OUTLINES OF PSYCHIATRY. By WILLIAM A. WHITE, M.D.; Superintendent Government Hospital for the Insane, Washington, D.C.; Professor of Nervous and Mental Diseases, Georgetown University, Washington, D.C.; Professor of Nervous and Mental Diseases, George Washington University, Washington, D.C., and Lecturer on Insanity, U. S. Army and U. S. Navy Medical Schools. Second edition, revised and enlarged. New York, The Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease Publishing Company, 1909. Price, \$2.00.

In this the second edition of this work which appeared only a year ago, the article on Paranoia has been to some extent rewritten, and those milder forms referred to recently by Gierlich and Friedman given a place. In the article on General Paresis, the pathology and microscopical anatomy is taken up more fully and the recent diagnostic tests are mentioned.

Polyneuritic psychosis is discussed more fully and the forms of mental disturbances in Epilepsy, Cerebral Tumor, Lues, and Arteriosclerosis touched upon. These latter subjects are taken up much too briefly. It seems to us that where his space was so limited, the author would have been wiser to have omitted these altogether, as, in our opinion, they detract from the high standard set by the rest of the work. Apart from these subjects the work is excellent, giving one a clear, concise, and practical view of mental diseases. We can recommend it highly both to students and general practitioners.

C. K. R.

IMMUNITY AND SPECIFIC THERAPY. By W. D'ESTE EMERY, M.D., B.Sc. (London). H. K. Lewis, 136 Grover St., London, 1909. 12s. 6d.

This is clearly one of the best and most succinct outlines of the theory and practice of immunity in the English language. The author has given a clear exposition of the various phenomena of immunity. In a general introductory chapter the various terms and expressions used in serological studies are explained, so that the reader can follow the line of thought as it is carried out in the succeeding chapters. The author has given due credit to the various exponents of the theories of immunity and in the light of his own investigations has given them their proper weight. Not alone is the theoretical side of the subject discussed, but the practical method by which immunity is gained in the tissues is well demonstrated. The value of each type of immunity is discussed in connection with individual organisms.

The book in our opinion could be read with great pleasure by every