# THE VICAR'S GOVERNESS.

With downcast eyes and bowed head the stands, thinking sadly how much too old he is for new cares and fresh aces. Reginald had been all the world to him: the new man is as nothing. Counting friendships as of ittle worth unless years have gone to rove their depth and sincerity, he feels to leaning toward the present possessor, knows him too short a time to like or dislike, to praise or blame.

Now, as his eyes wander down the ong table, to where he can see the mpty chair of him who rests with uch unearthly tranquility in the significant chamber above, the thought of how on a comparative stranger will fill it auses him a bitter pang. And, as he of muses, the door opens, and they all ome in,—Sartoris first, with Clarissa, ale, and quiet; the brothers—so like, et so unlike—following.

Old Simon, rousing himself, watches ith jealous eye to see the place so too old he is for new cares and fresh world to him: the new man is as little worth unless years have gone to prove their depth and sincerity, he feels no leaning toward the present possessor,

-knows him too short a time to like or dislike, to praise or blame.

long table, to where he can see the empty chair of him who rests with such unearthly tranquility in the silent chamber above, the thought of how soon a comparative stranger will fill it causes him a bitter pang. And, as he so muses, the door opens, and they all come in,-Sartoris first, with Clarissa, pals, and quiet; the brothers-so like, yet so unlike-following.

Old Simon, rousing himself, watches with jealous eye to see the place so long occupied by Reginald usurped by another. But he watches in vain. Sartoris, without so much as a glance in its direction, takes the chair at the lower end of the table; and the others, following his lead, seat themselves at

the sides without comment of any kind;

bower and of the table; and the others, following his lasd, seat themselves at the states with the others, following his lasd, seat themselves at the states with the states without comment of any the states with the states without comment of any the states with a state of the states and the states are states and the spirit. States are states are spirit states are states and the spirit states. The spirit states are states are states and the spirit states are states and the spirit states. The spirit states are states and the spirit states are sta

In good-by, and botal tolows hall cutside.

"How changed he is!" she says, turning suddenly to him, and indicating by a little backward motion of her head toward the room she had just left, the person of whom she speaks. "How altered!—Arthur, I mean. Not now, not by this grief; it isn't that: his minner, to me especially, has been altogether different for a fortnight past. Ever since that last picnic at Anadale—you remember it—he has not been quite the same to me."

"Let me see; that, I think, was the evening you and Horace drove home alone together, with that rather uncertain brown mare, was it not?" says Dorian, with no apparent meaning in his tone. "My drar child, I dare say you are mistaken about Arthur. Your imagination is leading you astray."

"No, it is not. I am the least imaginative person alive," says Miss Peyton, with an emphatic shake of her pretty head. "I can't bear that sort of people myself; they are always seeing something that isn't there, and are generally very tiresome all around. I'm rather vexed about Arthur, do you know?"

generally very tiresome all around. I'm rather vexed about Arthur, do you

know?"

"Don't mind him," says Branscombe, easily. "He'll come all right in time. He is a peculiar fellow in many ways, and when he sets his heart on any hobby, rides it to the death."

"Has he a hobby now?"

"Yes. He has just formed, and is now trying to work out, a gigantic scheme, and cuts up a little rough every now and then because all the world won't see it in the light that he dogs."

doet."
Poor man!" says Clarissa, sympathetically. "No wonder he seems strange at times: It is so depressing

ing slowly, but warmly, "I think you might find some other subject to jest on."

"I never made a joke in my life; I hope I never shall," returns Branscombe, repreachfully. "What have I done, that you should accuse me of such a crime? I have only spoken the plain, unvarnished truth. To see you my wife is the dream of Arthur's life, his sole ambition. And just now, you know, you said you were quite prepared to do anything for him. You can't, with any sense of honor, back out of your given word."

"I never heard anything so absurd, so foolish, so nonsensical!" says Miss Peyton, resentfully.

"Nonsensical! My dear Clarissa! pray consider my—"

"It is more! it is right down stupid of him," says Clarissa, who plainly declines to consider any one's feelings.

