

pany, but was ordered by the English government to remain with his Englishmen in English service.

Purchas, in the third volume of his "Pilgrimes" (1625), published the accounts by Hudson and his companions of all the four voyages; and these are reprinted in the first volume of the New York Historical Society's Collections. In Purchas's "Pilgrimage" there is a chapter on Hudson's "Discoveries and Death," which is mainly a summary of the documents in the "Pilgrimes."

Asher's "Henry Hudson, the Navigator," edited, with a critical introduction and notes, for the Hakluyt Society (1860), is an exhaustive account of Hudson's explorations, and includes the original accounts of the four voyages given by Purchas, the early Dutch accounts by Hesselgeritz, Van Meteren, and De Laet, and later notices. A full bibliography is given by Asher, p. 258. John Meredith Read, Jr.'s, "Historical Inquiry concerning Henry Hudson and his Family" and Henry C. Murphy's "Henry Hudson in Holland" are valuable studies. De Costa's "Sailing Directions of Hudson" is accompanied by a dissertation on the discovery of the Hudson River. All the common histories of New York have chapters on Hudson's discovery. Moulton (Yates and Moulton's History of New York) gives a running commentary on Hudson's passage up the river.

The chapter on "New Netherland, or the Dutch in North America," in the "Narrative and Critical History of America" (vol. iv.), is by Berthold Fernow; and his appended critical essay on the sources of information is a most valuable bibliography. The early volumes of Brodhead's "Documents relating to the Colonial History of New York" contain an invaluable mass of documents relating to the Dutch period. Asher has published a "Bibliographical and Historical Essay on the Dutch Books and Pamphlets relating to New Netherland." Adrian Van der Donck's "Description of New Netherland" (1655) is published as Old South Leaflet No. 69; and the notes will be of service to the student.