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# BLOCAD MAY SOON BE LIFTED

## BELIEVED ALLIES WILL BE FORCED TO SEND TROOPS

To Hungary to Prevent Bolshevism Spreading.

### NORMAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS MUST ALSO BE RESTORED

PARIS, Mar. 25 (By Fred S. Ferguson).—Allied troops must be rushed into Hungary at once to save the situation was the opinion expressed in advices received today by the Peace conference from its agents in that country.

The allied forces now in Hungary are entirely inadequate, it was stated, and must be immediately and heavily reinforced to prevent bolshevism from obtaining a foothold from which it can spread into western Europe.

The conference has been deeply impressed by the collapse of the Hungarian government; the alliance of the new government with the Russian Bolsheviks and the reported declaration of war against the Entente.

Every effort is now being made to speed up the peace settlement with Germany and the other enemy countries, with the resultant lifting of the blockade.

One of the most potent weapons in the hands of the Allies to prevent the spread of Bolshevism westward, will be the re-establishment of normal economic conditions in Central Europe, the delegates agree.

The supreme council proceeded with its routine business yesterday, but all the delegates showed the greatest desire to obtain all information possible concerning the Hungarian situation.

Several similar demonstrations have occurred in Berlin, Breslau and Danzig in opposition to the annexation of Danzig and the Saar valley and in favor of President Wilson's fourteen points.

These demonstrations are led by Matthias Erzberger, Finance Minister

Schiffer and other prominent officials. Sailors at Bremen are reported to have refused to allow merchant ships to leave that port to be turned over to the Allies.

Developments leading to the Hungarian revolution were being discussed today in the light of what might have been done to avert it. When Count Karolyi was informed of the establishment of a temporary boundary by the Peace conference, permitting the Rumanians to occupy the 1916 line, he is said to have declared that an overthrow was inevitable. This situation was complicated by the fact that assurances of food relief constituted the strongest element in enabling the government to hold on.

While the Hungarians will not be in an acute need of food until the middle of next month, Karolyi led them to expect shipments from their former enemies to avoid a crisis.

After the American congress passed an amendment to the food bill, excluding all enemy countries, Karolyi is said to have informed officials of the American food administration that this was the beginning of the end.

Considerable interest is being displayed in the personnel of the new Hungarian government. Alexander Garbai, the president, is desired as a workman, uneducated but intelligent. Joseph Pogany, minister of war formerly in the army. He was punished for indiscretion in army affairs. He was Trotsky's aide for four years following his capture by the Russians, and is said to be a bolshevik of a "violent" type.

## Chamber of Commerce Idea Has Again Been Endorsed

Members of Committee in Conference go on Record as Favoring It.

"Resolved that the Committee appointed by the General Public Meeting held March 19th, 1919, in favor of the organization of a Chamber of Commerce should be gone on with, but that the Council of the Board of Trade be asked to gather further information from all other public and semi-public bodies in Kitchener and Waterloo, and when that information is received and compiled, that a public meeting be again called when definite action might be taken."

In the foregoing resolution the meeting of representatives of public bodies last evening endorsed the idea of a Chamber of Commerce after again hearing the matter presented by a representative of the New York City bureau and what had been accomplished in Windsor and the little town of Petrolia. The resolution as carried, it will be noticed, is an expression on the part of the individuals who were present at the meeting and does not bind the public bodies which they represent to any particular line of action.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. N. M. Davidson. Among those present were the following: Mr. J. H.

Baetz, of the Young Business Men's Club; Mr. E. D. Lang, chairman of the Public School Board; W. H. Schmalz, president of the Kitchener Musical Society; Assessment Commissioner M. Huensgard; Rev. P. C. Cameron; Mr. Hughes; E. Wackett, president of the local branch of the Great War Veterans' Association; A. Bechtel, president of the Waterloo Board of Trade; C. W. Schiedel, manager of the Waterloo Light and Water Commission; Mr. Jacob Uffelman, president of the Waterloo Horticultural Society; A. S. Capwell, Secretary E. J. Payson of the Board of Trade; Miss Caroline Bowley of the Tommy Atkins Chapter, Daughters of the Empire; W. Downing, president of Horticulture Society; H. M. Cook; W. H. Breithaupt, president of the City Planning Commission; D. A. MacMillan, president of the Clearing House Association, and others.

