

JOHN HORSMAN, OF GUELPH, THE CELEBRATED HARDWARE IMPORTER

Is selling off his Immense Stock of over \$100,000 at prices which defy competition.

LOOK AT MY LIST OF PRICES:

Cut Nails \$3.25 per keg, T Hinges 6½c. per lb., Window Glass, ordinary size, \$2.20 per box, Putty 3½c.

IRON \$2.25 PER ONE HUNDRED LBS.
Sleigh Shoe Steel Four Cents per lb.

Spring Steel, 4 cents per lb., AXLES 1 inch \$2.25, 1½ inch \$2.25, 1¾ inch \$2.50. AXLES, half patent, 1 inch \$2.50, 1½ inch \$2.50, 1¾ inch \$2.75, Springs 10 cents per lb.
Borax 17 cents, Shot 8 cents per lb., Cow Chains 20 cents each. Horse Raps 14 in 37½c; Bellows, 30 in., \$12, 32 in. \$12.75, 34 in. \$13.60, 36 in. \$14.45, 38 in. \$18.70;
Cast Steel 16c; Mould Board Steel 5 cts; Coil Chain 5-16 6c per lb; 3-8 5½c. per lb., 7-16 5c per lb. Skein Boxes \$5 per set, 4 inch.

Coal Oil only Eleven cts. per Gallon
BY THE BARREL.

And all other Goods equally low, including Lamps, Glasses, Wicks, &c.
AND A LARGE LOT OF Cross-cut and Drag Saws.

Guelph, 8th February, 1868.

JOHN HORSMAN.

Guelph Evening Mercury

OFFICE:.....MACDONNELL STREET

MONDAY EV'NG, FEB. 24, 1868.

Mr Roebuck and his Constituents.

Mr Roebuck, better known as Tear 'em, has long represented Sheffield in Parliament; and, though he has frequently indulged in strange vagaries, he has always maintained the Englishman's privilege of speaking his mind in plain language. This independence he shows equally when speaking in Parliament or to his constituents, many of whom are connected with the worst kind of Trades' Unions. The following extract from the London Christian World will illustrate this point:—“He is a brave man, and he has given another proof of his courage and public spirit by standing up before a Sheffield audience and denouncing the injustice and oppression of some Trades' Unions. He dwelt particularly upon arbitrary limitation of the number of apprentices with a view to keeping up wages. In China, he said, the supply of labor is kept down by infanticide, in France by late marriages, and the means adopted by some Trades' Unions in England for the same purpose appeared to him equally cruel. The audience were by no means acquiescent, but Mr Roebuck maintained his point, and illustrated his remarks by the following telling story, for the truth of which he vouched, and of which the scene was Sheffield. A boy, ten years of age, lost both his parents, and was left in destitution. His uncle was desirous of providing for him, but being a poor man, he had no way of helping him except by teaching him his own trade. He had a boy of his own, and he apprenticed both his son and his nephew to himself. He was waited on by the officials of the Union, and told that, though they did not object to his having his son as an apprentice, his nephew was not the son of one who had been a member of the trade, and must be discharged from his indentures. ‘But the boy,’ said his uncle, ‘is the son of my brother, who is dead. The boy’s mother is also dead, and it is my duty to protect him, and provide for him means of getting his bread. I can do this only by teaching him my trade. I have not the means of putting him out elsewhere, and if I don’t teach him he must grow up in ignorance and idleness, and be a burden to himself and all connected with him.’ ‘We can’t help it,’ replied the authorities of the union, ‘it is against our rules.’ ‘And I,’ answered the uncle, ‘can’t help it. I will not treat my dead brother’s child thus cruelly; I will not desert him.’ ‘Then,’ said the inexorable officials, ‘we shall take all the hands out of Mr So-and-so’s shop until you comply with our demand and obey our rules.’ They were as good as their word. Mr Roebuck was hooted by the crowd, but the public opinion of England will recognize the manliness and patriotism of his conduct.”

The Report of the Fish and Game Protection Club of Canada discloses vast and wanton destruction of fish, especially salmon and trout, in the tributaries of the St. Lawrence, in defiance of the Fishery Laws. It is much to be hoped that the growing enlightenment of the public with reference to the aims of this association will be followed by an increasing desire to assist in the preservation of fish at particular seasons of the year. The construction of weirs and the placing of stake nets across the salmon rivers effectually prevents the passage of the young fish to the sea.

