

MORE DOUKHOBORS.

A THOUSAND WILL COME FROM CYPRUS.

Not Satisfied With Mediterranean Life and Will Move Again—The Old Fort at Toronto Not Yet Sold—Connolly Gets the Penitentiary Tins.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 16—No proposal has been received for the transfer of the Old Fort property at Toronto to the municipal corporation or to private parties. Major General Hutton is of the opinion that the property is of no further use for military purposes and that it could be advantageously disposed of, but the minister of militia has not as yet been asked to consider any formal proposition with respect to it. Mr. Barlow Campbell, while in Ottawa a few days ago, called upon Dr. Borden and had a conversation with him upon the possibility of this property, around which so many historical associations cluster, being conveyed to the uses of commerce and suggested that if reasonable terms could be arranged it might be purchased by a number of gentlemen by an association interested in its preservation as a place of historical interest. There is no departmental authority for the rumor that the New Fort will be removed from its present situation, or that new excavations will be built on the front. Such a scheme may have been talked about by military men, but it has not been sanctioned by the head of the department. Mr. F. A. Smart, deputy minister of the interior, confirms the published statement that a thousand Doukhobors from the Northwest. A cablegram has been received at the department of the interior in the Doukhobor movement announcing the intention of these people to emigrate. The department has replied to the English committee, informing them of Canada's willingness to receive these people. Definite arrangements have not yet been made, but the news comes well in time. The leader of the party, Mr. Connelly, of Quebec, for this year of his penitentiary being the highest of four received has been accepted.

TROUBLE ON THE ATLANTIC.

Boats of All Sorts at Many Ports Report Disaster and Danger.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Feb. 16—Schooner Gertrude Abbott, of Philadelphia, with cargo of ice, was towed here today by tug Dudley Pray. The Abbott had been floating about on Nantuxet Shoals for several days, with loss of anchor and cargo shifted.

The steamer Lovett reports schooner Madagascar, for Calais with lumber, drifting in the ice near Cross Rip, with loss of both anchors and the boat. She declined assistance. The Lovett also reports among the vessels on Nantuxet Shoals, in the ice, but apparently unharmed, schooner John F. Randall, Norfolk for Portland.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 16—About every vessel arriving at this port has a story to tell of rough experiences during the recent gale and snow storm. The British steamer Cervona, of the Thomson line, that arrived today encountered a series of fierce gales on her voyage from Newcastle.

The Cervona passed two steamers which were apparently disabled, but neither of them signalled for assistance. One was evidently a first-class passenger ship, for she was brilliantly illuminated from stem to stern. She was pitched 45 degrees west and 46 north. The other steamer was 46 degrees west and 45 north.

The captain of a coaster which arrived here today reports that a two-masted schooner ran ashore on Prince's Ledge, off the mouth of Cape Porpoise river. He was unable to name the name of the schooner and nothing could be learned concerning her from any other source.

WOODS HOLE, Mass., Feb. 16—The work of rescuing the Boston Fruit Company's steamship Admiral Dewey, which ran ashore on Coneybank in a fog on the night of February 14, was commenced today by the Boston Towboat Company. With favorable weather it is very probable the Dewey can be floated.

DISCOVERIES IN THE ROMAN FORUM.

Marble Slab Turned Up, Inscribed During the Republican Days of Ancient Rome.

ROME, Feb. 16—A report was in circulation yesterday that a new and important discovery had been made in the Forum, near the arch of Septimius Severus. I immediately went to the spot. The discovery, in fact, is one of particular interest: what has been found is a large marble slab on which can be read a long inscription (a most unusual thing) of the oldest republican period. Naturally there is great excitement in the scientific world, and immediately all the "professors," more or less "illuminated"—The Lanciani, the Hübner, the Vaghi, the Boni, etc., are in a flock, and after them, with moustaches "en brosse" and hair bristling, the honorable doctor and minister of public instruction, Signor Beccegl, himself. After having watched them leaning over the precious fragment and laboriously endeavoring to decipher the inscription I made off, promising myself to return and study quietly and alone this fragment, respecting which the great Mommsen will shortly express his opinion, to which I bow in adulation.

