OL. XXX., NO. 143.

Home Rule.

Discussion of Mr. Gladstone's Bill Resumed.

mberlain Indulges in Prophecies of Dire Disaster.

good intentions of the men to whom he was maneuvering to give the government of Ireland. These were the imen about whom he formerly said that they preached the gospel of plunder, and were marching through rapine to the dismemberment of the empire. The present Chancellor of the Exchequer had denounced them as preaching the doctrines of treason and murder. The present Chancellor of the Duciy of Lancaster had said that if the police should be placed in the hands of an elective body the landlords might whistle for their rants and be glad if they escaped with a whole Pessimistic Predictions Ridiculed by Redmond and McCarthy.

Servia Shaken by Earthquake, and Thousands of Houses Wrecked.

Attempt to Assassinate King Carlos o. Spain—Perilous Voyage of Balloon
Passengers—Oaman Digna's
Followers Forced

PARIS, April 10.—Thee persons died of tholera yesterday in L'Orient.
VIENNA, April 10.—Sixteen cases of holera are reported from different parts of Salicin. The Cholera.

Galicia.

Digna Deteated.

CAIRO, April 10.—Osman Digna, the Dervish leader, has made another raid in Upper Egypt. He directed his incursion opper Egypt. He directed his incursion toward Tokar, and was met and repulsed by the Egyptian cavalry. The cavalry pursued Digna's forces and killed twelve of the Dervishes.

Inc present considers of the Duchy of Lancaster had said that if the police should be placed in the hands of an elective body the landlords might whistle for their rents and be glad if they escaped with a whole skin, and the present Secretary for Scotland had once declared that he would rather remain a private citizen throughout his life than consent to confide the lives and liberties of a law-abiding population to a Parliament composed of such men. These were the utterances of four Ministers who now led the way in proposing to establish such a Parliament. (Conservative cheers.) He would not say that Ireland, if England should be engaged in war, would take sides against England, but it was possible that the sympathy of the Irish might be with England's opponent, thereby exposing England to the risk of a simultaneous civil and foreign war. Mr. Gladstore now professed boundless faith in the Irish people, but it was a faith of recent growth. They were asked to stake the honor and dignity and the life of the nation, on the assurance that a miracle would be wrought, changing the hearts of men and altering the springs of human action. The danger was too great and the possible gain too small. If the bill should pass, and they escaped disaster and diagrace, the Government would still fail to find a plausible reason for risking so much with so little corresponding advantage.

Justin McCarthy, leader of the Anti-To Defend the Pamirs.

SHANGHAI, April 10—The Chinese commander in Yuan and 40 expert drill instructors have been ordered to Kashgari. With them will be sen six rapid fire field gans, 2,000 magazine sides and suitable minuation. These tops are taken; to repare the Mantua gardson for the defense 4 the Pamirs. To Defend the Pamirs.

The Botheria Brazil.

London, April 10.-A dispatch to the Brazilian legation in London from Rio Janeiro states that the insurrection in the Province of Rio Grade du Sol is being suppressed, and that is rebels are everywhere being closely ursued by Government forces and havebeen driven to the Uruguayan frontier.

The Squire's Latest Will.

Uruguayan frontier.

The Squire's Latest Will.

London, April 10.—The Exchange Telegraph Company says hat the property of George Abingdon Bad (or Squire Abingdon) will not go intat to his family as has been stated. A will ade by Baird aboard the steamer Majesticduring his voyage to the United States, is been found among his effects, it is said and under its provitions Mrs. Langtryvill receive a large proportion.

with them will be semix rapid fire field with them will be semiex x apid fire field with them will be semiex x apid fire and suitable game, 2,000 magazine files and suitable game, 2,000 magazine gam

was wrong, instatic that the aeronaut fell before the balloon eached the sea. The facts are as follow: A balloon carrying three passengers—eng M. Toult, a professional aeronaut, uit two companions—started from Brusels at 12 o'clock on Saturday night. In balloon started in a westerly direction. When a short distance beyond the French poss the balloon fell into the sea, and the seronaut and his two companions wife let struggling in the waves. A Pench fishing smack rescued Toult and his ellow-passengers rescued Toult and his ellow-passengers and conveyed them be the port of Etaples in Pas de Calair. They were all suffering from injuries caused by the fall of the balloon.

that he has conquered cholera by his inocu-

Russian Famine Horrors.

"The Dogs of War."

Slow in Paying Up.

