Poetry.

The Spring.

I love not Spring—I cannot bear
The kind of fickle woman weather,
The mingling up of smile and tear,
And "no" or the same an hour together."
One moment, and its sunny ray
Is smiling bright as hope before you,
The next, and o'er you cross the way,
'Tis raining, hailing, snowing o'er you.

I love not Spring—its blooming flowers
Are very well for poet's verses,
But be that feels its "sunny showers,"
Is apt in proof to vent his curses.
Give me that season of the year
When Nature more sedate reposes—
Can men life's ills more calmly bear
Because they're felt "among the roses."

I love not Spring—though with it come
The cuckoos from their farthest station,
And then is heard the distant hum
Of all the insect generation;
I'd rather have a cheering fire,
A bottle of old wine before me—
Such soothers I much more admire,
Than those that now are flying o'er me.

I love not Spring—you search in vain
The market through to find a dinner,
And scarce are skin in sprouts, again
Enough to feed a "young beginner."
Let gentle Nieces long to see
The charms of this "delightful season;"
Such charms, I must confess, to me
Are not the fruits of "rhyme or reason."

Coronation of Richard III.

From No. X. of Britton and Brayley's History of the late Houses of Parliament and Ancient Palace of Westminster.

On the day after that on which he had been proclaimed King, Richard the III. proceeded in great state to Westminster Hall, with a numerous train of attendants, "and there, when he had placed himselfe in the Court of the King's Bench (on "the marble seat," as some writers state) he declared to the audience, that he would take upon him the crowne in that place there, where the king himselfe sitteth and ministreth the law, because he considered that it was the chiefest duie of a king to minister the lawes. Then with as pleasant an oration as he could he went about to win unto him the nobles, merchants, the artificers, and in conclusion all kind of men, but especiallie the lawieres of this realme. And finallie to the intent that no man should hate him for feare, and that his deceitfull clemencie might get him the good will of the people, when he had declared the discommodities of discord and the commodities of concord and unitie, he made an open proclamation, that he did put out of his mind all enmities, and that he there did openlie pardon all offences committed against him. And to the intent that he might shew a proofe thereof, he commanded that one Fog, whom he had long deadlie hated, should be brought before him, who being brought out of the sanctuarie (for thither he had fled for feare of him) in the sight of the people he tooke him by the hand. Which thing the common people rejoiced at and praised, but wise men tooke it for a vanitie."

The coronation of Richard and Anne, his consort (the daughter of the king-making Earl of Warwick,) was solemnized in the Abbey Church at Westminster, on July 6, 1483. Holinshed remarks, that, "the solemnitie was furnished, for the most part, with the selfe same provision that was appointed for the coronation of his nephew y^ which had been arranged to take place about six weeks prior to that date.

In the description of this ceremonial, given in an Harleian MS., it is stated, that after the trumpets and clarions, the serjeant at armes, and the heralde bearing the king's heraldic insignia, came "the Crosse wt a ryall procession; fyrst Frests wt grey Amysse and then Abbotts and Bishops wt meters on their heade and crosers in their hands, and the Bishope of Rochest' bare the crosse before the Cardinall (Abp. Bourchier.) And then comyng th' Erl of Northumberland baryngne the poyntles swerde before the king naked. The Lord Stanley bare the masse (mace) before the kinge. Th' Earl of Kent bare the second swerde poynted on the right hand of the kinge.—The Lord Lovell bare the iij swerde on the left hand the king naked. Then comyng the Duke of Suff: bering the King's sceptre. The Erl of Lyncolne bare the crosse wt the halle. Th' Erl of Surrey bare the fifth swerde with the scabbard before the Kinge upright. Then comyng the Duke of Norf: bering the King's Crowne betwyx his hands. And then foloigne our Soverayne Lorde KINGE RYCHD the iijde and over his hed a clothe of estate borne wt the v. portz, and on eche syde of the kynge going a Bishope, the Bishope of Bathe and the Bishope of Durrem, and so the King going in his robes of purple velvet. Then comyn the Duke of Bokingh'm bering the king's trayne wt a whyt staff in his hande. And then, comyng before the Quene both Erle and Barons. Th' Erl of Huntyngton bare the quene's scepter, the Viscount Lyle the rod wt ye dove upon. Th' Erle of Wylshyre bare the quene's Crowne. Then comynge our Soveraigne Lady the Quene, and over her hed a clothe of estate, and of every corner of the cloth a balle of golde, and on her hed a cyrklet of golde wt many precyous stones sett therein, and on every syde the quene going a Bishope, the Bishope of Excester and the Bishope of Norwyche, and our Lady of Rychemond bare the quenes trayne. And our Lady of Suff: going in her estate by her selfe alone; and on her hed a cyrclet of Golde. Then after her comyng the Duches of Norf: wt other ladyes to the number of xxtie. Then after them comyng knights and squires wt many typtavers."

