

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The streets are sloppy. Spring clothes have been laid by. Dont fail to secure a ticket for the Military concert tonight.

One thousand persons have lately perished by an earthquake in Northern Persia. We have received a bundle of "North West" papers from Mr. Thos. Dowling, late of this city.

ERATA.—The forty hours devotion in St. Dunstan's Church commences on Friday a. m., not on Friday p. m.

Mr. Moran has a box of rosy and luscious Miramichi trout. Just a hint to boarding masters. Of course nothing in view.

It is miraculous that we hear of no one being killed with the falling of those massive icicles within this week. There should be a law to have them knocked down.

Some of the local correspondents have been transmitting to the papers a rumour that His Honor, the Speaker is to give a ball on Easter Monday. Quite likely His Honor will give this ball.

The body of Mr. Fred Barker was found yesterday in Sussex river. It will be remembered deceased had been missed mysteriously from the down Sussex train.

It seems to us Mr. Morton appeared to disadvantage in failing to point out the clashing opinions of Mr. Elder, as he had charged, when Mr. Elder requested him to do so.

MR. BARBARIE'S PROTEGES.—Two or three flocks of wild geese have been observed flying northward over the city. The cause of their haste north must be in consequence of the passage of Mr. Barbarie's Bill.

A theological professorship in connection with the Anglican cathedral at Fredericton, N. B. is about to be established by the Society for promoting Christian knowledge.—Toronto Mail.

We have not heard it stated who the professor is to be.

ABOVE REPROACH.—Some people might think, from the tone of an article in the Star Monday, that we had little faith in any of the Normal School teachers. This is not so. We know of teachers there, male and female, who could not be induced to do anything meriting the slightest reproach in their public capacity.

DANGEROUS BOYS.—We should just recommend our store keepers to keep the back entrance to their stores securely fastened, and to parents to keep in their unruly boys after night. Mr. Moran tells us that a few nights ago several unruly lads entered his store, in rear and took inventory on a number of empty flour barrels, which they sold. He does not wish to prosecute.

NEW BUILDING.—The stately and handsome new building of Mr. Owen Sharkey is being rapidly finished, painted, &c. This building will to our mind be the finest in the city, the Normal School and City Hall excepted. A good view of it is obtained from the field in front, when it presents an imposing appearance. It speaks volumes for the enterprise of Mr. Sharkey, and we wish him the fullest success in resuming his business.

CONVICTED.—Fred Russell has been sentenced to 9 months and 2 weeks' jail; Ernest Atherton to 3 months' jail. Atherton is the son of one George F. Atherton, an up-town grocer, who two years ago opposed the appointment of a person without blemish on his character to a public position on the ground "We want people of good character for such positions." Charity begins at home.

NOT A MURDERER.—We are glad to day to inform our readers that, as we much suspected, the story that the Maine murderer and the mysterious individual found in a deserted house in the rear of the city were one, has no foundation in fact.—was one of the ordinary newspaper sensations. The mysterious stranger may now be found at his home in Rushoguish with a very sore leg and no more connected with the murder than the newspaper writer that first set the scandal on the wing.

The Stillwater Lawbreaker says:— "When a boy walks with a girl as though he were afraid some one would see him the girl is his sister. If he walks so close to her as to nearly crowd her against the fence she is the sister of some one else."

There is but too much truth in the first sentence of this extract. Why should not the same gallantry, if you call it that, extend to the sister that is bestowed on her who is not the sister? We have seen clod-hoppers who would scarcely recognize their sister, and think it a kind of etiquette to talk gruffly to her.

ERATA.—It is almost impossible to get an article or paragraph before the public just as one writes it. Few newspapers you take up in which you do not find here and there very absurd mistakes. This is not the fault of any one particularly. The writer may not have a very keen eye, or the printer in correcting the proof may be a little needless. In the last issue of the Star a distinct volcano read "external volcano," an absurdity, vis habitus appeared as "vis habitatis" and some unap-

countable errors such as feast of the Immaculate conception for feast of the Annunciation, &c.

BLUE CLUB.—We had supposed that the first results of regeneration would manifest themselves in every one paying his assumed liabilities. Temperance which, if we understand it rightly, means sincerity, would demand of all those who profess it, to practice it; that it may not come a term of reproach to those who do not believe in it. There are, we have been told, several bills maturing in connection with this season, which like all fruit not acclimated to the country are likely to rot, unless attended to in due time. Let the bills be paid and the reputation of honest men be saved from the impending ruin.

