

assigned to London in 1944 as Third Secretary. He was transferred in 1945 to Brussels, and served as adviser to the Canadian delegation to the Paris Peace Conference in 1946. Returning to Ottawa in 1948, he became Head of the Personnel Division of the Department of External Affairs. In 1951, Mr. Cadieux attended the first course of the NATO Defence College in Paris, and he was appointed Counsellor to the Canadian delegation to the North Atlantic Council upon its establishment on a permanent basis in Paris in 1952. In 1954, when Canada agreed to serve with India and Poland on the Commissions set up in Indochina by the Geneva Conference, Mr. Cadieux became the senior political adviser to the Canadian Commissioner, International Supervisory Commission, Vietnam. He returned to Ottawa in the spring of 1955 to become Head of the United Nations Division. That year he was also an adviser to the Canadian delegation to the tenth session of the General Assembly of the United Nations. In December 1956, Mr. Cadieux was appointed Assistant Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs and Legal Adviser, and in July 1960 he was appointed Deputy Under-Secretary and Legal Adviser. He has been Under-Secretary since May 1964.

Mr. Cadieux will shortly become Canada's new Ambassador to the United States.

In a letter informing Mr. Cadieux of his selection as the 1969 winner of the Outstanding Achievement Award, the Prime Minister, the Right Honorable Pierre Elliott Trudeau, noted the "happy coincidence" that Mr. Cadieux has also received the Vanier Gold Medal awarded by the Institute of Public Administration of Canada.

The Outstanding Achievement Award of the Public Service of Canada consists of an illuminated citation and a \$5,000 honorarium. The program given to those in attendance at the presentation contained the following tribute to Mr. Cadieux:

Through this Award the Canadian Government recognizes the distinction that Marcel Cadieux has brought to Canadian diplomacy.

As lawyer, scholar, writer and diplomat, he has set for himself the highest standards of intellectual excellence. His lucidity of mind has been a constant stimulus to his colleagues and has contributed invaluable to the wise conduct and formulation of Canadian foreign policy.

Throughout his career he has been a strong champion of bilingualism in the Public Service. Deeply aware of the cultural diversity of this country, he has been equally faithful to the traditions and aspirations of his own society and to the interests of Canada as a whole.