

mentioned meridian of ninety-six degrees west longitude,—thence due south along the said meridian of ninety-six degrees west longitude to the place of beginning.

2. On, from and after the said day on which the order of the Queen in Council shall take effect as aforesaid, the provisions of the British North America Act, 1867, shall, except those parts thereof which are in terms made, or, by reasonable intendment may be held to be specially applicable to or only to affect one or more, but not the whole of the Provinces now composing the Dominion, and except so far as the same may be varied by this Act, be applicable to the Province of Manitoba, in the same way, and to the like extent as they apply to the several Provinces of Canada, and as if the Province of Manitoba had been one of the provinces originally united by the said Act.

Certain provisions of B.N.A. Act 1867, to apply to Manitoba.

3. The said Province shall be represented in the Senate of Canada by two Members, until it shall have, according to decennial census, a population of fifty thousand souls, and from thenceforth it shall be represented therein by three Members, until it shall have, according to decennial census, a population of seventy-five thousand souls, and from thenceforth it shall be represented therein by four Members.

Representation in the Senate.

4. The said Province shall be represented, in the first instance, in the House of Commons in Canada, by four Members and for that purpose shall be divided by proclamation of the Governor General, into four Electoral Districts each of which shall be represented by one Member: Provided that on the completion of the census in the year 1881, and of each decennial census afterwards the representation of the said Province shall be readjusted according to the provisions of the fifty-first section of the British North America Act, 1867.

Representation in the House of Commons.

5. Until the Parliament of Canada otherwise provides, the qualifications of voters at Elections of Members of the House of Commons shall be the same as for the Legislative Assembly hereinafter mentioned: And no person shall be qualified to be elected, or to sit and vote as a Member for any Electoral District, unless he is a duly qualified voter within the said Province.

Qualification of voters and members.

6. For the said Province there shall be an Officer styled the Lieutenant Governor, appointed by the Governor General in Council by instrument under the Great Seal of Canada.

Lieutenant-Governor.

7. The Executive Council of the Province shall be composed of such persons, and under such designations, as the Lieutenant Governor shall from time to time think fit: and, in the first instance, of not more than five persons.

Executive Council.

8. Unless and until the Executive Government of the Province otherwise directs, the seat of Government of the same shall be at Fort Garry, or within one mile thereof.

Seat of Government.

9. There shall be a Legislature for the Province, consisting of the Lieutenant Governor, and of two Houses, styled respectively, the Legislative Council of Manitoba, and the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba.

Legislature.

10. The Legislative Council shall, in the first instance, be composed of seven Members, and after the expiration of four years from the time of the first appointment of such seven Members, may be increased to not more than twelve Members. Every Member of the Legislative Council shall be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor in the Queen's name, by Instrument under the Great Seal of Manitoba, and shall hold office for the term of his life, unless and until the Legislature of Manitoba otherwise provides under the British North America Act, 1867.

Legislative Council.

Members and their appointment, etc.

11. The Lieutenant-Governor may, from time to time, by Instrument under the Great Seal, appoint a member of the Legislative Council to be Speaker thereof, and may remove him and appoint another in his stead.

Speaker.

12. Until the Legislature of the Province otherwise provides, the presence of a majority of the whole number of the Legislative Council, including the Speaker shall be necessary to constitute a meeting for the exercise of its powers.

Quorum.

13. Questions arising in the Legislative Council shall be decided by a majority of voices, and the Speaker shall in all cases have a vote and when the voices are equal the decisions shall be deemed to be in the negative.

Voting.

Equality of votes.

14. The Legislative Assembly shall be composed of twenty-four members to be elected to represent the Electoral Divisions into which the said Province may be divided by the Lieutenant-Governor as hereinafter mentioned.

Legislative Assembly.

15. The presence of a majority of Members of the Legislative Assembly shall be necessary to constitute a meeting of the House for the exercise of its powers; and for that purpose the Speaker shall be recognized as a Member.

Quorum.