

Easter Millinery.

London and New York HATS
1917—Spring and Summer.

Complete showing now open. An exhibition of the most exquisite creations introduced. Skilful productions by the leading British and American designers, trimmed with fancy feathers, wings, flowers, richly coloured ribbons and novelties in a variety of beautiful colour combinations and solid blacks for dress and semi-dress wear.

All Easter Goods now open.

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PHONE 484. MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.



THIS MODEL IN STOCK.
FORSYTH TAILORED WAISTS.
The full Spring assortment of this America's best Waist is now open for inspection at the Newfoundland Agency.



This Model in Stock.

Ladies' Spring Suits and Spring Coats

\$10.00 to \$60.00.

The graceful lines and charming simplicity of these garments have made an immediate hit. Long coats and short coats are equally smart. The new shades for this Spring are Rooky, Tapestry Blue, Tan, Spruce Blue, Gold, Rose, Black, Grey, Olive, Magenta and Checks in variety.



This Model in Stock.

The New!

The New has captured our whole Store.

New Ruffles, New Neckwear, New Veils, New Raglans, New Sweater Coats, New Party Dresses for Children and Young Women, Ladies' New Silk Dresses, New Satin Underskirts, New Silks, Crepe de Chine, Georgette Crepes, Organdie de Jardin, Exposition Voile, and Ladies' Onyx Brand Silk Hosiery.

War News.

Messages Received Previous to 9 A.M.

ANOTHER PEACE SUGGESTION.

NEW YORK, March 26. A News Agency despatch from Amsterdam says: Intimation that Chancellor Von Bethmann Hollweg will make another peace suggestion at the meeting of the Reichstag on Thursday, is contained in a Berlin despatch received here to-day.

BRITISH CAPTURE LAGNICOURT.

LONDON, March 26. The British this morning attacked and captured the village of Lagnicourt according to an official report from the British headquarters this afternoon. Thirty prisoners and a machine gun were taken. During the afternoon the Germans delivered counter attacks from the east and northeast. These attacks, the statement says, were repulsed.

FRENCH CAPTURE TOWNS.

PARIS, March 26. Though strongly opposed by the Germans, French troops to-day occupied the towns of Folembray and La Fenille, south of Coucy forest, says the official statement issued by the war office to-night. Progress also has been made by the French north of Soissons in the neighborhood of Vregny.

FRENCH SUPERIORITY.

At the French Front in France, Sunday, from the Staff Correspondent of the Associated Press.—The French troops had a chance to-day to show their dash and skill in semi-

open fighting and took ample advantage of it. At the southern pivot of the so-called Hindenburg line, which is supposed to be about at Vailly, they came to grips on several occasions with the Germans, who attempted to make a stand on the edge of the Crouy plateau, which is a strong offshoot of the still larger Laon plateau. The Associated Press correspondent watched to-day's engagement from a nearby height, and saw the French soldiers gradually push away the German opposition, attain the points they were seeking, and occupy them with a precision a little short of marvellous. The French had kept close on the heels of the retreating Germans since they quit Soissons, never giving them a moment's respite until the pursuers occupied a sort of triangle formed by three points of Crouy, Missy-sur-Aisne, and Pont Rouge on the Maubeuge road. At the last named place the Germans evidently expected to cover their retreat as was shown by their abandoning useless work of sawing down fruit trees. It was this wanton devastation by the Germans of the country around Soissons and other places which so incensed the French infantry, composed mostly of peasants and farmers, that they could scarcely be restrained from a desperate push forward after the retreating foe, but prudence prevailed, and careful handling enabled them eventually to capture from German positions which had been prepared for stern defence, such as Vuillery and Pont Rouge. The correspondent watched the countryside over which the attacking troops were proceeding. Not a vestige could be seen of the advancing men on foot. They trickled through under cover of brushwood until they had assembled in sufficient strength near enough for striking a blow. Meanwhile the German air men circled overhead unable to locate them. Then an inferno of artillery fire broke forth from the French guns after which a final spur-

by the infantry carried a position which on this occasion was a big farm house near Margival. This was held in the face of desperate counter attacks. The Germans themselves had few trenches in this vicinity, relying for the most part on organized centres of resistance and their heavy artillery. The correspondent had come up from Soissons through territory laid waste by the Germans. Soissons itself is still bombarded, almost daily. A final effort before the Germans left the adjacent trenches on March 18 was an endeavor to set fire to the town and the much battered cathedral. The latter was showered with incendiary shells, but these died out without affecting the heavy stone roof. The remainder of the cathedral had been much damaged during previous bombardments. A German officer's diary found in an abandoned battery position shows that attempt to destroy it was methodical. The French troops are enthusiastic over their recent successes in open warfare in this vicinity, one of the most brilliant features of which was the capture of Pont Rouge by an Alpine rifle corps.

