#### f Mrs. Edgar Ferris APTIST CHURCH FROM HEART EASE LAST NIGHT.

all seasons for thine own, O. y after eight o'clock last even. of Portland were startled by pread rapidly about the city Ferris had suddenly expired ance at a meeting in the Porturch a few minutes previous. one of a series that has been week or more, and was attendnent. The number present and the house, though well coessively warm. Several of spoken, when Mrs. Ferris, be in her usual health, arose ted those about her to strive Christ and his righteousness; rticularly anxious for the of members of her family and friends. friends. When she sate cared to faint; restoraplied and a messenger r Drs. Christie and Gilchrist shortly, but in the meantime expired from heart disease, as the physicians. The reconveyed to the home of Mrs. Kane's house, near the treet and Adelaide road, acreat throng of sympathising erris was a sister of the late f Indiantown, and of the late inger of Jemseg, whose death was hardly less sudden than was hardly less studen than first husband was Duncan of the late Hon. John Ferris, and husband, Edgar Ferris, ive children survive her— s of the Storm King. Capt. the St. John, Mrs. Charles g, and two unmarried daugh. years of age, Dec. 17th last. mily in their sudden bereave-iding in the extreme, and the eep gloem over the entire ere the most profound sym-he stricken family.

me Missionary Society. AT ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

neeting of the Presbyterian Missionary Society, which arlor of St. Andrew's church on, was very fully attended. exercises conducted by Rev. ecretary read the minutes of which were approved. The d with the reading of her ret the annual meeting. The d her report of the work of the past year. She reported dings of some of the meetings hat informal, they had been n of the legislature. The atmeetings of the society as could be wished still much nietly accomplished. The re-land the thanks of the society Miss Bennett for the efficient h her duties had been dis-

unt deposited with Mac. Mrs Henderson, Mrs Gordon, Mrs Fiemirg, Miss Upton, Miss Rippey,

75:00 2:4	Poj,			20	
Miss Ew	ing,	• •		3	00
Miss Ra	nkine.			2	75
e Dr Burn	s. Hel	ifax.		1	
irs Johnsto	on.		-	ī	00
J Chipman,			•••	î	00
thly meet	inos.		**	20	
faciellan at	ad Co		••	31	
andioinal as	su co,	-	•••	91	มช
143.44 1			•	823	70
Shore,	• •	-		120	00
Cahill,	-			25	00
Shore,	-		-	60	00
pos al car	ds.			1	00
ation to Ha	alifax.			15	55
Shore.				30	
ld church,				50	
11	• •		••	25	
er.	00.0	• •	••	25	
r	-	• •	-		
	• •	• •		25	
o church,				50	
• •.	0.0	-	-	397	15
					_
last 1			1	8823	70
					-

on was read from the presbyher payment, though Rev. K. Blair, to discharge an obliga ugh sickness.—Granted.
i officers was then proceeded
i at follows: Mrs. Macrae,
Donald, vice-president, St.
Mrs. McLaren, St. Andrew's on, St. David's church; Miss John church; Miss Nugent, s. Brittain, Carleton church elected secretary, and Miss Votes of thanks to the retiring iss Rippey and Miss Gordon

mously. at the annual reports and bycirculation under the direct naet and Adam.

narks by Mr. Bruce, and

ewart the meeting adjourned.

CATHOLIC CHURCH BY FIRE—

dmundston.

NERAL NEWS.

Feb. 5.—The Catholic church miliarly known as the "Red lly consumed by fire yestera the presbytery and its con-

P. P.'s store at Middle St. escaped burning yesterday, caught from a burning

encing another cold wave. thermometer stood 36°; last I, and tonight bids fair to go & Sons are lumbering very te Temiscouata for their mill ill be ready for sawing this

f St. Luke's church Younghave decided to hold their It is the purpose of the te each alternate meeting to the systematic study, in ngfellow's poems, beginning Enthusiastic preparations Longfellow Evening," to be in March, when the public ith some of the American reations, as illustrated by gs and tableaux.

-At the Marble Cove rink ng was largely attended. between George Holder and closely contested. Time. ler who came in at the finish advance of his opponent. one mile was won by Fred. 46 sec. The race between Benj. Fish was postponed nability of Holder to appear

eficient ventilation have reon in the Mont Cenis tun-freight train leaving Moc 21, was observed to come about two miles from the el and did not start again. ne freight train coming from ion was informed of the fact up to the standing train he en of the latter in a dead re taken off and transported aste to Burdonechia, where oon revived,

## BY TELEGRAPH.

February 10, 1886.

#### FREDERICTON.

(Special to THE SUN.) FREDERICTON, Feb. 4. - In re the arbitration of Scott Farley and James L. Wilson was concluded in the Supreme Court today. Court

considers.

Several times recently, Rev. J. C. McDevitt of St. Dunstan's church has been missing small amounts of money stolen from his residence. Last night matters became more serious, when \$150 in bank bills and a smaller amount in silver was stolen. Suspicion resting on a young man named Thomas Shea, who lives in the Brannen house, Regent street, the officers got on the scent and run the thief to the ground. Sergt. Vandine and Constable Roberts, hearing that Shea had driven Rev. F. Alexander to that Shea had driven Rev. F. Alexander to Oromoto today, started at three o'clock this afternoon in pursuit, but somehow they missed their man. In the meantime Policemen Phillips and Wright got on the trail and to-night their efforts were rewarded. At seven o'clock Shea returned from Oromocto and just as he let Mr. Alexander out of the sleigh the policemen nabbed him and took him to the police station. On searching him Policeman Phillips found \$144 in bank bills and \$2.98 Phillips found \$144 in bank bills and \$2.98 in silver. Then Shea confessed to the theft, and told the efficers that a box in his trunk contained some more of the stolen money. There they found \$19.95 more in silver, making the total amount recovered \$156.93. Shea was employed by Kev. Mr. McDevitt up to about a month ago, and it is believed that he is the party who committed all the thefts. He is about twenty years old, and is very penitent and anxious to escape presecution.