Great was Diana of the Ephesians, but the silver is gone or there are no silver suits and Diana must like every thing human, fail.

Our Wisdom.

We are simply being sold every day with our eyes open. We are, we imagine, awfully wise, and can see through all creation. When we went into confederation, we saw the whole thing as clear as mud. Go in, go in, said the political sages, who wanted only to live on our vitals. You can enjoy your otium cum dignitate for the rest of your life. You can have a clear stage and New Brunswick can beat all creation. We swallowed the bait, and here we are with the hook in our mouth, and we can't get it out. "Eius coronat opus." We were led to believe, that were our counties incorporated, and municipal corporation established, much of our petty legislation would be curtailed. It seems, however, to be becoming worse every day, rather than better. We shall have, in the near future, if things progress as they seem to do, a session more prolonged than the Long Parliament of England.

What is the fact? Look at our balls, and entertainments at Ottawa, and in New Brunswick; none but our officials and men living on Government snuff and their ladies can afford to dress in the gorgeous style of the day, and appear a la mode. Look at our skating rinks and other amusements for the young; none can appear in the paraphernalia of princes and nobles of by-gone days, but the children of those men who have wormed themselves into all the offices of the country by every indirection.

If the last straw break the camel's back, all we want is a few more offices, and an improved bankrupt law, to make a few more gentlemen, and then New Brunswick will be perfect.

NEW BRUNSWICK LEGISLATURE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

TUESDAY, 25

After routine Coler moved the House into committee on the Bill to assess Island Land. After an explanation by the honorable member and a short discussion the Bill passed. Wedderburn moved the House into committee on a Bill relating to levying, &c., of rates and taxes. The mover explained, and after some discussion the Bill passed. Gillespie was granted leave of absence yesterday. Attorney General moved the House into committee to further consider the Bill providing for the division of the Parish of Canterbury. The Bill passed. A message from the Legislative Council was read agreeing to the Supreme Court Bill.

Coler moved the House into committee to consider a Bill amending chap. 4, con. stat., relating to the election of members for General Assembly in York.

The Bill provides that the Warden, instead of the Sheriff, shall revise the non-resident voters list. Progress was reported. Butler's resolution making enquiries into certain treason matters, which were none of his business.

The Secretary said the Government did not feel itself bound to answer his questions. Thompson's resolution asked for the expenses of a delegation to Ottawa. Mr. Secretary said no such delegation had gone to Ottawa.

Ricnie moved the House into committee on a Bill to amend an act relating to the rates and taxes, touching mines and minerals. Progress was reported; after which Mr. Ritchie moved the bill be referred to a committee. It was then referred to the mining committee. House took recess till 2.30.

AFTERNOON.

Marshall re-committed a Bill to consolidate and amend a certain act relating to the Protestant Orphan Asylum at St. John.

The bill was carried. Sayre re-committed his Bill on the German Town Lake matter, asking for the legalization of the assessment of certain Councilors in that parish.

Hannington gave his opposition to the Bill in a very lengthy and forcible plea. The assessment made by these Councilors had been declared by the courts to be illegal, and therefore, was quashed. Would it be a creditable position for this legislature to set aside the decision of the court and declare by enactment an act to be legal which our highest tribunal of justice had declared to be illegal. His argument was very lengthy and full of fire and point.

Black thought a close examination of this case would reveal to Hon. members what stand they should take on this matter. [The Hon. gentleman went into a lengthy review of the case,

and showed a creditable familiarity with the subject.] He strongly recommended the passage of the bill.

Fraser thought the house should move with caution in this matter, inasmuch as it interfered with private interests. He granted it would be in the interests of peace in this neighborhood to pass the bill, but there was something behind this.

Objection has been made to the fact that Mr. Keever nor Mr. Turner had not had opportunities to defend their cause. But he showed how sufficient notice had been given Mr. Keever, and Mr. Turner had fought the matter out. He did not favor the bill.

Sayre thought his honorable friend the Attorney General had not looked closely into the question or he should not have been so regarded the whole matter as to oppose the bill. [He reviewed the matter at full length, and strongly favored the passage of the bill.]