"You needn't pile up my agony any higher," interposes Bransombe, meekly. "To my everlasting regret I acknowledge myself utterly unworthy of you. But why tell me in such round terms? I assure you I feel excessively hurt and offended. Am I to understand, then, that you have refused "You shall understand something"

cipally upon religious grounds, will arise.

These can scarcely be avoided, as one half of the parish trips lightly after Mc. Redmond, the vicar (who has a subdued passion for wax candles, and a craving for floral decorations), and looks with scorn upon the other half, as, with solemn step and slow, it descends the high hill that leads, each Sabbath, to the 'Methody' Chapel beneath.

It never grows older, this village, and never younger; is seldom cast down or elated, surprised or demonstrative about anything. In a quaint, sleepy fashion, it has its dissipations, and acknowledges its festive seasons,—such as Christmas-tide, when all the shops burst into a general bloom of colored cards, and February, when valentines adorn every pane. It has also its fair days, when fat cattle and lean sugarsticks seem to be everywhere.

A marriage is reckoned an event, and causes some gossip: a birth does not,—possibly because of the fact that it is a weekly occurrence. Indeed, the babies in Pullingham are a "joy forever." They have their season all the year round, and never by any chance "go out;" though I have heard people foolishly liken them to flowers. They grow and thrive and blossom all over the place, which no doubt is greatly to the credit of the inhabitants. Occasionally, too, some one is good enough to cause a little pleasurable excitement by dying, but very seldom, as the place is fatally healthy, and people live here until they become a social nuisance and almost wish themselves dead. There is, I believe, some legend belonging to the country, about an old woman who had to be shot, so aggressively old did she become; but this is obscure.

About two miles from the town one comes to Sartoris, the residence of Dorian Branscombe, which runs in a line with the lands of Scrope Royal, the property of Sir James Scrope.

man of thirty-two, with a calm, expressive face, kindly eyes, and a somewhat lanky figure. He has a heart of gold, a fine estate, and—a step-sister.

Miss Jemima Scrope is not as nice as she might be. She has a face as hard as her manners, and, though considerably over forty, is neither fat nor fair. She has a perfect talent for making herself obnoxious to all unhappy enough to come within her reach, a temper like "Kate the Curst," and a nose like the Duke of Wellington.

Somewhere to the left, on a hill, as high and pompous as itself, stands the castle, where three months out of the twelve the Duke and Duchess of Spendleton, and some of their family, put in a dreary time. They give two balls, one fancy buzaar, a private concert, and three gardenparties—neither more nor less—every year. Nobody likes them very much, for just the same reason. The castle is beautifully situated, and sic correct in every detail. There are Queen Anne rooms, and Gothic apartments, and Elizabethan anterooms, and staircases of the most vague. There are secret passages, and panels, and sliding doors, and trap doors, and, in fact, every sort of door you could mention, and all other abominations. Artists revel in it, and grow frenzied with joy over its impossibilities, and almost every year some room is painted from it and sent to the Academy. But outside lies its chief beauty, for there are the swelling woods, and the glimpse of the far-off ocean as it gleams, now green, now steel-blue, beneath the rays of the setting sun. And beyond it is Gowran, where Clarissa lives with her father, George Peyton.

Clarissa is all that is charming. She is tender, too, and true, and very earnest,—perhaps a degree too earnest, too intense, for every day life. Her eyes, "twin star of beauty," are deep and

Across the lawn the shadows move slowly, and with a vague grace that adds to their charm. The birds are drowsy from the heat, and sitting half hidden in the green branches, chant their songs in somewhat lazy fashion. All nature succumbed to the fierce power of Phoebus Apollo.

The morn is merry June, I trow; The rose is budding fain."

"The morn is merry June, I trow;
The rose is budding fain."