## Ten Armored Cars Sent to Dublin City

TO PRESERVE PEACE WHEN DEVALERA ARRIVES

LONDON, March 25.—In reporting the issuance of a proclamation at Dublin forbidding meetings and processions in that city on the date of Professor Edward De Valera's arrival and reception, the London Mail says there was some military activity in Dublin on Monday.

The newspaper states that ten armored cars were landed from a steamer during the day and that their passage through the streets of Dublin attracted much attention.

## British Favor Lifting Blockade of Germany

Even Before Peace Has Been Signed.

WILL NOT DEMAND REPARATION BILL

PARIS, March 25, (By Lowell Mellett).—The matter of providing economic safeguards to prevent Germany "capturing the world's markets" is proving so difficult there is a strong likelihood that each nation will be left to look out for itself in this regard, so it was learned from an authoritative source today.

In the light of the encouragement offered the Bolsheviks by the present blockade—as evidenced by the situation in Hungary—the British are increasingly disposed to join the Americans in insisting that the blockade be lifted immediately, regardless of what the

## Trouble in Serbia

EIGHTY-FIVE PER CENT. OF WORKMEN ARE IDLE.

PARIS, March 25.—Diplomatic advices received here today reported a crisis imminent in Serbia. Railway employees have struck, demanding increased wages. The government applied military law, mobilizing the employees. A general sympathetic strike is said to be threatened. Eighty-five per cent. of the workmen are reported to be unemployed, owing to lack of materials.

## Huge Airship Circled ABOUT THE EMERALD ISLE.

LONDON, March 25.—The huge airship E-34, entered in the trans-Atlantic race today, completed a twenty-four hour trial flight, which it concluded by circling Ireland.

McGill University is to nominate Rhodes scholar this year.

## Aycarst Matter Taking Most of Attention

Investigation May Be Of Threefold Nature

AYERST HAS NOT RESIGNED

TORONTO, March 25.—The all-engrossing topic of conversation and conjecture at Queen's Park is the impending probe into Hartley Dewar's charges against Inspector Aycarst of the License Board, the scope of the inquiry and the date of its commencement. That the last mentioned will be soon there is little doubt.

It is a matter of speculation, however, whether the probe will open before the inquiry, which Sir William Meredith is conducting on the Toronto police situation, is finally wound up. It is not generally the custom for a commissioner to have two such investigations on his hands at one time.

The appointment of Sir William Meredith as commissioner of the Dewar charges occasioned little comment for it had been generally forecasted. Premier Hearst's announcement to the House yesterday afternoon contained several surprises however, chief among them being the resignation of George B. Morrison, a provincial license officer and the promise that the accounts of the license board will be referred to the Public Accounts Committee of the House.

The probe will thus be of a twofold or perhaps of a threefold nature: Sir William Meredith investigating Mr. Dewar's charges against Mr. Aycarst; Mr. Peter White devoting particular attention to Mr. Morrison's financial relations while in the employ of the License Board, and the Public Accounts Committee investigating the accounts of the License Board. The public accounts committee meets this week for organization and will proceed with the duty intrusted to it at an early date.

Mr. Aycarst was not at the offices of the License Board this morning and officials of the commission declined to state whether he had resigned his position after being temporarily suspended by the government.

Women were elected to every village office in the recent election in Onsted, Mich.

LABOR SITUATION IS IMPROVING.

LONDON, March 25.—The labor situation was said by both government and union representatives to be more hopeful today. Conferences are continuing.

Has this city landed a big industry? It would seem so by an announcement of the F.W.D. Auto Company of Clintonville, Wisconsin.

In a page advertisement in the Literary Digest the company concludes its appeal to the trade in this wise: "The F.W.D. Auto Company, Clintonville, Wisconsin; Canadian Factory, Kitchener, Ontario."

This is the company with which negotiations have been carried on for some weeks and there is at present a delegation from this city in Clintonville, whose purpose is to complete the necessary details. The local representatives who are in conference with the company are Messrs. E. C. Kabel, W. G. Cleghorn, W. T. Barrie, Henry Nyberg, Ald. George J. Lippert and Mr. H. J. Sims. It is understood that the company has organized a Canadian company to secure the necessary charter, the capital to be approximately \$200,000.

The first four named and Mr. S. J. Williams are, it is understood members of the Provisional Canadian Directorate. Ald. Lippert is with the delegation on behalf of the City Council in regard to certain minor conditions that the company has requested of the city and Mr. Sims' mission is in connection with the drawing up of the necessary legal papers in organizing the Canadian company.