ALBANY, Oregon, April 11.—Receiver Haddey, of the Oregon Pacific Railroad, paid off the employes of the road yesterday for March. The employes have not been paid for nearly a year, and the company owes them over \$100,000

The Drunkard's Alternative.

LE MARS, Iowa, April 11.—Le Mars has adopted the gold treatment in the police court. For the second offense of drunkenness Mayor Alline gives the prisoner his choice of ten days on the street with a ball and chain or a course of treatment. The first subject took his dose of the bi-chloride to-day.

Thousands of Houes Wrecked.

Thousands of Houes Wrecked.

Belgrade, April 10.—An earthquake shook most district injervia this morning. In Western Sera the shock was especially sevele. Ne. Pozarewatz and along the Moravia leer villages were devastated and peoplesprang from their beds to run half closed to the fields. Around Chupria and Shainatz, in Eastern Servia, great fissures were torn in the earth. From Livadiosimilar phenomena are reported. Streamof warm water and yellow mud still flo from the fissures. Thousands of houseand many churches have been wrecked. 'ablic buildings have been wrecked. 'ablic buildings have been rendered too dagerous for occupancy. In the districts when the heaviest shocks were felt the people car to return to the villages and are living in the fields.

The Hom Rule Bill.

The Hom Rule Bill. London, April 10.—There was but a thin attendance in the House of Commons to-

attendance in the House of Commons today when discussion was resumed on the
motion for the second reading of the Irish
Home Rule Bill. The first speaker was
Herbert W. Paul, Liberal, who was followed by Joseph Chamberlain.

Mr. Chamberlain said that the people of
England would probably accept the bill if
they believed it would enable them to get
rid of the Irish question, but he feared it
would do nothing of the kind. The whole
of the property classes, he continued,
whatever their religion, were opposed to
the bill. Had the Prime Missiers he of the property classes, he continued, whatever their religion, were opposed to the bill. Had the Prime Minister, he asked, ever known any State to succeed when the Government was opposed by a majority of the classes owning property? Even the Nationalists, in accepting the measure, did not admit that it was a finality. He challenged the Irish leaders to say whether they accepted the principles in the bill, affirming the veto of the crown on advice of the British Ministry, and preventing the Irish Parliament from dealing with external trade. Were these ken as final or were the financial clauses ondering Ireland liable to increased taxanon for war and other purposes connected ith Imperial policy accepted as final accre was absolutely uothing final about

SERIOUS LOSS TO TORONTO. the bill. As soon as an Irish Parliament should be formed they would require it to be patched up again. Did anybody consider the so-called safeguards in the bill worth anything if the Irish majority was determined to disregard them? True, the British Parliament could enforce them by civil war, but not otherwise. (Conservative cheers.) The only safeguard the Government had was the good feeling and generosity of the Irish leaders and people, and if the Government had the courage of their convictions they ought to sweep away

and it the Government had the weep away their convictions they ought to sweep away the so-called safeguards in the bill. But probably Mr. Gladstone still suspected the good intentions of the men to whom he

Legal Decision in Re Water Rates, Involving a Loss of \$33,408 Yearly. Involving a Loss of \$33,408
Yearly.

Toronto, April 10.—The Supreme Court of Canada has just dealt Toronto a very serious blow. The city has always refused to allow a discount on water rates on property exempted from taxation. The Dominion Government took exception to this and demanded the regular discount. This the city refused. The Government then entered suit for the amount and the courts decided in favor of the city. The matter was then taken to the Supreme Court, and judgment was given against the city on Saturday.

This decision virtually means that all exempt property in the city will now be entitled to the 60 per cent. discount. The amount of water taxes received from exempt property is \$54,014. If 60 per cent. is taken off this, it will mean an annual loss to the city of \$32,408. This last a mount, capitalized at 4 per cent., represents a sum of \$810,218 50.

The principal properties exempt are the clurches and the Ontario and Dominion

sents a sum of \$810,218 50.

The principal properties exempt are the churches and the Ontario and Dominion Government buildings. The case will likely be carried to the Privy Council in England.

Late Canadian News

Quebec's Provincial Fair Will Probably Be Abandoned This Year.

A German paper will shortly be estab-lished in Ottawa. Last week, in Toronto, 128 births, 109 deaths and 39 marriages were registered at

The Bank of Hamilton has bought the Bowman corner, Listowel, for \$4,500, and will refit it for a bank.

will refit it for a bank.