In recounting the formalities of the coronation, the writer of the MS. says that, the king and queen having quitted their seats of estate and advanced to the high altar, while the priests and clerks were "syngyng listen and psychesonge," their majesties "put of ther robes and there stood all naked from the medell upwards, and anone the Bishope anoynted both the Kyng and the Quyne. And when this was done, the Kyng and Quyne changed ther robes into clothe of golde, and then the Cardenall crowned them both wt great solempnytye, and the organs went full shortly (sweetly ?)" But the former part of this statement must surely be understood with some reservation; probably Holinshed's narrative is here more accurate, who says "after diuerse songs solemnlie soong, they both ascended to the high altar, and were shifted from their robes, and had diuerse places open from the middle vpward, in which places they were anointed."

In his notice of the coronation feast, the MS. writer mentions the first course as being served "on dyshe of gold and an other of syluer all covered;" and adds, "the Lord Awderley Kerver to the kyng all the dynnertime, and the Lord Scroop of Upsall, Cupberer. And so me Lord Lovell standing before the Kynge all the dynnertyme, and two squyers lying under the bord at the kyng's fote."——"And then came in the second coverse, and at the said coverse, came ryding into the hall Sr Robt. Dymoke the Kyng's Champion, and his horse trappd wt whyt sylke and red, and hym self in whyt harnesse, and the Heraldes of Armes standyng upon a stage among all the co'pany; then came rydynge up before the kyng his champion, and there he declared before all the people, y^ there be any man will say agaynst kyng Rychard the iij why he shoulde not p'tende the crowne, and anou all the people were in peace wnhyle. And when he had all seyd, anon all the hall cryed Kyng Rychard all wt one voyce. And when this was done, anone on of the Lords brought unto this champion a cope full of red wyne cov'd, and so he toke the cope and unscov'd hym and drank therof, and when he had done, anon he caste owte the wyne and cov'd the cope agayne and made his obesans to the Kynge, and turned his horse about and rode through the hall wt the cope in his ryght hand, and that he had for his labor. The third course we are told "was so late that there might no servyce be served savyng wafers and ipocrace." Lights were then brought, the king and queen quitted the festal apartment, and the company dispersed.

Agriculture.

Agricultural Report for April and May.

The past winter has been more severe and of longer continuance than any previous one for the past twenty years. It commenced in the districts of Quebec and Three Rivers about the middle of November, and in the district of Montreal a week later, and continued with unusual rigour to near the end of April. The last fall was so excessively wet, that ploughing was far from being finished, particularly in the lower sections of the Province. This circumstance had a most injurious influence in retarding the spring sowing. Had the lands been properly ploughed and sufficiently drained and water-furrowed last fall, they would have been in excellent order for sowing from the 10th to the 21st of May, and in some situations a few days sooner; but the land not being ploughed last fall, the farmers were engaged at that work this spring when they should have been sowing their grain. Hence much of the grain is yet to be sown, and it will be far advanced in June before the sowing of oats is finished. For the last week the spring work was suspended altogether—rain fall every day from the 21st to the 29th, and must have injured sown grain on soil that was not perfectly drained and water-furrowed. There is nothing more essential in arable culture than perfect draining, at all times that land is in a ploughed state, as well previous to, as when bearing crops. I think I can confidently say, that were the land in cultivation in Lower Canada ploughed into well formed ridges, not exceeding nine feet wide, sufficiently drained, and carefully water-furrowed, it would give an increased annual produce of from one-third to one fourth, on an average, and in some situations more.