The new industry will be a valuable acquisition and the competition to secure it has been very keen among various Ontario cities. The announcement should be confirmed that they will have their Canadian factory in this city, especially after this competition, will be pleasing indeed.

The Four Wheeler Drive Company are a big concern. In fact they are among the biggest and best known manufacturers of trucks on the continent. Their truck seems to be a popular one and has found a ready market. As the name implies it is featured by having the motive power on the front as well as the hind wheels. The front wheel drive is a combination of just two simple mechanical principles the ball and the socket bearing, and the universal joint.

The company was established in 1910 and since then its growth has been rapid. Figures on its floor space tell the story. 1911, 5,940 square feet;



LATE J. J. BECK, Superintendent of Toronto Union Station, who died Saturday at the age of 70.

## Announcement Surprising

MR. MORRISON'S NAME HAD NOT BEEN MENTIONED

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## An Appeal to Gompers

REGARDING JAPANESE IMMIGRATION.

WASHINGTON, March 25, (By L. C. Martin).—Samuel Gompers may be appealed to, on behalf of American labor, to say whether in his opinion the league of nations constitution now provides a loophole through which free immigration of orientals may become liable.

Gompers is in Paris, helping frame the peace treaty. Requests for his interpretation followed an exchange of telegrams between Senator Phelan of California and Senator Borah of Idaho, on Japanese demands for immigration equality.

The league committee completed the new draft of sixteen articles last night, adjourning at 11.30 o'clock. The constitution is expected to be finished at Wednesday's meeting, after which it will be turned over to a sub-committee of international law experts who will put it in technical shape.

The French again urged the creation of an international general staff last night, but received no support.

An amendment covering the Monroe doctrine was put over until Wednesday. At that time the Japanese also expected to present their amendment for racial equality, which has not yet been definitely formulated. The Japanese made it plain today they have not dropped their original proposal for equality of nationalities, and that mere equality of nations will not suffice. The Americans offer no objection to the contention of the Japanese, who in the meantime are in conference with the British.

The supreme war council, was scheduled today to discuss boundary questions and other matters directly affecting the preliminary treaty.

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## LENINE OPPOSED TO ARMED BOSHEVIK CRUSADE NOW

Wants to Use Money and Propaganda.

CALLING FOR WORLD-WIDE UPRISING.

BERLIN, March 25.—The Russian and Hungarian Soviet governments have called for a worldwide uprising of the proletariat, according to advices received here today from Budapest.

While agreeing to an offensive and defensive alliance with the Hungarians, Premier Lenin is said to have declared his opposition to any armed bolshevik crusade at this time, professing to use propaganda and money, with the help of the foreign proletariat to win over the bourgeois.

All classes in Hungary are reported to be joining the communists, who are raising a huge army, in the hope of combining with the Russians in a war against the entente. They plan to make their initial drive against the Czech-Slovak and Rumanians.

Increased restlessness is becoming evident throughout Germany. Former Prussian soldiers are said to be arming and preparing for civil war if Danzig is awarded to Poland. They have adopted the battle cry of "Death rather than become Polish!"

BRITISH MONITORS AT BUDAPEST.

PARIS, March 25.—The British monitors have arrived in Budapest, after being fired on en route, it was reported in dispatches received through diplomatic channels today. They proceeded to the Hungarian capital along the Danube from Belgrade.

One British patrol boat was said to have been seized by the Hungarians but was returned later with apologies. Reports received in official circles here declare that American troops in Budapest have been assured of every protection and may be asked to remain.

RUSSIAN FRONTIER CLOSED YESTERDAY.

VIENNA, March 25.—The Hungar-

ian frontier was closed last night.

News from Budapest was meagre but it was reported the city is generally calm. A few shops have been looted and there are anti-capitalist outbreaks in the streets.

Hundreds of former Hungarian war prisoners in Russia are said to be returning across the Carpathians daily, spreading bolshevik propaganda among the peasants.

MARTIAL LAW IN HUNGARY.

Martial law has been proclaimed in Hungary and the death penalty prescribed for armed resistance, robbery or plundering. The sale of liquor has been prohibited, under penalty of a \$10,000 fine. Any one, aside from a worker or guard, discovered drinking liquor will be fined \$2,000.

BOLSHEVIK ARMY AT BRODY.