FREDERICION, Feb. 7.—Donald McCatherine's residence, Charlotte street, caught fire shortly after eleven o'clock this afternoon, from the hall stove pipe, and the flames getting be-tween the floor and ceiling gave the firemen considerable trouble, but the damage will not amount to over \$100. The furniture was got out without being injured to any great extent. The loss is covered by insurance with Morrison

Rev. A. J. Mowatt, at St. Paul's church this forenoon, preached the funeral sermon of the lase John Anderson, whose remains were interred yesterday afternoon.

Thomas Shea, who robbed Rev. J. C. McDevitt, has been committed for trial in the

ounty court. At a meeting of the Barristers' Society, Saturday, D. L. Wetmore, Q. C., was elected president and Dr. Barker, vice-president. The following gentlemen were appointed to the council of the Barristers' Society: Attorney-General Blair, C. W. Weldon, Q. C., A. A. Stockton, Q. C., E. McLeod, Q. C., C. N. Skinner, Q. C., and G. F. Gregory, A course Skinner, Q. C., and G. F. Gregory, A course of study as recommended by the committe was adopted for students.

adopted for students.

In the supreme court Saturday, Trueman et al appellant and Allison, executor, respondent, Westmoreland probate court appeal; H. A. Powell and C. A. Powell support appeal; W. B. Chandler and H. R. Emmerson, contra; The crown paper was then taken up—The Queen v. White re Barnes, on motion of A. A. Wilson the rule to quash conviction was discharged, the only ground on which the rule was obtained being that the proceedings should been under the Dominion Liquor License Act; W. B. Chandler supported the rule.
The Queen v. White re Wright; the like.

The Queen v. Wetmore, re Earle, was struck Special paper-The first case, Kay v. Ward -Wetmore, Q. C., moves for a new trial; attorney general and H. A. Powell contra; court Allister occupied the attention of the supreme

court all day, and is not yet concluded. Blair, A. G., moves for a new trial; Hanington, Q C., There was a slight fire this morning at four o'clock, in Daniel Lucy's tenament house on

o'clock, in Daniel Lucy's tenament heuse on Brunswick street, occupied by M. McDade. It was promptly extinguished, however, only a small hole in the floor being burned. The fire originated from a box of ashes carelessly left by the servant.

W. Wheeler of Wheeler, Thorne & Co., St. John, is here completing the sale of his handsome brick residence to Judge Wetmore. It was sold for \$5,000 cash—a great sacrifice—it having cost over \$10,000 and is only ex years old. The new owner will occupy it almost immediately.

immediately.

Miss Moffit's house and outbuildings at Central Kingsclear were entirely destroyed by fire at four o'clock this morning. The barns were saved, but most of the furniture was destroyed. There was \$800 insurance on the buildings and \$200 on the furniture with John Black.

\$200 on the furniture with John Black.

C. E. L. Jarvis of St. John, who has been here adjusting the Cooper and McCatherin lesses, goes to Kingsclear tomorrow to adjust Miss Moffit's loss.

Lt. Col. Maunsell, D. A. G., has received orders from Ottawa to have a medical inspection of the Infantry School Corps, and Surgeon Brown will perform that duty tomorrow. It is believed the order is only preliminary to the departure of the corps to the North West in a few weeks, and in consequence there is confew weeks, and in consequence there is considerable activity around the barracks.

Hon. John L. Cutler of Bangor, is at the

Queen.
Edward Lawlor and Joseph Sherwood, appraisers of Cooper & Pinder's carriage factory, have fixed the damages at \$1,200. The amount insured was \$1,000 in the London and Glasgow company. Samuel Crothers of St. John, and A. G. Edgecombe, appraisers on the stock, expect to finish their work tonight.

## MARYSVILLE.

Fire in Mr. Gibson's Cotton Mill. (Special to THE SUN.)

FREDERICTON, Feb. 3.—There was a panic at Marysville this forenoon at nine o'clock, when the picker room of the cotton mill was discovered on fire, which caught from the picker. The fire got into the bales of raw ootton, and it required a determined fight to extinguish it, occupying over three hours. The automatic sprinklers and two lines of hose were called into requisition, and a small army of Mr. Gibson's employes came to the rescue, but the work was slow and tedious. The loss will be considerable, and not easily to be estimated at present. The building was uninjured except the floor from water, which covered it to the depth of a foot.

Mr. Crowley came up from St. John today automatic sprinklers and two lines of hose

Mr. Crowley came up from St. John today to estimate on the cost of raising Capt. Lyons' tug, the Xyphias, sunk in the Oromocto. His offer to do the j.b for \$600, Capt. Lyons to pump out the water, was not accepted.

John Anderson, a well-known and aged citizen, died this afternoon.

## SACKVILLE.

Disastrous Smash-up on the N. B. and P. E. Railway, near Port Elgin.

(Special to THE SUN.) SACKVILLE, Feb. 7.—Quite a serious accident occurred on the N. B. and P. E. Railway on Friday evening. The train from Sackville with a snow-plough attached, had reached Murray's, near Port Elgin, when the plough caught on the ice which had formed over the track. The locomotive went completely through the plough, making a total wreck of it. The locemotive was derailed and considerably damaged. Temporary repairs were made and the train succeeded in getting back to Sackville last night.

