Russell is not in one of his resignation fits." He took the letter off the silver dish, and opened it. He seemed annoyed, and immediately sat down in a pet to

F. M. the Duke of Wellington presents his loyal duty to his sovereign. F. M. the Duke of Wellington is commander-in-chief of her Majesty's land forces, and as such thinks the service upon which he is sum-moned out of his province. F. M. the Duke of Wellington is not a birdcatcher. F. M. the Duke of Wellington understands there are several following this line of life in the neighborhood of the Seven Dials, to whom, if it be her Majesty's pleasure, he will make known the royal request. F. M. the Duke of Wellington has considerable experience in capturing French eagles, but none in taking English sparrows."

His Grace read the note—gave a grim smile, then repented, fore it, and ordering his horse, said he would be at Buckingham Palace in twenty minutes.

The Prince was still walking about, restless, when the Duke arrived.

The Queen and the Prince all but jumped into his arms, and reminded him of Quaire Bras. "Oh last and best resort of difficulty and danger!

what do you suggest ?" cjaculated the Sovereign. "A sparrow Hawk," said the Duke, bowing.

"Oh, ever fertile in resources" exclaimed the Prince; "to place a difficulty before you is to have a remedy. We'll have the sparrow hawks," he added. "We will," said the Queen; and an extensive or-

GREAT BRITAIN.

der for sparrow hawks was immediately issued.

THE ECCLESIASTICAL TITLES BILL .- The purport of the amendments to this Bill, which Mr. Walpole has given notice to move in Committee, is that any person, under pretence of authority from the Bishop of Reme, assuming authority over any diocese or territory of the United Kingdom, shall, when lawfully convicted, "forfeit and pay for the first offence the penalty or sum of , to be recovered by action of debt, at the suit of any person in one of her Majesty's superior courts of law; and for the second offence, in addition to the penalty of £100, he shall be adjudged to depart out of this realm within a time to be limited; and if he shall be found therein after such time, it shall be lawful for her Majesty's Secretary of State to give such person in charge of one of her Majesty's messengers, "in order to his being conducted out of the kingdom in such manner as shall be suitable to his character and station."—If these amendments are carried, then to insert clauses for the purpose of providing that no action collusively commenced shall be a bar to any action bond fide brought: - That a certificate of the judgment obtained under this Act shall be sent to her Majesty's Secretary of State: - And that every person who returns to this kingdom after he shall have been adjudged to depart, shall be liable to be sent beyond seas, as is provided in the case of Jesuits and members of religious orders, under the 10th George IV., c. 7.

BISHOP PHILPOTTS AND HIS LITTLE SYNOD .- It must be nots to the Catholies to watch the doings of the English Churchmen. Bossuet thought that the weakness of Protestantism, as opposed to Catholicism, generally lay in the variations of the Reformed Churches one from another; but what must be the weakness of the Anglican Church, as opposed to the Catholic in those kingdoms, when it reveals such frightful variations existing within its single self, as those of High-Church and Low-Church, Puseyite and Evangelical, Philipottite, and Ashleyite, and all the other differences that exist between the antagonistic poles of Oxford and Exeter Hall? The Bishop of Exeter is determined to do all that lies in his power to read those wounds wider asunder. He has already defied his Metropolitan, and almost explicitly renounced communion with him. As this has failed to provoke the cautious Lord of Lambeth to hostilities, Bishop Philpotts determines to summon a Synod for the purpose of anathematising tenets which Archbishop Sumner is known to entertain. He wishes, in fact, to excommunicate the Primate. The scandal of such proceedings, the jealousies and heart-burnings that they must create, the fierce and enduring fends of which they will kindle the fires, have nothing in them that can deter the pious Henry from his purpose.— They are to him the "Certaminis gaudia." The fact the sovereign and her advisers,—that the two Metropolitans and nearly all their Suffragans-that prudent and temperate men of all classes and professions dislike the idea of ecclesiastical Synods, and look on them as hot-beds of uproar and uncharitable-ness—this fact only makes the Bishop of Exeter more keen on having a Synod. He cannot have one of all England; and so he summons one of his own Diocese. He announces, that he has taken counsel's advice on the subject, and that such a measure is legal. With all due respect to the Bishop and his counsel, we venture to question its legality. If, however, the Bishop of Exeter's provincial Synod can legally be Bishop of Exeter's provincial Synod can legally be convened, the consequence will be even worse for the Established Church, than if such a Synod be illegal, and is suppressed by either the strong arm of the State or by paramount Ecclesiastical authority. The scandal of such a suppresson, with its long train of vexatious litigation, would be bad enough; but the recognition of the legality of such Synods would be still worse. For it is obvious that, if one Bishop may convene a Synod for his own diocese,—the others may do the same in theirs. We are expressing no prejudiced opinion of the Clergy, when we say that the femper and tone of the Prelate has great influence on the terms and tone of the waterity of the inferior the temper and tone of the majority of the inferior Clergy in such diocese, all of whom are subject to their Ordinary's power in several not unimportant mat-ters, and many of whom must naturally wish to stand well with him on account of the patronage and prefer-ment which he can dispense. We should have a set of rival Synods in England, each declaring the opinions of its neighbor heretically, and each virtually asserting its own infallibility. If such a state of things be brought about, is it possible that the Church of England can stand? The peril of the Establishment used formerly to be from the Catholics and the Dissenters; but there is now the tenfold difficulty of saving her from herself .- Weekly News.

