Variety B. Legs chestnut.

C. Tibiæ and tarsi chestnut.

From the number of specimens collected in the expedition, I should conjecture this to be one of the most common of North American insects. It appears, however, not to have been noticed by Say, nor was it amongst those collected by Dr. Bigsby in Canada, or by Dr. MacCulloch and Capt. Hall in Nova Scotia. [According to LeConte an erroneous determination for *P. luczotii*, Dej., a species taken in Ontario and Quebec.]

- 41. OMASEUS [PTEROSTICHUS] NIGRITA, Curtis.—This is P. caudicalis, Say (Ent. Works, ii. 480); it has been taken at Ottawa by Mr. Billings.]
- [33] 42. OMASEUS [PTEROSTICHUS] PICICORNIS, Kirby.—[Previously described as P. mutus by Say (Ent. Works, ii. 470); taken in Canada and the United States.]
- [34] 43. Stereocerus [Amara] similis, Kirby.—Plate viii. fig. 1.—Length of body 5¼ lines. A pair were taken in lat. 54°.

Body of a piecous-black, glossy. Palpi piceous; antennae chestnut; frontal impressions deep, rather curving; occiput punctured with scattered punctures; prothorax nearly square with curved sides; basilar impressions wide, punctured, deeply bisulcate, with an elevated little ridge between them and the margin; elytra bronzed, furrowed, furrows scarcely punctured; legs pale chestnut. In the $\mbox{\ensuremath{$\Phi$}}$ the elytra are not bronzed, the legs are darker, and the terminal joint of the palpi is longer.

[35.] CURTONOTUS [AMARA] CONVEXIUSCULUS, Stephens.—Length of body 51/4 lines. Taken in lat. 65°.

Body dark piceous, sometimes a little bronzed. Antennae and palpi rufous; frontal impressions short, connected by a rather deep furrow; prothorax constricted and punctured at the base, depressed on each side; basilar impressions bisulcate; posterior angles acute, recurved; elytra furrowed, furrows punctured; sides of the ventral segments of the abdomen somewhat punctured and wrinkled, those of the mid-breast grossly punctured; legs chestnut.

[LeConte considers this an erroneous determination, and places it, with a mark of interrogation, as a synonym of his A. laticollis, stating (Pro. Acad. Nat. Sci., Phil., June, 1855, p. 347,) respecting the latter that it is "found in Nebraska Territory near the Rocky Mountains. Very similar to the European A. convexiuscula, but in comparison with that species the thorax is more rounded on the sides, more narrowed behind, and more finely margined."]

45. CURTONOTUS [AMARA] RUFIMANUS, Kirby.—Length of body 5 lines. Several taken in lat. 54°.