## HALIFAX.

(Special to THE SUN.) HALIFAX, Feb. 8.—The Dominion steamer

Lansdowne, over which some anxiety had been said, when Halifax was reached by the short

felt for her safety, arrived here today from Sable Island, experiencing very rough weather. She reports no wrecks at the island. The missing schooner Neeketia arrived at Lockeport today.

#### WOODSTOCK.

Death of David Munroe, Registrar of Deeds.

(Special to THE SUN.) WOODSTOCK, Feb. 2.-David Munroe, registrar of deeds for Carleton county, died last evening, in the seventy-third year of his age, after a tedious illness. Mr. Munroe was elected to the provincial legislature with the Honorable Wm. Lindsay in 1861, which position he vacated three years afterwards on accepting the office of registrar. He with Messrs. Fisher the office of registrar. He with Messrs, Fisher and Lynch were the first trustees of schools appointed by the government, which position he held till the time of his death. He faithfully discharged the duties of the several public posts held by him, and succeeded in retaining the public confidence during his long career. He was a man of sterling integrity and genial disposition and will be very much missed in this community. community.

NEWCASTLE.

The Last Sad Rites-H. H. Pitts on the Lecture Platform.

(Special to THE SUN.) NEWCASTLE, Feb. 4.—The remains of the NEWCASTLE, F. 60. 2.—Ine remains of the three children who met with so sad a death while coasting on Monday, were interred in St. James' burial ground, Newcastle, this afternoon. The services at the residences of E. Hutchison and John Rennie, the parents, were conducted by the Rev. E. Wallace Waits of conducted by the Rev. E. Wallace Waits of Chatham, and also at the graves. The solemn obsequies were attended by residents from many parts of the county, the procession of sleighs being nearly half a mile in length. At Newcastle a number of the citizens joined the procession. Seldom has any event brought forth such an expression of universal sympathy. Herman H. Pitts, editor of the Temperance Journal. is lecturing here this evening under Journal, is lecturing here this evening under the auspices of the Grand Division, S. of T.

## CHARLOTTETOWN.

Gillis Sentenced to be Hanged Next Month.

(Special to THE SUN.) CHARLOTTETEWN, Feb. 3—Gillis, the murderer of Callaghan, was sentenced today. The court room was crowded with spectators and ladies in the gallery awiting the death sentence of the unfortunate man. At four o'clock his lordship the chief justice delivered sentence. When asked what he had to say why sentence should not be passed against him, Gillis replied: "I have a good deal to say, but I don't suppose it would do man asked to say, but I don't I have a good dear to say, but I don't suppose it would do me any good now. I know I am innocent. God knows I am innocent. That's all I have to say. I thank Mr. Peters for bis kindness to me. That's all I have to His lordship addressed the prisoner at length

His lordship addressed the prisoner at length and sentenced him to be hanged on Thursday, 11th March next, between the hours of eight o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the evening. While passing sentence his lordship and many in the audience were visibly affected. The prisoner was paler than usual, but quite steady. When his lordship concluded he said in a firm voice: "I hope that those who have been locking for the \$2 000 remord will enjoy been looking for the \$1,000 reward will enjoy

The court was over-crowded with spectators and the crush at the door was tremend BELLEVILLE FLOODED.

River's Mouth Blocked Up by Anchor Ice.

The Business Part of the City Under Water -One Hundred Families Homeless.

(Special to THE SUN.)

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Feb. 4.—The intense cold that has prevailed for the past three nights has, by causing the formation of anchor ee in great quantities, almost completely locked up the mouth of the river and dammed blocked up the mouth of the river and dammed back the water to a height of about eight feet above its ordinary height.

The principal business portion of the city is inundated and several manufactories have been compelled to suspend operations. Nearly all buildings in a district about a mile in length have been vacated. Several shops and two hotels have been also compelled to suspend business.

Dusiness.

The water is steadily rising and it is now feared that the whole of Front street will be submerged and the entire business of the city brought to a standstill. Nothing can prevent this catastrophe but considerable rise in temperature. More than one hundred families that the stands of have been rendered homeless and sixty-nine of these families are dependent upon public charity.

THE COLDEST YET! Siberian Weather Throughout Ontario and Quebec.

Forty-Four Below in Some Parts of Ontario. (Special to THE SUN.)

TORONTO. Feb. 4.—The following is the low est temperature registered between midnight and eight this morning at the undermentioned

Ottawa	.29	below	zero.	
Brockville		46	66	
Montreal	.20	66	66	
Maniwaki	.35	66	66	
Owen Sound		66	6.6	
Toronto.	.15	66	66	
London		66		
Pembroke				
Combermere			66	
Renfrew			46	
Mattawa			66	
Quebec			. 61	
TORONTO, Feb. 5The f	ollo	wing i	s the	lo
st temperature recorded be	twe	en mi	daigh	t

Thursday and eight o'clock this morning, in

Belleville23	below	zero.
Brockville29	66	66
Fenion Fails26	65	66
Haliburton41	-	66
London		66
Montreal23		66
Owensound30	66	66
Peterboro38	66	66
Rockliffe40	66	66
Woodstock22	66	6.
Brantford16	à	66
Babcaygeon29		66
Combermere33		66
Goderich14	66	66
Kinmount40	86	66
Mattawa	66	66
Ottawa26	66	66
Pembroke29	66	86
Port Dalhousie17	66	66
Toronto23	66	66
Napanee30	6.	86

#### CANADIAN NEWS. (Special to THE SUN.)

(Special to THE SUN.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 3.—The joint committee of the Presbyterian and Methodist churches methere under the presidency of Rev. Mr. Hooker, and passed resolutions binding each denomination to establish missions only by consent of the other, so as to prevent the unnecessary employment of ministers and means in mission fields. They invite cooperation of other evangelical churches for the same end.