Elder said it was a rule, in dramatic art, that a character should not be brought upon the stage without a necessity. Why should this case be brought into the House when the question was yet pending in the Supreme Court when the members are entirely ignorant of what the decision here might be. He thought, therefore, it was an undignified measure to bring before the House.

As an professional man, however, he thought Mr. Turner had not been properly notified, and he was excellently advised to have taken no cognizance of a notice not a proper one to be in the court. He hoped and trusted that the bill would be rejected.

Landry said he agreed with the observations of the hon. gentleman who had just sat down; and for his part would oppose, as he had always opposed, any legislation having a retrospective effect; or legislation interfering with privileges and rights vested in private individuals. He would, therefore, give his opposition to the bill.

Progress was reported and the House adjourned till yesterday at 10.30. [Mr. White stated that this was the most important question he had ever seen in this legislature, and desired to speak on it.]

Hutchinson introduced a bill to amend the Constitution of the Legislative Council.—[Their physical constitution probably.]

WEDNESDAY, a. m.

Hutchinson introduced a Bill to vest the appointment of Alms House Commissioners for Northumberland in the hands of the County Council. The House divided and 18 declared against, 10 for it.

Marshall gave notice of motion for all papers relating to the extradition of Mrs. Warren.

Landry laid on the table, accounts of great road money expended in King's, in answer to Butler's enquiry.

Kenny introduced a Bill to amend Chap. 4, Consolidated Statutes, relating to the revision of electoral lists.

Elder gave notice of enquiry respecting the holding of a Provincial Exhibition; whether such would be held within the next two years; if so, would it be held in St. John.

Sayre re-committed his Bill on the German Town Lake matter, and again a warm discussion ensued pro and con. Mr. Morton charged Mr. Hannington with special pleading against the bill, and seemed like his hired advocates; also charged Mr. Elder with having expressed two conflicting opinions touching the same point. The vote was put and stood 9 against, 13 for the Bill.

Mr. Elder arose and said the Hon. member from King's had charged him with expressing an opinion differing from a former one having heard the Attorney General's views on the matter.

Morton.—I did not mean this, but I did mean that the Hon. gentleman expressed two conflicting opinions touching a point involved.

Elder.—Then if I have, I ask the Hon. gentleman to point them out, to show the clashing. Mr. Morton did not point them out. In reply to Gillespie's motion for enquiry touching the Kent Northern Railroad Mr. Secretary said that in 1876 the Kent Northern Railroad Company had been informed by the Government that they would be prepared to enter into contract with them to complete the line upon the company giving sufficient securities of its ability to finish it; the Government, therefore, will cry out on this promise subject to the same conditions.

AFTERNOON.

Marshall moved the House into Committee to incorporate the St. John Club. After some discussion progress was reported and leave asked to sit again.

MR. WEDDERBURN'S Financial Statement.

Wedderburn rose after announcement made by the Clerk, and said he thought it well that the House and the Province should know how our trade and business stood. We are all aware that a wave of depression has passed over the commercial world, visiting New Brunswick on its way. This wave has so pressed upon our trades that one and all have felt its effects. Enterprises have been shattered, others paralyzed; so has this calamity afflicted all that the Minister of Finance has been obliged to raise a tax to make amends for the depletion resulting from the depression of trade. He reviewed at some length the increasing deficit in our Dominion culminating in a deficit of \$4,836,700 finances. But this depression is not confined to the Dominion alone.

Ontario now has a deficit of over \$2,000,000; Nova Scotia has a deficit of \$28,000. He was not able to understand why the fiscal year in New Brunswick should end the 31st day of October.

He did not stop here to enquire whether or not this Government was a continuation of the old Government or not, so his comparison of the old with the new Government would not be amiss. The first act of the new so called Government, was to ascertain exactly what the liabilities of the province were. There were some old accounts extending as far back as 1872; they found the system of acceptances in vogue, while paper was floating about the province instead of the Government paying its indebtedness.

Notwithstanding the depression of the times, the old bills paid off, they had a surplus of nearly \$5,000. He had to say that no matter how he might feel towards one Dominion party or another he had to concur in the act of the Dominion Government, who with one stroke of the pen wiped out the annual sum of \$63,000 due this province under the terms of confederation.