Each flower in the sunlit garden is holding up its head, and breathing fragrant sighs as the hours slip by, unheeded, yet full of a vague delight. Miss Peyton, in her white gown, and with some soft rich roses lying on her lap, is leaning back on a low chair in the deep embrasure of the window, making a poor attempt at working. Her father, with a pencil in his hand, and some huge volumes spread out before him, is making a few desultory notes. Into the library—the coziest, if not the handsomest, room at Gowran—the hot sun is rushing, dancing lightly over statuottes and pictures, and lingering with pardonable delay upon Clarissa's bowed head.

"Who is this coming up the avenue?" she says, presently, in slow, sleepy tones, that suit the day. "It is—no, it isn't—and yet it is—it must be James Scrope!"

"I dare say. He was to have returned yesterday. He would come here

it isn't—and yet it is—it must be James Scrope!"

"I dare say. He was to have returned yesterday. He would come here as soon as possible, of course." Rising, he joins her at the window, and watches the coming visitor as he walks his horse leisurely down the drive.

"What a dear little modest speech!" says Miss Peyton, maliciously. "Now, if I had been the author of it, I know some one who would have called me vain! But I will generously let that pass. How brown Jim has grown! Has he not?"

"Has he? I can scarcely see so far. What clear eyes you must have, child, and what a faithful memory to recol-

lect him without hesitation, after all

leet him without hesitation, after all these years!"

"I never forget," said Clarissa, simply, which is quite the truth. "And he has altered hardly anything. He was always so old, you know, he really couldn't grow much older. What is his age now, papa? Ninety?"

"Something over thirty, I fanoy," says papa, uncertainly.

"Oh, nonsense!" says Miss Peyton.
"Surely you romance, or else you are an invaluable friend. When I grow brown and withered I hope you will prove equally good to me. I shall expect you to say all sorts of impossible things, and not blush when saying them. Ah!—here is Sir James," as the door opens, and Scrope—healthy and bronzed from foreign travel—enters staid and calm as ever.

When he had shaken hands with, and been warmly welcomed by Mr. Peyton, he turns with some diffidence toward the girl in the clinging white gown, who is smilling at him from the window, with warm red lips, half parted, and some faint amusem in in her friendly eyes.

"Why, you have forgotten me," she

friendly eyes.

"Why, you have forgotten me," she says, presently, in a low tone of would-be reproach. "While I—I knew you at

says, presently, in a low tone of wounder ereproach. "While I—I knew you at once."

"I have not forgotten," says Scorpe, taking her hand and holding it, as though unconsciously. "I was only surprised, puzzled. You are so changed. All seems so different. A kittle child when last I saw you, and now a lady grown."

"Oh, yes, I am quite grown up," says Miss Peyton, demurely. "I can't do any more of that sort of thing, to oblige anybody,—even though papa—who adores a Juno, and thinks all women should be divinely tall—has often asked me to try. But," maliciously, "are you not going to ask me how I have progressed (isn't that the right word?) with my studies? You ought, you know, as it was you who sent me to school."

"I?" says Sir James, rather taken aback at this unexpected onslaught.

you know, as it was you who sent me to school."

"I?" says Sir James, rather taken aback at this unexpected onslaught.
"Yes, you," repeats she, with a little nod. "Papa would never have had the cruelty even to think of such a thing. I am glad you have still sufficient grace left to blush for your evid conduct. Do you remember," with a gay laugh, "what a terrible scolding I gave you before leaving home?"

"I shall remember it to my dying day," says Sir James. "I was never so thoroughly frightened before or since. Then and there I registered a yow never again to interfere with any one's daughter."

"I hope you will keep that yow,"

since. Then and there I registered a vow never again to interfere with any one's daughter."

"I hope you will keep that vow," says Miss Peyton, with innocent malice, and a "smile only half suppressed, that torments him in memory for many a day. And then George Peyton asks some questions, and presently Sir James is telling him certain facts about the Holy Land, and Asia generally, that rather upset his preconceived ideas.

"Yet I still believe it must be the most interesting spot on earth," he says, still clinging to old thoughts and settled convictions.