It is stated the English government intend to subsidize steamers between British Columbia and China and Japan, the late Salisbury government having placed on record their decision to use the C. P. R. as the means of communication between England and the east.

line, passengers would cross the Atlantic in in five days and in four or five more be landed in Vancouver, reaching the real Mikado in a

in Vancouner, reaching the real Mikado in a dozen more.

The committee of selection to decide what painting should be sent for exhibition to the Colonial and Indian exhibition meet today.

There is no knowledge here of Mr. Schreiber's reported resignation as chief engineer of Government railways.

ernment railways.

TOBONTO, Feb. 3.—The Mail's special correspondent in the Blackfeet country, sends a letter detailing a long conversation he had with Crowfoot, the famous Blackfeet chief. Crowfoot complains that the grass on his reserve at Blackfoot Crossing has been destroyed for two years in succession by fire, from sparks from the Canadian Pacific locomotives, and that his claim for compensation has not yet been settled at Ottawa. Otherwise he professes to be well satisfied with his treatment. He declares that he and his tribes are anxious fesses to be well satisfied with his treatment. He declares that he and his tribes are anxious for peace, and gives emphatic denial to the alarming rumors lately current about disaffection among the Blackfeet. He also denies the statement made by Ked Crow's son-in-law that he was inclined to join hands with Riel last spring. But the most important information obtained by your correspondent from Crowfoot relates to Louis Reil. Crowfoot asserts that in the winter of 1879 80. whilst relates to Louis Reil. Crowfoot asserts that in the winter of 1879 80, whilst he was over in Montana, Riel met him and urged him to join in a general Indian war in the Northwest. Riel's scheme apparently was to unite the Metes, Crees and Black Feet on our side of the line and to use the American Sioux under Sitting Bull, who at that time were in bad odour in the States in consequence of their annihilation of Custer and his force on the Little Big Horn in 1876. Riel who was of their annihilation of Custer and his force on the Little Big Horn in 1876. Riel who was attended at this conference with Crowfoot by Trottier, one of the Mets implicated in the troubles of last sp.ing tore up the treaty paper of Little Pipe, a Canadian Cree chief and promised to do more for Canadian Indians than our Government was doing. The Mail's correspondent who was with Crowfoot during his interview with Riel, corroborates the story told by the Black Feet chief and adds that Riel told him that he was backed by influential persons in Eastern Canada.

TORONTO, Feb. 3.—The debate in the local

TORONTO, Feb. 3.—The debate in the local house on White's amendment regarding the Northwest rebellion, was carried on vigorously till a late hour last night. It was lost by a vote of 45 to 33. Balfour, (grit), and Neelon, (independent), voted with the opposition. Then Fraser moved an amendment setting forth that Fracer moved an amendment setting form that the legislature of Ontario, while expressing no opinion whatever as to the cause of the rebel-lion or the subsequent events, petition the Do-minion parliament to extend its elemency to minion parliament to extend its clemency to
the prisoners now undergoing sentence.

Meredith opposed the amendment in a most
brilliant speech. He charged Fraser with
making a speech which was a direct incitement to rebellion. This was followed by an
uproar and cries of "order, order," "retract,
the state of the sentence of the sen

uproar and cries of "order, order," "retract." Meredith tried to speak again and again, but his voice was drowned in the uproar. At length, high above the roar and din, his voice rang out: "I will not retract one single word, not one single letter," and he conquered. He went on to speak as he had seldom, if ever, spoke he fore spoke before.
Shortly after midnight a division was taken upon Fraser's amendment, which was carried by a vote of 47 to 31, Balfour and Neelon

voting with the government, and so ended a most exciting and the best sustained debate that has taken place in the legislature of Ontario for many years.

The Ontario branch of the Dominion Alliance have been in session here yesterday and to-day. The principal business was as to providing machinery for the enforcement of the Scott Act in counties where it had been carried. A deputation waited upon the Ontario government this afternoon, when they were promised the appointment of commissioners and inspectors, but regarding police magistrates, a decision would not begiven for a day er two. A resolution was adopted in favor of women being allowed

ortawa, Feb. 5.—The Government have received no official information as to the action of the United States senate committee on foreign affairs respecting the fishery treaty proposed by the president of that country.

The C. P. R. statement of the year's business, showing, as it does, a net profit over working expense of nearly three and a quarter

working expenses of nearly three and a quarter million dollars, was the subject of congratula-tion today in ministerial circles. There is no truth in the statement that the minister of finance went to Montreal to obtain minister of finance went to Montreal to obtain a temporary loan from the banks. He has no difficulty in providing all the money needed.

The receipts of the finance department for January were \$2,000,585, and the expenditure \$4,900,000. Included in the expenditure is the amount paid in advance for a month's subsidy to the several provinces.

The customs receipts do not amount to as much as in January, 1885, but the excise receipts show a steady increase, those of last month being \$61,000 more than in the previous January.

OTTAWA, Feb. 7:—The distressed fishermen Bonaventure of have been granted a loan by by the Dominion Government of \$2,000, and a like sum from the Quebec government.

Mr. Stairs, M. P., presented the case of the Nova Scotia sugar refinery to a committee of the Privy Council, consisting of Messrs, Bowell, McLeian and White, who will make a report to the Government on the facts presented. presented.
Mr. Stairs went to Toronto last night.

