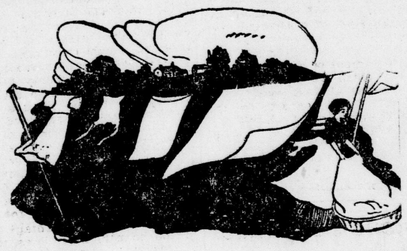
$20.00 EACH.—Ladies' Motor Coats, made of fine quality corduroy-rubberized, absolutely rainproof, nice full style, Raglan sleeve, auto collar, shown in reseda and grey colors. Price .....**$20.00 each**

FOR CHILDREN 6 TO 14 YEARS.—A large range of Waterproof Capes with hoods, lined with plaid; capes made of paramatta-rubberized.

See these on Second Floor.

Several Good Lines in White and Factory Cottons and Flannelettes

Tomorrow at These Special Prices



AT 12½c YARD.—Another shipment of that pure and snow-like White English Longcloth Cotton will be placed on the counters at this special price. Send your order in early, so as to save disappointment....**12c per yard, or by the bolt, 40 yards, for** **$4.50**

Superior Factory Sheeting, two specials, 72 inches wide for 33c yard, 80 inches wide for 38c yard.—Extra quality imported Factory Cotton Sheetings, clean weave, free from specks and dressing, easily bleached, **72 inches at 33c, 80 inches at 38c yard**

12½c YARD.—A large range of Fancy Stripe Flannelettes, in extra good quality and fast-washing colors, in wide width, 36 inches. Special .....**12½c yard**

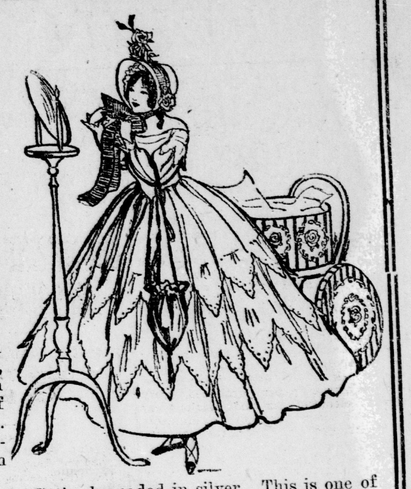
20c YARD.—Winsum Cloth for men's shirts and pyjamas; an ideal material in soft cotton weave, similar to the French flannels, shown in neat fancy stripes, light patterns; 32 inches wide ..... **20c yard**

Orders taken for Men's Special-Made Shirts.

Ask for full particulars at the Cotton Dept., Main Floor.

Be Sure and Read Tomorrow's Advertisement.

The Correct Materials for the Bride's Gown Are Here



For meeting the desires of the bride for the best in style and quality we are presenting many important suggestions in the very newest materials for her bridal gown and for the proper completion of her trousseau, from the medium price to those of the novelty fabric. Samples to out-of-town people upon request.

$8.50 YARD.—Ivory Satin, brocaded in silver. This is one of the high-class novelties for brides' dresses; an exquisite design embroidered in silver, and exclusive dress length. Price ..... **$8.50 yard**

IVORY HAITIENNE SILK, 40 inches, $2.50 yard.—The beautiful taffeta-like weave, in a very fine (almost indistinct) cord make, excellent value for ..... **$2.50 yard**

IVORY CREPE DE CHINE, 40 to 42 inches wide, $1.25 and $1.50 yard.—Particular attention is directed to our Silk Crepe de Chine, as these you will find exceptional values at these quotations.

IVORY VELOUR BROCADE, on Silk Ninon, for the bride, 38 inches wide, $5.00 yard.—This is a most effective material that may be used for the bodice or skirt, or may be used for the separate train. The design is of the covered style, in ivory Velour on a transparent silk ninon. Reasonably priced at ..... **$5.00 yard**

IVORY FAILLE PRINCESS, 42 inches wide, $2.75 yard—A soft cord weave, reversible, very rich finish, particularly adapted for wedding dresses. Price..... **$2.75 yard**

IVORY MESSALINE AND PAILLETTE SILKS, at $1.00 and $1.50 yard.—In 35 and 38 inch widths. Comparison is invited in these two special lines of Swiss make, firm weave, soft finish; the best value possible at these prices....**$1.00 and $1.50 yard**

Special Attractions for Today

Cooking Demonstration with Aluminum Utensils, 9:30 a.m. to 11:13 a.m., 3 to 5 p.m.

SPECIAL EXHIBIT OF NEW FURS, 1915-16—The complete range from one of the oldest fur houses in Canada. Select your furs or coat for next winter and have them carefully made from selected skins.

Exhibit in Sample Room, Fourth Floor.

Sale of Trained Warbling Canaries

$3.48 each

Come and hear them.

BASEMENT.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

Dainty Lunches Served in Restaurant. Afternoons, 3 to 5:30 p.m.

CANADIANS GAVE VALUABLE HELP AT THE BATTLE OF NEUVE CHAPELLE

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

LONDON, April 14.—The following appears in Sir John French's dispatch issued today regarding operations in France: "On the 15th of February the Canadian division began to arrive in this country. I inspected the division which was under the command of Lieut.-Gen. Alderson on February 20. They presented a splendid, most soldier-like appearance on parade; the men were of good physique, hard and fit. I judged by what I saw of them that they were well trained and quite able to take their places in the line of battle. Since then the division has thoroughly justified the good opinion I formed of it.

