

- NEVER USE THE ELEVATORS.
- If you encounter smoke or fire in the stairwells, use an alternative exit or return to your suite.

OR REMAIN IN YOUR SUITE ...

- A closed door can provide good protection against fire and smoke. Use wet towels or sheets to seal cracks, transoms, mail slots etc. If smoke begins seeping through central air conditioning outlets plug them as well.
- Move to the balcony or the most protected room, opening its window.
- If smoke enters the room, crouch low. Remember, heat and gases rise. A wet sheet held over the bottom opening of a window or balcony door will help you get a cleaner supply of air from outside.
- Signal your position by waving in front of a window.
- Wait to be rescued.

3. A FIRE SAFETY TEST

Can you answer "yes" to all of the following questions? Questions which receive a "NO" answer indicate potential danger spots which need prompt attention and

correction. Inspect your home yourself - today!

IN CASE OF FIRE

- Is the number of the nearest fire department posted near the phone?
- Have you instructed your family in a plan of action if fire breaks out?
- Has your family been instructed and drilled on the location of exits from the house and how to close all windows and doors in case of fire?
- Do you keep exit routes clear - especially of such things as room heaters and stoves which might start a fire and block your escape?
- Are bedroom windows large enough and unobstructed to serve as emergency exits?

CARE OF CHILDREN

- Do you make it the rule never to leave small children alone or unattended?
- Do you show your babysitter the escape routes from your home, and give instructions on the right way to call the fire department?