The conversion of Archdeacon Manning and of the the Clergy of St. Saviour's, Leeds, is calling forth comments and explanations on the part of the Puseyite journals, which are, doubtless, intended to keep people quiet in "the Church of their baptism," but the arguments of which tend directly the other way. One of the most amusing of these articles was in the Guardian of last week. The writer accounts for the recent defections to Rome by this principle: that when any person takes any one particular element of Christianity

be it Ecclesiastical unity, or independence of secular influences, or strictness of doctrine, and is determined to find out that Church where this principle is carried out ideally and perfectly, he must necessarily go to Rome. "Thoughtful, and earnest, and generous men set their minds on a self-chosen ideal—on the com-plete development of some particular elements of Christianity, and this they make it a duty to idolise. They become impatient and uneasy at being separated from that which appears to be the best attainable realisation of their ideal," and so they go to Rome. We thank this writer for his unintentional compliment. He tells us that when any earnest and thoughtful men, knowing that life is short, and eternity long, that time would fail them if they attempted to examine every detail of Christianity, and to represent to themselves ideally the totality of Christian doctrine and discipline in its utmost state of perfection, wisely determine to limit their view, and choose at lazard some one feature of principle, which they sift to the bottom, representing to themselves its ideal development; that such men, when they look round to see where they can find the most perfect attainable realisation of their ideal are sure to find it in Rome. Mr. Allies makes Ecclesiastical unity his study, and uses it as the test of the true Church. There is no hope; he is committed to a path that must lead to Rome. The author of "The Church of the Fathers," seeks the realisation of Ecclesiastical independence. English Protestantism, with sure instinct, denounces the Romanising tenden-cies of the book. Others seek for a systematised theology. They can only find it in Rome. Facts have shown this to be so, and now the author of the article in the Guardian reduces the facts to a law or principle; that if any one will form an "exaggerate" estimate of the importance of realising in its most perfect attainable form any one principle of Christianity, such a one is lost to Auglicanism, whose very shibboleth is via media, or mediocrity as opposed to perfection. This is the thought so well developed by the gifted author of "Compitum." He who seeks perfection in any point of Christianity must look for it, not in Anglicanism, but in Rome.

MISS TALBOT'S MARRIAGE.—In the Court of Chancery on Wednesday, Mr. R. Palmer presented a petition on behalf of Lord Edward Howard, the brother of the Duke of Norfolk and the Vice-Chamberlain of her Majesty's household, for a reference to the Master, to inquire whether it would be "proper and beneficial" to Miss Talbot that a proposal of marriage made to her by the petitioner should be accepted. Mr. Roll said that he appeared on behalf of Dr. Doyle, the testamentary guardian of Miss Talbot, and cordially concurred in the application. The Lord Chancellor, without any comment, made the order asked.

