## Pictoria Weekly Times.

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VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, MAY 12, 1893.

An Original Device to Clear the Way for Plunderers.

The Latest Scheme to Euchre the Innocent Countryman-An Eccentric Old Man and His Coffin-Progress of the Revolution in Nicaragua-A Fugitive From Justice Caught.

New York, May 6.—There will be an ocean race between the steamers Paris of the American line and the big Cunard steamer Campania to sail from this port. They will leave their docks this morning at 9 o'clock, and it is said the Campania will try to wrest the record from the Paris. The Paris is bound for Southampton and the Campania for Liverpeel. Both will pursue a southerly course. This will take them over the same route for nearly the whole distance, almost three thousand miles. It is thought that they will be within sight of each other most of the time. There has been some betting among old salts and sea captains, and the odds has been slightly in favor of the Paris.

Portland, Ore., May 6.—A mass meeting of the People's party and anti-Chinese voters of Portland was held in Albina last evening in the Knights of Labor Hall, at which the following reslabor Hall, at wanch the tonowing resolution was unanimously passed:

Resolved, that the People's party in convention assembled tender our admiration and respect to Gov. Pennoyer for his very apt rebuke to Gresham, Cleveland and the Chinese combination. Resolved, That the workingmen as a class are merciful and lenient toward the unfortunate and unstalled, even in statesmanship, and we therefore tender our condolence to Gresham, Cleveland and the Six Chinese companies.

Shenandoah, Pa., May 6.—In consequence of the fear that the large overr in the mountain immediately above town might burst, wing to the heavy rains, sentinels were posted near he dam last night with instructions to fire a cannon as a warning signal in the event of any outbreak. It was arranged that at the sound of the cannon the people of the town should run for their lives, as the bursting of the reservoir meant the inundation of the valley. At about midnight the rear of the cannon on the mountain rolled through the valley, and all who heard it fled from their homes, thinking it the signal that the breastworks had given way. Hundreds of houses and steres

who gave the Taise signal with the degain an opportunity to pillage the deserted houses and stores. The robbers plundered about twenty nouses and stores and made an attempt to get into the Citizens' Bank. While three men were drilling a hole in the loor of the bank. Watchman Hall, who had not bank. Watchman Hall, who had not look and the loo peared and opened fire on the thieves. A number of shots were exchanged, which had the effect of bringing to the scene several hundred people who helped seen that no flood was in sight and the people were recalled, many of them to learn that their homes had been robbed.

His Crime Found Him Out. San Antonio, Tex., May 6.—When Juan Garcia, one of the Mexicans engaged in the late revolutionary movement against Mexico, was arraigned in the United States court to-day for violation of the neutrality laws, he was recognized by one of the spectators as a man who is wanted for murder in Sutton county, Texas. About two years ago Garcia killed a Mexican rancher and has been a fugitive from justice until to-day. He was turned over to the state authorities and will be tried

Getting His Coffin Ready.

w York, May 6.—Peter Ramsay, of the oldest residents of Bergen ty, N. J., has surprised his friends the coming to this city and returning the handsomely finished white oak fin, encased in a box of the same atterial, and placing it in charge of deertaker S. Lack. Mr. Ramsay is earing his 86th year and thinks his dis not far off. A few days ago is not far off. A few days ago narrowly escaped being struck by an e express train, and he looks upon as a warning of approaching death. Ramsay served as freeholder 30 He is eccentric, was always years ago. a devout church member, and has con-tributed \$500 to the erection of a par-sonage and to the True Reformed

The Very Latest Dodge.

Norwalk, Conn., May 6 .- A clerical-Norwalk, Conn., May 6.—A clerical-looking stranger called at the house of a well-to-do farmer named Goodrich Hubbell residing at New Canada, on Saturday night. He claimed to be a preacher on the way to Louisboro, N. J., where he was to deliver a sermon the next day. While the farmer and his wife were conversing they were interrupted by the arrival of a man and woman, who wished to get married and nan, who wished to get married and rmer Hubbel said the minister who is visiting him would tie the knot. It couple were married in due form d Mr. Hubbell and his wife signed supposed marriage license and the departed. This morning Hub-eceived word from the Norwalk Nabank that his note for \$285 had discounted there yesterday. Mr. oel went at once to the bank, where whed upon him that the marriage light had been supported by the support of the bank. certificate he had signed was a promissory note. The preacher and the bridal couple, it is believed, are New York crooks.

