Pownall's ultimate proposal we thus see, was the old general movement by fleet from England against Quebec; and by land from Albany and Lake Ontario. The whole as adopted was now to be committed to the command of Sir Jeffrey Amherst as General, with Wolfe as Major-General under him; and Gage and Johnson as Brigadiers. In the instructions from Pitt to Amherst the connection of De Lancey is marked by a special order to the General to confer and work with him, particularly in fitting out Wolfe for the conquest of Quebec. (1)

Louisbourg was taken in 1758 as a preliminary otep by Amherst and Wolfe. The final out come is well known. In 1759 Wolfe took Quebec; Amherst Ticonderoga; Johnson, Fort Niagara; while Gage operated against Fort Frontenac. Amherst in 1760 captured Montreal. Of the commanders under Amherst, the Schuyler group were represented by four; Generals Gage and Johnson; Colonel Schuyler of Schuyler's (New Jersey) regiment, and Colonel Oliver DeLancey, brother of the Lieutenant Governor. Amherst particularly conferred also with the "American Lady" and was influenced in his details by her advice and opinion. (2) At a somewhat later period she also suggested to him a course of dealing with Pontiac which he did not follow until his neglect to do so resulted in the celebrated conspiracy of Pontiac, following the conquest of Canada.

DeLancey died in 1760. Lady Warren after his

⁽¹⁾ New York Docs., VII, 358, 359.

⁽²⁾ Mem. Am. Lady.