MODERN RECONSTRUCTIONS.

The intellectual community in and indeed, throughout the world,

AGUIRRE WANTS PEACE.

But the Americans Are Displeased With Him.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8—There was an almost complete release today from the tension under which the rapid occurrence of events in the Philippines has held the officials of the administration since the first startling news from Manila on Sunday night. This was brought about through the receipt of a bulletin from General Otis, summarizing up the latest results of the fighting he has had with the natives. The statement that Aguirre's influence had been destroyed and that the Filipino leader was seeking for a cessation of hostilities and for a conference was most acceptable news. It was interpreted as an admission that he had realized his terrible mistake. It is entirely probable that he will be able to restore anything like the same terms as were possible last week. No one here now knows just what the status quo is, but it is believed that Gen. Otis is in a better position to deal with the situation than any one in Washington. Should the general allow permission to be granted immediately, "should he ask for instructions on any point," said Secretary Alger, "he will be told to exercise his own discretion." In this view of the case it will be seen that no one here can tell at present how the war will end. Aguirre's opinion is expressed by men here who know General Otis' experience with the Indians that he will be laying down arms of the insurgents at all, and if that condition is met, he will make a speedy termination of the rebellion.

A CONTRACTOR WRECKED.

Constipation Undermined by Nervous Complications—South American Nerve Worker Gets Complete Cure. Nervous prostration and liver complications afflicted J. W. Dinwoody, contractor, Cambridge, that physically he was almost a total wreck. His druggist recommended South American Nerve Wine. A few doses gave him great relief, indeed soon asleep, and a few bottles built him up and cured him so that today he is strong and hearty as ever. Sold by H. J. Dick, Geo. W. Hoban, E. Clinton Brown, and all druggists.

MURDERED IN THIBET.

Sad Fate of a Canadian Presbyterian Missionary. TORONTO, Feb. 8—News has reached here of the tragic death in the wilds of Thibet of Rev. Peter J. Bijnhart, Canadian Presbyterian missionary. From the meagre particulars received it appears Mr. Bijnhart went on a tour to visit some savage tribes in northern Thibet, at a long distance from the mission station, and was murdered by the barbarians. He was grandfater of the late Mrs. Bijnhart, who resided in Toronto for several years before undertaking missionary work in China. About five years ago Mr. Bijnhart and his wife, who is also a native of this province, volunteered for work in Thibet and have ever since labored in that almost unknown country.

DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT

The Great Skin Care—35 Cents. Alfred Le Blanc, of St. Jerome, Que., has such faith in Dr. Agnew's Ointment that he buys it by the dozen to take with him to his lumber camp. He has used it for chafing, bruises, frost bites, and other emergencies incident to camp life. It cures salt rheum, eczema, tetter, and other skin eruptions, and piles in three to five nights, 35 cents. Sold by H. J. Dick, Geo. W. Hoban, E. Clinton Brown, and all druggists.

ADMIRAL DEWEY

Enraged the Insurgents by Seizing a Schooner. WASHINGTON, Feb. 8—It may be that it was Admiral Dewey's act in seizing a vessel loaded with arms and ammunition intended for them that incited the Philippine insurgents to attack the American soldiers Saturday night. It is about a week ago the admiral caused the seizure of the schooner Tanang, with a full supply of arms. The admiral's report discloses the fact that an American and not a German owned the vessel thus being used to arm the insurgents against Otis troops.

LIFE'S A BLANK

Without Hearing—Catarrh Induces Deafness—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Gives Quick Relief. W. Ernest Lons, of West Flamboro, was so bad with Chronic Catarrh that his hearing seemed permanently impaired. Doctors treated, especially for the past few months, but his hearing grew worse. He was recommended to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. One application gave him great relief and a couple of bottles cured him permanently. Sold by H. J. Dick, Geo. W. Hoban, E. Clinton Brown, and all druggists.

