More About the Bible.

BY E. M. SAUNDERS, D. D. INTRODUCTORY .

Everything has been frank. fait and honorable, as far as I an concerned. A member of the fuble class asked the pastor, if it would be a fair interpretation of his views of the flible, to give the libble to a man, and say to him a part of that book as inspired and a part is not inspired. Take it, cast aside what you palge unneptied, and with what remains settle you relations with God.

remains settle your relations with God? As we in old trans said of the flot locks, the pastor hung fine: A D, C I, present a man used to cructs of law said. "that is a fair question. The pastor replied, "I will subset q at another time. Three weeks after this, in the fast minutes of discussing the methods of fields study, loc discussing the magnitudes of the Bible? The discussion "What is the inspiration of the Bible?" The discussion is along their opinions. I told the pastor I did so: I gave limit the names of the silen to representative monsters, asymptotic points of the bible with him. He had no fault to find with my course. But the pages of the Massenanick Asia "Usilag must out be en unibered with end cas explanations."

However, I still adhere to my first estimate of Brother Waring, although in his last letters he has beavily taxed my confident belief, but this shall be regarded as a blackfugitive cloud passing over the face of a bright server moon.

The pastor might have saved himself the writing of fair long letters by simply saying. It believe the Bible in a back given to the world by G of, and was written by men supernaturally inscined by God, and was written by men supermaturally inscined by God to write it. This or a like declaration, as far as 1 know, he has never made. Three sermons and a long discussion in the Bible class 1 have h and all professedly for the purpose of teaching the denomingation the right views of the "Bible inspired," and how it should be studied, and strange to say, the pastor is own views have been studiously concealed, while the 'endemcy of his questions and general station in his Leon to angette the monds of the people in the Bible as the inspired. World of God

I have carefully lastened to all the pistor has sail, but no plain statement of his belief in the Bible, as supernatural neoclaten, has ever fallen upon my cits. Most carefully have I read all he has written on the subject, even seeking with cire in the links and loops and general intanglement of his long and involved sentences, for an explicit statement that, in his belief, the Bible is a supersatorial revelation of God to man, but all in vain. No destaration of this character can be found in any of the pastor sufferances.

As it was in the three serious in the church and the barried at the convention, so it was in the Bible class. When a venirable dearen in the class, is great distress of sound, asked his paster. It is the Bible the Word of God is a reply was given. The paster will remember that I tarried alies the class, was dismised, and kindly told him be should assive the deare is questions -that all professors in theological school, the rise was the line that it is raid, if he were a tracher in a theological school, he also would give his belief loss the class. I am conscious that these statements will be need to ember a of the class. I am conscious that these statements at the class is a more class. I am conscious that these statements at the class is another of intelligent men and women.

A MINE UNALT FUN REMOVED.

Mr. Waring scenis to think his methods of Bible study have been opposed by Dr. Sau ders which in part are: (a) Getting the meaning the authors intended to convey: (b) Getting and arranging historic illy the facts in and back of the authors throughts. (c) Getting the truths in and back of their throughts.

Not publicly, not privately have 4 said or written one word against any n ethod of Buble study. Sam Butler says, "No argument like matter of fact is. Here then are the As Broth r Waring has repeated the statement so facts : often by hp and by pen, I am coming to think that he, as a victim of an of repeated caprace, is led to believe it true. Now for the facts - For nearly fifty years 1 have studied Biblical theology But little time has systematized theology got out of me. I H-Rand and I, when students, with our par graph Bible, began the study of the Bible book by At Newton, Dr Hacket's impatience with systembook atic theoloy, and his unsurpassed skill in the examination of the Bible, taking a book at a time, holding it, up in the light of contemporary history, in the light of the character and aim of the writer, the prevailing prejudices, racial and religious, whilly captivated me. Added to this, was the keen, through examination of the text in the original language. That was license in method sufficient to satisfy I have never narrowed it. But I look to the Holy undel. Spirit as the great Teacher of spiritual truth. Young men my Bible class of about one hundred at Berwick in could rise and from memory recite Paul's missionary journeys and stand an examination in relating them to Geography and History. After reading the twelve vol-umes of Grote's History of Greece and other literature, 1 gave in the light of this reading, a lecture on Paul's speech a Mars' Hill. The book of Job also was the subject of

