PETER REDPATH MUSEUM OF McGILL UNIVERSITY.

GUIDE TO VISITORS.

MAIN FLOOR OF MUSEUM.

[This consists of the ante-chamber at the head of the stairs, which is devoted to Archæological and Palæontological specimens, and the principal Museum Hall, in which are the collections in Palæontology, Lithology and Mineralogy.]

I. ARCHÆOLOGICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS COLLECTIONS.

- Cases on left-hand side and opposite stairway. These contain collections of specimens illustrating American Archaeology, including Dr. G. M. Dawson's collections from the Queen Charlotte Islands and Dr. Dawson's collections from the site of Hochelaga. In these are many interesting examples of Aboriginal wood-carving, pottery and stone implements and weapons. There is also a collection of American skulls, with those of other peoples for comparison.
- Wall on right-hand side. Casts of footprints of Sauropus unguifer a large batrachian from the coal-formation of Nova Scotia—presented by the Geological Survey. Orthoceras titan, a gigantic shell allied to Nautilus, from the Lower Silurian. Footprints of a gigantic biped reptile (Brontozoum) from the Trias of Massachusetts.
- In this room are also some casts of Greek and Assyrian Antiques, and a cast of the famous Rosetta stone which gave the key to the interpretation of Egyptian hieroglyphics.

II. COLLECTIONS IN PALÆONTOLOGY.

WALL TO THE RIGHT OF DOOR IN PRINCIPAL HALL, AND SMALL TABLE CASE
IN FRONT OF DOOR.

Fossil footprints from the Potsdam sandstone (Protichnites and Climactichnites). The former are believed to be due to crustaceans allied to the King crabs, the latter are of doubtful origin. The original slabs containing them were presented by the Heirs of the late Sir W. E. Logan, and form part of the Logan Memorial Collection. They were collected by Mr. James Richardson. Other specimens are casts presented by the Geological Survey.