Hon. Lewis Miller Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17—The Hon. Lewis Miller, a prominent citizen of Akron, Ohio, died today in the Post Graduate hospital after an operation. Mr. Miller was 60 years of age. In company with Bishop Vincent he founded the Chautauqua assembly.

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SEED DISTRIBUTION.

To the Editor of the TELEGRAPH.

Sir—For the past ten years systematic efforts have been made to increase the average returns and to improve the quality of the cereals and other important farm crops grown in Canada by an annual distribution to the Experimental Farm at Ottawa, of samples of seed of the best and most promising sorts. These varieties have been first tested at the Experimental Farm, and only those which have proven to be the very best have been chosen for this distribution. The samples sent out have contained three pounds each, and every precaution has been taken to have the seed in every instance thoroughly cleaned and free from insects and other parasites. These samples have been usually sent in the end of the second year, and in this manner careful farmers all over the country have been enabled to replace their inferior and less productive sorts which they have been growing in the past, with superior varieties possessing great vitality and vigor.

By instruction of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture, another such distribution of samples of oats, barley, spring wheat, field peas, Indian corn and potatoes was made to the Experimental Farm at Ottawa, February 18, 1899. Lists of names of societies or individuals cannot be considered, and only one sample in all had to be sent to the address. Applications should be addressed to the Director of Experimental Farms, and may be sent any time before the 1st of March. Applications should be closed, so that all samples asked for may be sent out in good time for sowing. Parties wishing to receive samples should fill out the accompanying form, and send it to the Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa, February 18, 1899.

NOVA SCOTIA PETROLEUM.

About a year ago the Advocate devoted a couple of pages to describing the petroleum deposits at Lake Annapolis, N. S., and incidentally mentioned the name of one Wm. Harrington, a miner who has been interested in the subject for a number of years. He was recently in Halifax and writes to a local paper his views with respect to the possibility of developing an industry in this connection. His remarks are as follows: Great wealth awaits Nova Scotia from the more scientific development of her mineral products. I noticed in an article a few days ago in the Halifax papers a report of the discovery of petroleum at the excavation going on at the new grain elevator, now building in the city of Halifax. My experience in oil aroused my curiosity to investigate the find, and reaching there I found men digging a big ditch. There I found about five feet of surface clay, then came a ledge of hard slate. Neither the clay nor the slate showed any signs or source of oil, but when a drill hole was finished, the men who were drilling fancied they smelled oil from the drill sediments taken out. And on the next lift of rock they blasted out to make the cut or excavation deep enough, the underlying slate, much softer than the top lift, was full of fine cells from which the oil oozed. This interested me very much. The man on duty was composed of oil. I had the man to pick down alongside of the deepest point of rock blown out, and this spot only did the oil come up. This may be caused by heavy pressure and gas coming up from quite a depth, probably bringing the oil up which lowered the softer strata or rend in this slate rock and becoming solidified or chilled whilst above. My own opinion causing the ledge of what oil the men got a few days previously.

The indications I have seen here and in other parts of the province, in Cape Breton and in Newfoundland lead me to think there is a rich deposit of petroleum in this province, which may soon be developed and make this a great oil-producing territory. These views of

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THE DEATH ROLL.

Well Known Citizens Pass Away By Death.

Mr. Thomas O'Reilly died early Saturday morning at his home Basconfield, Lancaster, and in his death passed away one of the most respected residents of the community, esteemed by all who knew him, and his acquaintance was very wide in city and province. Mr. O'Reilly was the very capable principal of St. John's school, Carleton Place. He was born in Kinsale, Cork, Ireland, and was but a young man when he came to America, living for a time in New York before he came to New Brunswick. He was engaged in the survey of the European and North American railroad, and between here and Montreal. Later he became a school teacher and taught in Kings county, St. George and this city. He was a member of the board of trustees in Carleton, and the esteem of all who knew him was his. He has besides his school teaching, been prominent in his profession as a lecturer, was a firm temperance man and took much interest in this work both on the west and east sides. He leaves a widow and five sons and two daughters. Mrs. O'Reilly was a Miss Bridges. Of the sons one is Mr. Charles E. O'Reilly, real estate broker and another Mr. Thomas O'Reilly, of Boston, who reached home Saturday afternoon. Mr. O'Reilly was taken ill on Thursday last of a cold, and gradually weakened till the end came yesterday morning, to the deep regret of relatives and friends. Mr. Samuel McKay died on Thursday at Fenfield, after a lengthy illness. Mrs. Scott E. Morrill is a daughter of deceased.