Now, if honorable gentlemen would turn to the Receipts and Expenditures of the Province for 1878 they would find that the total estimates amount to \$3,222,000, and the receipts \$2,813,777. The expenditure for the year 1878, as compared with the estimate, was \$40,874.77. For 1879 the estimates were \$3,939,831.49; the estimated receipts in excess amounting to \$1,310,111.

[The hon. gentleman here went on to explain the different amounts in the different departments, touching the matter of education the hon. gentleman said:] The Government had to say that the amount of money expended on education was very large indeed; and it was the intention of the Government to take the whole financial part of the educational system under consideration, to see if the expenditure could not be reduced without impairing the efficiency of the system.

Referring to the Government debentures the hon. gentleman said:— He would just remark that he was pleased to announce that the last debentures of the Government were so far from a 10 per cent higher than they had ever brought before. He then explained the different debentures and credits.

With reference to the \$25,000 grant in aid of the sufferers in the St. John fire. Some unfair references had been made to this matter. The Government felt it to be their duty to contribute to this fund, not perhaps for immediate wants but for contingencies that would arise out of the calamity; the sustenance of a relief society. A movement arose in St. John to apportion the sum of \$25,000 in aid of the fire sufferers to the miscellaneous paper fund. The Government was then granted that it had stayed its hand from handing over this amount to the relief fund.

The amount granted by the Government had been placed in the People's Bank, subject to appropriation by said relief society. There was now a movement on foot to which he would give his earnest consideration, viz: the appropriation with the approval of the St. John local authorities, towards setting up our own funds and thereby not for a day but for all time bettering the position of the sufferers by the St. John fire.

He said he would call attention to the assets of the Province. At the close of the fiscal year we started with \$10,000. The casual and territorial revenue of \$100,000 comes in all over the year. The balance in hand and certain pending claims among which is the portion of the Washington Treaty, &c; is what the Government will have to work with. He desired to show the position of the Province, Jan. 31, 1879: County schools amounts, \$2,287,5 bonds due by Messrs. Botsford & Lney; totals from School Boards \$16,740.33; Board of Agriculture, \$3,054; the total amount of assets reaching \$66,513.

But some hon. gentlemen would perhaps charge the Government with extravagance in its expenditure for the year. He would take a retrospective glance at the expenditures. In 1868 the expenditure was \$658,531; in 1869 \$584,249; in 1875 \$679,814; in 1876 \$587,324; in 1877 \$553,251, and in 1878 \$640,814. In the year 1875 the expenditure exceeded that of 1878 by \$38,000. He would take a year of minimum expenditure, 1877, and compare it with 1878, with heavy burthens now thrown upon our shoulders. The expenditure of the former was \$449,900. He then compared the expenses of 1878. For 1871 on agricultural \$10,000 was expended; in 1878 \$24,180 on do. In 1871 the educational department cost \$122,840; in 1878 it cost \$443,566. In 1871 it cost nothing for school houses; in 1879 it cost \$3,205. In 1871 it cost over \$7,000. Thus it could be shown that in years gone by, with lesser burthens to bear than now, the expenditure was much greater than at present.

Looking to the future the Government, if left with this balance in hand, they will be able to carry on under the estimates the business of the country without further taxation. They will be justified in making this promise to the people. There was a matter before closing to which he should give attention.

There is a large claim against the Province; some \$22,000 he emphasized the word "claim"; and he said he did not know. He would read the papers received from the Dominion Government. He read a letter from the Secretary at Ottawa, holding New Brunswick indebted in the amount above named for a license on timber cut on disputed territory during a time the provincial boundaries were undetermined. On this matter the Quebec and Ontario Governments have an agreement, and very kindly declare on the matter without troubling New Brunswick at all. This matter arose in the year 1844. New Brunswick exercises its right held possession of this disputed territory. But after the confederation of the provinces the Dominion Government, (The hon. gentleman explained in detail the action taken on the matter and concluded by holding that it was not a claim which our Government would acknowledge.) In some parties had said it was a matter of honor and right and the Government should pay it. Was not the Government

the custodian and the guardian of the people's rights and this view was not its obligation just as those between man and man? But there was another matter, serious to him, and serious to the Government, inasmuch as it was an interference by the Dominion Government into what was the business of the province. He read a claim of \$25,000 which the Dominion Government undertook to declare upon the Hon. Government from Messrs. Dawson and Clarke on behalf of his province. The hon. gen. came out with a great respect for the house at Ottawa he thought they might leave purely provincial matters in the hands of the provincial Government, especially matters with which the Government was not least fully able to deal. [It was in this case that the hon. gentleman after speaking clearly, logically and with much animation for nearly two hours, said he would conclude tomorrow.] The debate adjourned till to-day at 3 p. m., and the house till 10 a. m.