Mr. Stairs went to Toronto last night.
There was no meeting of council tyesterday.
Winnipig, Feb. 6.—Baptiste and Pierre
Vandale, two of the prisoners sentenced to
seven years in the penitentiary for being participants in the Riel insurrection, are now in
the city, having been released yesterday from
confinement by order of the governor general.
This is believed to be precursor of a general
amnesty to all prisoners at Stoney Mountain.
The released convicts leave for Batoche tomorrow to join their families.

FORE Krocky Mont Feb 6.—The following

FORT KEOGH, Mont., Feb. 6.—The following despatch has been received from Lewiston, Montana: "On January 30, at Gabriel Dumont's ranche, five miles from here six Cree Indians arrived from the Northwest to hold a council with Gabriel Dumont, who was one of Riel's lieutenants. They report about thirty lodges of their tribes near Fort Assinaboine. There is trouble ahead and another re-bellion in the early spring is looked for. They claim to have been driven out. Stockmen are on the lookout, fearing the Crees will run off with their horses.

TORONTO, Feb. 8. - Three hundred employees of the Massey Manufacturing Co. went out on a strike this morning. The men were some months ago put on the piece system, but without having a price list. They, some days without having a price list. They, some days ago, asked through a deputation to have the price list hung up in the works shop, but this was refused. The knights of labor then took up the matter and asked that the price list be prepared and hung up, and also that the men be paid fortnightly instead of monthly. The firm declined to have anything to do with trades unions and would net accede to their demand, hence the strike. Both sides are determined to fight it out to the bitter end.

## WASHINGTON.

A Resolution in the Senate Against a Fishery Commission. (Special to THE SUN.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 3.-In the senate oday, Senator Frye, of Maine, reported from the committee on foreign relations, a resolution declaring it to be the opinion of the senate that congress ought not to provide for a joint com-mission of Great Britain and the United

upon the Broadway and Seventh avenue railroads, Broadway surface railroad, a Sixth avenue railroad and Fourth avenue railroad. No carr left the stables of the several companies since early this morning, and as a result the cars of the elevated roads have been crowded to a dangerous extent all morning. Many business men were compelled to walk down town to their offices. All mails are delayed, especially from the south and west. The Bos-ton mails were only an hour behind time, but ome mails are not yet heard from.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 4.—The most severe

snow storm known in this city for several years has been in progress the last 24 hours. Many horse car lines have nearly suspended operations, mail delivery is impeded and the schools NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The difficulty on the Fourth avenue road was adjusted this afternoon, and the cars began running soon after

AN AGREEMENT As to France and Germany's Colonial

Berlin, Feb. 3.—An agreement between France and Germany regarding their respective possessions on the west coast of Africa and in the South Sea, has been submitted to the Reichstag. The agreement contains an amicable understanding with respect to the rival claims of two powers to territory lying on Biafra bay. Germany surrendering her assumed sovereignty and protectorate over all that part of the country lying south of the sumed sovereignty and protectorate over all that part of the country lying south of the river Campo, north latitude three, and France abandoning all claim to any territory north of that river. France recognizes the German protectorate over "Toga tsrritory, Porto Seguro coast, the froniers of which are to be fixed by a mixed commission the starting place to be at a point froniers of which are to be fixed by a mixed commission, the starting place to be at a point on the coast between Little Popo on the Agoena. Germany renounces all claim to the territory on the coast of Senegambia between Rie Nunez and Mellacerew, especially Roba and Kabitai, and agrees to refrain from interposing any obstacles in the way offa French occupation of New Hebrides, France agreeing to put the Hamburg firm of Colin upon the same footing as French firms in Koba and Kabetai, concerning the freedom of trade and acquisition of land and payment of taxes and customs. Germany concedes to King Weusa the same position in Port Seguro as that enjoyed by him under the protectorate of France.

# ENGLAND'S MINISTRY.

of France.

was adopted in favor of women being allowed to vote at all elections, provided they possess the necessary property qualification. A report was adopted, recommending their delegates to the Dominion Alliance to urge upon that body that an effort should be made to have a square vote taken in the House of Commons at its coming session on the question of immediate prohibition. Resolutions were also passed that the alliance emphatically denounces the proposal for an amendment to the Scott Act, so as to allow the sale of ale and beer in Scott Act counties, which would totally destroy the usefulness of the Scott Act, and thereby calls upon all friends of temperance throughout the Dominion to resist to its utmost such retrograde legislation.

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—The Government have received no official information as to the action of the United States senate committee on

the office of chairman of the board of trade, with a seat in the cabinet.

There was a runor in the city today that unless the liberal cabinet now being formed by Gladstone shall be satisfactory to the Queen, it will be reconstituted to accord with Her Majesty's wishes. The Queen has approved of the selection of Hon. John Morley to be chief secretary for Ireland. The Earl of Rosebery, who was secretary of state for India in the last liberal cabinet, and who will have no place in the coming ministry, has declared his intention of assuming a friendly though independent attitude of support outside the cabinet to the Gladstone government.

Lord Granville, Gladstone's former minister, it is said "strongly objects to being shunted."

THE NEW CABINET. LONDON, Feb. 3.—The new cabinet is offiially announced as follows:—
Gladstene—Prime Minister and First Lord Sir Farrer Herschell-Lord High Chan-

Earl Spencer—Lord President of Council.

H. C. E. Childers—Home Secretary.

Earl Rosebery—Secretary for Foreign ffairs.

Earl Granville—Secretary for the Colonies.

Earl Kimberley—Secretary for India.

H. Campbell-Bannerman—Secretary for War. Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt—Chancellor of

the Excheques.