On lands favorably situated and well prepared, last fall, some seed was sown about the 27th or 28th of April, but sowing did not generally commence before the 7th, or perhaps the 11th of May. All farmers who had their lands ploughed last fall, might have finished their sowing from the 10th to the 21st of May, as the weather was very favourable during that time. The wheat that is now over ground, on soil properly prepared, looks well, and should the season be favourable, and the wheat escape the ravages of the wheat fly, there may be a good crop, though the spring has been late. Indeed it is possible, that the severe cold of last winter, and the unusually cold spring up to this time, may have a good effect in destroying vermin of all kinds, that are likely to injure growing crops.

Potatoe planting is not much advanced, and those that were planted previous to the last rains, will very probably have rotted, unless where planted on light, or well drained soils. It will occupy the whole of the month of June to finish planting.

Some meadows look well, where the land is not too flat and wet. If there should be warm weather now they will be sure to advance rapidly. The pastures are generally more backward than I have ever seen them at this time of the year, and cattle are very low in condition. The long and severe winter, and insufficient keep are the main causes. The straw last year was generally injured by disease while growing, and by wet in harvesting, and was not fit for the food of cattle. The consequence is, that stock that were obliged to subsist upon such food, are now low in condition, and will not give much produce in the dairy for some time to come. I have been informed that many cattle have died from the effects of cold and bad keep last winter. Butchers' meat is now very high priced in Lower Canada, and will probably continue so for some months. It may be an encouragement to farmers to increase their stock, which it would be prudent for them to do, provided they would keep them well, to insure their being profitable. The produce of the dairy is not abundant, and the price of butter is high.

The grain market in Montreal is not much higher than usual, except oats, which brings from 3s. to 3s. 6d. the minot, for very inferior samples. A large proportion of the Oats of last year was late sown, and did not ripen well, hence the bad samples now brought to market. Potatoes sell from 2s. to 2s. 6d. the minot. Though the present prices are fair, and even high for some articles, the past year will not prove to have been very profitable for farmers, or leave them much surplus. The crops were below an average, much of them damaged, and were very expensive in harvesting. It would require high prices to balance these drawbacks, and leave a fair profit.

It is abundant produce that can make the country truly prosperous, and create means for her people to purchase what will be necessary for their wants and comfort of the produce of other countries. Our imports, and the sale of the goods imported, must be in proportion to the quantity of exchangeable value that is produced or created in the country. It is from these sources we must derive our principle means to purchase. All those who would complain of bad times, and would wish to improve them, will find that the general increase of production from land and stock throughout Canada, is the most certain means to accomplish their object. It must be manifest that the greater the quantity of valuable products for the use of man, that is annually created, and that was not before in existence, the more abundant will be the means of human happiness and prosperity.

WM. EVANS.

Cote St. Paul, May 31, 1836.

United States.

ABDUCTION OF MARIA MONK.—It has been known for several weeks that a number of persons were here from Canada, making efforts to get possession of Maria Monk. Yesterday afternoon she was missing, under circumstances which leave little doubt that she had been carried off; and at this moment she is probably on her way to Canada. We hope every possible effort will be made to ferret out the perpetrators of so great a crime, and if possible, to rescue this poor and friendless girl from fiends in the shape of men.—*Journal of Commerce.*

Commercial.