"The troops of the Canadian division were first attached for a few days by brigades for training in the third corps trenches under Lieut.-Gen. Sir William Pulteney, who gave me such excellent reports of their efficiency that I was able to employ them in the trenches early in March. During the battle of Neuve Chapelle they held part of the line allotted to the first army, and although they were not actually engaged in the main attack they rendered valuable help by keeping the enemy actively employed in front of their trenches.

"All the soldiers of Canada serving in the army under my command have so far splendidly upheld the traditions of the empire, and will, I feel sure, prove to be a great source of additional strength to the forces in this country."

HAVE PURE BLOOD

Hood's Sarsaparilla Makes Pure, Rich, Red Blood.

Your heart works night and day without a pause. It is the principal organ of the circulation of your blood. It is of the utmost importance that it should do its work well. The quality and quantity of your blood have much to do with its action. If this fluid is pure and abundant, your heart and other vital organs act with more energy than when it is defective quality or deficient in quantity.

Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the blood pure and abundant. It is the one old reliable medicine that has been sold for forty years for purifying the blood. There is no better blood remedy, appetizer, stomach tonic or nerve builder.

Be sure your druggist gives you Hood's, for nothing else can possibly take its place. Get it today.

CHURCH REOPENS

Komoka Presbyterians Will Resume Worship Sunday.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Komoka, April 15.—The Komoka Presbyterian Church will resume its usual service on Sunday next, April 18, after having been closed for four weeks, owing to an outbreak of smallpox in the village. The pastor, Rev. A. B. Irwin, will preach.

PRINCE OFF TO FIGHT.

[Canadian Press.]

Madrid, via Paris, April 15.—Prince Alexander of Battenburg arrived at Algeciras yesterday to meet his sister, Queen Victoria of Spain, and say farewell to her before leaving to join the British fleet at the Dardanelles.

GERMANY'S FRIENDS IN U. S. SEND TRAINS

[Canadian Press.]

Frankfort-on-Main, via London, April 15.—Three hospital trains, each consisting of an automobile with two trailers, have been presented to the military commander here as a gift "from friends of Germany in the United States." One of the trains will be attached to the army of Crown Prince Frederick William, another to that of Gen. Von Hindenburg, and the third to the 18th Army Corps.

GENEROUS VICTORIA.

London, April 15.—The Australian State of Victoria has contributed $124,000 ($620,000) to the Belgian relief fund, according to an announcement by the colonial office.

The Best Treatment For Constipation

The Experience of One Who Knows and Places Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills First.

It is not difficult to secure a medicine that will effect movement of the bowels. To cure Constipation and the complications which arise from it is another matter.

Constipation of the bowels is usually preceded by torpid action of the liver. Hence it follows that if Constipation is to be cured the liver must be set right. And here lies the secret of the success of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They awaken the action of the liver and insure a good flow of bile, which is nature's cathartic. The liver, kidneys and bowels are invigorated and regulated, and the troubles with the digestive system disappear.

Mr. H. M. Bell, Innisfail, Alta., writes: "For some considerable time I have been using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, which I have obtained through your firm. I suppose during my life I have used nearly all the best-known pills, as I have been subject to Constipation and digestive troubles. A friend recommended Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and I can honestly say that of all the pills I have tried nothing has suited me better—no griping—action always insured, and fine for the kidneys. This is how I have found them after a thorough test, and you may use this statement if you like."

This letter should convince you of the merits of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, but there is nothing like personal experience. If you do not feel like risking 25 cents for a box, write to us for a free sample box, mentioning where you saw this advertisement. Put this medicine to the test when you have indigestion, constipation, biliousness, backache or kidney derangements. The results will soon prove to you the superiority of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

BISURATED MAGNESIA

An absolutely harmless antacid in all cases of fermentation and souring and belching of food, gas, indigestion, etc. A teaspoonful in a fourth of a glass hot water usually gives INSTANT RELIEF. Sold by all druggists in either powder or tablet form at 75 cents per bottle. April 8, 15, 22.

A MESSAGE TO THIN, WEAK, SCRAWNY FOLKS

An Easy Way to Gain 10 to 30 Pounds of Solid, Healthy, Permanent Flesh.

Thin, nervous, undeveloped men and women everywhere are heard to say: "I can't understand why I do not get fat. I eat plenty of good, nourishing food." The reason is just this: You cannot get fat, no matter how much you eat, unless your digestive organs assimilate the fat-making elements of your food instead of passing them out through the body as waste.

What is needed is a means of gently urging the assimilative functions of the stomach and intestines to absorb the oils and fats and hand them over to the blood, where they may reach the starved, shrunken, run-down tissues and build them up. The thin person's body is like a dry sponge—eager and hungry for the fatty materials of which it is being deprived by the failure of the alimentary canal to take them from the food. The best way to overcome this sinful waste of flesh-building elements and to stop the leakage of fats is to use Sargol, the recently discovered regenerative force that is recommended so highly by physicians here and abroad. Take a little Sargol tablet with every meal and notice how quickly your cheeks fill out and rolls of firm, healthy flesh are deposited over your body, covering each bony angle and projecting point. Your druggist has Sargol, or can get it from his wholesaler, and will refund your money if you are not satisfied with the gain in weight it produces as stated on the guarantee in each package. It is inexpensive, easy to take and highly efficient.

Caution:—While Sargol has produced remarkable results in overcoming nervous dyspepsia and general stomach troubles, it should not be taken unless you are willing to gain ten pounds or more, for it is a wonderful flesh builder.—Advt.