Marquis of Ripon—First Lord of the Admi-Chamberlain-President of the Local G. O. Trevelyan—Secretary for Scotland.
A. J. Mundella—President of the Board of

John Morley-Chief Secretary for Ireland. SIR FABRER HERSCHELL was born in 1837, was called to the bar in 1860, and made Queen's counsel in 1872. Mr. Glad-stone appointed him solicitor general in 1889. He represented Durham city in parliament for

H. C. E. CHILDERS

was born in 1827. In 1850 he went to Austra'ia and became a member of the government of Victoria, being elected to represent Portland in the legislative assembly. He returned to England in 1857 as agent general for the colony. In 1860 he was elected for Pontefract, and coninterest up to the last election, when he was defeated by Hon. Rowland Winn, conservative, He became a lord of the admiralty in 1864, retiring on the accession of Lord Derby's third administration in 1866. On Mr. Gladstone coming into power in Dec. 1868, Mr. Childers was nominated first lord of the admiralty was nominated first lord of the admiralty—which office he was compelled by ill health to resign in 1871. In Jan, 1872, he again accepted the post of agent general in England for the colony of Victoria. He was appointed chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster in Aug. 1872, and his election on that occasion is memorable as being the first parliamentary election that took place in England by ballot. He only held the office one year, ratiring in tion that took place in England by ballot. He only held the office one year, retiring in Aug. 1873, when Gladstone's administration was remodelled. Oa the liberals returning to power in April, 1880, he was appointed secretary of state for war, and on Dec. 1882 he became chancellor of the exchequer in succession to Mr. Gladstone, which he held till the fall of the administration last June.

was born in 1847, and succeeded to the title at his father's death in 1868. The first time he ever spoke in public was in 1871, when at the opening of parliament he was selected by Mr. Gladstone to move the address in reply to the speech from the throne. He was appointed under-secretary of state for the home depart-

EARL BOSEBERY

The resolution was then placed on the calender in regular order, and will thus come before the senate for open debate in its turn.

New York, Feb. 7.—A Washington despatch says that the regular order of business in the senate will probably be suspended early in the senate will probably be suspended early in the week to permit Senator Frye of Maine, to make a speech on his resolution, reported from the committee on foreign relations in regard to the fisheries.

SNOW STORMS

[Blockading the Streets of New York.]

New York, Feb. 4.—The snow storm which swept down on the city yesterday in true western style continued with little abatement all night. It is a regular western blizzard, and is undoubtedly the worst storm New York has experienced since 1882. The streets are being rapidly filled with snow and the street cars are pulled along the buried rails with great difficulties of the situation is the strike upon the Broadway and Seventh avenue railroads, Brarly in June, 1835.

BARI GRANVILLE, born in 1815, is a member of that great and wealthy family alliance the Levison-Gowers, which contains some seven or eight peerages, four of which are dukedoms, and three earl-doms. He was first elected to the commons in 1836. Barly in 1840 he occupied the office of under secretary of state for foreign affairs, which he held for several months. While in the commons he supported the liberal party. In 1846 he succeeded to the peerage, in 1848 was appointed vice-president of the board of trade, in 1851 obtained a seat in the cabinet, and in December of that year succeeded Lord Palmerston in the foreign office, retiring with the Russell ministry, early in 1852, and in December of the council (having failed in an attempt to form a ministry himself) in Lord Palmerston's first ministry, and in Palmerston's second administration in 1859, and retired on the fall of Lord Russell's second administration in 1866. In December, 1868, his lordship accepted office under Mr. Gladston experienced since 1822. The streets are being rapidly filled position till the resignation of the liberal cabinet in February, 1874. At the commencement of the following year, when Mr. Gladstone retired from the leadership of the opposition, Lord Granville became, by general consent, the leader of the Liberal party, with Lord Hartington as its spokesman in the house of commons. On Mr. Gladstone returning to power in May, 1880, Earl Granville again be-

came secretary of state for foreign affairs, EARL KIMBERLEY was born in 1826 and was raised to the earldom in 1866 In Dec., 1852, he accepted the post of under-secretary of state for foreign affairs, which he held under Lords Aberdeen and Palmerston till 1856, when he was appointed ambassador at 8t Petersburg. He returned to England in 1858 and resumed his old post in Lord Palmerston's second administration June, 1859, retiring in 1861. In October, 1864, he succeeded the late Earl of Carlisle in the lord lieutenancy of Ireland, resigning that office on succeeded the late Earl of Carlisie in the lord lieutenancy of Ireland, resigning that office on the fall of Lord Russell's second administration in 1866. He was lord privy seal in Gladstone's administration from December, 1868, to July, 1870, and secretary of state for the colonies from that date till he retired with Gladstone from that date till ne retired with Gladstone in 1874. On his old premier's return to power in 1880, he was re-appointed colonial secretary, and in 1882 was made secretary of state for India, which he held till the overthrow of June, 1885.

is a Scotchman, was born in the year 1836, and is the second son of the late Sir Jas. Campbell of Strathcathre, Forfarshire. His mother's name was Bannerman, which, some years ago, he added to his patronymic. After being at Glasgow university he was entered a student of Trinity college, Cambridge, where he graduated B.A. in 1858 and M.A. three years later. He married a daughter of Major Gangral Sir He married a daughter of Major-General Siz Charles Bruce, K. C. B., in the year 1860. In 1868 he was elected member of parliament for Stirling. Mr. Campbell-Bannerman held the post of financial secretary to the war office during the first Gladstone administration, from November, 1871, to February, 1874, and when Mr. Gladstone became prime minister the second time, in April, 1880, he received the same appointment. Subsequently he was made secretary to the admiralty, and in 1884 succeeded G. O. Trevelyan as secretary to the government for Ireland, which post he held at Gladstone's last fall. His administrative skill and ability and discretion in the conduct of parliamentary business receive recognition in the important office to which he has just been