Nicaragua's Revolution. Juan do Sul, Nicaragua, May 6.— e important cities of Nicaragua have n into the hands of the revolution-Telegraphic communication with terior has been interrupted and s of the revolution have not been obtained. It is not known, how-that the followers of Gen. Savara, easily obtained. It is not known, however, that the followers of Gen. Savara, leges jobbery in connection with deciding the real leader of the insurgents,

CREAT OCEAN RACE have captured Granda and Masata, south from the capital, and Matagalpa, which is east of Managua. The whole country adjacent to these cities is controlled by the revolutionists, who appear to be confident of driving President Sacasa from power. With their victors are forced to the power was a sacasa from the capital and Masata, which is east of Managua. The whole country adjacent to these cities is controlled by the revolutionists, who appear to be confident of driving President Sacasa from power. With their victors are forced to the capital and Masata, which is east of Managua. The whole country adjacent to these cities is controlled by the revolutionists, who appears to be confident of driving President Sacasa from the capital and Masata, which is east of Managua. Test Their Speed.

Jacasa from power. With their victorious forces they have marched towards Managua, the capital of the republic. Reports received to-day show that there has been a great deal of fighting around Managua.

THE EXCLUSION ACT.

Measures Taken by the Chinese in the The Struggle Lasted Six Hours, and Matter.

New York, May 6.—Three meek-looking Chinamen, who have violated the Chinese Exclusion act by failing to register within the past year as required by the law, walked into United States Marshal Jacobus's office in the post-office building this morning and were office building this morning and were placed under arrest. Six deputy marshals surrounded them, and to the uninitiated it seemed as if they were destrate criminals. Their names are Wong Quan, a laborer, of 1 Mott street; Lee Goe, a Chinese costumer, of 2707. Third avenue, and Fong Yue Sing, of 1 Mott street. They had voluntarily surrendered themselves by the advice of eminent lawyers in order to test the constitutionality of the Chinese Exclusion act. At 9 o'clock they were ushered into room 64, where United States District Court Judge Addison Brown prepared to hear two of the cases. The case of Fong Yue Sing was brought betrict Court Judge Addison Brown pre-pared to hear two of the cases. The case of Fong Yue Sing was brought be-fore the United States Circuit Court, Judge Lacombe. The case of Wong Quan was first cailed. The lawyers present for the Chinamea were: Joseph Choate, Ja Hubley Ashton, Maxwell Evarts and Thomas Riordan; the latter is coursed for the six powerful Chinese is counsel for the six powerful Chinese companies of San Francisco, which is defraying all expenses of the test case.

Riordan came here from San Francisco
two weeks ago. United States District Attorney Mitchell appeared to
prosecute. Through an interpreter Wong Ouan said he was a laborer, was a resident of the United States on May 5, 1892, when the Geary Act became law, and he had not applied for a certificate of residence as required by law, nor even troubled himself about it. For nor even troubled himself about it. For not doing so he had no excuse to offer. The lawyers for the Chinese appeared as anxious as Mitchell to have Wong Quan adjudged guilty of violating the law and Judge Brown remanded him to the custody of the United States marshal to be deported to China. Lee Goe's case was then called. It differed from Wong Quan's case inasmuch as his Wong Quan's case inasmuch as his lawyers said he was without the necessary certificate through "unavoid ble cause," but was not able to prove that he was in the country on May oin, 1892; as the law required.

According to the Geary law, when a Chinaman applies for registration, the antees. If at the end of the year the Chinaman still remains unregistered, he Chinaman still remains unregisterel, he is liable to arrest, when he then must prove, by at least one reputable white witness that he lived in this country prior to the passing of the Chinese Exclusion act.

blouse nor cue, but was taken before Judge I acombe, who also ordered the prisoner deported to China. In all three cases, Mr. Evarts applied to Judge Lacombe, for a writ of habens corpus, which was denied in accordance with the pre-arranged plan of counsel for both sides, and counsel then give notice of appeal to the supreme court of the United States

the United States. The three Chinamen were admitted to bail in \$500 each, which was procured by representatives of the Six Companies. The cases, the district aftorney said, will be heard by the supresser court in Washington next Wednesday. Proceedings were closely watched by Yuen Kai, a member of the Chinese legation at Washington and by Vice-Gonzul

Wing of this city.
San Francisco, May 6.—John C. Quinn, collector of internal revenue, does not think that the Geary law will be put in operation without serious danger of an outbreak on the part of the Chi-