The advices from New York of the date of Saturday last, state Ashes to have declined, and that some small sales had been made as low as $3,50 for Pots and $6.50 for Pearls, ℔ 100 lbs. Flour quite firm.

REVIEW OF THE NEW YORK MARKET FOR THREE DAYS PRECEDING

SATURDAY, *May 28, 1836.*

ASHES.—By the ships *Nepoleon* from Liverpool, and *Victoria* from Havre, advices were received yesterday from both those ports to 30th April. In Liverpool, Montreal Pots were in more active demand, and 200 to 300 barrels had been sold at 26s. @ 26s. 6d., being an advance of 1s. @ 1s. 6d. In Havre, 65 barrels New York Pots brought 65f.; and there were but 50 bbls. of that kind remaining. Our own market continues rather languid, and sales of both Pots and Pearls have been made at some reduction from our last prices. The pearlash rates not transpired.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The demand for Flour in the last two days has been very animated, particularly for Western Canal, the stock of which is by no means large. Common brands have sold freely at $6,75, and there is none now to be had for less. This is an advance of 37½ cents on our last quotation. Southern, however, of all descriptions, continue in limited request, without material variation in rates. A sale of 200 barrels Richmond Country was made at $6,75; and Philadelphia at $6,62½. Rye Flour and Corn Meal remain without change.

GRAIN.—A sale of 8500 bushels fair Baltic Wheat was made at $1,32; 1000 very good, $1,37½, short time; 2000 American ordered from England, @ 1,12½; and 3000 @ 4000 Canada Barley, 60; Corn has improved: some cargoes of Southern White sold at 79 @ 80; and yesterday, a cargo of 1200 bushels Maryland Yellow at 84; Northern Oats retail at 53 cents.

PROVISIONS.—Beef and Pork continue to rule limited demand, and for both descriptions we make further reduction in our quotations, say, Mess Beef $10,75, @ 11,50. Prime do. $6,75 @ 7,50. Mess Pork $19, @ $21. Prime do. $16, @ $17. Butter also continues heavy, and the common qualities have further declined. In Cheese and Hams there is very little doing, but prices remain the same. Smoked Beef is plenty, and dull. Some sales at 9 @ 10 cents.

EXCHANGE.—There has been very little done in Foreign Bills since our last notice; some further sales have been made on England at 7 @ 7¼.

The accounts from Liverpool by the Packet of the 1st May, represent Ashes as having somewhat improved on the rates of the preceding week, during which the article had been very dull: sales of Montreal Pots at 30s. 6d. @ 37s. The stock of Pearls being very low, holders were firm at 42s. @ cwt. at which price some sales had been effected.

Of the Timber Market, *Myer's Advertiser* says:—

"We have not much animation to notice in the Pine timber market, the demand appears to be fair, but by no means extensive; and the heavy stocks in the yards prevent any improvement in prices. A cargo of St. John's Pine just landed, of good quality, has been sold at 2½d. ℔ foot. Quebec Pine of good quality is selling at 3½d. ℔ foot by retail. The demand for Baltic Timber is by no means extensive; it moves off slowly in small quantities at our quotations. Deals are becoming scarce, and we have a fair demand; prices are consequently well supported."

In the Grain Market there was no change worth noticing.

In London the Sugar Market was again high. In other articles we observe no alteration of moment. We shall publish a detailed review of both Markets to-morrow.

LIVERPOOL, *April 30.*—You must be informed of the shortest passage ever made. The *Independence*, Captain Nye, arrived here, Saturday, April 29, at 10 o'clock noon, being only 14 days 6 hours from pilot to pilot, and 14 days 20 hours from taking letter bag from your Exchange to leaving the same at our Post Office—the first passage ever made within the fifteen days. It caused much excitement, and is "all the talk."

Our markets are firm in every thing—not much change in Cotton. By the bye the market is rather singularly operated upon in this article. A short supply, or a frost or any other circumstance, causes a rise in the market, and after the "New York market" reaches here, and the rise follows. It is soon discovered on your side, that the short supply, or frost, is all error, and prices go down again. Soon after advices from this side give the rise caused by the first report, and again it "goes up" in New York.