Hon. Peter Mitchell, Montreal, is prom-R. E. Griffith, steward of the fail at Toronto, died on Sunday. He had been in the service of the city since 1863.

The annual convention of the Knights of the Maccabees began at Toronto on Mon-day. There are about 100 delegates in at-

Mr. E. Douglas Armour will preside at a reception to be given to Mr. D'Alton Mc-Carthy, M. P., on Wednesday evening in Toronto.

hwo county constables named withing the state of the stat jury, says the Brantford Expositor.

Major Fabre presided at a public meeting held at Longueuil Monday, for the purpose of establishing a "cercle agricole" to further the interests of the farmers of

the section.

There will probably be no Provincial exhibition at Montreal this year. The Legislature has refused the usual grant, the Government believing that the Chicago fair would make Quebec's a failure.

Iair would make Quebec's a failure.

Knox Church session, Ottawa, has invited Rev. Mr. Johnston, of Brantford Presbytery, to fill the pulpit of Knox Church for a couple of services, with a view to extending him a call if the congregation is favorable.

is favorable.

Mrs. Woodford, aged 79 years, mother of
Mr. George Woodford, M. C. R. engineer,
when returning from church Sunday morning tripped on a loose plank on Hughes
street, St. Thomas, and falling broke her

street, St. Thoma arm at the wrist.

street, St. Thomas, and falling broke ner arm at the wrist.

Nelson Sharp, of Galt, was arrested in Buffalo on Friday morning and \$25 and a gold watch found in his possession. The property had been stelen from a Galt jewelry store. Sharp acknowledged the theft, and is held for the Canadian police.

At Ridgetown on Saturday L. A. Hancock's young son Henry met with a very painful and dangerous accident. It seems the child was in Scane's mill, and in some tway crawled under one of the saw tables, and when there put his hand on the running saw, cutting it terribly. It is a wonder he was not killed. BERLIN, April 11.—Dr. Hafikine has written from India to the Russia papers

solicitor for the Dominion Govern-The solicitor for the Dominion Government is in Ottawa arranging for the meeting of the Board of Arbitration, appointed to settle accounts between the Dominion Government and the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario. The arbitrators are: Vice-Chancellor Boyd, of Ontario: Justice Burbridge, of the Exchequer Court, and Judge Count, of Quebec. 100 persons with positive results, and promises to give his method to the world on his return from India.

Moscow, April 11.—The tamine in the European part of the Government of Perm is worse than ever before. The poor are dying by hundreds. In the smaller villages the poor have coased trying to bury all the bodies. Relatives of the dead are often too weak to provide burial for their dead, and so leave the bodies lying on the roofs of the houses.

(The Dorse of Wer.) Scores of Earthquakes.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 10.—Since last Tuesday there have been between 40 and 50 earthquake shocks in Pico Canon, near Newhall. Pico Canon is situated in the San Fernando Mountains, and is the center of the oil regions. Last Tuesday a severe earthquake, which was feltail over Southern California, shock the houses in Pico Canon very badly, and frightened to inhabitants. Since then there has been several shocks every day, but these have been confined to a small area in the mountains.

Uncle Sam's Wheat Crop. Scores of Earthquakes. BERLIN, April 11.—Jean Bungarty has induced the War Office to make experiments with the Scotch collies, which he has

been training to assist in the work of the Red Cross Society on the battle field. The trained collies are sent out lightly loaded with cans of water, and are expected to look up the wounded stragglers who have fallen in the outskirts of the battle field. After the water has been delivered to the sufferers the collies return to summon human aid. Bungarty says that he has found the collies sepacially adapted to this sort of work, and with but few exceptions has been able to train them to do trustworthy service. Uncle Sam's Wheat Crop. Uncle Sam's Wheat Crop.

Washington, D. C., April 10.—The April report of the Department of Agriculture makes the average condition of winter wheat on the lat of April 77.4, against 81.2 last year. The Pacific States show a favorable condition, with the exception of California. Seeding was late in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys because of widely prevalent drought, causing a poor condition of the soil and retarding germination, and in some cases wholly preventing the same. In Kansas the reports show a total failure.

Steamships Arrived.
April 16. At From Berlin. New York. Southampton Sardinian Liverpool. Halifax Feigeniand London New York London Saule. New York From Saule. New York From April II. Southampton New York Chester Southampton New York

World's Fair Workmen Inaugurate a General Strike.

All Differences Amicably Settled in

Better Terms.