THE LATE CONVERSIONS AT LEEDS.—We are re-oiced to hear that the Lord Bishop of Beverley is about to open another mission in the town of Leeds. This will perhaps be the first occasion of the hitherte untried experiment of establishing a Catholic church a the neighbourhood of those Protestant churches in which any of the converts have previously laboured.

CATHOLIC ELECTORS.—In consequence of a candidate having appeared to contest the representation of Tynemouth with the present Member, Mr. R. W. Grey, a meeting of Catholic electors of the borough was held on Monday last, when it was unanimously resolved that the Catholic electors do hereby pledge themselves to avoid promising separately any candidate; that they will act unitedly together, and will only vote after a resolution to the effect has been passed, in support of a candidate who will pledge himself to oppose any bill or bills that may be intreduced into parliament entreaching on the religious rights of Catholics; and that at the present time every political consideration be made subordinate to that of using the frauchise for the single object of protecting the religious rights of her Majesty's Catholic subjects. These resolutions were unanimously passed. each elector signed the resolution, and thus has Tynemouth led the way to an organisation, if followed which will produce the most important results in the forthcoming elections. It was also added to the pledge, that any candidate who may receive Catholic support, will be expected to support any motion that may be made to repeal, if passed, any penal enactments during the present session.

THE HANGMAN'S OFFICE. - Several journals having stated that Calcraft was too much engaged to be able to execute Maria Clarke, at Ipswich, on the day named, and the remark having been made that the sheriff was in a "fix," and would have to perform the task himself-sundry individuals have sent written applications to the authorities at our county gaol, offering their services in the capacity of hanginan. One asks £20 for the job, and most of them state their qualifications for the office. We believe that no less than ten offers have been made!—Ipswich Express.

B. DEVLIN, ADVOCATE,

NO. 5, LITTLE ST. JAMES STREET,

MONTREAL.

JUST PUBLISHED, by the Subscribers, LOVER'S SONGS AND BALLADS, including those sung in his "Irish Evenings," and hitherto unpublished. From the following preface, by the author, it will be seen that this is the only complete edition of his poems published.

PREFACE TO THE AMERICAN EDITION.

My songs having the good fortune of being popular in America, have appeared in different shapes at different times and places. A reprint of a London edition of my "Songs and Ballads" has lately been republished in this country, deficient of the songs of " Handy Andy " and "Treasure Trove," and having but a very few from my "Irish Evenings."

The present edition contains all I have enumerated, besides all the songs of my "Irish Evenings," many of which are here published for the first time. In fact, the present edition is the only perfect one in existence, being much more ample than any collection of my songs published, even in Europe, and the only authentic copy of my poetical works in this country, it having gone through typographical correction under my own SAMUEL LOYER.

Astor House, New York, December, 1846. 12mo. printed on excellent paper, and handsomely bound in muslin, price only 2s. 6d.

D. & J. SADLIER, 179, Notre Dame Street.

Montreal, May 14, 1851.

Mr. ROBERT McANDREW,

N returning thanks to the Public, for the liberal I support received during his long period in business, in SOREL, intimates that he will REMOVE on the Ist May, to MONTREAL, to 99, St. Paul Street, where he will open an extensive WHOLESALE and RETAIL DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT. His long experience among Country Merchants, with strict attention to their orders, will, he trusts, gain him a share of their patronage, particularly as he pledges himself to supply them with as good Articles, and at as LOW if not LOWER RATES than any house in the City.

Montreal, May 14, 1851.

DR. COFFY,

HAS TAKEN UP HIS RESIDENCE IN ST. FRANÇOIS XAVIER STREET,

In the house lately occupied by Dr. Howard, Oculist and Aurist.

Montreal, May 8, 1851.

BRITISH AMERICA

FIRE, LIFE, AND INLAND MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED 1833.

CAPITAL STOCK-£100,000.

THE Public are most respectfully informed, that the L Office of this Institution is REMOVED to No. 33, Great St. James Street, this city, (late Tere's Hotel.) ASSURANCE against Accidents by FIRE; or the dangers of INLAND NAVIGATION, will be granted at the lowest possible rates of Premium, compatible with security to the PUBLIC, and the credit and safety of

he INSTITUTION. The numerous body of influential men, who are interested as STOCKHOLDERS, and the large amount of paid up Capital, invested at interest in this Province, guarantee the liberal adjustment, and the speedy set-flement of all equitable claims which may be made upon the Company.