The Cable reports Count Bismarck to be seriously ill. The withdrawal of Bismarck from the administration of the North German Confederation would be a national loss to Germany. No statesman has as yet raised the hope that he can be as successfully as

The News from Spain.

A cable telegram from Madrid a few days ago, tells the old story of Spain, in which country one revolt is hardly smothered before another bursts into flame. This present disturbance is gathered around another member of that line in whose cause the Carlist war was waged—the line primarily of Spanish absolutism and legitimacy. Under the old Spanish law no woman could inherit, but as the father of the present Queen had no sons the law was conveniently changed that the daughter might come to the throne. Thereupon the King's brother, uncle of the present Queen—who but for this change in the law would have become King when her Majesty actually did become Queen—protested that his rights were invaded and raised his standard. He was Don Carlos, and was called Carlos V. He was driven out of Spain. His son kept up the claim as Carlos VI. Another son, Don Juan, was not less earnest in the family cause, and now we hear of Juan's son as Carlos VII. Such a revolt as would gather round the claim of these men to the throne would be of little consequence in any other country than Spain; but in Spain, where there is so much real reason why the people should never be quiet, one cannot tell what pitiful cause may lead to a disturbance that would end in the overthrow of the monarchy.

COPYRIGHT.—It is inferred from the outline that has been published of the International Copyright bill framed by Mr. Baldwin, that it aims to give to authors residing in foreign countries the same copyright privileges on publishing in the States as those countries accord to American authors publishing like works there; that works copyrighted in the States for foreign authors must be manufactured by American publishers; that these provisions do not interfere with the right to publish an original translation as an original work; and that foreign authors, in order to avail themselves of copyright in their works sold in America, must perfect their copyright here within three months after the original publication there.

THE FRENCH PRESS.—The sentences of the French editors recently condemned to fines of 1,000 francs, or six months imprisonment, for violating the new Press Law, illustrate in a startling manner the slavery in which journalism is still held under the empire. Their offense was merely that they published quotations from the debates in the Chambers, instead of reporting them in full. Imagine an American newspaper obliged either to omit the proceedings in Congress altogether, or accept the still more terrible alternative of converting itself into a Congressional Globe, and printing them all verbatim! We are not surprised, therefore, to be told by M. Pelletan, in a speech in the Corps Legislatif, that of the seventy political journals of Paris only three are prosperous and five more paying expenses.—*Tribune.*

ROYAL CIVILITY.—It is stated in the newspapers that the amiable Queen of England has sent a letter of condolence to Mrs. Charles Kean upon the death of her husband. If it be true, as sometimes asserted, that Victoria has by her persistent isolation since the death of the Prince Consort lost something of the affection of her subjects, she appears, by the publication of her husband's biography, and by several acts which in monarchial countries are considered condescending, to be desirous of assuring her subjects that there is no

New Advertisements.

Speed Lodge No. 180.



A N E M E R G E N C Y M E E T I N G of Speed Lodge No. 180 will be held in the Masonic Hall, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th inst., at half past seven o'clock. A full and punctual attendance is requested.

JOHN CRIDFORD, Secretary.

Guelph, Feb. 24, 1868.

Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds, Gold and Silver, and Exchange

BOUGHT at TORONTO RATES

Higbee's Exchange Office

WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH.

Guelph, Feb. 24, 1868.

A P P L E T O N ' S E D I T I O N OF THE WAVERLEY NOVELS,

NOW PUBLISHING

From new stereotype plates, uniform with the new edition of Dickens, containing all the notes of the Author, and printed from the latest edition of the authorized Text.

TO BE COMPLETED IN TWENTY-FIVE VOLS.

Printed on fine white paper, clear type, and convenient in size. Pronounced a “Miracle of cheapness.”

ORDER OF ISSUE.