LOST.

A Sable Hulf with Seal trimmings. The rider will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at the Barker House. From March 27, 28.

NOTICE.

ALL who are indebted to the subscriber for over six months, either by note or account, will please settle immediately and save cost. OWEN SHARKEY, Fredericton, Feb. 11.

TO THE WEST!

SPECIAL reduced Tickets now offered to Emigrants for Manitoba, via the Intercolonial Railway, also by Lake Shore, Erie, Canada Southern, and the Great Northern, (always going West). A full line of through coupon Tickets to all principal places in the United States and Canada. For sale at JOHN RICHARDS, Fredericton, March 3, 1878.

TO BE RENTED.

THREE STORES now being finished in the subscribers Building, Possession given on or before the first day of May next. OWEN SHARKEY, Fredericton, Feb. 4—11

TO LET.

THAT handsome and commodious new house on the corner King and York Streets, now occupied by Mrs. P. Edward, suitable for Boarding House. Possession given 1st May. Apply to J. EDMOND E. & SONS, 11th Feb. 1878—11.

JOHN C. FERGUSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, NO. 30 SOUTH MARKET WHARF, St. John, N. B. Wholesale Grocer and Dealer in Flour, Dry and Pickled Fish, Provisions, Keese Oils, and Ships' stores.

Agent for the sale of Western Canadian Flour, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

GROCERIES

GROCERIES. 10 BBLs Herring, 5 Half Bbls, Shad, 50 Smoked Hams and Shoulders, 50 Smoked Cods, 700 Lbs. Cheese. For sale low by BENJAMIN EVANS, Opp. County Court House, March 13.

TO BE RENTED.

THE store at present occupied by EDWIN STORRY. Possession given on the first of May next. Apply to P. McPEAKE, Feb. 11th 1878.

AGENTS, READ THEM

We will pay Agents a salary of \$100 per month and expenses, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful invention. We mean what we say. Sample free. Address: S. S. B. & Co., Montreal, Meb.

CHRISTMAS 1878.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE A CHRISTMAS PRESENT CALL AT LEMONT'S VARIETY STORE AND YOU WILL FIND THERE Pianos, & Organs, Chamber Sets & Parlour Suites, Fancy Chairs in many varieties, Chromos & Fancy Photographs, The largest assortment of Fancy in China Cups, Saucers & Mugs ever displayed in the city, Toilet Sets, Childrens Tea Sets & Dinner Sets, Writing Desks, Photog. app. Apparatus, Purse, & a very fine lot of Ladies Satinets, Lin Toys, Portfolios, Games & puzzles, 3000 Books in French, English, Russian, Wood, & Wood in about 150 different patterns, Blemish Goods. A very fine line in Vases, Flower Sets, Card Receivers, Flower Tubes, &c. &c.

Many of these goods have been personally selected by Mr. William Lemont in the markets of Europe and bought at the lowest prices, enabling us to sell them at prices to suit the times. The cheapest and best place to buy Goods. LEMONT & SONS, P. O. Dec 18.

10 Bales GRAIN BAGS

For Sale Low by the Bale. P. McPEAKE

New Advertisements. And this space is reserved for T. G. O'CONNOR, IMPORTER OF BRITISH AND FOREIGN MERCHANDISE, English Hats, Moscow Beavers, Elysian Naps, Scotch Tweeds, Worsted-Coatings, Heavy Sateenings, Meltons, &c. &c. Plain and Diagonal Overcoatings, Superior Broadcloths, Cassimers, Doakins, Oxford and Harvey Homespuns, Flannels, &c. Men and Boys Clothing and OUTFITTING GOODS. Men and Boys Overcoats, Roofers, Ulsters, Heavy Tweed Suits, W. P. Coats, Crimean Flannels and Dress Shirts, Linen and Paper Collars, Cuffs, Silk Scarfs, &c. Lams Wool an' Morino Underclothing, Gents' Half-Hose Kid lined and Cloth Gloves, Braces, Hard and Soft American Felt Hats, &c. Men and Boy's Stylish Clothing, Made to order, under the supervision of a "First Class Cutter."

