

maintenance of such places under his charge; and miners and other workmen shall not return or pass the fall or dangerous place until the same shall have been made secure, which it shall be imperative on the manager, overman or other person having the charge forthwith to do.

162. In like manner, every miner and other workman who shall observe or come to know of any defect or flaw in the ropes, chains, or in any part of the engine, machinery and gearing used in or about the mine, whereby the efficiency thereof may be impaired, shall be bound forthwith to communicate the same as above.

163. Any person discovering any stoppage or derangement to ventilation, injury to an air crossing, door, regulator, sheet stopping, brattice, air-pipe, or observing any injury to or obstruction of an air-course, weakness in the roof or deficiency of timber, weight on any working place or roadway, a feeder or accumulation of gas or water, a naked light where a safety lamp should be used, fire, sign of fire, or any other danger shall immediately give notice to the manager, overman or fireman, and to any person or persons whose safety may be endangered thereby.

164. No person shall have in his possession for use in the mine beyond the place at which lamps are examined by an official of the mine, any unlocked safety lamp so defective or insecure that reasonable observation by him could have detected such defect or insecurity.

165. No miner or other workman shall be