- SASK.—Regina, Aug. 29, 1909, 1 \$\times\$; Aug. 31, 1901, 1 \$\delta\$, 1 \$\times\$; Sept. 5, 1909, 1 \$\times\$; Sept. 19, 1903, 1 \$\delta\$; Sept. 23, 1906, 1 \$\times\$. Walsh, Aug. 23, 1901, 1 \$\delta\$. (Willing.) Also recorded from Indian Head (Walker), and Radisson (Rehn).
- ALTA.—Ponoka, 1 &. (Alexander.) Edmonton, July, 1904. (Willing.) Banff, Aug. 16, 1909. (Sanson.) Also recorded from Macleod (Bruner, Bull. Div. Ent. U. S. Dept. Agr., 11, 15, 1883); Canmore and Kananaskis (Walker), and Calgary (Caudell*).
- B. C.—Nelson, I &, I Q. Victoria, 2 Q's. (Alexander.) Vernon, July 26, 1895, I &, I Q. (Fletcher.) Also recorded from Discovery Bay, Vancouver Id. (Walker), Kaslo (Caudell⁴), and Beavermouth (Rehn).
- 34. Hippiscus tuberculatus (Pal. de B).
 - MAN.—Aweme, June 16, 1904, 1 &; July 1, 1909, 1 &. (Criddle.) Also recorded from Dufferin (Scudder³), and the Red River (Scudder³).
 - SASK.—Alameda, May 30, 1901, 1 ?. Billings' Mill, July 12, 1903, 1 ?. Boucher, first half of July. (Courbeaux.) Regina, Sept., 1 & nymph. Tacomba, April 30, 1903, 1 & nymph. Also two females without locality. Also recorded from Kinistino. (Rchn.)
 - ALTA.—Red Deer, 11 nymphs. (Alexander.) Also recorded from Calgary. (Scudder.3)

As compared with female specimens from Southern Ontario, those from Saskatchewan 'are distinctly larger, the tegmina measuring from 31.5 to 36.5 mm., the hind femora 19 to 21.5 mm., while in Ontario specimens the tegmina vary from 28 to 32.5 mm., and the hind femora from 18.7 to 195 mm. The spots of the tegmina are better defined, the fuscous band of the wings darker, and the disk of the latter vermilion intead of a dull rose-red.

35. Hippiscus neglectus (Thomas).

MAN.—Aweme, July 14, 1904, 2 9's. (Criddle.) Also recorded from the same locality by Rehn.

ALTA -Macleod. (Scudder.3)

B. C.—Nelson, 1 ?. (Alexander.)