"Well, it's novel, you know, and the fashion, and that," says Sir James, rather vaguely. "In fact, you are nowhere nowadays if you haven't done the East; but it's fatiguing, there isn't a doubt. The people aren't as nice as they might be, and honesty is not considered the best policy out there, and dirt is the prevaling color, and there's a horrid lot of sand."

"What a dismal ending!" says Clarissa, in a tone suggestive of disappointment. "But how lovely it locks in pictures!—I don't mean the sand, exactly, but the East."

"Most things do. There is an old grandaunt of mine, hung in the gallery at Scrope—."

"How shecking!" interrupted Miss

grandaunt of mine, hung in the gallery at Scrope——"
"How shocking!" interrupted Miss Peyton, with an affected start. "And in the house, too! How unpleasant! Did she do it herself, or who hanged her?"
"Her picture, you know," says Scrope, with a laugh. "In hear that she had made away with herself would be too good to be true. She looks absolutely lovely in this picture I speak of, almost too fine for this work-a-day world; yet my father always told me she was ugly as a nightmare. Never believe in paint."

she was ugly as a nightmare. Never believe in paint."
"Talking of Scrope," says Clarissa,
"do you know, though I have been home now for some months, I have never been through it since I was a child? I have rather a passion for revisiting old hunts, and I want to see it again. That round room in the tower used to be my special joy. Will you show it to me?—some day?—any day?"

day?"
What day will you come?" asks
Scrope, thinking it unnecessary to express the gladness it will be to him
to point out the beauties of his home
to this new-old friend,—this friend so
full of fresh and perfect beauty, yes
so replete with all the old graces and
witcheries of the child he so fondly
loved.

so replete with all the old graces and witcheries of the child he so fondly loved.

"I am just the least little bit in the world afraid of Miss Scrope," says Clarissa, with an irrepressible smile. "So I shall prefer to come some time when you are in. On Thursday, if that will suit you. Or Friday; or, if not then, why, Saturday."

"Make it Thursday. That day comes first," said Scrope.

"Now, that is a very pretty speech," declares Miss Peyton, vast encouragement in her tone. "Eastern air, in spite of its drawbacks, has developed your intellect, Jim. Hasn't it?"

The old familiar appellation, and the saucy smile that has always in it something of tenderness, smites some half-forgotten chord of Scrope's heart. He makes no reply, but gazes with an earnestness that almost amounts to scrutiny at Clarissa, as she stands in the open window leaning against a background of ivy, through which pale rosebuds are struggling into view. Within her slender fingers the knitting-needles slowly, glinting and glistening in the sun's hot rays, until they seem to emit tiny flashes as they cross and recross each other. Her eyes are downeast, the smile still lingers on her lips, her whole attitude, and her pretty graceful figure, clad in its white gown, is

"Like a picture rich and rare."

"Like a picture rich and rare." "Like a picture rich and rare."

"On Thursday, then, I shall see you," he says, not because he has tired of looking at her, but because she has raised her eyes and is evidently wondering at his silence. "Good-by."

"Good-by," says Clarissa, genially. Then she lays down the neglected knitting (that, indeed, is more a pretense than a reality), and comes out into the middle of the room. "For the sake of old days I shall see you to the hall door," she says, brightly. "No, papa, do not ring: I myself shall do the honors to Jim."

(To be Continued.)

(To be Continued.)

### A PROMPT MAN.

How Immediate Obedience Made

The prompt man is always ready. The call may be sudden, but he is at hand and answers with vigor. He acts with-out delay, by virtue of an energetic will, whose rule is:

If it were done when 'tis done, then 't were well it were done quickly.

Major Skinner tells in his autoblography, "Fifty Years in Ceylon," how his prompt obedience to an order suddenly communicated made the governor of the island his friend. He was then Lieutenant Skinner, twenty-one years of age, a member of the governor's staff and of his military family. One day between noon and one o'clock the gov-ernor, Sir Edward Barns, seeing Skinner in the billiard-room, said:

"What are you doing here, young-

ster? I thought you would have been at Negombo by this time."
"What to do there, sir?"
"What! Have you not received your orders from the quartermaster general?"
"No sir! I have not seen him to. "No, sir; I have not seen him to-day."

