An Act to regulate the conditions on which wives separated from their husbands may carry on business as Traders, in Lower Canada.

HER MAJESTY, &c., enacts as follows:

- 1. Every married woman who shall carry on business for her own Declaration to benefit, as a Trader, Marchande Publique, Manufacturer, Contractor, be filed by a or in any other general business in Lower Canada, shall cause to be married woman carry-5 delivered to the Prothonotary of the Superior Court in each District ing on busined to the Registrar of each County in which she carries on or intends ness on her to carry on business, a declaration in writing, signed by herself, in the form or to the effect contained in the Schedule to this Act, marked A.
- 2. Such declaration shall be filed before the day, or within thirty days Public notice 10 after the day on which such married woman shall begin to carry on of such filing, business; and in the case of any married woman carrying on business, at the passing of this Act, within sixty days from and after the passing thereof.
- 3. Public notice shall be given of the filing of such declaration by at Married 15 least two advertisements, in both the English and the French language, women must in the Canada Gazette, according to the form contained in the Schedule ness in their B to this Act annexed, the first of which notices shall be inserted within maiden names lifteen days from the day of the filing of such declaration.
- 4. No married woman shall carry on any business as mentioned in Penalty on 20 the first section of this Act, except in her own maiden name; and the failing to name of her husband shall in no manuer be used or employed on any this Act. Sign, or in any Bill of Parcels, Account, Note, Bill of Exchange, Check, Contract, Invoice, or other document, or in any transaction whatever, appertaining to her separate business or affairs.
- or comply with any of the requirements of the four preceding sections of this Act, shall be liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars, to be recovered before any Court having jurisdiction in civil cases to the amount of such penalty, by any person, suing as well on his own behalf as on behalf of Her Majesty, and one moiety of such penalty shall belong to the Crown for the uses of the Province, and the other moiety to the party suing for the same, unless the suit be brought, as it may be, on behalf of the Crown only, in which case the whole of the penalty shall belong to Her Majesty for the uses aforesaid.
 - 6. This Act shall apply to Lower Canada only.