Metals are very firm, and the tendency is for a further advance. Iron and lead have almost doubled since November last. Copper is also very firm, as is Tin. Spelter is scarce, and is fast advancing for spring delivery.

Large transactions are going on in Oils. Linseed goes on about 5s. ℔ week. It is not yet at the top of the ladder.

In fact every thing is very, very high, except money. This is about as high as 2½ ℔ cent. ℔ annum. We would like to accommodate all our friends in New York.

New Goods.

BED AND TABLE LINEN WAREHOUSE.

J. & W. ROY, beg to intimate, that they have REMOVED to the first shop in the New Buildings, *Place d'Armes*, where they have received per *Cheshire* and *Sophia*, an assortment of SCOTCH and RUSSIA SHEETINGS, from 4-4 to 12-4; Bleached and Brown Scotch Dowlas, Duck, Canvass, Linen Bed Tick, Brown Holland, Irish Linens, Lawns, and Diapers.

Daily expecting per *Monarch*, and *Wilmslow*, their usual supply of Table Linens, Diapers, Table Covers, Threads, &c. &c. together with a variety of MANCHESTER and GLASGOW GOODS.—May 27. 53

THE Subscribers are now landing, ex *Tenaro*, from London, and offer for sale the CONTENTS of NINETY-ONE PACKAGES of STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS, adapted for the approaching season, consisting of—

5 cases Printed Muslins
2 do do French do
5 do Plain and Figured Silks and Satins
5 do Laces, Nette, and Quillings
3 do Plain and Figured Ribbons
3 do do Velveta and Ferrets
4 do Crape and Norwich Shawls
7 do Assorted Haberdashery
9 do Muslins, Checked and Plain
5 trunks of Ladies' Prunella Boots and Shoes
2 do do Children's do do
4 do do do Caps, Frocks and Robes
3 do Insertions and Suetlops
7 bales 7-8 Light Fancy Fatins
6 do 7-8 and 9-8 Printed Shirtings
2 do 9-8 and 6-4 Long Cloths
5 do Marseilla Quilts and Counterpanes
3 casks Women's and Children's Parasols
4 do do do Straw and Leghorn Bonnets

—ALSO,—

7 cases of assorted SUMMER WEARING APPAREL, and 11 cases of assorted GERMAN and FRENCH FANCY GOODS.

BENJAMIN, BROTHERS & Co.
St. Paul Street, next door to Messrs. William Smith & Co. 5

JUST RECEIVED, and for Sale by the Subscribers:—

Refined Sugars in hhds
Muscovado, do do
Company's Twankay Tea
Free do do
do Hyson Skin do
do Pekoe do
Mocha Coffee
Black Pepper, Pimento, Cloves, and Cassia
Fresh Zante Currants
do Rasins of different qualities
Soft Shell Almonds
Very superior Bordeaux Vinegar, in hhds. and barrels
Cognac Brandy, in cases 1 doz. each
Salad Oil, in baskets do do
Assorted Liquors in cases do do
Brandy & Fruits do do do
Genova do do do
Olives do do do
Bruce's Teneriffe Wine, in pipes, hhds. and qr. casks
Benecario Wine do do do.
Roll Brimstone in barrels
Crown Glass, assorted sizes, and numerous other articles.

LEMESURIER, ROUTH, & Co.
May 28. 54

RECEIVED by *Sophia, Esther, Robert* and *Voltaire*, and for sale by

5 bales 7-8 and 8-4 Meriques and Saxony Cloths
1 case 6-4 French Meriques, plain and figured, very fine
3 bales Fine Prunellas and Lastings, Cambletees and Shalloons
5 cases Fine and Superfine Cloths
2 do Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Buckskins and Cords
4 bales Muslinet and Point Blankets
1 case Bombazines and Gambroons
9 bales Prints and Regattas
1 case Fine Checked Muslins
1 do Worsted Braids and Bindings
6 bales Moleskins, Buffalo Cloths and Shirtings
3 do Fancy Drills, Cantoons and Cords.