WILLIAM STEWARD, Manager Branch Office.

Montreal, May 8, 1851.

ATTENTION!

OWEN McGARVEY, HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER, GLAZIER, &c. &c. &c.

THE Advertiser returns thanks to his friends and 1 the public, for the liberal support he has received since his commencement in business. He is now prepared to undertake Orders in the most extensive manuer, and pledges himself that he will use his best abilities to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with their business.

Graining, Marbling, Sign Painting, Glazing, Paper-Hanging, White Washing and Coloring, done in the most approved manner, and on reasonable terms. No. 6, St. Antoine Street, opposite Mr. A. Walsh's Grocery Store.

Montreal, May 7, 1851.

JOHN PHELAN'S

CHOICE TEA, SUGAR, AND COFFEE STORE, No. 1 St. PAUL STREET, Near Dalhousic Square.

DR. TAVERNIER

AS the honor of informing the Citizens of Mont-L real, and the Inhabitants of its vicinity, that, having returned from Europe, he will begin anew to attend to practice, on the first of March next.

Surgery—in his former residence, No. 2 St. Law-rence main street.

Montreal, Feb. 12, 1851.

JOHN O'FARRELL, ADVOCATE,

OFFICE, --- GARDEN STREET,

Next door to the Ursulines Convent. NEAR THE COURT HOUSE. Quebec, May 1, 1851.

H. J. LARKIN,

ADVOCATE,

No. 27 LITTLE St. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

THE SHIP CHANDLERY

BUSINESS heretofore carried on by Mr. Francis Mullins, will be continued by the subscriber, on his own account solely; who expects by the first arrivals an extensive stock of every article in the MARINE LINE, direct from the best manufacturers.

F. F. MULLINS, No. 67 Commissioner Street, Opposite the Quebec Steamboat Wharf. Montreal, 30th April, 1851.

INSPECTION OF BEEF AND PORK.

THE Subscriber, in returning his sincere thanks for past favors, begs to inform his friends that he holds himself in readiness to INSPECT BEEF and PORK for the OWNERS thereof, conformable to the amended Act of the Provincial Parliament of last Session.

FRANCIS MACDONNELL. Montreal, 24th April, 1851.

LARD FOR SALE.

100 KEGS FRESH LEAF LARD, averaging 112 lbs. each.

JAMES MEGORIAN.

Montreal, 23rd April, 1851.

Still the Forest is the Best Medical School!! That predisposition which exposes the human frame to the infection and virulence of all diseases, proceeds directly or indirectly from a disordered state of the System, caused by Impure Blood, Bilious and Morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels.

DR. HALSEY'S GUM-COATED

FOREST PILLS.

(A Sarsaparilla preparation of unexampled efficacy.) These Pills are prepared from the best Sarsaparilla, combined with other Vegetable properties of the highest Medicinal virtue. They are warranted not to contain any Mercury or Mineral whatever. They purge without griping, nausiating, or weakening; can be taken at any time, without hindrance from business, change of diet, or danger of taking cold. They neither have the taste nor the smell of medicine, and are five times more effectual in the cure of diseases than any Pills in use.

But a short time has elapsed, since these great and good Pills were first made known to the public, yet housands have already experienced their good effects. Invalids, given over by their Physicians, as incurable, have found relief, and been restored to sound and vigorous health from their use.

TO FATHERS OF FAMILIES.

Bile and foul state of the stomach occasions more sickness and deaths in families, than all other causes of disease put together. Sometimes whole families are taken down by malignant fevers, Fever and Ague, and other dangerous disorders, all proceeding from a bilious and foul state of the stomach. No parent can be so ignorant as not to know the great danger existing from biliousness-no parent would be guilty of causing

DEATH OF HIS OWN CHILDREN!!

Yet thousands of children and adults die every year through neglect of parents to attend to the early symptoms of bile and foul stomach.