"The Chinese," said Quinn, "are act-The Chinese, said Quinn, "are acting very sullenly about this law. They have refused to register and seem to think that no actual steps will be taken to remove them. In fact they laugh at the idea of the law going into erect. They seem to think that the Chinese government will never permit its people to be removed from the United States. The Chinese have stated to me that if the United States insists upon their dethe United States insists upon their departure a fleet of Chinese battle ships may be expected at the Golden Cate at any moment. This, however, is the idle talk of a few ignorant laborers. The Chinese consulate has made no such threats and the more intelligent (hinese threats, and the more intelligent Chinese laugh at such threats. It serves to indicate, however, that among the lower class of coolies there exists a determina-

class of coolies there exists a determination to resist the law, and that they
expect their government to go to war if
necessary to keep them in this country.
If violence is not shown the officers
when they are called upon to perform
their duty, if the law is declared constitutional, I shall be surprised."
Inquiry in Chinatown shows that the
fears of the collector are well grounded.
There exists among the Chinese the
most sullen disposition, which has been
inflamed by circulars issued by the Six
Companies. Every circular issued by
the Six Companies has contained advice to the Chinese to resist the law.
This advice has been construed that
Chinese should not register. Yesterday another circular was issued calling
upon the Chinese to stand firmly on
the ground they had taken and to prepare for vigorous defence.

Five Deadheads Killed. Dayton, Ohio, May 6.—The wrecking of a freight train on the Dayton and Michigan railway near Ladner this morning, caused the death of five

Immigration in Ontario. Toronto, May 6.-The ceturns show a total immigration into the province last year of 14,771, as against 18,072 the previous, 18,487 in 1890 and 23,196 in 1889. In 1883 the total immigration was 40,000.

Was Stubbornly Contested.

Little Matters to Settle-The Revo-Deal a Final Blow to the Government.

Valparaiso, May 8.—A battle which lasted six hours was fought yesterday near Grande do Sul, Brazil, in which 4,000 government troops and 6,000 insurgents were engaged. Conflicting reports have been sent out concerning the engagement. The first story came from Artigas, that it was rumored that Gen. Tavarez, the commander of the insurgent forces, had put the army under Gen. Hippolyte to flight. This encouraging news from the Brazilian revolutionists is directly contradicted by the tionists is directly contradicted by the story sent from Buenos Ayres, where it is said that an apparently reliable tel-egram from Montevideo was published, giving the details of an engagement yes-terday between government troops and the insurgents near Uruguay Ano. Ten thousand men are reported to have been engaged in the battle, which was fiercely contested and lasted six hours.

six hours.

The government troops, numbering 4,-000, were under command of Generals Hippolyte and Lima. Generals Tavarez and Salgedo led the 6,000 men who fought for the revolutionary canse. The combat began about noon and lasted until nightfall. Great determination and daring were displayed by the soldiers of each army. The slaughter was terrible. Scores of men fell dead on the field before the frightful rain of lead. As night approached the revolutionists attempted to withdraw to a better position, but the movement had been

position, but the movement had been foreseen by the commanders of the government army, who threw all their forces against the retreating revolutionists and turned the retreat into a complete rout. The attack in the rear, according to the report, demoralized the revolutionists and they ran before the advancing government army. General Tavarez led one wing of the retreating army towards Livorno, while the other followed General Salgedo in a hurried march toward Alegrete. Divisions of the government army were ordered to Chinaman applies for registration, the collector of internal revenue may refuse to register him unless he shows by reputable witnesses that he is entitled to the protection that registration guarto the protection that registration guarto the government army were ordered to pursue the retreating forces.

It is believed that this battle will settle the fate of the revolution. Tele-

> Lajes upon the military situation and congress authorized the expenditure of \$600,000 for the purchase of arms in the event of war being declared against

SACASA'S ENEMIES.

Morales and His Army Preparing to Strike a Crushing Blow.

