

"Unmentionable Means."

Sir Hector Langevin's Advice to an M. P.

ways Vote as Thomas McCreedy Does and You Will Not Be Wrong."

ment Explanation by a Conservative Organ.

keletons Resurrected from the Ottawa Charnel House.

ing Picture of Corruption in July Politics.

July 17.—It is understood that Sir Hector Langevin, assistant secretary of the cabinet, has been suspended.

erley states that he has paid the amount of the 10 to him in repayment of the sum of \$100,000.

the given him by Sir Hector. The 10 not payable till Aug. 31.

one enormous treasury out. (Conservative) in its leader to which its onslaught of Friday night was widely commented upon.

used against the Secretary of State, was vigorous in its denial that its ces are inspired by Sir Hector in.

its denunciation last Friday night. "The politician and the unmentionable means," by which it said certain Ministers had their places in the cabinet, was not any means as denunciations of Mr. Langevin.

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A WOMAN'S FATAL BITE.

New York Dentist Whose Fingers Were Nipped Expires of Lockjaw.

New York, July 17.—Francis M. Baab died at his father's home, 164 East Eighty-third street, from a woman's bite. Young Baab had been a student for the past year in the New York College of Dentistry. A young woman called at his father's office on April 19 to have a tooth extracted. Young Baab placed her in the chair and, catching up a pair of forceps, told her to open her mouth wide. She did so, and five young men placed the forefinger of his right hand upon the aching tooth. The pressure caused the woman intense agony, and giving a loud shriek she closed her jaws with which the blood flowed in a stream. The woman apologized, saying that the biting was entirely accidental on her part. Baab answered that no harm had been done. A week later he was attacked with lockjaw. Baab was placed under treatment and all the accepted remedies were applied, with apparently good results. From the second day that the youth was placed under the care of the doctor he showed signs of improvement, and on April 29, five days after the first treatment, he was discharged as cured. Two weeks ago he was again prostrated and now he is dead.

BACK TO THE SEASHORE.

Mr. Gladstone's Movements—The Veteran Protests a Popular Demonstration—His Health Improved.

LONDON, July 17.—Mr. Gladstone's return to Lowestoft yesterday, to complete the journey at the seashore which was interrupted by the death of his son, would have been a triumphal tour if he had consented to the advances of the people along the route in that respect. His train made a short stop at the little town of March, which is in the Welsh division of Cambridge, where a parliamentary contest was in progress. The crowd caught sight of the old statesman, and besieged his coach, clamoring for a speech. An elderly man seemed about to respond, but his wife, ever careful not to let him waste his strength, restrained him. He said to a few leading local politicians who gained access to his car that he wished Mr. Brand, the Liberal candidate, every success, and regretted that the physicians would not let him speak. At other speeches there were loud calls for Mr. Gladstone. A throng surrounded the train at Lowestoft to hear the Grand Old Man, but he was looking surprisingly well, and seems to have rallied completely from the shock caused by his recent bereavement.

THE RATTLE OF THE RAIL.

Earnings of the Grand Trunk—The C. P. R. R. Earnings.

The Grand Trunk Railway returns of traffic for the week ended July 11, shows the earnings for the week to be \$142,028; for the corresponding week last year, \$142,028; for the corresponding week last year, \$142,028.

It is now a settled fact that the C. P. R. will complete its connection between Detroit and Chicago. The work of construction will commence this week. It will begin near Alexis, near the State line and the junction of the Lake Shore, Michigan Central and the Canadian Pacific. The plans are for the road to be started both westward and northward at the same time, and continue until Chicago and Detroit are reached. The line is to be known as the Toledo and Chicago line. The C. P. R., combined with the Erie and Richmond Terminal interests, will make three direct roads from Chicago to the Atlantic.

The Canadian Pacific's chief officers state that Mr. LeMay's trip to Montreal partook of a social character only. It is looked upon, however, in railway circles generally as significant in view of the recently established friendly relations between the interests of the New York Central and those of the Canadian Pacific.

The May statement of the Union Pacific shows gross earnings, whole system, \$3,410,426; decrease, \$748,114; net, \$1,027,348; decrease, \$300,741. For five months ending May 31, gross, \$15,812,625; decrease, \$833,234; net, \$4,655,985; increase, \$133,767.

DROWNING DISASTERS.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 16.—Two sisters, Kate and Mary McGowan, aged 18 and 20 respectively, whose home was at Avon, were drowned in the Susquehanna River here about 10 o'clock Wednesday night. They were out boating with James Lane, a local boy, Sunday afternoon. The boat, with water, and before they could return to shore it sank. Lane managed to save his own life, after a fruitless effort to rescue the girls, swimming ashore after his companions were drowned.

BURIAL AT EMBRO.