BERNE, March 25.—The Bolshevik army, which is on its way to Hungary has reached Brody, according to the latest news received here. Brody is a city in northern Galicia, about fifty miles east of Lemberg. During the first two years of the war, Brody was frequently the scene of hard fighting between Russians and Germans and Austrians.

BOLSHEVIK TAKE DARK VIEW.

PARIS, March 25.—Jugo-Slav delegates to the Peace conference took a pessimistic view today of the situation in their country, Poland and Rumania, and said that those regions were likely to be affected by the bolshevik revolution in Hungary.

BLAME THE PEACE MAKERS.

LONDON, March 25.—The morning newspapers unanimously charge the Paris peace conference with the responsibility for Hungary's embracing bolshevism and voice a general dissatisfaction over the delay of peace.

## Ontario Housing Act Considered by Com.

NAME DELEGATES TO VARIOUS CONVENTIONS

On Monday evening, the Finance Committee met, on call of Mayor Gross, to appoint delegates to three different gatherings.

On Friday next, a meeting of the municipalities of the Grand Valley will be held at Brantford for the purpose of bringing pressure to bear on federal government, to set aside an adequate sum to improve Port Dover harbor. Aldermen Greb, Schreier, Hizer and Amussen were appointed delegates to it.

It had been arranged to have the municipalities interested in the Toronto-to-Sarnia highway present their case next Saturday to the Provincial authorities. Although there is some confusion as to the date, the Committee recommended that all the members be appointed delegates to the meeting.

For Monday afternoon next, at 2 o'clock, Warden Panabaker has called a meeting of county municipalities to consider the advisability of pressing the legislature to name the main highway from the Wentworth County line, to Galt, Preston, K. & W., to Elmira a Provincial County road and press for a permanent highway. The whole council was named delegates to the meeting.

After the foregoing had been disposed of, the Aldermen spent two hours in reading and discussing the Ontario Housing Act of 1919. While admitting that there is a dearth of houses, they are not presently inclined to recommend its adoption. They are taking the attitude that no step should be taken before obtaining the fullest information ad from every standpoint.

## Rumania Abolishes all Ranks and Titles

PROHIBITS SALE OF LIQUOR.

VIENNA, March 25.—The Rumanian government council decided at its first meeting, to abolish all ranks and titles; separate the church from the state and abolish compulsory taxes for ecclesiastical purposes. It also decided to choose a directorate from members to supervise government commissaries and prohibit the sale of alcohol to all except workers and guards. All military factories have been placed under heavy guards.

COPENHAGEN Mar 25.—Fresh Spartacan agitation has resulted in riots at Stettin and Strikes in Tuebeck, a Berlin dispatch said today.

## Spartacans Planning Revolution April 1st.

ASK BOLSHEVIKI TO AID THEM.

BERLIN, March 25, (By Courier to Paris).—(By Frank J. Taylor).—The following dispatch, which was sent by courier to Paris to avoid German censorship, is significant in view of the reports that Russian bolshevik forces are already marching into Hungary to assist the new soviet government there in opposing the Allies.

Spartacans are planning to launch their revolution before the first of April. This revolt, it was learned from Spartacans themselves today, is intended as the signal for a general bolshevik uprising throughout Central Europe. The Russian bolsheviks have been asked to start an invasion to insure the revolution's success.

The Spartacans expect to open hostilities without warning. They are storing food in secret hiding places. Some of the Spartacans, vastly in the minority, favor a postponement of the new revolution until after the soviet congress, which meets here April 8, then seeking to persuade the workmen and independent socialists to join them. But this plan met with little favor as the workmen and independent socialists want no violence and the Spartacans do.

The Spartacans recently sent a delegation to Moscow in an airplane they had stolen. This method of establishing communication was employed because the frontiers are closed. They asked the bolshevik to assist the pending revolution by throwing large forces of soviet troops into Central Europe. Spartacan leaders say it will take ten years for bolshevism to dominate Europe completely. They are laying their plans accordingly. The Government, under decision of War Minister Noske, is massing weapons and ammunition and strengthening its arsenals in preparation for the struggle.

## League Covenant Slightly Amended

PARIS, March 25.—During a three-hour session last night, the League of Nations commission, while considering proposed amendments to the covenant, disposed tentatively of the first sixteen sections, and agreeing upon a number of changes in form, which the members of the commission believe will meet more than fifty per cent. of the objections offered by Senator Lodge and other American senators.