Panama, May 3. - With Santiago Morales at their heal the revolutionists of Nicaragua have established a provisional government over that republic and are preparing to strike a crushing blow at President Sacasa. This im-portant news is contained in a special cable just received from Juan do Sul, on the Nicaraguan coast. Headquarters of the provisional government have been established at Granda, the city which first fell into the hands of the revolutionists. Santiago Morales is the provisional president; ex-president Zavola, minister of war, and Eduardo Montiel, general-in-chief of the revolutionary army. Around Granada have been concentrated the leading divisions of the revolutionary army, and from that point, of course, all operations are conducted. In addition to Granada and Massers which they continued the re-Masaga, which they captured, the revolutionists have taken Rivas, Managal-pa and Chantales. Two battles have been fought near Masaga, in each of which the government forces were defeated. A portion of the Nicaraguan railroad, the telegraph lines and the steamers on Lake Managua and Lake Nicaragua are in possession of the revolutionists. President Sacasa says that he has an army of 10,000 men and hoped he would speedily overthrow

Leo Counsels Peaces Rome, May 8.-From authentic infor-

mation it would appear that the Pope is preparing an encyclical to the European governments, setting forth the in-evitable crisis to which the crushing military burdens must bring them. He will call the attention of the governments to the necessity of introducing the idea of pacific action into their general policy as well as the appease-ment of the anger of the working classes consequent upon their misery. His holiness will ask for a resolution of holiness will ask for a resolution of the question of disarmament, probably by an encyclical, which may be the re-sult of an agreement come to in his interview with the Emperor of Ger-many. The governments of Italy, Aus-tria, Spain, Belgium and Russia are said to be already informed of the agreement referred to above, and are agreement referred to above, and are willing to accept it. Russia has made certain reserves, but intends, it is believed, to adhere to the general decision, in which case she would be charged with the mission of bringing pressure upon France to induce her to ioin the other petions. join the other nations.

For Bulkley's Benefit. New York, May 8.—Theatre-goers the country over are familiar with the name of Edward J. Bulkley, the excellent and painstaking star, who for several years has been prominently before the public in legitimate roles, and who has been an especial favorite of the rising generation. He has been missed, however, for the greater part of the present season,

SANGUINARY BATTLE

although few of his admirers were aware that he was stretched upon a bed of sickness, a victim of a sudden and serious stroke of paralysis. But Bulklev has not been forgotten by his old professional friends, and to morrow a monster benefit will be given him at the prominent managers of New York, and many other large cities, will co-operate. It promises to be one of the largest benefits ever given in the city.

The Distinguished Critic Chosen Tennyson's Successor.

The Distinguished Critic Chosen Tennyson's Successor.

Political Situation in Konolulu

CUBA'S CRISIS.

Plenty of Money Raised to Carry Forward the Revolution. Key West, Fla., May 8.-The Cuban revolutionary party will issue to-day a Revolution Now Believed to be Ended, manifesto showing its position on the But Brazil and Uruguay Have Some affairs of the island of which it regards itself as guardian, instead of the idle lutionists of Nicaragua Preparing to or criminal disturber. It seems to have been the general idea that while it would have been the duty to uphold any serious move for independence in Cuba, it has not been responsible for the premature uprising and will continue

> Benjamin Guerro, secretary of the American leagues of Cuban patriots, in American leagues of Cuban patriots, in an interview yesterday said he put no faith in the story of the surrender of the Cuban revolutionists. "We are going on the basis that there is a revolution in Cuba," said Guerra. "I wish to emphasize, however, that no expedition from the United States will receive the sanction of the Cuban revolutionist societies in this country. We have other means to accomplish our ends. Money works wonders in these days, and there are plenty of men to fight in Cuba if are plenty of men to fight in Cuba if they can be properly armed and equipp-ed. Our last information from Key West announces that the money subscribed there by laborers and cigar-makers at one time approached \$3,000. From Tampa, Fla., we have a message that more than \$3,000 was raised at a that more than \$3,000 was raised at a single meeting. What our local subscriptions amount to I am not at liberty to state, but there will also be heavy contributions from Philadelphia, Atlanta, Chicago and the southern cities."
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> "Suppose the execution of your plans cost one million dollars," said the reporter

cost one million dollars, said the reporter.

"If we need a million dollars we can raise it," Guerro declared. He also said that if the Sartorius Brothers were taken that would not affect the plans of the revolutionist party. They would go on as if nothing had happened, carrying out their plans. The arms would be bought in Cuba, or near there, so as to avoid capture by American cruisers sent avoid capture by American cruisers sent

"We do not fix the time for our revolt. The undertaking is maturing, and when we are ready we shall fight until bankrupt or Spain will yield."

signal that the breastworks had given were deserted, as the people thought only of saving their lives. Che cannon that had been fired was not the construction on the ground hat had been fired was not the grain an opportunity to pillage the deserted houses and stores. The robbers of the collector, a reputable opinion of the collector, a reputable opinion of the collector, a reputable opinion of the collector, a reputable witness because he was a Chinamaan blundered about twenty houses and made an attempt to get into the Citizens' Bank. While three men were drilling a hole in the Joor of the bank. Watchman Hall, who had not the grain and the provincial inspector of asylums, in the case of Venie, the wife many are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the prising and Uruguay are becoming more understant. The report shows the meantime appointing Judge Prudhomme to do the duties of the late judge.