J. DOUGALL, Jun.
May 30. 55.3w.mwf

JUST landing, per *Toronto* ex London, and for Sale, by the Subscriber, the CONTENTS of EIGHTY-THREE PACKAGES of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS, consisting of—

Superfine Broad Cloths and Kerseymeres, rich Figured Satin Vestings, 4-4 and 7-8 Irish Linens, 5-4 Long Cloths, 4-4 and 7-8 fine Union Linens, 4-4 and 8-8 Shirtings, 3-4 Brown Hollands, 4-4 Black Unions, 6-4 Jaconets, 7-8 fine Lawns; 4-4, 5-8 and 3-4 Plain and Figured Druggets; Raven Grey Silk, Figured and Plain Lace, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Figured Muslins, Cantoons, Drills, 3-4 Diapers, Quiltings and Valentias.

—ALSO,—

9-8 Printed Muslins, 7-8 Colored and White Cambrics, Rolled Jaconets, Figured Silk Shawls, 12 and 16 line Canezous and other Fancy Pearl Buttons, Summer Trowsers and Vests, Cloth Clothing, assorted Hosiery and Drawers, 7 cases Hats.

—ALSEWISE,—

A few cases last made and solid Fancy Cabinet Work, German Paper, 3 new Telescopes, by Dolland, London; Mustard Instruments, and other Fancy Goods.

JAMES R. ORR,
St. Paul Street, and corner of St. Jean Baptiste Street. 45

DRY GOODS for sale, by the Subscribers, consisting of a variety of Woollen and Cotton Fabrics, suited to the season.

—ALSO,—

51 chests Superior Bohea Tea, for which reasonable rates will be accepted.

H. & A. CROOKE & Co.
No. 193, *St. Paul Street, lately occupied by Messrs. J. & J. Scott & Co.*
May 28. 55

THE Subscribers have just received per the Ship *Esther* and *Robert*, from Liverpool, SEVENTY-TWO CRATES EARTHENWARE of the first quality, amongst which there are a number well assorted and packed in Extra Strong Crates, suitable for the Country Trade.

THOMAS M'ADAM & Co.
May 26 52

STRANG, ADAM, CUNNINGHAM & Co., *IMPORTERS of BRITISH and FOREIGN DRY GOODS, Notre Dame Street*, (premises formerly occupied by Messrs. Rossier Faures & Co.,) are receiving by the Ships in Port, and expect by further arrivals, an extensive and well selected assortment of DRY GOODS, which having been laid in on the best terms, will be sold at reasonable prices. 51-3m

MACDONELL, HOLMES & Co., corner of *Notre Dame* and *St. Gabriel Streets*, are now receiving, *per Robertson* and *Cherokee*, from Glasgow, a few PACKAGES DRY GOODS, and expect *per* first arrivals from London, Liverpool and Dundee, an extensive and very general assortment, which they will offer for Sale on reasonable terms.

May 20. 47.tf

WHEAT FOR SALE.—On board the *Thetis*, now in port, FIVE THOUSAND BUSHELS of very superior FOREIGN WHEAT. The sample is to be seen at the Office of the Subscribers.

WILLIAM BAIN & Co.
May 26. 52

FOR SALE, by the Subscribers:—Twankay, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Gunpowder Teas, Refined Loaf Sugar, Coffee, Nutmegs, Candy, Rose Ginger, Liquorice, Citron Peel, Currants, Brandy, Prunes, Preserved Ginger, Salad Oil, Soft and Hard Shell Almonds, Shelled Almonds, Walnuts, Bercelona Nuts, Indigo, Sperm Candles, Rice, Pipe Tobacco, Segars, Lochfine and Digby Herrings, Spirits of Turpentine, Cognac, Bordeaux and Spanish Brandies, Scotch Whisky, &c. &c.