BLOCKADE SATISFACTORY.

LONDON, March 26. Replying to Admiral Meux, member for Portsmouth, Bonar Law said that the question of blockade had been fully considered by the cabinet with naval advisers, and that they were satisfied that the present policy was right in principle and efficient in administration. Advice from Germany through neutral sources, the Chancellor said, seemed to confirm this view.

TO RE-ORGANIZE TURKISH ARMY.

LONDON, March 26. Field-Marshal August von Mackensen, of the German army, according to a despatch from Bern, has arrived at Constantinople to re-organize the Turkish army.

AT RIGA.

LONDON, March 26. Reuter's Petrograd correspondent announces the arrival of Alexander J. Guchkov, the Russian Minister of war at Riga.

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR JEWS.

WASHINGTON, March 26. Absolute equality of the Jews in Russia with all others who own property and reside at any place and serve in the army and navy, to participate in educational advantages and at the polls, is proclaimed officially, say advices received at the Russian Embassy. Therefore it is understood there will be no further restrictions upon the issue of passports to Russian or American Jews who desire to visit Russia, than those in common with other persons.

GENERAL ELECTION.

Melbourne, via Reuter's Ottawa Agency, March 26.—This city is in the throes of a general election. Most of the members of the Federal Parliament have gone to their constituencies to open the campaign, which will be bitterly fought out between supporters of the Hughes Government and Labor party which broke away from Hughes on the conscription issue. Hughes, who has been offered thirty-two seats, has decided to contest Bendigo, and makes an important speech there next Thursday. Hon. Mr. Tudor, ex-Minister of Customs, now Leader of the Opposition, has issued an electoral address stating that if returned the Labor Party will do its utmost, under the voluntary system, to secure every fit man for the front. It will also extend shipbuilding and help the Allies by stimulating food production. A scheme of tariff revision will be immediately introduced with a view to the protection of Australian manufacturers. He views the Daylight Savings Act as a vexatious matter and promises its repeal, and also says that war profits will be further taxed. "We will again," the address continues, "submit to a referendum the proposal to extend the powers of the Commonwealth Parliament, and we will provide pensions for widows and orphans." Tudor opposes a compulsory levy on wealth, favoring instead a revenue by income tax. He declares the decisions of the Imperial Conference affecting Australia should be submitted to the Central Parliament for ratification. Ministerialists are confident of a majority in the Lower House, but it is generally felt the result of the Senate election is doubtful.

Flattering to the Original

But Imitations Only Disappoint

There are many imitations of this great treatment for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis and whooping cough. They usually have some sale on the merits of the original, but it should be remembered that they are like it in name only.



This is a facsimile of the package bearing portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D.

WILL ASK FOR RELEASE OF PRISONERS.

WASHINGTON, March 26. Inquiry to learn whether any Americans are among the 533 prisoners taken to Germany by the raider Moe-we, it was said at the State Department to-day, had been sent forward by the States through the Spanish Ambassador at Berlin. It is considered practically certain here that there are a large number of Americans among them. The States Government, it is expected, will follow the precedent set in the Yarrowdale case, and demand their immediate release. No doubt is felt that Germany will comply.

PASSED OVER TO OWNERS.

WASHINGTON, March 26. The immediate transfer of the prize ship Appam at Newport News to the British, was ordered to-day by the Supreme Court. This is the last step in taking the vessel from Lieut. Berg and the German prize crew, following the Court's recent decision that the Appam violated American neutrality.

KEEPING IT UP.

LONDON, March 26. Andrew Bonar Law to-day asked the Commons, in order to expedite business to suspend until Easter the rule under which the House rises at eleven o'clock daily. John Dillon, Nationalist member for East Mayo, thereupon gravely warned the Government, under a deep sense of responsibility, if it allowed the Easter recess to pass without any indication whether it was in earnest with regard to Ireland, its pit would be beset with difficulties and it might find the situation worse than before. Sir Jas. Henry Dalziel, Liberal, having stated that since the debate of last Thursday, Premier Lloyd George had devoted every possible moment of his time to the subject of Ireland, Bonar Law added, the Government had a full sense of its responsibility in this matter, there would be no avoidable delay, but the Government thought it would make a statement. If it possibly could not absolutely promise it before Easter he asked the indulgence of the House not to press the Government unduly.