Acton Burrows is here on business

with the Government in connection with his newspapers.
Mr. Dexter, solicitor for the Northern Pacific railway, arrived this morning and had an interview with Daly. Daly and Burgess returned from New York on Saturday. They made a close investigation of quarantine arrangements at New Yok for the purpose of seeing what result it had on immigra-

The Quebec list of cases was concluded this afternoon in the Supreme Court, and those of Ontario will proceed to-morrow. One of the first and principal cases to come up will be that testing Moyer's local entire lew testing Mowat's local option law.

Minister Lincoln Homeward Bound. London, May 8.—Hon. Robert T. Lin-coln, ex-United States Minister, sailed for home to-day. Since the beginning of the last week he has been inundated with friends in official and private life all bearing expressions of regret con-cerning his departure. It is understood that on his return to Chicago be will immediately resume the practice of the

General Dispatches.

New York, May 8.—But for the interposition of Gov. Flower, Carlyle Harris would this morning be within the shadow of death by the electric chair. The week commencing at midnight this morning was the one designated by stern, implacable Recorder Smythe within which the man who had been twice convicted of the poisoning of his girl-wife should pay the penalty of the law. The executive clemency of the governor of this state, however, has been successfully invoked, and so the electric chair is to-day without its victim.

St. Louis, May 8.—The members of the Board of Fire Underwriters of St. Louis are celebrating the 21st anniversary of the formation of that institution to-day with a public reception, the receiving committee being composed of old timers. To-night an elaborate banquet will be given at the Noonday Club. General Dispatches.

Noonday Club.

(Chicago, May 6.—The gates of the World's Fair were closed tight yesterday, which is the first Sabbath since its opening. Only the necessary employees, and those having the care of the live-stock were permitted to enter. Even the directors and national commissioners were barred out. According to all appearances Sunday opening is doomed. The national commission is hopelessly divided on the issue and nothing but a unanimous vote of that body could induce the directors to violate the law of Congress. Noonday Club.

a manimous vote of that body committee the directors to violate the law of Congress.

New York, May 6.—In the presence of a large assemblage the corner-stone of the new hospital of St. Luke's was laid this morning by Bishop Potter. Many representatives of old-time families were present. It is an interesting fact that thirty nine years ago to-day the corner stone of the present structure, which is known the world over, was laid by Bishop Wainwright.

Louisville, Ky., May 8.—The hotels are filling up with delegates to the great Republican League Convention that assembles here on Wednesday, and their numbers are being added to by every train. This will be the first great gathering of Republicans since the defeat of the party last year, and will be an index of the spirit and power of its members. Considerable effort has been put forth with a view of securing full delegations from the eastern and central states with good results, and according to the presentations, said: "Recently the French government devated the rank of its distinguished representative in the presentative in the presentative in France. I, therefore, is also to be held this week.

Hey developed the thick taking the matter into their own hands and making that they should feel like taking the matter into their own hands and make emerge until soul and body had parted.

Bleeding a Millionaire.

San Francisco, May 6.—John W. Mackay has entered a strong protest against the bills rendered by his attending physicians, Drs. Keeley and Morse, which he has flatly refused to pay. Dr. Keeley's summary of services rendered during the millionaire's late billionaire's late billionaire's late in the thirty of the president felicitate One Another.

Paris, May 8.—The Hon. James B. Brook of the president felicitate One Another.

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Paris, May 8.—The Hon. James B. Brook of the president felicitate One Another.

A Bad State of Atairs.

At last week's meeting of necessary of the president felici

Commissioner Blount to Leave the Islands in June.

Precaution to be Taken to Prevent Bloodshed and Violence When He Withdraws-Secretary Gresham Said to be Not Altogether Pleased With His

London, May 8.—Prime Minister Glad-stone has offered the place of poet laur-eate, made vacant by the death of Lord Tennyson, to the distinguished art critic, John Ruskin.