#### SIR W. VERNON HARCOURT

was born in 1827, was appointed a Queen's counsel in 1866, and was returned to the Commons for Oxford in 1868. He was appointed solicitor general in 1873 (on which occasion he was knighted) and held that office until the resignation of Gladstone's cabinet in the following February. When Gladstone returned to power in 1880, Sir Vernon took the secretary-ship of state, but was defeated at Oxford by the conservative candidate. He was, however, elected for Derby. He was one of the original contributors to the Saturday Review, and has written various political pamphlets and letters on international law in the Times. on international law in the *Times*, under the pseudonym of "Historicus."

THE MARQUIS OF RIPON was born in 1827 and succeeded to his father's titles in 1859. He began his political life as attache to a special mission to Brussels in 1849. He sat in the commons for various constituencies, from 1852 till 1859, when he entered the house of lords. Lord Herbert selected him for under secretary for war, and in 1861 he was made under secretary for India. Upon the death of Sir G. C. Lewis, in 1863 he suc the death of Sir G. C. Lewis, in 1863 he succeeded that gentleman as secretary of war. In that office he remained about three years, and in 1866 was made secretary of state for India. On Gladstone's accession to power in 1868, he was created lord president of the council. In 1871 he was chairman of the high joint commission which arranged the Washington treaty, and for services then rendered was created Marquis of Ripon. On the return of Gladstone to power he was made vicercy of India, the post now filled by Lord Dufferin.

He was from 1870 to 1874 grand master of the Freemasons of England, but resigned in the latter year and joined the Roman Catholic

the latter year and joined the Roman Catholic JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN was born in London in 1836. In June, 1876, he was elected for Birmingham, as an advanced radical. In the house he chiefly attracted notice at first by his advocacy of the Gothenburg system of ilcense for the sale of intoxicants. On the formation of Gladstone's administration, immediately after the general elections of 1880, he was nominated president of the board of trade, with a seat in the cabinet and this poat he held at the fall of his chief, last June. chief, last June.

G. O. TREVELYAN was born in 1838. He was elected for Tynemouth in the tiberal interest in 1865 and for the Border burghs in 1868. He was appointed civil lord of the admiralty in Gladstone's government in 1868, but resigned in 1870 on a point of conscience connected with the government education bill. He succeeded Shaw-Lefevre as parliamentary secretary to the admiralty in 1880 and held that office until his appointment, after the murder of Lord Frederick Cavendish, as chief secretary to the lord lieutenant of Ireland, May 9th, 1882. Later he was admitted to the cabinet as chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, which he held to the fall.

A. J. MUNDELLA presents Shefield in the house of commons

He is a liberal of pronounced type and was vice-president of the committee of council in Mr. Gladstone's last administration. He is about 61 years of age. JOHN MORLEY. the famous journalist and escayist, was born at Blackburn, Lancaster, in 1838. After two defeats he entered the commons for Newcastle-upon-Tyne, in February, 1883, as an advanced liberal. Mr. Morley was editor of the Fortnightly Review from 1867 to 1882, and was also editor of the Pall Mall Gazette from 1880 till 1883. He is an honory LL.D. of Glasgow university.

THE FOLLOWING APPOINTMENTS have been made under the new administration Earl Sydney—Lord Stewart of Queen's Household. Arnold Morley—Patronage Secretary.
Charles Russell—Attorney-General.
The composition of the new cabinet has assed great surprise. It is thought to show

university.

caused great surprise. It is thought to show marks of a compromise.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—No definite appointments to minor offices have been announced. The Daily News considers the new ministry a strong one and especially approves of the appointment of the Earl of Rosebery and John Mornley. It says the selection of the Earl of Kimberley for the Indian secretaryship is the only choice that is likely to meet with negative approval. The absence of Lord Harting ton from the cabinet, the News says

Ald W Shaw, E Young, H Skillington, S Creighton, T Davidson.

The recipient made a suitable reply in which he stated that he could not sufficiently thank them for their unexpected, valuable, and acceptable tokens of kindness, neither could he sufficiently express in words his appreciation of the spirit manifested by these gifts,

States to take action in relation to the fishery question.

Frye stated that he believed the resolution expressed the views of the committee with unanimity.

The resolution was then placed on the calender in regular order, and will thus come before the senate for open debate in its turn.

Naw York, Feb. 7.—A Washington despeated says that the regular order of business in the sanate will probably be suspended early in 1836. Barly in 1840 he coupled the office of make a speech on his resolution, reported from the committee on foreign relations in regard to the fisheries.

SNOW STORMS

[Blockading the Streets of New York.]

New York, Feb. 4.—The snow storm which sweep down on the city yesterday in true western style continued with little abatement all night. It is a regular western blizzard, and

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Liberals and conserva-tives changed sides on the meeting of the house of commons today. In the house, writs were moved for the re-election of members who had been appointed to office by Gladstone, except in the case of John Morley, chief secretary for Ireland. The commons adjourned until Saturday and the house of lords until Monday.

Monday.