SOCIALISTS FORMING NEW PARTY.

COPENHAGEN, March 26. The Radical Socialist organization of Germany, which, after having been read out of the regular Socialist ranks is now forming a new party, has issued its programme as a Reichstag resolution. The programme demands among other things speedy peace and no annexation by any of the belligerents. Other planks in the programme demand the assent of the Reichstag to all treaties of alliance and declarations of war and peace, the responsi-

bility of the Chancellor to the Reichstag by which he may be dismissed, and Imperial legislation introducing universal equal suffrage in all federal states. The influence of the new party, though it is considerable among the working classes in a few big cities, is absolutely nil with the Government, and its demands in Parliament are not apt to accelerate peace by a day. The old Socialist organization, on the other hand, is patriotic, and cannot be expected under the leadership of Philip Scheidmann, to waver its support of the Government, as long as the attitude of the Entente Allies towards peace negotiations remains unchanged.

GERMAN LEGATION LEFT PEKING.

PEKING, China, March 26. The German Minister, Admiral Von Hintz and the staff of the legation left here to-day by special train for Shanghai. The German colony gave the departing diplomats a rousing farewell. From Shanghai the minister will proceed to San Francisco, thence across the continent, thence by steamer to Europe.

CANADIAN WAR LOAN.

TORONTO, March 26. Latest estimates of the Canadian war loan subscriptions indicate that the loan is almost twice subscribed. Applications received to date amount to over \$250,000,000, including the applications of the Canadian Chartered Banks.

AEROPLANE GIFTS.

LONDON, March 26. British subjects in the Dutch East Indies have sent subscriptions amounting to £3,815 to the Overseas



Back to Nature

For "common ills that flesh is heir to," old Mother Nature gives us the cure in her simple, healing herbs. When the Liver gets sluggish—when the Blood becomes laden with impurities—and that miserable dragged-out feeling comes over one—then it's time to go back to Nature for the remedy and take

Dr. Wilson's HERBINE BITTERS

This reliable tonic and blood purifier contains the curative principles of Dandelion, Mandrake, Burdock and other medicinal herbs that clean, purify and enrich the blood and build up the whole system. 25c. a bottle. Family size, five times as large, \$1. At most stores, as The Brayley Drug Co., Limited, St. John, N.B.

Club for the purpose of purchasing two aeroplanes. Overseas residents have now paid for ninety units in the Imperial air craft flotilla formed by the Overseas Club.

EXPRESS LOYALTY TO THE GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, March 26. The Volynsky Guardsmen, the first regiment which declared for revolution, marched on Monday to Tauride Palace to express its loyalty to the Government and the necessity of carrying on the war to a victorious end, says a Reuter Petrograd despatch. The Guards carried a number of red banners, and their band played the Marseillaise. Among the inscriptions on the banners were, "Don't betray your comrades in the trenches; make shells." Attempts by former pacifists to obtain a hearing were promptly crushed. Great crowds of peasants, soldiers and workmen went singing to the house of the late Count Tolstol, at Yasnaya Polyana, and sent a deputation to the great widowed Countess on behalf of the Russian people. The Countess was asked to come out with the portrait of Count Tolstol. She complied, thereupon the crowd knelt and chanted.

WILL TAKE A REST.

LONDON, March 26. The Imperial Conference will have Easter recess now. Sir Robert Borden and his colleagues recognize they will be unable to return to Canada on the date originally planned. The recess takes place ten days hence.

NO PEACE MEDIATION.

LONDON, March 26. Reuter's Stockholm correspondent cables that the Swedish Minister for Foreign Affairs has let it be known that no attempt at peace mediation will be made by Sweden. This denial was called forth by a New York despatch published in a London paper with regard to alleged attempts in this direction by Sweden and Spain.

LINER ST. LOUIS ARRIVES.

WASHINGTON, March 26. The American liner St. Louis, the first armed ship to cross the Atlantic, has arrived safely at her destination.

RUMORS DENIED.

LONDON, March 26. Rumors which have been in circulation for several days of the landing of Germans in Scotland or at a place on the English coast, received their quietus in the Commons to-day. Chancellor Bonar Law said that as it was impossible to give any reason for the origin of rumors they probably were due to the fact that home defence troops had been told to be ready for an emergency. This often happens but in the present instance it created an unusual commotion.

HITT AND RUNN—It Is Hard to Believe That Our Mortal Bodies Are Really of Such Little Value!

BY HITT