Eager to Slay the Criminal. Eager to Slay the Criminal.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 8.—George
Spencer, a painter, about 50, assaulted
to-day the nine-year-old daughter of J.
A. Beam, a prominent citizen. He was
seen afterwards, arrested and identified by the girl. Last night the jail
was surrounded by a mob of 500 men
determined to lynch Spencer. The jail
is guarded by 75 deputies armed with
Wnchesters, and it is feared that a
bloody battle will take place before
morning.

Tuscarora Presbyterian Church. San Bernaya, May 8.—The historical Tuscarora Presbyterian church is to be rebuilt. The laying of the corner stone took place on the Tuscarora reservation to-day, Rev. L. G. Marsh officiating. Sachem Sacarissa in 1805, for the purpose of obtaining the white men's religion for his people, walked to New York city, and after returning organized a church with at first only ganized a church with at first only seven members. Since then the church has stood with an unbroken history. It is a landmark of the Presbyterian faith in western New York.

Albuquerque, N.M., May 6.—Antonio Martinez, Antolk Jose Barelas and Victoriano Aragon, three murderers confued in Las Lunas jall, were taken out of their cease by masked men last night and hanged to a cottonwood tree. The first two murdered an old woman named Mrs. Manuele Mirles, effer first assaulting her and horribly murdered and the confuence of the first assaulting her and horribly murdered. from here.

"We do not fix the time for our revolt. The undertaking is maturing, and when we are ready we shall fight until bankrupt or Spain will yield."

RFCT

IDIOT.

Venie, the Wife Murderer, Hopelesly Insane—Judge Ardagh's Successor.

Ottawa, May 8.—The department of instice received to-day the report of Dr. Chamberlain, provincial inspector of asylums, in the case of Venie, the wife

likely be appointed for some time. An order-in-council has been passed in the meantime appointing Judge Prodhomme Numerous triumphal arches, as well as stands having a seating capacity of over half a million, have been erected along the route and are in course of completion to-day. The mayors and delegations of all the leading municipalities of the country will be amongst the spectators. The Prince of Wales himself kneeling on a velvet dais will present the land are affected by the country will be amongst the spectators. sent the address of welcome to his august mother.

BLOUNT'S BLUNDER.

The Commissioner Gives Painful Evidence of Lacking Tact.

Washington, D. C., May S.—Secretary Gresham's final instructions to Commissioner Blount will be forwarded to Honolulu within a few days. The to Honolulu within a few days. The commissioner has advised the department that he will leave the Hawaiian Islands on June 5th and may therefore be expected to reach Washington about June 17th. Secretary Gresham's distributed to the commissioner will be supported by the commissioner by the com patches to the commissioner will be supplementary to the instructions he has already received, but will be important, in that they will bear significantly upon precautions that it is now evident must be taken to prevent violence, and per-haps bloodshed, on the Island as soon as the commissioner's restraining influ-

ence has been removed. Secretary Gresham has had little fault to find with Commissioner Blount's course thus far, but he is by no meins pleased with the indiscreet admissions made by the commissioner on the occasion of his reception of a delegation of Hawaiian women, who came to pray for Queen Liliuokalani's restoration. Mr. Blount received their memorials and in reply to their address said that he would submit them to his government with all other information gathered during his mission, but he was not authorized to take any steps looking to the Queen's restoration. This would have been of

little consequence but for the practical effect the incident has had upon the Queen's party.

As long as Commissioner Blount was supposed to have authority to restore the Queen, they were quite willing to leave the whole matter to aim, but now the little consequence, was executed by electricity in the state prison here at noon to-day.

Not since the first electrocution at Sing Sing, when four men, Slocum, Smiley, Jugigo and Reid, were put to death with experimental appartus then leave the whole matter to aim, but now in use, has such interest been displayed. leave the whole matter to aim, but now that they understand the real situation, and believe that weeks and months may pass after the commissioner leaves the Islands before the United States government will indicate its intentions with regard to Hawaii, it is only natural that they should feel like taking the matter into their own hands and mak-

have the honor to be the first ambas-sado accredited from the United States to the French republic. The change was intended by my government as an additional manifestation of friendly dis-position towards the French republic. Representing the sentiments of the Am-erican people the illustrious citizen who is chief executive of the American re-public, desires that the amicable relapublic, desires that the amicable relations existing so long between the two governments should not only be maintained, but strengthened. Permit me to assure you that to accomplish the desired result my personal inclination will lead me to contribute a hearty cooperation. The ties of friendship between the French and the American people originated at a very wally period. people originated at a very early period in our history and the similarity of our in our history and the similarity of our political institutions and forms of government should tend to unite the two people in bonds of the closest sympathy. Fortunately no event can now be foreseen which can cause any difference between the French and American nations. Being the native of a section of my country once possessed by France, I feel not altogether a stranger to your language, your history and the traditions of your marvelous civilization. It affords me pleasure to convey the expression of Fresident Cleveland's high personal esteem for your excellency, at the same time wishing the French nation success and prosperity." tion success and prosperity."