"Go to him at once, and be quick in

'Go to him at once, and be quick in what you have to do."

It was near two o'clock before Skinner could find the officer. When he caught him he was ordered to proceed to Negombo—an old fort twenty-three miles north of the Government House—to make a plan of the barracks there, and to prepare an estimate of the cost of repairing them so as to fit them for immediate occupation.

The lieutenant was annoyed, for he was engaged to a dinner-party that evening, to which the Governor and Lady Barnes were going a But he mounted his gray Arab, who cen'ild do almost anything but fly, and as soon as he got clear of the fort started at a gallop. At every sixth mile he drew bridle for two or three minutes, to give the Arab a chance to breathe. He reached Negombo at four o'clock, having ridden twenty-three miles in two hours.

Field-book in hand and with tapeline he made the measurements, jotted them down, drew plans of the, barracks and wrote down the facts necessary for the estimate. Within an hour he was in the saddle on his return to Colombo, which he reached about seven o'clock. He then dressed and arrived at the dinner-party nearly as soon as the governor.

The moment Sir Edward saw him he

The moment Sir Edward saw him he said, "Well, youngster, what are you doing here? I thought I told you this morning to go to the quartermaster-general for orders."

"So I did, sir."

"And what did he tell you to do?

"He ordered me to go to Negombo, sir, to take plans of the barracks, to report the number of men they could accommodate and to submit an estimate for their repairs."

"Then what do you mean by neglecting those orders? You ought to have gone off instantly."

"I have not neglected them, sir; I have been to Negombo, and your excellency will have all the information you require laid before you to-morrow morning."

The governor showed his delight by

lency will have all the information you require laid before you to-morrow morning."

The governor showed his delight by the glow of satisfaction on his face. He repeated the exploit to the dinnerparty, dwelling upon the prompt obedience. From that day the lieutenant's promotion advanced, and when difficult or quick work was to be executed, he was selected to do it.

# MONT BLANC'S OBSERVATORY.

All the Delicate Astronomical Instruments Have Been Carried up and the Work Will New Begin.

The highest permanent astronomical observatory in the world-on the summit of Mont Blanc-was at last completed and fully equipped with instruments a few days ago. There has been a temporary station there for some years, but the instruments have been small and of little power compared with those now in place.

The establishment of this observatory was a task which at the outset seemed impossible, and the obstacles which M. Janssen, who headed the quartet of French astronomers, had to overcome, was unparalleled. Mont Blanc is nearly 16,000 feet high, and its ascent, even under the most favorable conditions, during the summer months, is difficult as well as dangerous. The transportation of many heavy and delicate scientific instruments to the top of this loftiest' mountain of the Alps was, therefore, a labor so great its to seem beyond the range of possibility, yet it was accomplished without the loss of a single life. The telescope and the other instruments had to be taken to pieces before being carried up the precipitous mountain sides; even then some of the packages weighed a hundred pounds, and most of them about fifty.

One of the guides who assisted in the work holds the record of having made the ascent more than five hundred times since the beginning of his professional career, and it was he who found recently the bodies of the Austrian professor and his two guides who lost their lives not long ago.

In place of being entirely moveable about a pivot, like ordinary telescopes, the telescope on Mont Blace is fixed and directed towards the polar star. A movable mirror placed near the lower opening enables the observer to study whatever star he wishes, its image being thrown upon the glass. This makes necessary a protective cupola of comparatively small dimensions.

The particular advantage to astronomers in having an observatory at such a high altitude as this one lies in the transparency and purity of the atmosphere. The study of the stars, however, will not be the sole task of the observers, for some of them will devote themselves especially to meteorology, as on the summit of Mont Blanc, says Prof. Janssen, they will be in the very origin of atmospheric phenomena. ly 16,000 feet high, and its ascent, even under the most favorable conditions,

## family Eyes

Friend- Why didn't you ever

Maiden Lady— Because, by the time my relations thought I was of enough to marry, the men thought was too old.