

CANADIAN ACTION ON SOUTH AFRICA

May 1990

TRADE RELATED	FINANCIAL / INVESTMENT	SPORTING CONTACTS	OTHER ACTIONS
<p>I — No Canadian government promotion of trade with South Africa.</p> <p>II — IMPORTS</p> <p>— Mandatory Bans on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) all agricultural products b) uranium c) coal d) iron products e) steel products f) arms from South Africa <p>III — EXPORTS</p> <p>— Mandatory Bans on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) all arms and munitions of war b) all high technology and other sensitive equipment such as computers c) telecommunications equipment d) aircraft and aircraft parts, including helicopters e) four-wheel drive vehicles <p>— Voluntary Ban on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) petroleum and petroleum products <p>IV — OTHER</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) voluntary ban on sales of Krugerrands b) ban on all air links with South Africa c) discontinued Export Market Development grants for South African market d) discontinued insurance to Canadian exporters to South Africa (provided by the Export Development Corporation) e) voluntary ban on tourism promotion to South Africa f) termination of Canadian government contracts grants, contributions and sales to South African majority-owned companies g) termination of Petro Canada's sulphur exports to South Africa h) termination of Canadian Government procurement of South African goods and services (limited exception for CIDA and Canadian Embassies activities in Southern Africa.) 	<p>I — Abrogation of Double Taxation Agreement.</p> <p>II — Voluntary ban on new corporate investment in South Africa.</p> <p>III — Voluntary ban on new bank loans (both public and private sectors) to South Africa.</p> <p>IV — Capped trade credits to South Africa, and Canadian banks requested to make loan rescheduling terms as short as possible.</p> <p>V — Establishment of a Code of Conduct for Canadian companies in South Africa.</p>	<p>I — Canada's policy governs all sporting contacts between Canada and South Africa. This applies to sport contacts between Canadians and South Africans at professional and amateur levels and in individual and team sports whether they occur in Canada, in South Africa or in a third country.</p> <p>II — Denial of visas to individuals travelling on South African passports seeking to enter Canada to participate in a sport event or activity.</p> <p>III — Sport associations are required to suspend members who participate in sport events in South Africa.</p> <p>IV — Sport associations are required to decline invitations to, protest or withdraw from competitions in third countries involving South Africans.</p> <p>V — Sport associations are required to seek the suspension of members of their international federation who participate in sport events in South Africa.</p> <p>VI — Sport associations' compliance with Government policy on sporting contacts is tied to Government funding.</p>	<p>I — Provision of assistance to the victims of apartheid in South Africa (\$8.32 million in 1989/90). Major areas include: education and skills training for disadvantaged South Africans in their own country or Canada; legal and humanitarian aid to political detainees and their families; assistance for small scale community projects involving Canadian and local NGOs; labour education; and assistance to refugees in neighbouring countries through multilateral agencies.</p> <p>II — Creation in 1988 of a major program to promote dialogue and negotiations about a non-racial, democratic South Africa. The scope and funding of the Dialogue Fund has increased significantly since then: 1988/89 — \$640,000; 1989/90 — \$1 million; 1990/91 — \$1.8 million; 1991/92 — \$2.3 million.</p> <p>III — Since the creation in 1988 of a \$1 million Canadian Action Plan to Counteract South Africa Propaganda and Censorship, assistance has been provided to the alternative press and to anti-censorship activities in South Africa as well as to projects aimed at informing Canadians about the realities of apartheid.</p> <p>IV — Provision of security assistance to the Front Line States towards the protection of infrastructure projects (i.e. fuel, clothes, spare parts, communications equipment, food and balance of payments support). (Over \$4 million committed to date.)</p> <p>V — A tripling of funding for Canada's global Military Training Assistance Program between 1988 and 1990, a substantial proportion of which will go towards training of military personnel from the Front Line States.</p> <p>VI — Ending the issuance of visitor visas by our Embassy in Pretoria and requiring all South African visitors to Canada to apply in person for a visa outside South Africa.</p> <p>VII — Restrictions on contact between officials of the two governments.</p> <p>VIII — Cancellation of non-resident accreditation to Canada of South African diplomats (in particular, Science, Labour, Mining and Agriculture attachés).</p> <p>IX — Maintenance of an Anti-Apartheid Register for Canadians to publicly demonstrate their opposition to apartheid.</p>