1. Waverley
2. Ivanhoe
3. Kenilworth
4. Guy Raimond
5. Anthony
6. Rob Roy
7. Old Mortality
8. The Black Dwarf
9. A Legend of Montrose
10. Roderick Random
11. The Monastery
12. The Abbot
13. The Emancipator
14. The Two Rovers
15. The Two Admirals
16. The Two Captains
17. The Two Counts
18. The Two Dukes
19. The Two Princes
20. The Two Queens

On receipt of SIX DOLLARS we will send the entire set of Waverley Novels, as published, and a copy of a new steel-plate portrait of Sir Walter Scott, from a painting by Sir Thomas Lawrence, suitable for framing; the Books and Engraving to be sent free of postage to any part of the United States. Either of the above sent to any address on receipt of the price, 25 cents per volume.

On receipt of TEN DOLLARS a complete set of DICKENS (in uniform style) 17 volumes, and WAVERLEY, 25 volumes, will be sent post-paid. The cheapest \$10 worth to be found in the whole range of literature. Forty-two volumes for \$10.

Extraordinary opportunity for the million to purchase a set of Sir Walter Scott's most renowned Waverley Novels.

CLUB RATES.

One complete set, 25 vols. \$3. Five sets \$25.

Three complete sets, 25 vols. \$16. Ten sets, \$50.

Any person obtaining four subscribers for the Waverley Novels, and remitting us \$24, will be entitled to a set of Dickens, 17 vols. gratis. All mailed at our expense.

Any person obtaining eight subscribers, and remitting \$48, will receive a copy of the “Waverley Gallery,” containing 25 steel engravings of the principal characters in the Waverley Novels, bound in elegant numbers. Price \$15.

Conveyances wanted in every town in the States. A great opportunity is afforded to industrious men and women to make money as every man, woman and child will purchase the Waverley Novels at this low price.

For special rates, apply to the Publishers.

D. APPLETON & COMPANY, Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway, N.Y.

Feb. 24, 1868.

Exclusive Unreserved Auction Sale

OF

Thorough-bred & Grade STOCK,

Horse, Harness, Household Furniture, &c., at

Woodhill, the Residence of the late Hon.

A. J. Ferguson Blair, commencing on

Monday, 2nd March, 1868, at 11

o'clock, A.M.

Terms for Stock (which will be sold at 1 o'clock, P.M.) under \$100 cash, that amount and over, credit till 1st January, 1869, on approved Joint Notes, payable at Bank of Montreal, Guelph.

Catalogues of thorough-breds may be had at the law office of D. Guthrie, Esq., Guelph, or of G. D. Ferguson, Esq., Fergus.

For other particulars see posters, and consult G. W. R. line table. Woodhill is 2 and a half miles from Watford station, and 6 from Hamilton—a free conveyance will be in attendance at the former on the arrival

BRITISH AMERICAN COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

PUBLIC TESTIMONY.

(From Lyman & MacNab, Wholesale Hardware Merchants.)

Toronto, 12th September, 1866.

Messrs MURDOCK & WRIGHT.

B. A. Comm. College, Toronto.

DEAR SIR,—We have much pleasure in testifying to the order of training for commercial pursuits obtained by the young men educated at your College.

We have now in our employment one of your graduates, who, notwithstanding the fact that he never had any previous experience, has proved himself a most reliable, accurate and efficient book-keeper.

We may further state, that having had occasion to engage another office hand, we gave a decided preference to one of your graduates. In short, we have no hesitation in saying, that as far as our experience goes, your course of training is eminently adapted to make a thoroughly efficient office man.

Yours truly, LYMAN & MACNAB.

(From Morris & Taylor & Co., Wholesale Provision Dealers.)

Toronto, May 21, 1867.

Messrs MURDOCK & WRIGHT.

B. A. Comm. College, Toronto.

DEAR SIR,—We can eminently recommend your establishment to the business public, from which to select their book-keepers. The young man in our employ bears testimony to the efficient system taught in your College, and the accurate habits derived therefrom, and though different houses pursue different methods, yet the general principles, rules, and varieties of accounts are so thoroughly inculcated, by your system of tuition as to render the knowledge applicable to each new feature in each particular establishment.

Your efforts are worthy of every appreciation in forming a sound Commercial Emporium of the intelligent youth of Canada, and though occasionally students fail to become proficient, it can only be attributed to lack of ability on the student's part, and not to the incapacity of the tutor. We shall ever give and advise preference to your pupils for an office, and feel glad to thus attest our experience of the same.

We remain, Gentlemen, yours, &c., MORRISON, TAYLOR, & CO., Wholesale Provision Dealers.