sermons and a lecture, as were other books, also the lives of distinguished men of the Bible. In these studies every light possible to me was turned upon these Scriptures. In Job, for instance, the time of its production, the family, social, and religious life, the hints at the habits and indus tries of the people; the literature and poetry of the book, were not overlooked in our humble efforts. Some young people encouraged me in my work by telling me that after hearing the lecture on Job, given in different parts of the Province, they spent the night in reading the book. In ornwallis and in Halifax, the Genesis, the Romans, the Hebrews have been studied in this way. Many years ago, when calling attention to the Messiah and the Messianic prophecy of the Old Testam nt in some sermons at Freder icton, the Rev. W. F. McIntyre, one of our ablest and most appreciative men was good enough to encourage me by telling me that the serimous were a help to him. I may say too, that I have used mostly German commentaries, be cause they are so free and patient in turning every light upon the text of the Bible. If Mr. Waring will look in the College records of June, 1881, he will find there a resolution introdu ed by F. M. Saunders, and seconded by Dr. T. H. Rand, and carried unanimously by the Board of Gove that the Bill's be introduced as a subject of study into the carriculum of the College Acadia College was, as far as 1 know, the first college in America to introduce the Bible into its course of study. One of the arguments I used was, that the history of the Scripture should be worsen into the that the "hereign of the Scripture should be worken into the course of ancient history taught in the college, and that for the purpose of giving the students the advantage of study-ing the Scriptures historically. Here is the germ of this conservative higher criticium. New, Unope this will dial usion Brother Waring, and save him the trouble of further pelting an image of straw. Use any methods you like, thought of or anthought of, but be you sure of this, the typical Bapti-1 will reserve to "imself the right to review

This disposed of, let me now turn to the real question, "Does Mr Waring teach that the Bible is a supernatural revelation from God given through men supernaturally inspired for their work—the only supernatural revelation given to the world by God?—This is the question, and a baral one it is, too:

THE OLCASION OF MY WRITING

No minister could wish for a reception more hearty than the grand old First Church gave to its pastor in January, 1903. It was an occasion brimful of j y. The cup-was running over Include me, please, in this statement. For seven months there was comfort. Then came the three is rmons on "The Bible inspired." Discerning minds were filted with apprehensions, and carr ed to their homes heavy hearts. It was mildly suggested to the pastor, that it was a risky and perilous thing to attempt to unsettle the essential beliefs of the clurch and denomination.

Then came that hour of agony in the Convention. And what an hour it was. Never anything like it before in the hile of the Convention. Heads went down, ministers left the house, old and young. Some wondered, others groaned. The house was sown thick with distrust. All hearts ached because the customary vote of thanks could not be passed by the Convention, coupled with a request for the publication of the sermon in the MESSENGER AND VISITOR. The eaterprising reporters failed to get satisfaction. All loved Brother Waring and love him still. Hope bore up all hearts that he would, on reflection, recede from the dangerous ground taken. He received faithful admonitions from his brethren. After this, the subject of inspiration was again raised by him and discussed in the Bible class; and in this discussion Brother Waring said repeatedly that "the denomination must face the issue." I then decided it was my duty to take my part in "facing the issue"; consequently my lecture followed, and in a revised form, appeared in the MESSENGER AND VISITOR.

THE OBJECT OF MY WRITING.

My purpose in writing was to turn the attention of the denomination to the Bible, as containing a revelation from God, on which rests our faith and practice; to prepare the mind of the body for the further discussion of the subject of inspiration by the pastor of the First Halifax church; to help-by suggestion and otherwise any brethren who might need help. Had Brother Waring been satisfied with his three sermons in Halilax and the hour in the Convention, not a line, in my opinion, would have been written on the subject. All would have assumed that the suppressed storm of dissent in the Convention, had led him to reconsider his views, and to quietly get into harmony with the denomination. It was the pastor's persisting in forcing his views on the denomination that drove me, much against my inclinations, to oppose, as far as 1 could, his evident plan to have the old view of the Bible give place to the evolution theory of the Higher Criticism, to the Unitarian theory. This is evidently the ground Mr. Waring occupies, and which he would have the denomination occupy.

AN ADMISSION.

