spirit at the beginning of the year.

As a corollary of the slight trading prices are attractive. Yet at the same time dealers do not seem to be inclined to drop their prices in order to create a demand. High grade securities of this class are a good offering. The yields which they offer are well ahead of the yields two or three years ago. That is the result of their being on the bargain table for pretty years ago. That is the result of their being on the bargain table for pretty

well a year.

The flotations of Canadian debentures in London for the three months are as follows:

are as follows:

Government Issues.

April—£760,000 Nova Scotia 4½'s at 99, 18% subscribed.

June—£5,000,000 Dominion 4's at 98, 12% subscribed.

June—£1,000,000 Quebec 4½'s at 100, 16½% subscribed.

Municipal Issues.

April—£1,500,000 Montreal 4½'s at 100, 52½% subscribed.

100, 521/2% subscribed.

April—£368,800 Edmonton 5's at 98,

40% subscribed.

May—£500,000 Vancouver 4½'s at 96,

May—£500,000 Vancouver 4½'s at 96, 12% subscribed.

The fact of so few offerings has this good effect. It leaves a smaller number of municipals on the market to be cleaned up. Municipalities are recognizing the necessity for conservatism, and for retrenchment. This is so particularly in the case of the vatism, and for retrenchment. This is so particularly in the case of the West. There seems now to be no question that the West has gone too fast, and the retrogression during the past six months is all for the best. London has not yet gotten over the plethora of Canadian municipal offerings, as is evidenced by the large percentage of the offerings instanced above which was left with the underabove which was left with the under-writers. As new issues are not nu-merous, the tendency is towards higher prices, and, in consequence, lower yields. Business should be bet-ter during the ensuing quarter.

Trust Companies as Executors

By H. S. E.

THERE has grown up in the Dominion, quietly and gradually, a business which is more or less new to the older countries of the world. From Halifax to Vancouver there are now scores of trust companies. Whereas, the almost universal thing for a man to do before he died was to appoint one or two executors, generally friends, to look after his affairs, the way nowadays is to place them in the hands of trust companies as executor. The friend of the family and the barrister as advisors and administrators are fast disappearing. The corporate administrator has taken their place.

The growth of these companies has been almost phenomenal. There would appear to be enough business, not only to keep the older ones flourishing, but to justify the chartering of new ones. The general manager of one of the largest trust companies in Canada, in an interview, pointed out that whether times were good or times

Canada, in an interview, pointed out that whether times were good or times were bad, the one class of financial institution that doesn't seem to reflect the vegenice of the concernment is institution that doesn't seem to reflect the vagaries of the money market is the trust company. "People keep on dying," said he, "whether times are good or times are bad. Their estates have to be managed, and they find in the trust company a guardian more safe, more wary and more business-like than the relative or friend who aforetime was the executor."

PERHAPS the main reason why the corporation is better than the individual is the degree of safety which may be assured in the case of the first. Private individuals, while anxious to do their best in the administration of estates, are not

liable for delinquency through misadventure. For instance, a man may invest the funds of which he is in charge, and the investment may turn out wrong. It may be that he knows nothing at all about investment. Or it may be that he has no facilities for choosing the best and the safest sort of investment. Time and again the beneficiaries under a will never get the benefit of what has been left them, simply because the executor knew nothing at all about investment. Yet he is not legally liable. With Yet he is not legally liable. With the trust company it is different. The trust company is responsible under the law for the honest administration of an estate. Carelessness gives the client the right to sue. The relationship between the administrator and the beneficiaries under a will is purely a business relationship. Sentiment or friendship never enters into it. Strict management is the basis upon which the trust company is named executor. Then again, the trust company exists to give all its time to the administration of the estates in its administration of the estates in its care. With the personal executor this is not so. He has his business and his own affairs to look after. Looking after the estate of someone else is a spare time job with him. Thus, in place of "running chances" with good or bad judgment, or lack of knowledge in the case of the personal administrator, the corporate executor. administrator, the corporate executor offers security, expert financial judgment, scientific business management. It is very significant that ever since trust companies commenced to operate, there have been very few cases where loss of money has resulted to the beneficiaries. Trust companies in the Dominion

REPRESENTATIVE STOCKS FOR SIX WEEKS

EATURES of last week included a rise in several stocks whose PATURES of last week included a rise in several stocks whose prices are made in Montreal. Laurentide advanced four points and Montreal Power about six points. Other Montreal stocks rose in sympathy. These stocks have a habit of going up one week and down the next. There is not much stock available, as most of it is closely held. It is, therefore, easy to manipulate the price. Purchasers should not be misled by these occasional bursts of speed. A general rise in prices would not, however, be surprising. After three months of downward tendency, a reaction would be natural.

	May		June			July
	30	6	13	20	27	4
Barcelona Brazilian						-
Brazilian	27	251/2	251/4	26	24 3/4	23
Bell Telephan	783/4	781/4	771/2	783/4	771/2	
Canada Proside	146	146	1451/2	1461/8	145	144
Canada Canada	311/2	311/4	303/4	30%	301/2	301/2
	283/4	29	291/2	29	281/2	281/2
	104	104	101%	99	981/4	971/2
Dom. Steel Cor	xd195	1941/8	1931/2	194%	194	1941/4
Lake of W	211/2	211/8	223/4	231/8	221/2	23
Laurentide	127	1261/2	127	128	129	128
Mackay	178	179	175	179	175	179
Montreal Power	82	81%	811/4	80 1/8	791/2	80
R. & O Tower	221	2231/2	224	2273/4	2251/2	2311/4
Toronto Railway	97	96	831/2	87	84	88
rtanway	1311/2	1311/4	129	1301/2	127½	127½
Average	104.9	104.1	103.3	103.9	102.8	103.2

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