For Circulars, Penmanship, Bank Notes, &c., address

MURDOCK & WRIGHT, Guelph, 4th Feb., 1868. (dx) Toronto.

FRENCH'S

Condition POWDER,

AND

HEAVE REMEDY.

FOR THE CURE OF

HEAVES

Thick and Broken Wind,

Coughs, Colds, Inflam-

mation of the Lungs,

And all Diseases which affect the wind of Horses.

It is the best medicine known for removing all Impurities of the Blood and producing a sleek and Glossy Coat, and they have a peculiarly good effect in cleansing the skin. As a Diuretic Medicine they will be found superior to any other Powder made. Prepared by

A. B. PETRIE

Chemist and Druggist, Apothecaries' Hall, Market Square, Guelph.

Guelph, 29th Jan., 1868. wd

PLATT & CO'S

WORLD RENOWNED

OYSTERS

Received daily by Express, Wholesale and Retail.

GEORGE WILKINSON.

Next door to Telegraph and Express Office.

Particular Attention

Is solicited to another lot of

DUNDAS COTTONS

At 10c., 11c. and 12c., superior to anything in the trade at the present time. OPENED TO-DAY.

Guelph, Feb. 13, 1868.

A. O. BUCHAM

IN STOCK & FOR SALE

Low PRICES.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

50 cases Martell's Old Brandy.

50 " Hennessy's do

50 " Otard Dupuy Brandy

50 " Ginger Wine.

Barrels of Malt, Old Rye and

Common Whiskey.

200 bushels of Dried Apples.

100 doz new green corn Brooms

Porto Rico Molasses, Standard,

Golden and Amber Syrups.

Coarse and Fine Liverpool Salt,

Oatmeal and Buckwheat Flour,

AT JOHN A. WOOD'S.

Guelph, Feb. 13th, 1868 dw

CASH. CASH. CASH!

Our reasons for adhering to the Cash System are:

1st—Systematic Credit has nothing to do with Goods purchased for our own Consumption.

2nd—The Cash System gives the rich no advantage over the poor.

3rd—It is wrong to charge profits to those who pay to balance the loss of those who don't pay.

4th—A large proportion cannot or will not pay when they agree to; feel no rose when asked to pay, cross to the other side of the street when they see their creditors coming, lose self-respect, feel and are demoralized.

5th—It is worth fifteen per cent. to collect small bills.

6th—It is wrong to indulge customers in lush-miserable economy.

7th—If you want to see the largest, best and cheapest stock of Boots and Shoes West of Montreal, call at the Montreal Boot and Shoe Store, Wyndham-st., Guelph.

Guelph, 18th Feb., 1868.

JOHN MCNEIL.

TOWN OF GUELPH.

WATER TANKS!

TENDERS will be received until the evening of

TUESDAY, 3rd day of MARCH,

for the construction and completion of Four or more Water Tanks, in accordance with specifications which may be seen at this office.

By order, JAMES HOGG, Town-Clerk.

Guelph, 19th February, 1868. dw

\$20. STAR \$100.

SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.

Patented May, 1867.

THE Star Shuttle Sewing Machine makes a stitch alike on both sides of material sewed, which will not rip or ravel. Does all kinds of work equally as well as Singer's high-priced machine. Combines simplicity with durability, and is warranted for five years. It is suited alike for the dressmaker, tailor, manufacturer or family.—Mr. J. STAFFORD having been appointed General Agent for Ontario, wishes to engage a few good local and travelling agents, to whom good inducements will be offered. For machine, sample of work, or terms, address

J. E. SPAFFORD,

Ponsonby P. O., Reference—Rev. E. A. Healy, Stratford P. O.

Home-made CLOTH!

And trim it CHEAPER than can be done at any other Establishment in Town.

All Work carefully finished, and at Moderate Rates.

Guelph, Feb. 21, 1868. W. M. MITCHELL, wmm-dew

REMOVAL.

Mrs HUNTER

HAS REMOVED

HER Berlin Wool and Fancy Goods Store to the premises lately occupied by

MR. JAS. CORMACK

Wyndham Street, next door to Harvey's Drug Store, and opposite the English Church.

Guelph, Feb. 16, 1868. d tr

Wool, Hide and Leather

DEPOT,

No. 4, Day's Old Block, Gordon Street.