Chicago, April 10.—To say that a general and protracted strike of men employed about the buildings in Jackson Park would be unfortunate is putting it mildly. Two or three days' delay in the work might make it impossible for the management to keep its promise to the public that everything would be complete on May 1. Work must go on without interruption. The general opinion is that it'is the plain duty of all concerned to come together to discuss the points at issue calmly and amicably and arrive at an agreement without loss of time.

THE STRIKE GROWS.

About 9 o'clock 2,000 men had quit work.

An hour later 1,500 electrical workers went out. Then orders were issued to the uniformed Columbian Guards to remove delegates found actively soliciting men to quit work. This gave rise to numerous conflicts, but officers after a half-hour's work succeeded in forcing the men who were not at work across the street, where they held them.

Last Tuesday the Carpenters' Council presented its annual scale for employing contractors to sign. Most of them in the city and at the exhibition grounds agreed, the main provisions being 40 cents and hour as the minimum wages and eight hours to constitute a day. The Exposition Company was paying these prices, but refused to sign a clause requiring the employment of union men only. J. B. Cogswell, president of the Carpenters' Council, then ordered a strike of carpenters. The strike proved a practical failure, and most of the men returned to work during the past week. The matter was carried to the Building Trades' Council and on Saturday a manifest to the exposition managers was prepared, which threatened that unless the demands of the carpenters were acceded to a general strike carried by resorted to this morning. The threatened that unless the demands of the carpenters were acceded to a general strike would be resorted to this morning. The manifesto was presented to President Higginbotham on Saturday night. He read it carefully and said he would do nothing whatever. To-day's strike was the result.

be result.

Before 1 p.m. tully 4,000 men were out, including probably over a dozen different trades. One-third of the employes of the installation department, 200 in number, declared a strike and promptly quit work. The men engaged as teamsters have been receiving \$1.60 per day, and this morning they demanded \$2. This was refused, whereupon a strike was ordered.

The strike inaugurated at the World's

manded \$2. This was refused, whereupon a strike was ordered.

The strike inaugurated at the World's Fair grounds this morning was amicably settled to night at a meeting of the Council of Administration with the executive committee of the Building Trades Council. The whole trouble is settled so far as the Exposition Company is concerned, but there are, however, several contractors on the grounds who must sign the agreement before their men will return to work. There are 2,000 men who will not return to work in the morning on this account. A committee will be at work early endeavoring to get these contractors to sign the agreement which will put these men at work and canaly completion.

LOOKS GLOOMY FOR THE HULL STRIKERS.

LONDON, April 11.—The situation in Hull to-day is quite gloomy for the strikers and to judge from present indication the Shipping Federation will win in its struggle to employ such men, union or non-union as its members please. Four hundred additional non-union men arrived in Hull to-day to take the places of union men who had quit work. There are now altogether 2,000 non-unionists at work 'at one shop and it is thought no assaults will be made upon them as they are protected by dragoons and policemen.

Labor Notes.

Labor Notes.

One thousand architectural and ornamental iron workers at Chicago struck on Monday for shorter hours.

Everything is quiet at Hull, Eng., so far as the strike of dock laborers is concerned, and no disorderly demonstrations have been reported.

The Grimsby dockers are raising a general fund for the aid of the Hull strikers. Sailors and firemen in Hull have given the Wilsons 24 hours notice that they will not work on the steamer Orlande unless port wages are paid.

wages are paid.

Five thousand coal miners in the Borinage district, Province of Hainaut, Belgium, have resolved upon a general strike, partly for higher wages and partly for universal

Ontario Smelting Works Project. Ontario Smelting Works Project.

TORONTO, April 10.—At the council meeting to-night the proposition of the promoters of the Ontario smelting works project, that the city should aid the same by a grant of land on Ashbridge's Bay and a bonus of \$75,000, came up for consideration, and after a heated debate was accepted by a vote of 13 to 10, subject to a vote of

THE BOOK OF BOOKS.

The Western Ontario Bible Society's Annual Meeting.

Enthusiasm and Harmony-Addresse by Rev. Dr. Antiff and Rev. W. J. Clark-Earnest Pleas for the Dissemination of God's Book -A Kindly Vote of Thanks.

The annual meeting of the Western Onstario Bible Society was held in Victoria Hall last night. On the platform were scated Rev. Dr. Sanderson (chairman), Rev. Stephen Bond (Petrolea), Rev. Dr. Antliff, Rev. Walter Rigsby, Rev. M. P. Antliff, Rev. Walter Rigsby, Rev. M. P. Talling, Rev. W. J. Clark, Rev. J. R. Gundy, Mr. John Cameron and Mr. 4x. A. Somerville. An extemporized choir was also on the platform, under the leadership of Mr. W. C. Barron.

