

Rule 3: Stationed Forces

Among countries belonging to a treaty of Alliance, neither side will station armaments outside national territory in active units exceeding the following levels:

- main battle tanks 3,200
- artillery pieces 1,700
- armoured troop carriers 6,000

Rule 4: Sub-limits

In the areas indicated below, each group of countries belonging to the same treaty of Alliance shall not exceed the following levels:

(1) In the area consisting of Belgium, Denmark, the Federal Republic of Germany, France, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, the United Kingdom, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Romania and the Territory of the Soviet Union west of the Urals comprising the Baltic, Byelorussian, Carpathian, Moscow, Volga, Urals, Leningrad, Odessa, Kiev, Trans-Caucasus, North Caucasus military districts:

- main battle tanks 20,000
- artillery 16,500
- armoured troop carriers 28,000 (of which no more than 12,000 AIFVs)

(2) In the area consisting of Belgium, Denmark, the Federal Republic of Germany, France, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, the United Kingdom, Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Poland and the territory of the Soviet Union west of the Urals comprising the Baltic, Byelorussian, Carpathian, Moscow, Volga, Urals military districts in active units:

- main battle tanks 11,300
- artillery 9,000
- armoured troop carriers 20,000

(3) In the area consisting of Belgium, Denmark, the Federal Republic of Germany, France, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, the United Kingdom, Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic

Republic, Hungary, Poland and the territory of the Soviet Union comprising the Baltic, Byelorussian, Carpathian military districts in active units:

- main battle tanks 10,300
- artillery 7,600
- armoured troop carriers 18,000

(4) In the area consisting of Belgium, the Federal Republic of Germany, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic and Poland in active units:

- main battle tanks 8,000
- artillery 4,500
- armoured troop carriers 11,000

(5) Rule 4 is to be seen as an integrated whole which will only be applied simultaneously and across the entire area from the Atlantic to the Urals. It will be for the members of each Alliance to decide how they exercise their entitlement under all of these measures.

Rule 5: Information Exchange

Each year, holdings of main battle tanks, armoured troop carriers and artillery pieces will be notified, disaggregated

Verification stressed

down to battalion level. This measure will also apply to personnel in both combat and combat support units. Any change of notified unit structures above battalion level, or any measure resulting in an increase of personnel strength in such units, will be subject to notification, on a basis to be determined in the course of the negotiations.

Measures for Stability, Verification and Non-Circumvention

5. As an integral part of the agreement, there would be a need for:

- stabilizing measures: to buttress the resulting reductions in force levels in the ATTU area. These should include measures of transparency, notification and constraint applied to the deployment, movement, and levels of readiness of conventional armed forces which include conventional armaments and equipment;
- verification arrangements: to include the exchange of detailed data about

forces and deployments, with the right to conduct on-site inspection, as well as other measures designed to provide assurance of compliance with the agreed provisions;

- non-circumvention provisions: *inter alia*, to ensure that the manpower and equipment withdrawn from any one area do not have adverse security implications for any participating state;

- provision for temporarily exceeding the limits set down in Rule 4 for pre-notified exercises.

The Longer Term

6. In the longer term, and in the light of the implementation of the above measures, we would be willing to contemplate further steps to enhance stability and security in Europe, such as:

- further reductions or limitations of conventional armaments and equipment;
- the restructuring of armed forces to enhance defensive capabilities and further to reduce offensive capabilities. □

Canada-USSR Talks

Mr. Fred Bild, Assistant Deputy Minister for Political and International Security Affairs, visited the Soviet Union from June 12 to 16, 1989 to participate in a United Nations regional conference on arms limitation and disarmament at Dagomys. Mr. Bild, who was requested by the UN Secretary-General to undertake the chairmanship of an 18-month Study on Verification, made a presentation on the study's progress. The study is being undertaken by a representative group of 20 experts on verification who will assess and identify possible roles for the United Nations in the verification of arms control and disarmament agreements.

While in the Soviet Union, Mr. Bild held bilateral consultations on arms control and disarmament with senior officials of the Soviet Foreign Ministry in Moscow. □