DOUKHOBORS ARRIVE.

All Leave for the West—One Taken to Hospital—Another Dies on Board the Ship. The Beaver line steamship so well known in this port arrived in port Sunday afternoon about 4:30 o'clock with her large cargo of Doukhobors. The steamer left Halifax on Friday afternoon. The embarkation commenced at 11 o'clock Friday morning and all were comfortably on board about 2:30. Mr. Elkin, the Quaker from Philadelphia, and Mr. Archer, representing the Society of Friends of England and government immigration agent, accompanied the passengers round from Halifax.

The Superior arrived in port about 4 o'clock and just as soon as she was moored the Doukhobors commenced disembarking. The C. P. R. officials had the trains all ready and everything went along fine. The first train left Sand Point about 6 p. m. and at 2:45 o'clock Sunday morning the entire party were on their way west.

There were five passenger trains of eight cars each, and one baggage train of nine cars. One of the Doukhobors, a man, was taken to the hospital Sunday morning, and another man, aged 27 years, who was very ill, died on the ship Sunday afternoon about 2 o'clock. His wife, child and mother remained here with him and took his death very hard.

American-Canadian Commission.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15—The American-Canadian commission was today announced the members announced that another meeting would be held tomorrow. They denied that there was any probability of the immediate dissolution of the commission, as had been reported, but admitted that for a time yesterday the situation was very precarious.

"She Carries Her Heart on Her Sleeve"

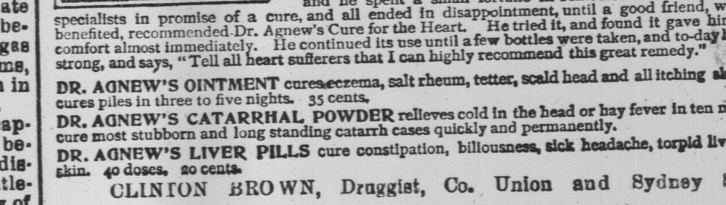
What a boon to many a man or woman if this were literally so—How many hearts are broken because this particular organ is shackled by disease—and yet how many times has Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart brushed against the grim reaper and robbed him of his victim. Diseases of the heart are by far the most treacherous of ailments which afflict humanity—ruthless to old and young alike—not insidious but violent, for when the heart fails the whole system suffers violence. Discouraging causes here will not console the suffering one. The one great yearning of the heart-sickened patient is how to get relief and a cure. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart stands prominently to-day as the star of hope to sufferers from heart trouble, and so far past the experimental period that thousands to-day proclaim, in no uncertain sound, the belief that were it not for this remedy they would have long ago passed into the great beyond. Most eminent doctors, whom heart cases have baffled, have tested Dr. Agnew's claims, and to-day they prescribe it in their practice as the quickest and safest heart remedy known to medical science. What are the symptoms? Palpitation, fluttering, shortness of breath, weak and irregular pulse, swelling of feet and ankles, pain in the left side, chilly sensations, fainting spells, unconsciousness in sleeping, despondent tendency and as many more indications that the heart is deranged. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is a heart specific; and no case too acute to find relief from it inside of thirty minutes—a powerful cure.

Mrs. Jno. Fitzpatrick, of Gananoque, Ont., after having been treated by eminent physicians for heart disease of five years' standing, was declared from the hospital as a hopeless invalid. She suffered from acute pain and palpitation, her feet and ankles swollen, fainting spells, unconsciousness in sleeping, despondent tendency, but the lady procured Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart as she declared, as a last resource, and almost immediately. She continued for use until a few bottles were taken, and to-day she is well and strong, and says, "Tell all heart sufferers that I can highly recommend Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and three bottles cured her—not a symptom of the troubling remaining."

