

6. Approach parachutes and landing deceleration parachutes;
7. Other military parachutes;
- h. Automatic piloting systems for parachuted loads; equipment specially designed or modified for military purposes for controlled opening jumps at any height, including oxygen equipment.

**NOTE:**

The Committee will favourably consider the export to the People's Republic of China of:

- a. Light transport, trainer, observer or patrol aircraft having either of the following characteristics:
  1. Maximum take-off mass 4,546 kg or less; or
  2. Total engine power at the shaft less than 0.75 MW (1,000 shp) or a thrust of 17.8 kN; except those specially designed or modified to be fitted with radar detection equipment or electronic warfare devices, or incorporating signature reduction technology;
- b. Aircraft and helicopter ground service support and maintenance equipment specially designed for use with aircraft or helicopters which have previously been exported in accordance with the Committee's procedures, except pressure refuellers, pressure refuelling equipment and equipment specially designed to facilitate operations in confined areas.

### 2011. Electronic equipment specially designed for military use and specially designed components therefor.

**NOTE:** This Item includes:

- a. Jamming and counter-jamming equipment, including electronic counter measure (ECM) and electronic counter-counter measure (ECCM) apparatus (i.e., apparatus designed to introduce extraneous or erroneous signals into radar or radio communication receivers or otherwise hinder the reception, operation or effectiveness of adversary electronic receivers including their counter measure equipment);
- b. Frequency agile tubes;
- c. Electronic systems or equipment designed either for surveillance and monitoring of the electro-magnetic spectrum for military intelligence or security purposes or for counteracting such surveillance and monitoring;
- d. Underwater counter measure, including acoustic and magnetic jamming and decoy, equipment designed to introduce extraneous or erroneous signals into sonar receivers;
- e. Data processing security equipment, data security equipment and transmission and signalling line security equipment, using ciphering processes;
- f. Identification, authentication and keyloader equipment and key management, manufacturing and distribution equipment.

### 2012. Photographic and electro-optical imaging equipment, as follows, and specially designed components therefor:

2012. a. Air reconnaissance cameras and associated equipment designed for military purposes;
- b. Film processing and printing machines designed for military purposes;
- c. Other cameras and electro-optical imaging devices, including infrared and imaging radar sensors, whether recording, or transmitting via data link, designed for military, including reconnaissance, purposes;
- d. Specialised equipment for the cameras and electro-optical imaging devices embargoed by sub-item c. above designed to make the recorded or transmitted information militarily useful.

**NOTE:**

Specialised equipment embargoed by sub-item d. above which relates to electro-optical imaging devices and imaging radar sensors includes digital image processors and softcopy imagery display devices.

(See also Item 2015.)

### 2013. Special armoured equipment, as follows:

2013. a. Armoured plate;
- b. Combinations and constructions of metallic and non-metallic materials specially designed to provide ballistic protection for military systems;

- c. Military helmets;
- d. Body armour, flak suits and specially designed components therefor.

**NOTES:**

1. Sub-item b. includes combinations of metallic and non-metallic materials specially designed to form explosive reactive armour.
2. Sub-item c. does not embargo conventional steel helmets not equipped with, modified or designed to accept any type of accessory device.
3. The Committee will favourably consider the export to the People's Republic of China of:
  - a. Homogeneous armour plate;
  - b. Equipment embargoed by sub-item d. above.

### 2014. Specialised equipment for military training or for simulating military scenarios, specially designed components and accessories therefor.

**NOTES:**

1. The term 'specialised military training equipment' includes military types of attack trainers, operational flight trainers, radar target trainers, radar target generators, gunnery training devices, anti-submarine warfare trainers, flight simulators (including human-rated centrifuges for pilot/astronaut training), radar trainers, instrument flight trainers, navigation trainers, target equipment, drone aircraft, armament trainers, pilotless aircraft trainers and mobile training units.
2. This Item includes synthetic image generating systems (SIG) for simulators when specially designed or modified for military purposes.
3. The Committee will favourably consider the export to the People's Republic of China of military training devices as follows:
  - a. Basic operator and maintenance training equipment for military equipment that has been approved for export to the People's Republic of China under the Committee's procedures and not containing any capabilities for evaluation of, and real-time response to, operator performance under conditions simulating live tactical situations;
  - b. Sub-calibre training equipment, limited to those specially designed for weapons previously approved for export to the People's Republic of China under the Committee's procedures; (For training rounds for this equipment, see Item 2003.)
  - c. Mechanical targets for use on land or at sea (including radio control versions) not incorporating any of the following features:
    1. Inertial navigation;
    2. Encryption of command and control information; or
    3. On-board sensors other than simple miss distance indicators and platform state measuring devices for preprogrammed autopilot;
  - d. Aerial targets, including towed targets, having all of the following characteristics:
    1. Maximum payload of 150 kg;
    2. Maximum effective one-way operating range of 200 km;
    3. No inertial navigation system;
    4. No encryption of command and control information; and
    5. Not using on-board sensors or equipment other than:
      - a. Miss distance indicators, direct-hit counters;
      - b. Simple devices intended to enhance the infrared or electromagnetic signature of the aerial target; or
      - c. Platform state measuring devices.

### 2015. Military infrared, thermal imaging and image intensifier equipment, and specially designed components therefor.

(See also Category 1061.2.a.2. and 1061.2.b.)

**NOTES:**

1. This Item includes infrared jamming and counter jamming equipment (i.e., apparatus designed to introduce extraneous or erroneous signals into infrared seeking missiles, infrared surveillance systems, thermal imaging equipment and infrared