After prayer and Scripture reading by Rev. Messrs. Bond and Talling, the chairman, Rev. Dr. Sanderson, spoke briefly. The annual meeting was of especial importance this year, he said, inasmuch as amendments were about to be submitted to the constitution. There was to be, in addition, the election of efficers. The amendments to the constitution, about to be submitted, wore called into existence by conflicting views of devout men about the society work. Their views did not harmonize and it was thought very desirable that some basis might be reached which would secure unity of action and earnestness of co-operation among those in connection with the Bible Society. He had received a communication from Dean Innes in which the latter expressed himself as heartily indorsing all that had been done during the year, and promising his hearty co-operation with the society. The dean would have been present himself but for increased duties caused by the absence of the bishop.

The amended clauses in the constitution were then read by the honorary secretary.
Mr. John Cameron.

They provided for a representation of all the different denominations in proportion to the numerical strength of each on the basis that had been mutually agreed upon.

At the close of the reading Mr. Cameron moved the adoption of the amendments, seconded by Rev. Walter Rigsby. Adopted unanimously.

moved the adoption of the amendments, seconded by Rev. Walter Rigsby. Adopted

seconded by Kev. Watter Fig. 5.

The officers, as nominated at the meeting of the directors, and published at the time, were then duly elected. Mr. G. A. Somerville, treasurer of the society, 'read the financial statement, and Rev. J. H. Orme a synopsis of work done by the society, both of which were very gratifying and have already been published.

A well-rendered quartet entitled "Sunst House" was then given by Misses Mo-

synopsis of work done by the society, both of which were very gratifying and have already been published.

A well-rendered quartet entitled "Sunset Hours," was then given by Misses McGuffin, Law, McLeod and Law.

Then Dr. Antliff proposed the following resolution: "That this meeting, devoutly thanking God for the gift of his Word, expresses its deep conviction that its universal circulation is essential to the well-doing of fallen humanity, alike to the individual and the nation, securing and advancing the highest interests of all, and therefore this meeting appeals to all who love the Word of God for increased efforts in the endeavor to accomplish its universal domination."

In moving it the reverend gentleman expressed himself as very glad that the little misunderstandings of a year ago had been so amicably settled. He was glad that Ephraim did not vex Judah and that Judah did not envy Ephraim, and prayed that the difference might but be the renewing of affection, and that they would find like in years gone by that no interference will affect this work. He was glad to pin his faith to the old Book, do what he could to promote its circulation, and get others to love it as he loved it himself. He thanked God [for the gift of his Day and for the gift of his Book was essential to the well-being of the individual. It gave them a message to men as men. There were many great problems pressing upon man for solution. There was the problem of sin, the troubling of a guilty conscience, the problem of the future, and the question of immortality. These and countless others were answered in God's Word. It was here that the individual found comfort and rest. Then God's Book was required by the nation as well as by the individual. The nation that took its laws from the Bible would be a nation of highmorality. For "righteousnessexalteth a nation." The amount of crime and depravity in countries where the Bible was not universally read was contrasted with the state of society in Christian countries where the Bible was freely ci the state of society in Christian countries.
The contrast was in favor of the countries where the Bible was freely circulated, and the speaker held that no better thing could be done for man or for the nations of the earth then to give them the Book that had done so much for the Anglosaxon race. The progress of the Bible was next dealt with. It was being repeated into all the known languages. At the present rate of progress the speaker believed it would take just 226 years to give every person in this world a Bible. But he believed the good work would be greatly accelerated in the near future. He concluded his elequent address with an earnest appeal for the promulgation of the society. When the applance had died away after the preceding remarks, a solo was rendered by Miss Belle Brown, entitled "Not a Sparrow Falleth."

Rev. W. J. Clark then arose to second the resolution. He naid attention

Toronto, April 10.—At the council meeting to-night the proposition of the promoters of the Ontario smelting works project, that the city should aid the same as bono of \$75,000, came up for consideration, and after a heated debate was accepted by a vote of 13 to 10, subject to a vote of the people.

LUDINGTON, Mich., April 10.—Two probable murders occurred yesterday. Joe Clark, a tough character, who has been on a drunken spree for a week or ten days, called at the house of Geo. Tanner, about midnight Saturday night Mrs. Tanner, which resulted in Tanner's shooting Clark in the neck and Mrs. Tanner shooting him through the wrist. Tanner and his wife are both under arrest, and Clark will probably die.