Conductor William C. Lucas, of the N. & W. R., and living at 1111 St. John Street, Montreal, suffered for years with acute valvular form of heart disease—cost him many a "lay off" from his daily duties on the road, and he suffered a small rupture in arteries and coating with heart disease, and he died in disappointment, until a good friend, who had been benefited, recommended Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and he procured it, and almost immediately. He continued for use until a few bottles were taken, and to-day he is well and strong, and says, "Tell all heart sufferers that I can highly recommend Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and three bottles cured her—not a symptom of the troubling remaining."

DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT cures eczema, salt rheum, tetter, scald head and all itching skin diseases—cases piles in three to five nights. 35 cents. DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER relieves cold in the head or hay fever in ten minutes—will cure most croup and long standing croup cases quickly and permanently. DR. AGNEW'S LIVER PILLS cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, torpid liver—clear the skin. 40 cents. 50 cents.

CLINTON BROWN, Druggist, Co. Union and Sydney Streets.



FREE this WATCH, with a chain and charm, and a Lever Collar Button at the cost of a lady's wash and gird for selling 3 doz. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and we give you the Boston Post, with one big Premium List. Sell the Bulletin, for every copy we give you a watch, and we will add 1000 more to the list. Send your name and address to-day. In writing, mention this advertisement.

FOR ONE DAY'S WORK LEVER BUTTON CO., TORONTO, ONT.

DISGUSTED WITH UNITED STATES.

Failure of the Commission Causes Unfavorable Comments in London Journals. TORONTO, Feb. 16—The Telegram's special cable says: The London Chronicle, commenting on the possibility of the failure of the joint high commission at Washington, says it had hoped reasonableness of Ottawa's demand would be recognized at Washington. The report, deadlocked at Washington caused much dissatisfaction in Anglo-Canadian circles.

The Globe says President McKinley made a great mistake in appointing Mr. Foster, an ultra Anglo-phobist. The St. James Gazette says: "We wish the friendship of the United States, but we cannot have it at the price of the sacrifice of Canada's interests." The Fall Mall Gazette says, the deadlock is more regrettable than surprising. The new governor of Newfoundland sailed on Saturday by steamer Lake Ontario.

ST. JOHN SCHOONER

Extricated From Perilous Position and Towed to Port. VINEYARD HAVEN, Feb. 20—The schooner Emma, which was abandoned in the Muskeget Channel while on her passage from St. John to Fall River, was towed into this port this morning by the tug G. M. Winslow. She is badly damaged, but a great portion of her cargo of lumber still remains on board.

The schooner H. B. Bism, Apalachicola for St. John was also brought in today by the revenue cutter, having been extricated from a perilous position in the ice off Wood's Hole, where she lost her starboard anchor and 15 fathoms of chain.

TROUBLE AT NICARAGUA.

Battle Expected to Take Place Near Chile Mountain. MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 15—President Zelaya has issued a decree declaring the republic of Nicaragua to be in a state of siege. A battle is expected to take place today west of Chile mountain, the dividing ridge of the Cordilleras.

The president is sending troops to the front as rapidly as called. An uprising was recently discovered at Matagalpa. It was organized by a Catholic priest, who has been captured and is now on his way to the penitentiary.

LEFT A FORTUNE.

Windsor Painter Heir to a Million Dollars. WINDSOR, Ont., Feb. 8—Richard J. Howenden, a fresco painter, has received word from solicitors in Ireland that he has fallen heir by the death of an uncle to property amounting to more than 2,000,000. Howenden was born in Dublin and came to this country when a year old with his father.

BIAS VELVETEE S.H. & M. Highest Art of Binding

The "Redfern Brand" of "S. H. & M." is the richest of the rich, the softest of the soft, the handsomest of the handsome, and to its superior quality is given a durability that makes it the most economical and the most beautiful of bindings, and all this high-art, and all this durability, cost but a few extra cents, and really cost less, long-wear considered. S. H. & M. stamped on back of every yard. If your dealer will not supply you, we will. THE S. H. & M. CO., 24 Front Street W., Toronto, Ont.