Wholesale and Retail. T. G. O'CONNOR, 127 NEW BELLER BARKER HOUSE HOTEL. Fredericton, November 13, 1878.—11

FUR AND FELT HAT. COYS BLOCK, QUEEN STREET, Fredericton. AMONG MR. WHELPLEY'S Stock are CHOICE SAUSAGES, Fish and Poultry, CANNED MEATS, &c. Here, during EXHIBITION WEEK and at all times, the HUNGRY OR THE DELICATE can get their fill.

WHELPLEY'S GROCERY STORE. COYS BLOCK, QUEEN STREET, Fredericton. A DOUBLE FLY STORY Solid Brick Building, thoroughly finished throughout with Burn and Umbrellas complete, is offered at an extremely low price of \$2,000 to close an Estate. The building is situated on East side of King Street, opposite the Madras School House and originally cost over \$4,000 to construct. The property sold right and a decided bargain. Apply to G. G. HUNT, Druggist, Queen Street.

SOZODONT, FOR THE TEETH. GEO. H. DAVIS, Drug Store, cor. Queen & Regent Sts. From Oct. 31—w

This space is reserved for H. A. Cropley, Esq. The best Bargain in Real Estate in this City.

IRON! IRON! DAILY EXPECTED PER SCHOONER. "RANGOLA," 700 Bars American Refined Iron, 200 Bundles " " Which will be sold as low as ANY in this City. JAS. S. NEILL, J. S. N.

Horse Nails, MONTREAL. 60 Boxes Monney's Polished and Finished Horse Nails. For sale low by JAMES S. NEILL, QUEEN STREET.

THE PERMISSIVE BILL. The subscriber has now in stock, the following goods which he will sell cheap for cash, viz: 8 Hhds. Dark and Pale Brandy, very old, (in bond.) 2 Hhds. and to Quarter Casks, Gin, (in bond.) 12 Quarter Casks Irish and Scotch Whiskey, (in bond.) 3 Hhds. and 2 Barrels W. F. L. Old Rye Whiskey. 3 Barrels "Gooderham & Worts" and Walkers Old Rye Whiskey. 3 Barrels Loubon Whiskey. 60 Cases Brandy, "Hennessy" "Martel" and other brands. 55 Cases Irish and Scotch Whiskey, "Kirkleton," "Glenlivet," "Blacklock Lake," "Loch Katrine," "Domville," "Wards" and other Brands.

Now in Stock, and for sale at Bottom prices. 25 TONS of American Iron, 2 tons Sheet Steel, 1 ton Sligh Shoe Steel, 4 wt. Axe Steel (Firth's), 1 ton Octagon and Square Steel, 1 ton Peave Steel, 75 boxes Monney's Celebrated Horse Nails, 20 kegs Horse Shoes, 10 " Snow Ball Horse Shoes, 60 " Baxx, 2 M Sligh Shoe Bolts, 1 " Screw Bolts, 6 " Fire Bolts, 4 pairs Bellows, 2 Anvils, 4 Smith Vices, 20 kegs Nuts and Washers, 1 Portable Forge, 6 doz. Horse Shoe Rasps, 25 " Files, assorted, 2 " Farriers' Knives, no 4, 1878 JAMES S. NEILL

NOTICE TO BLACKSMITHS! The subscriber has now in stock, the following goods which he will sell cheap for cash, viz: 8 Hhds. Dark and Pale Brandy, very old, (in bond.) 2 Hhds. and to Quarter Casks, Gin, (in bond.) 12 Quarter Casks Irish and Scotch Whiskey, (in bond.) 3 Hhds. and 2 Barrels W. F. L. Old Rye Whiskey. 3 Barrels "Gooderham & Worts" and Walkers Old Rye Whiskey. 3 Barrels Loubon Whiskey. 60 Cases Brandy, "Hennessy" "Martel" and other brands. 55 Cases Irish and Scotch Whiskey, "Kirkleton," "Glenlivet," "Blacklock Lake," "Loch Katrine," "Domville," "Wards" and other Brands.

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