London, Feb. 4.—Gladstone will tomorrow London, Feb. 4.—Gladstone will tomorrow issue an election address to the voters of Midlothian, giving the elements of the policy upon which he asks that constituency to return him to the commons to fill the vacancy caused by the fact of him accepting office. In this, the prime minister will state that the new government will institute inquiries into the entire land question in Ireland and into the question whether there exists any necessity for the introduction of any specially coercive measures in the legislation for the Irish people. But the main policy of the government shall be to endeavor to reach the source and seat of mischief generally admitted to exist in that country.

try.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The outgoing and incoming ministers will exchange their respective seats of office at Oaborne on Saturday.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Sir Chas. Henry Mills, of the banking firm of Glyn, Mills & Currie, and Samuel Allsopp, of the firm of Samuel Allsopp & Son, brewers, have been elevated to peerage, LONDON, Feb. 4.—The Queen, acting upon the advice of Mr. Gladstone, will appoint a successor to Lord Carnarvon, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

The re-election writs will be issued in the house of commons today for the remainder of

The re-election writs will be issued in the house of commons today for the remainder of the members of the government, but Merley's writ cannot be issued till Lord Carnarvon's successor has been appointed. Herbert Gladstone will accept the post of financial secretary in the war office.

London, Feb. 5.-Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, in his address to the electors of Derby, soliciting a return to parliament, states that he will do all in his power to ce-operate with the new government in the work of solving the Irish question in a way that will maintain the union and the supremacy of the crown.

J. Collings, liberal member of parliament, J. Collings, liberal member of parliament, whose "three acres and a cow" amendment to the address in reply to the Queen's speech caused the overthrow of the conservatives, has been appointed by Gladstone secretary of the local government board. J. Rigby, liberal member, has been appointed solicitor general. The Earl of Aberdeen, lord lieutenant of Aberdeenshire, Scotland, has been appointed viceroy of Ireland. Baron twolverton, expaymaster general, has been appointed postmaster general. The new government is now completed, all minor places being filled.

Charles Russell, liberal member for Hackney South, the new attorney-general, in an address South, the new attorney-general, in an address requesting re-elections by his constituents pro-claims himself in favor of allowing Irishmen to deal with Irish questions on such soil, while at the same time he favors maintaining all the

safeguard of the supremacy of the crown. He advocates "real union founded on mutual good will," which he says would be sure to follow the abandonment of the present coercive rela-tions between the two countries.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The members of the late ministry left London for Osborne at 9.30 o'clock this morning to deliver the seals of office to the Queen, and the members of Mr. Gladstone's government proceeded to Osborne Gladstone's government proceeded to Osborne at 11 30 o'clock to receive the seals from her

msjesty.

The office of Lord Privy Seal has not yet been filled. It is reported that Earl Granville will soon retire from the colonial secretaryship and will be appointed Lord Privy Seal, that Earl Rosebery will be transferred to the colonial secretaryship and that Sir Charles Dilke will be appointed to the foreign secretaryship.

London, Feb. 6.—John Morley's address to his constituents makes no mention of the policy which he will follow.

Mr. Trevelyan in his address refers to his Mr. Trevelyan in his address refers to his previous speeches and says he hopes the government will adopt such a policy as he advocated. He concurs with Mr. Gladstone that coercive measures in Ireland would be of no value.

The Standard, apparently entertaining fears as to the future course of Lord Randolph Churchill, remarks that the intimacy of a section of the conservative parry with the Parnellites was a profound error and unmitigated misfortune and that its utter failure ought to deter the most adventurous from repeating the experiment.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The following additional appointments have been made under the new administration:

Chancellor of Duchy of Lancaster—Edward

Heneage.
Lord Chancellor of Ireland—John Naish.
Attorney General of Ireland—Samuel Walker.
Solicitor General of Ireland—J. L. Mac-Secretary to Admiralty—John T. Hilbert.
Under Foreign Secretary—George Osborne-

Morgan. Under Secretary for India—Sir U. K. Shut-

tleworth. Under Secretary Home Department—Henry Under Secretary Home Department—Henry Broadhurst.

The appointment of Broadhurst as under home secretary has caused a sensation in political circles, that gentleman being the first workingman that has ever risen to the ministry. The appointment is taken as an indication that it is Gladstone's intention to rely upon the masses against influence of aristocracy. The liberal club are divided in opinion on the subject. The reform and Devonshire disapproving of the appointment, and the national and liberal enthusiastically opposing it. The hostility of the whigs to Gladstone is intense. This is a sham in the difficulty experienced by the premier in filling the peeress post in the Queen's household. The Duchess of Bedford and Duchess of Westminster have refused the appointment, and others will follow their example.

Donation at Courtenay Bay Parsonage.

On Wednesday evening, between thirty and forty friends from Redhead and Silver Falls. met at the parsonage. A very pleasant even-ing was spent, and before the party separated they presented the Rev. R. Opie with an ad-dress, a beautiful sleigh robe, and fur collar. Henry Anthony of Redhead read the following SILVER FALLS, Feb. 3.
To the Rev. R. Opie, Methodist minister of the Courtenay Bay circuit:

Dear Sir. We. 4.

tenay Bay circuit:

Dear Sir—We, the undersigned, beg to tender you some token of our appreciation for the very valuable services rendered by you as our minister during the past two years. In presenting you win this robe and collar we would express the hope that your time in this place may be of long duration. Mrs W Hannah. W Anthony, Mrs G Blacklock, Mrs W Hannah,
H Anthony,
R Hastings,
W Hannah,
Mrs W Hanlan,
Mrs W Hanlan,
Jer Calkin,
Mrs A Bustin,
Thos Shillington
Miss A Shillington
Miss John Jorda
E Young,
H Skillington,
J Anthony,
E Shillington, Gibson, Mc Afee, Mrs J Anthony, Mrs M F Josselyn, Mrs Thos Clarke, Jarthurs, Mrs John Clarke,