A. H. VASS & Co.
May 21. 48 *St. Nicholas Street.*

FOR SALE, by the Subscriber, PEDDIE'S Buildings, *Lemoine Street*, TWANKAY, HYSON SKIN, and YOUNG HYSON TEAS.

May 26. 53 SAMUEL HORT.

SCOTCH WHISKEY.—Three puncheons just received, and for sale, by

STRANGS, ADAM, CUNNINGHAM & Co.
May 26. 53

JUST received by the Subscribers, *ex Robert*:—

6 boxes PAPER HANGINGS.

BRIGHTMAN & DUNLOP,
Commissioner Street.

ACCOUNT BOOK MANUFACTORY AND GENERAL BOOK-BINDERY,
Herald Buildings, St. Gabriel Street, second door from Notre Dame Street.

C. BRYSON begs to inform the public that he has commenced business in the above premises. Soliciting a share of public patronage, he pledges himself to use his best efforts to execute all orders entrusted to him, in a neat and durable manner, on short notice, and at moderate prices.

Account Books Ruled and Bound to any pattern.

He will shortly have on hand a good assortment of the description of Account Books in general use.

May 30. 55

FORWARDING, 1836.—The Subscribers at MONTREAL and BROCKVILLE are now prepared to receive PRODUCE and MERCHANDIZE for TRANSPORT up and down the St. Lawrence.

With fast rate Barges and Batteaux, experienced and careful men, they hope to merit patronage by assiduous attention to the interest of their customers.

April 22. 47 W. L. WHITING & Co.

New Goods.

WILLIAM SNAITH, MERCHANT TAILOR, opposite the COURT HOUSE, respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has just received *per Toronto*, from London, a supply of every article in his line, all of the very latest Fashions, among which are, very best West of England Superfine Black, Blue and Fashionable Coloured Cloths—Cassimeres, Fashionable Ribs, large and small Checks, Plain do, Black and Coloured Real Merino, for summer coats, Abbotsford Checked Drills, and Plain do.—for summer Pantaloons, Plain and Fancy Vestings, of all kinds and new est patterns; Black Corded, Plain and Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs; Fashionable Cambric do; Stocks, Braces, Gentlemen's Black Silk Hall Hose, Riding Belts, &c. &c.

All orders executed with dispatch, and according to the latest Fashions. A liberal discount allowed for Cash.

May 26. 54.2m

GIBB & Co. *Merchant Tailors*, beg to inform the Public that they are receiving by the recent arrivals, their SPRING ASSORTMENT of GOODS, comprising the most fashionable articles in their line.

—ALSO,—

Gentlemen's fashionable HATS, of the latest London shapes, and very superior quality.

May 27. 53

PRUNELLA BOOTS AND SHOES.—Eight trunks fashionable London-made Ladies' and Children's Prunella and Spanish Leather BOOTS and SHOES, suitable for Upper Canada merchants, just received and for sale by

MOSS MOSES,
St. François Xavier Street, opposite the People's Bank.
May 27. 53

NEW GOODS.—A few PACKAGES SEASONABLE GOODS, landing *per Canada*, consisting of Ginghams, Striped and Checked Cottons, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Muslins, Brocos, &c.; and expected *per* first vessels, an assortment of London and Manchester Goods, by wholesale.

JAMES R. ORR,
St. Paul Street, and corner of St. Jean Baptiste Street. 45

DRY GOODS for sale, by the Subscribers, consisting of a variety of Woollen and Cotton Fabrics, suited to the season.

—ALSO,—

51 chests Superior Bohea Tea, for which reasonable rates will be accepted.

H. & A. CROOKE & Co.
No. 193, *St. Paul Street, lately occupied by Messrs. J. & J. Scott & Co.*
May 28. 55

THE Subscribers have just received per the Ship *Esther* and *Robert*, from Liverpool, SEVENTY-TWO CRATES EARTHENWARE of the first quality, amongst which there are a number well assorted and packed in Extra Strong Crates, suitable for the Country Trade.