Superfluity of bile may always be known by some unfavorable symptom which it produces, such as sick stomach, headache, loss of appetite, bitter taste in the mouth, yellow tint of the skin, languidness, costiveness, or other symptoms of a similar nature. Almost every person gets bilious, the neglect of which is sure to bring on some dangerous disorder, frequently terminating in death. A single 25 cent box of Dr. Halsey's Gum-coated Forest Pills, is sufficient to keep a wholo family from bilious attacks and sickness, from six months to a year. A single dose, from 1 to 3 of these mild and excellent Fills, for a child; from 3 to 4, for an adult; and from 5 to 6, for a grown person, carry off all bilious and morbid matter, and restere the stomach and bowels, curing and preventing all manner of bilious attacks, and many other disorders.

SALTS AND CASTOR OIL.

No reliance can be placed on Salts or Castor Oil. These, as well as all common purgatives, pass off without touching the bile, leaving the bowels costive, and the stomach in as bad condition as before. Dr. Halsey's Forest Pills act on the gaul-ducts, and carry all morbid, bilious matter, from the stomach and bowels, leaving the system strong and buoyant,—mind, clear; producing permanent good health.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

In 1845, Dr. Halsey's Pills were first made known to the public, under the denomination of "Halsey's Sugar-coated Pills." Their excellent qualities soon gained for them a high reputation, and the annual sale of many thousand boxes. This great success excited the avariee of designing men, who commenced the manufacture of common Pills, which they coated with Sugar, to give them the outward appearance of Dr. Halsey's, in order to sell them under the good will Dr. Halsey's Pills had gained, by curing thousands of

The public are now most respectfully notified, that Dr. Halsey's genuine Pills will henceforth be coated

GUM ARABIC.

An article which, in every respect, supersedes Sugar, both on account of its healing virtues, and its durability. The discovery of this improvement, is the result of a succession of experiments, during three years. For the invention of which, Dr. Haisey has been awarded the only patent ever granted on Pills by the Government of the United States of America.

The Gum-coated Forest Pills present a heautiful transparent, glossy appearance. The well-known wholesome qualities of pure Cum Arabic, with which they are coated, renders them still better than Dr. Halsey's celebrated Sugar-coated Pills. The Gum-Halsey's celebrated Sugar-coated Pills. The Gum-coated Pills are never liable to injury from dampness, but remain the same, retaining all their virtues to an indefinite period of time, and are perfectly free from the disagreeable and nansiating taste of Medicine. In order to avoid all impositions, and to obtain Dr. Halsey's true and genuine Pills, see that the label of each box bears the signature of G. W. HALSEY.

Reader!!! If you wish to be sure of a medicine which does not contain that lurking poison. Calomel or

which does not contain that lurking poison, Calomel or Mercury, purchase HALSEY'S GUM-COATED FOREST PILLS, and avoid all others.

If you desire a mild and gentle purgative, which neither nauscates nor gives rise to griping, seek for HALSEY'S PILLS.

If you would have the most concentrated, as well as the best compound Sarsaparilla Extract in the world, for purifying the blood, obtain Dr. HALSEY'S PILLS.

If you do not wish to fall a victim to dangerous illness, and be subjected to a Physician's bill of 20 or 50 dollars, take a dose of Dr. HALSEY'S PILLS as soon as unfavorable symptoms are experienced.

If you would have a Medicine which does not leave the bowels costive, but gives strength instead of weakness, procure HALSEY'S PILLS, and avoid Salts and Castor Oil, and all common purgatives.

Parents, if you wish your families to continue in good health, keep a box of HALSEY'S PILLS in your house.

Ladies, Dr. HALSEY'S PILLS are mild and perfeetly harmless, and well adapted to the peculiar delicacy of your constitutions. Procure them.

Travellers and Mariners, before undertaking long voyages, provide yourselves with Dr. HALSEY'S

PILLS, as a safeguard against sickness. Wholesale and retail Agents:—In Montreal, Wm. LYMAN & Co., and R. W. REXFORD; Three-Rivers, JOHN KEENAN; Quebec, JOHN MUSSON; St. Johns, BISSETT & TILTON.

5th Feb., 1851.