EMBRO, Ont., July 18.—The postoffice here was burglarized last night, but only a few dollars were secured. The marauders attempted to blow open the vault but did not succeed. The force of the explosion blew the windows of the office out of their casings. They are believed to be the same crowd who have operated in Paris, St. Marys, Stratford and other places.

WARNING TO HAWKAY FARMERS.

KROONSTADT, July 17.—Some time ago two farmers, Messrs. A. B. and Leighton Hanning, bought certain oats at \$10 per bushel. They gave notes to the value of \$500. These notes were sold, and when the payment was demanded the farmers declined to pay because they had been swindled. The amount was sued for and recovered. The judge held that the Gladstone had gone into the speculation with their eyes open. They had expected to make a lot of money out of it, but were disappointed, and now they tried to get the loss should be taken of them and placed upon innocent parties. This would be unreasonable. They made the venture for their own profit, and they should be held responsible for their acts. The present holders of the notes were in no way responsible, they having bought the notes in good faith and paid for them. It would destroy all commercial confidence in notes and similar securities if the makers could get out of paying by merely setting up the defense that their speculations had proved unsuccessful. The court secured judgment with full costs.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Wired From Every Quarter of the Globe.

Salisbury Favors Woman Suffrage—The French Government Sustained—Child Burned to Death at Winton, Ont.

CANADIAN.

The great teachers' convention at Toronto came to a close yesterday.

Nine novices were received into the Sisterhood of St. Joseph at Peterborough.

The Dominion Brewers' Association has decided to increase the price of malt liquors.

A ballist train was wrecked near Moose Jaw and E. Johnson, brakeman, of Brandon, was instantly killed.

In Lexington, a small village near Berlin, Jacob Zachman was shot by an unknown person on Thursday night.

A practical outcome of the N. E. A. Convention in Toronto was the organization of a Dominion Teachers' Association.

Mr. Lightfoot, a Chicago printer, who is visiting friends in Kingston, says he was robbed of \$200 while in Toronto lately.

The house of Mrs. Sheldon near Winton was destroyed by fire yesterday morning and a 2-year-old child was burned to death.

Albert Robertson has been arrested at Stratford with a horse and rig in his possession, which he admits he stole from a Sarnia farmer.

An old peddler of medicines named Brunel was run over in the C. O. R. yard at Pictou yesterday. One foot was cut off and he sustained other serious injuries.

A Winton dispatch says that the body of a well-dressed man, minus the head, has been found in the lake near Winton. It had evidently been in the water for some time.

A correspondent telegraphs that the first batch of 4,700 seeds shipped yesterday from Victoria, B. C. They are expected to bring \$100,000 on the London market.

Hamilton's Board of Works greatly extended its allowances during the first six months of the year, and quite a number of workmen have been thrown out of work to reduce expenses.

Charles Cryer, son of Dr. Cryer, of Niagara Falls, committed suicide by the side of his mother's grave. The young man had been subject to melancholia since his mother's death a year ago.

Ex-Warden Redson, of Stone Mountain Penitentiary, was yesterday seized in the village. He was looking surprisingly well, and seems to have rallied completely from the shock caused by his recent bereavement.

UNITED STATES.

Lynn, Mass., had a big fire last night. Loss over \$200,000.

The entire business portion of Glasgow, Ky., was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss over \$150,000.

Henry Smith, night baggageman at Suspension Bridge, N. Y., was killed by a train yesterday. He was struck by the Erie Railway depot yesterday.

A Chinaman who has been conducting a laundry in New York was yesterday discovered to have had leprosy for eight months.

Twenty-eight Russian Jews were refused permission to land from the steamship Michigan at Boston yesterday. They will be returned to Europe.

FOREIGN.

Fire has done over \$2,000,000 damage to Santiago, Chile.

Lord Salisbury has made a declaration in favor of woman suffrage.

The czar and his family had an extremely cold and stormy journey to the Crimea.

A dispatch from Orkney Islands reports the loss of a fishing boat with seven persons on board.

Mme. de Bonnemant, well known as the mistress of Gen. Boulanger, died at Brussels last evening of consumption.

In the vicinity of Bombay rain has fallen plentifully. In many other parts of India there has been but a scant rainfall and famine is feared.

The Queen, accompanied by the Duke and Duchess of Anhalt and Prince and Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, on Thursday reviewed the regular troops at Aldershot, numbering about 10,000.

In the French Chamber of Deputies yesterday the Government was sustained on a vote of confidence by 319 to 103. M. Laur's motion regarding passport regulations, which the cabinet was defeated on Thursday, was carried.

The Berlin Militaire Wochenblatt has caused a sensation by an editorial in which it says there are so many Russian troops on the frontier between Germany and Russia that the influence of the latter country is predominant, and that it is imperative steps should immediately be taken by the German Government to restore the balance.

