

issue cannot be between a party which has made an agreement and one which does not wish to see the agreement approved. The issue, if it may be called such, is as regards reciprocal agreement with the United States between a party which, when in office, was successful in obtaining an agreement, and a party which, when in office, under even more favourable conditions, failed to obtain an agreement, and as to which of these parties should be entrusted with the continuance of negotiations once the general elections are over.

I desire to repeat at once what I have already said in the course of this campaign, and in a previous radio broadcast, namely, that a reciprocal agreement with the United States is a party of Liberal policy; that, if the present Administration fails to secure an agreement before its term of office expires, and a Liberal Administration is returned to office on October the 14th, the Liberal party will immediately take up with Great Britain the revision of the Ottawa Agreements, with a view to increasing trade between Great Britain and Canada, and will immediately seek to effect a reciprocal agreement with the United States which will be of mutual advantage.

I can conceive of no greater service which Canada can render to the English speaking peoples of the world than to be

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