The American ambassador had a most

The American ambassador had a most imposing reception at the Elysees, full military honors being accorded him. The band in the courtyard played the "Star Spangled Banner," with variations a la francaise, when Mr. Eustis arrived, and President Carnot extended to the new representative of the United States all representative of the United States all the deference due to his rank. After the reception by President Carnot, the American ambassador was accompanied to the Grand Hotel by an escort of cavalry. Mr. Eustis informed the reporters who interviewed him that he was deeply impressed with the warm cordiality of President Carnot.

NOT QUITE SMART ENOUGH.

Sharp Practice Out of Business Hours. New Westminster, May 8.-Late on Saturday night a special Great Northern train, consisting of six cars and eighty men, came over from Fairhaven to South Westminster. Their object was during the night to take up the whole track from the latter place to Liverpool, and from the latter place to Liverpool, and also to remove the station house. They had only commenced work removing the foundations of the house when Deputy Sheriff McMartin arrived and served an injunction at the instance of Mr. A. J. McColl, who had got wind of the railway people's intention beforehand and obtained the injunction. Mr. McColl had taken this action as he has the right-of-way in the case pending with the company. Three-quarters of an hour after the arrival of the train it steam-

the company. Three-quarters of an hour after the arrival of the train it steamed out again for the American side. It is understood the company will be prosecuted for trespass, as they have no right to come further down the line than Brownsville.

The sloop Mooka was seized on Saturday by Collector Chantrell of Douglas for not reporting at the custom house. The sloop belongs to the Mooka Indians. The owners were tried in this city before Inspector of Customs Clute and acquitted, as it was proved that they acquitted, as it was proved that they were driven into British waters through stress of weather and had no illegal business in view.

RED HOT POLITICIANS.

Meetings All Over the Mainland-Voting on the Tramway By-Law. Vancouver, May 8.-Voting on

street railway guarantee by-law is pro-ceeding to-day and a large vote is being polled.

Meetings were held at Westminster
Junction, the tramway power house and
at Chilliwack Saturday to discuss proyincial politics. Resolutions condemn-

ing expenditures on parliament buildings and approving the action of the cenand approving the action of the central committee were passed. A large contingent from here will attend Hon, Mr. Davie's meeting in New Westminster on Tuesday evening.

The weather has been so wet that Richmond ranchers found it necessary to sow some land a second time.

A New Thing for Doctors.

A New Thing for Doctors.

Here is a new thing for doctors, described by a visitor in St. Louis to the Globe-Democrat, and it may prove an important convenience:—"It is in the hands of Dr. John H. Murphy, of Cayuga, N.Y. The idea is his own, and one which the medicul men in that vicinity consider very useful and novel. Dr. Murphy utilizes an ordinary walking stick to answer the purpose of the bulky and troublesome medicine case. The came is arranged with a reversible sliding chamber, where the requisite number of vials are placed systematically and movable at will. An apartment has been arranged for the carriage of small instruments, which can be used in ordinary emergencies. The receptacie or chamber is worked with a spring attached to a thumb piece, which opens and closes the chamber at will. It is not an unusual occurrence to see the doctor attending the sick with his mysterious assistant, dispensing to patients the necessary medicines for a cure. It is very queer, somehow, to see a medical man without a case walk into a sick chamber. Some little objection has come and undoubtedly more will, on the ground that a physician with a cane and no case lacks dignity. Utility will undoubtedly conquer in the end and the cane will become popular. The walking doctor, as it is called, is the subject of more discussion than anything else at present about Cayuga."

Sing Sing, N. Y., May 8.—Carlyle W. Harris, the wife murderer, was executed

in use, has such interest been displayed here. Throngs of people gathered on the hillside overlooking the gray walls of the prison, and though they could not hope to catch a glimpse of Harris or see the implement of death, they gazed with morbid curiosity on the building from which the doomed man would not emerge until soul and body had parted.