FATEFUL FLASHES.

Seventy Workmen Struck Speechless by Lightning.

ST. MARYS, Ohio, July 17.—During a storm here yesterday, chain works of the Standard Manufacturing Company's works were struck by lightning. Seventy of the employees were knocked speechless by the shock and some severely stunned. The lightning set the factory on fire but the flames were extinguished.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

July 18. At From

DRACONA, Quebec, London

PERVIL, Father Point, Montreal

NOTA, Father Point, Montreal

MONTREAL, July 16.—The Allan steamship Parthian, from Baltimore for Liverpool via Halifax, St. John's, Yd., arrived on Wednesday afternoon and landed her 600 passengers.

July 17. From

GERMANIA, New York, Liverpool

GOHNA, New York, Hamburg

PARADISE, New York, London

PERVIL, Father Point, Montreal

NOTA, Father Point, Montreal

MONTREAL, July 17.—The Thompson Line steamship Parthian, from Baltimore for Liverpool via Halifax, St. John's, Yd., arrived on Wednesday afternoon and landed her 600 passengers.

Children Cry for Fitch's Castoria.

Parnell and Kitty.

The Deposited Leader's Law Costs Still Unpaid.

The Wife Characterized by Keen Craft.

Sexton's Growing Popularity—Lord Denman Suspended.

LONDON, July 18.—The solicitors employed by Capt. O'Shea in his suit for divorce, in which Parnell was named as co-respondent, deny that Parnell has paid the costs of \$5,000. The lawyers say Parnell offered in May to pay one-half in cash and the balance in a month. O'Shea accepted the offer, but nothing has been seen of Parnell's money. The greatest difficulty is experienced in securing the bankruptcy order on Parnell, and he is now moving in court to set aside the order on the ground that he is not domiciled in England.

Sensational rumors have been started that Mrs. Parnell has in her possession compromising correspondence with Mr. Gladstone, which she obtained while she was a mistress of his.

Mr. Parnell has been in constant communication with Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Morley and others, but never with Mr. Gladstone. If Parnell chooses to publish these letters, they will disclose chiefly the keen political craft of Mrs. O'Shea, and the astuteness of the Liberals that her relations with Parnell were other than pure.

Mr. Sexton obtains the support of several Irish bishops and is increasing the adhesion of numbers who will support him as leader of the Irish party on Mr. McCarthy's withdrawal. During the progress of the Irish Land Bill Sexton added immensely to his reputation as a politician. He is the ablest debater in the party, and is now recognized as an adept in the quiet, judicious handling of affairs.

The suspension of a peer, a rare event in the Upper House of Parliament, occurred last night in the case of the erratic Lord Denman, the successor of the illustrious Judge Denman, not inheriting little of his father's powers.

Lord Denman had given notice of a motion for a return for the number of days on which the late Lord Granville had attended the House, and also days on which he himself had attended during Granville's lifetime. Whether the motion was inspired by crankiness or by malice Lord Denman was not allowed to explain. He was obliged to apologetically withdraw the motion.

Lord Salisbury said the motion could only be described as unseemly. He might use a stronger word, but he preferred not to discuss the motion; he would simply move that Lord Denman should not be heard during the remainder of the session.

Lord Kimberley concurred, and Lord Salisbury's motion was agreed to in silence.

Denman "sloped" the subject of Lord Salisbury, with whom he has an old feud, once nearly culminating in personal violence.

SALISBURY STARTLES THEM.

The Tory Leader's Declaration for Woman Suffrage

Causes a Tremendous Shaking Among the Conservative Dry Bones.

LONDON, July 18.—Nothing has recently excited the Conservative circles so much as Lord Salisbury's declaration that female suffrage ought to form part of the coming electoral reforms. The election of a female candidate by the Conservative Association, demanding to know whether this is an essential part of the Government programme. A host of members of the House of Commons have warned the Executive that a female vote plank would not be accepted by the influential section of the party without a protest.

The council of the Conservative Association, at an informal meeting yesterday, decided to intimate to Lord Salisbury that the party was so divided on the question that it would be unwise to recognize it as a Conservative principle.

In spite of Lord Salisbury's allusion that the life of Parliament will not expire until August 1893, electioneering is preparing for dissolution in the spring. The Conservative platform upon which candidates will begin their canvass without delay is the extension of the franchise, the increasing of the House of Commons by the Irish Local Government Bill, a platform will include a reform bill, as doing the distribution of seats by reducing the weight of Irish representation, slightly increasing the House of Lords, and giving advantages to the English representation. Other planks will be: The maintenance of the freeholders' franchise, the maintenance of the residential safeguard against personation, the abolition of the illiterate vote and legislation securing old age pensions, and for the creation of workmen's boards of arbitration. To sum up the platform as now officially fixed, given Ministers have endorsed the leading features of Mr. Chamberlain's age assurance scheme, and giving larger further developments on the lines of State socialism, and the redistribution of seats will be a strong card in the game.