THOMAS M'ADAM & Co.
May 26 52

STRANGS, ADAM, CUNNINGHAM & Co., *IMPORTERS of BRITISH and FOREIGN DRY GOODS, Notre Dame Street*, (premises formerly occupied by Messrs. Rossier Faures & Co.,) are receiving by the Ships in Port, and expect by further arrivals, an extensive and well selected assortment of DRY GOODS, which having been laid in on the best terms, will be sold at reasonable prices. 51-3m

MACDONELL, HOLMES & Co., corner of *Notre Dame* and *St. Gabriel Streets*, are now receiving, *per Robertson* and *Cherokee*, from Glasgow, a few PACKAGES DRY GOODS, and expect *per* first arrivals from London, Liverpool and Dundee, an extensive and very general assortment, which they will offer for Sale on reasonable terms.

May 20. 47.tf

WHEAT FOR SALE.—On board the *Thetis*, now in port, FIVE THOUSAND BUSHELS of very superior FOREIGN WHEAT. The sample is to be seen at the Office of the Subscribers.

WILLIAM BAIN & Co.
May 26. 52

FOR SALE, by the Subscribers:—Twankay, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Gunpowder Teas, Refined Loaf Sugar, Coffee, Nutmegs, Candy, Rose Ginger, Liquorice, Citron Peel, Currants, Brandy, Prunes, Preserved Ginger, Salad Oil, Soft and Hard Shell Almonds, Shelled Almonds, Walnuts, Bercelona Nuts, Indigo, Sperm Candles, Rice, Pipe Tobacco, Segars, Lochfine and Digby Herrings, Spirits of Turpentine, Cognac, Bordeaux and Spanish Brandies, Scotch Whisky, &c. &c.

A. H. VASS & Co.
May 21. 48 *St. Nicholas Street.*

FOR SALE, by the Subscriber, PEDDIE'S Buildings, *Lemoine Street*, TWANKAY, HYSON SKIN, and YOUNG HYSON TEAS.

May 26. 53 SAMUEL HORT.

SCOTCH WHISKEY.—Three puncheons just received, and for sale, by

STRANGS, ADAM, CUNNINGHAM & Co.
May 26. 53

JUST received by the Subscribers, *ex Robert*:—

6 boxes PAPER HANGINGS.

BRIGHTMAN & DUNLOP,
Commissioner Street.

ACCOUNT BOOK MANUFACTORY AND GENERAL BOOK-BINDERY,
Herald Buildings, St. Gabriel Street, second door from Notre Dame Street.

C. BRYSON begs to inform the public that he has commenced business in the above premises. Soliciting a share of public patronage, he pledges himself to use his best efforts to execute all orders entrusted to him, in a neat and durable manner, on short notice, and at moderate prices.

Account Books Ruled and Bound to any pattern.

He will shortly have on hand a good assortment of the description of Account Books in general use.

May 30. 55

FORWARDING, 1836.—The Subscribers at MONTREAL and BROCKVILLE are now prepared to receive PRODUCE and MERCHANDIZE for TRANSPORT up and down the St. Lawrence.

With fast rate Barges and Batteaux, experienced and careful men, they hope to merit patronage by assiduous attention to the interest of their customers.

April 22. 47 W. L. WHITING & Co.

Montreal:—Printed for the Proprietors by HOLLO CAMPBELL, St. François Xavier Street. The Morning Courier, for the Country, is published on Mondays and Thursdays. Terms:—Five Dollars in town, and Six Dollars if sent by Mail, payable in advance. No Subscription taken for a less period than six months.

Public Record Office Reference C.O. 47/42

COPYRIGHT OF PHOTOGRAPH RESERVED. FOR PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE, APPLY TO PUBLIC ARCHIVES, OTTAWA.