William McKay, who lives on North James street, was at his son-in-law's farm a few miles out of town, and got in a querrel with Andrew Mall, who has charge of the farm. Finally, who has char

COMPARE

A careful comparison of our delicious Flavoring Extracts with the other extract offered for sale will convince any person that for strength, purity, delicate and natural flavor the extracts made by Cairneross & Lawrence, the chemists, are far superior Ladies of taste once having enjoyed the delicate flavor that is given to cakes, pud delicate flavor that is given to cakes, pud dings, creams, etc., by our Vanilla, Lemor delicate flavor that is given to cakes, pud dings, creams, etc., by our Vanilla, Lemon or Orange Extract, could not be induced to use any ether, Mrs. Ewing, at her cooking class in this city, used our Flavoring Extracts and Baking Fowder exclusively.

way, when it was remembered that i touched all the social ills that so blackes and spoil the life of man at the present day. The Bible would free man from the inhumanity that makes countless thousands mourn. In conclusion the speaker spoke in loyal and feeling words of the great mission of the English and Foreign Bible Society.

in loyal and feeling words of the great mission of the English and Foreign Bible Society.

The last, but by no means least, feature of the evening was the tendering of a vote of thanks to the venerable chairman, Dr. Sanderson. In doing so, Mr. Cameton not only complimented him on his ability as chairman, but wished to make public the important part that the doctor had taken in perfecting and bringing about the reconciliatory movement that had brought all the Christian chu, ches into harmony in supporting the society. If it had not been for the sincere desire on the part of the chairman to bring all the bodies together once more they would not have been in the harmonious position they were that night. Dr. Antliff in a few kind words, seconded the motion.

The doctor expressed himself as exceedingly obliged for the expression of feeling and doubly so for the very kind remarks that had been made by both mover and seconder. The best reward the speaker could wish for had been the harmonious and enthusiastic adoption of the several resolutions.

resolutions.

The doxology and the benediction brought the meeting to a close.

VARYING VIEWS

VARYING VIEWS

As to the Best Means of Advancing the Cause of Prohibition.

[Special to the Advertiser.]

Toronto, April 10.—At a meeting of prohibitionists held in the Legislature buildings last night, a divergence of opinion developed between the Dominion Alliance and the Women's Christian Temperance Union as opposed to the advanced prohibitionists, Royal Templars of Temperance and other temperance societies.

The first-named associations desire to take a plebiscite on the question, and the latter bodies favor Mr. Marter's bill in the Legislature for the abolition of liquorselling by retail.

Two motions were carried: One moved by F. S. Spence, appointing Messrs. Marter and Davis, members of the House, a committee to promote measures for the taking of a plebiscite; and the other (on motion of Rev. Bell) indorsing Mr. Marter's bill.

BURNED OUT.

BURNED OUT.

Early Morning Blaze at Sandwich—Other Confingrations.

Amherstburg, Ont., April 10.—The barn of John Graveline, Sandwich street, with farming implements, contents and two valuable horses were totally destroyed by fire early Sunday morning.

Shood in the London Mutual. Loss about \$1.000.

\$1,000.
St. Thomas, April 10.—Early this morning Mr. Albert Harris, Fingal, discovered that an unoccupied brick cottage in that village was on fire. Coal oil had been poured on the wood shed and set fire to. The house is owned by Mr. D. Gilbert, formerly of this city, now in British Columbia.

The house is owned by Mr. D. Gilber, formerly of this city, now in British Columbia.

WATERBURY, Conn., April 10.—The Lilly block was gutted by fire last evening. Loss, \$150,000; partly insured.

WORGESTER, Mass., April 10.—The Eagle woolen mills in Hubbardston were to a constant of the conference of St. Alban and St. Vincent streets was burned down late last night. Loss, \$40,000; insurance, \$25,000.



But how to do it most tholoughly and at the steepense of money, time and labor is the

Irast expense of money, time and lator of unquestion.

To induce every housekeeper during house. To induce every housekeeper during house. To induce every housekeeper during seaton to test the washing cleaning and labor-saving properties of cottam's Washing Compound we sell twenty Scent Washing Compound we sell twenty Scent Backage C. three 25cent tins Cottam's Backing Powder and one 25cent in Cottam's Mustard for \$2. These articles we guarantee good, and at regular price or no ale. To every purchaser

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