RAILWAY DISASTER.

Nine Men Killed, Many Injured and Twenty Cars Wrecked.

LIMA, Ohio, July 18.—A message from Kenton says there was a bad wreck last evening on the Chicago and Erie at Hepburn, five miles east of Kenton. Swift's special, ran into a work train pulling into a siding, killing nine laborers and injuring many others. Both locomotives are in ruins with ten or twenty cars.

Hot for Cleveland.

The new passenger steamer, the Joe Milton, will leave Port Stanley, Cleveland, every Saturday until further notice, commencing June 6, on arrival of the G. T. & C. train from London at 10:30 a.m., arriving in Cleveland at 6:30 p.m. Returning, will leave Cleveland on the following day at 2 p.m. London to Cleveland and return, \$9.35; single fare, \$2.70. Tickets can be secured from G. T. & C. ticket agent, London station. Capt. John L. Lister, proprietor, Joe Milton, master.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Col. O'Brien Thinks Canadian Farmers Are Prosperous.

And Says Farms Sell for What They Are Fairly Worth on the Basis of Producing Capacity.

OTTAWA, July 17.—On motion to-day of Mr. Girouard, chairman of the Privileges and Elections Committee, it was decided to request the Senate to permit Senator Robitaille to attend and give evidence relative to three payments of \$8,000 each, made to Robt. McCreedy by his order, as president of the Baie des Chaleurs Railway Committee.

Mr. Charlton inquired if leave of absence granted to Senator Robitaille, was to be granted to him to attend the Senate, Hon. J. A. Chapleau replied that it had not. Leave had been granted on certificate of Dr. Church, of Ottawa, and Mr. Senecal, president of the Baie des Chaleurs Railway Committee.

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THE BUDGET DEBATE.

The budget debate was resumed by Mr. McLennan, who occupied two hours with his maiden speech, and drew a comparison based largely on personal observation of the condition of the people of Canada and of the United States.

Dr. Landkerker followed, speaking before and after recess in support of the Liberal policy, and showing that no greater discrimination against England than that effected by the present tariff is involved.

Mr. O'Brien made a very brief address, mainly devoted to the position of the timber and lumber trade. He held that the removal of the export duty on logs had worked a two-fold evil in Ontario, felt more especially in the district from which he came, this being the loss of labor and the wholesale depletion of our forests. He estimated the export of saw logs for next season at \$1,000,000 from \$1,000,000,000 feet, and pointed out the immense loss of labor this would be. Already business was paralyzed in Midland, Parry Sound and other places in the district, the limits having been bought by lumbermen from Michigan, who are extending their operations all over the Georgian Bay district.

He quite realized that it would be a very difficult matter to reimpose the duty, as it was blowing a forceful gale from the west, a step would lead to the imposition of American duty on lumber, and hurt the interests of our millmen. But if the present system were continued, it would deplete our forests with alarming rapidity. He considered it an extraordinary thing that none of our Governments had yet made the first attempt at replacing the forest, though he was glad to see the Ontario Government had taken important steps in providing that lumber cut from certain districts must be manufactured in Canada. Though the difficulty was very great, it was the business of the Government to meet and overcome difficulties. If we were compelled to lose our timber, we should at least have been able to see the Ontario Government turning to the trade question he said he was not in favor of reciprocity on any terms that seem at all likely to be adopted by either this country or the United States, the National Policy being an artificial structure of such a nature that we could not well interfere with one part without endangering the whole. In conclusion, he was very strongly in favor of farmers, and said that those of his acquaintance were certainly not going into debt. Farm property in Ontario is certainly as high as it fairly worth on the basis of producing capacity, and if there had been depression in price it was because there had been an undue inflation at the time of the American crop failure. He said that he had given rise to an exaggerated idea of the profits of farming. He held that notwithstanding all said to the contrary, our people were fairly prosperous. He reported for their efforts to maintain and increase their prosperity in place of allowing affairs to prosperify from here to there.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Dawson and Moncrieff, and at 12:20 Mr. Hyman moved its adjournment and the House rose.

THE SHORTHAND PROFESSION.

The Western Ontario Shorthand Academy, 76 Dundas street, this city, is the leading institution of the kind in Canada. In fact, it is the only shorthand and typewriting school in Canada. It is true the art is taught in other institutions, but not as thoroughly. Students attending this academy receive the benefit of the experience (extending over sixteen years) of one of the leading stenographers of this Province. Mr. Coo, the principal,