Mr. Waring, in effect, says that I approach the Bible as true; and that he approaches it as neither true nor untrue; that I hold it innocent until it is proved guilty; that he holds it guilty (it must be that there is no middle ground) until it is proved innocent. In this way we are opposed at the outset in its examination. Well, this is no method, it is a condition. I accept the position he assigns to us respectively. The great Hebrew and Roman codes of jurisprudence, and all the codes of the civilized nations of today are emphatic in regarding every man innocent, in the eye of the law, until his guilt is proved by evidence, thoroughly sifted. If fallible man is by law held innocent until his guilt is proved, I feel bound to stand by the Bible—God's word—as innocent until it is proved guilty. Mr. Waring may approach the Bible as untrue. I shall continue my examination of it as God's Word. If it is proved to my satisfaction that it is a human, fallible book. I will give it up : if not, and may I be pardoned for the suggested possibility of human authorship, then I shall stand by it.

After all that the Bible has done for the millions in Heaven and on earth; after all it has done for the world, am I asked to regard it as a collection of myths, legends, fables, and idealistic notions of brilliant minds, and this, too, declared to be smeared with vulgarities? Am I required to sit down with these Phillistines and say to them, that if they will suspend their judgment that the Bible is a fraud, I will suspend my judgment that it is the infallible word of an infallible God, and on these conditions we will study it together? Never, NEVER.

Twelve sons sit around their aged mother, beautiful in the simplicity of old age. There she is, her sweet face radiant looking upon her manly sons for whom she has inade every sacrifice. Then one of them says, there are some people who say our good mother is bad. Let us gather them in, and, if they will suspend their judgment, we will suspend ours; and we will have an examination. An indigmant protest is in the eyes and faces of the eleven brothers. They say to the twelfth brother, your proposition is a fiction as cold as a block of ice from the North Pole. Search the Old Testament. Did Jehovah tell the prophets to go to the surrounding nations with this coldblooded proposition ? Tell all, small and great that the Bible is the Word of God, which commands all men everywhere to repent, or they shall all likewise perish.

For evangelical purposes," the Parliament of Religions Ten years have shown that no good effect was useless was produced by it in heathen lands. Paul and our miss ionaries denounce the superstitions of the heathen, and admit any truth they hold, while holding up to them the gospel system ; but to do this is, one thing and to sit down with the heathen as these Higher Critics would have the missionaries do, and admit that our Bible is myth, legend an 1 literature evolved from the brains of "Hebrews, Jews and early Christians," is quite another thing. In teaching a Sabbath School class of Chinese in California, a young lady gave the class an account of J nah. The Orientals matched it with a Chinese miracle, that put fonah in the shade. But, if Brother Waring can get any comfort from his grotesque scheme for popular use, nobody will wish to rob him of his enjoyment.

DR. SAUNDERS "BLOCKED" THE WORK OF THE BIBLE CLASS.

Well, I confess I asked some questions and with the result of a question asked by an old deacon. The colored preacher had graphically described the making of Adam. The Lord mou'ded him, head, arms, body and legs out of clay; and then stood him up against the fence to drv. "Who made dat fence?", inquired the old deacon, jumping to his feet. "Sit down brudder, sich questions spiles my theology."

Well, brother Waring thinks I have "hit" him, also another good brother. For this I am sorry. Every brother in the ministry, I would help, not "hit." This is my apology. In the last six months, I have been shooting at the radieal critics, who in their, "winter palaces," before a good fire have been penknifeing the Bible. If Brother Waring and the other brother have been standing too near these people, they may have been hit. My advice to them is the advice of the Quaker on the stage in the play of Uncle Tom's Cabin," standing in all gravity with gun in hand, the Quaker, seeing the slave-hunter on Eliza's track, and brings his gun to his shoulder and says to Eliza's pursue "I advise thee to remove from the place thou now occupiest, for I am going to fire just where thou standest."

These "hits" have driven my brother to his "knees." Well, the more we do of that, the better; but perhaps ⁵ it should not be published. However, I see slim chance here for martyrdon; but if any, pinch-beck cheap.

(continued next week.)

St. John Letter.

The time flies, and it has already been some weeks since a report of the workings of the churches in this city has appeared in the MISSENGER AND VISITOR. As a city we have been wrestling with civic and religious problems for of small calibre. We are trying to get ready for the summer opening for the Grand Trunk Railroad now projected, and if it fails to come this summer to be ready for it when it does come. A strong committee is making arrangements for the Champlain Tercentenary to be held here this summer. Dr. Raymond, pastor of St. Mary's Church, (Epis.) has written an extended history of the discovery of the St. John Rivår, and from that we find that we have been in this country three hundred years. One important feature of this celebration, which will be marked by aquatic, athletic, trades, and other celebrations, will be an Old Home Week

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