

and facilities for health protection and promotion in this city. To provide a programme of constructive health service relating to the development and use of official and voluntary health agencies.

Such a survey would discover the cause of the unsatisfactory health conditions. It would reveal if there are any organic weaknesses in the health protective machinery which might result in preventable epidemics.

It would examine the programme, the work and results obtained by the voluntary and official health agencies, and the relationship between the official and non-official.

It would ascertain how health practices in Montreal compare with good standard health practices and with the health practices of other comparable cities.

It would include the various health fields, such as maternal and child hygiene, communicable disease control, school-child hygiene, heart disease, food control and general sanitation.

As an example, the survey would deal with Tuberculosis in the following way:-

1. Study of Montreal's Tuberculosis Problem -

- (a) An analysis of deaths by such important factors as age and nativity, in comparison with other large cities;
- (b) The probable number of active cases in the community;
- (c) The probable number of contacts of active cases.

2. Study of Montreal's activities for Tuberculosis control -

- (a) Dispensaries for examination and diagnosis of cases and contacts;
- (b) Nursing and medical services for the supervision and care of cases and contacts not privately provided for;
- (c) Hospital and sanatorium beds for early and advanced cases in adults and children;