

HAMMOCKS.



PALMER'S HAMMOCKS

Are models of beauty, comfort and strength. We have them from 75c. up. Also a few sample hammocks at bargain prices.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited.

Brussels Carpets.

I am now showing a most complete line of Brussels Carpets at \$1.10 per yard in new and beautiful designs, suitable for all sorts of rooms—Halls, Stairs, etc.

The above is a special quality and the designs are equal to the best. The other prices for Brussels are 90c., \$1.00, 1.20 and 1.40.

A. O. SKINNER, 58 King St.

LESS REPAIRS

Required For...



DOMINION and PERFECT

BICYCLES

Than any other wheels on the market. If any parts are required they are in stock. Dunlop Tires. Good guarantee. \$35 up.

J. CLARK & SON, CHERMANT ST., near KING. E. P. DYKEMAN, Salesman.

RUB

Yes, rub that old chair or piano with P. BACTICAL. Prepared and sold by.

H. L. & J. T. MCGOWAN, 100 UNION STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Phone 697 and have a bottle sent, or enclose 20c. and receive one by mail. Store closed evenings after June 1.

"I Have Made a Mistake."

Said a lady who came into our store yesterday, "I am a stranger here and did not know of this store and bought clothing elsewhere, but find I could have done much better here. I will return the goods and if I can get my money back I will come here and buy." She returned the goods, got her money back and came here and bought, and when leaving our store expressed her entire satisfaction, saying, "I will know where to come when I want clothing again." We hear expressions of satisfaction from our customers on every side. Have you tried us yet—if not, why not? We can save you money when buying clothing.

J. N. HARVEY, OPERA HOUSE BLOCK, 100 UNION STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

BRIEFS BY WIRE.

The liabilities of Louis Stern, the former United States commercial agent at Bamberg, Bavaria, who committed suicide at that place June 10, by shooting himself, amount to about \$50,000.

An explosion in a cartridge factory situated in the suburb of San Millan, Spain, resulted in the loss of fifteen lives and the injuring of about twenty persons. The victims were horribly mutilated. A majority of those injured were women.

SHUT OUT BY FOG.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The dense fog which has enveloped the harbor since midnight effectively stopped the movement of shipping and no arrivals were reported this morning. Sandy Hook and quarantine marine observers reporting at 7:30 a. m. nothing but dense fog. The steamer Germanic, from Liverpool, which arrived in the lower bay during the night, is supposed to be still there. Probably a number of steamships are anchored outside the bar waiting for the fog to lift as they are due. The Antarctic Victoria, from Hamburg; the Sardinian, from Glasgow; the Cuffe, from Liverpool; the Nord America, from the Mediterranean; from Mexico and Havana and a number of others are due.

HAVE STRUCK OIL.

A Good Quality of Crude Petroleum at St. Joseph's.

A Flow of Over Two Barrels Per Day—Will Probably Yield Ten Barrels When Torpedoed.

(Thursday's Moncton Transcript.) The result of the reports the company determined to commence actual borings and started in November, 1899. The first well was sunk on R. A. Steves farm at Dover about seven miles from Moncton. It was sunk eight feet and while oil bearing sands were found, it proved to be at that depth a dry well, but it is the company's intention to continue this particular boring to the lower oil sands at a later date. These lower sands are supposed to be at a depth of from 2500 to 3000 feet. Dry wells are common even in the richest oil districts and the average is six dry wells to one producer. Note proof of this in the new oil field at Beaumont, Texas, where over twenty dry wells were bored before one producer was found. The very district so seemingly unpromising is now producing nearly as much oil as whole groups of other fields in the United States combined.

The company moved to another part of the prospective oil field on the same range and drilled a well in a little valley south of St. Joseph's, on the college farm. This well was sunk 1,100 feet but the first oil sands were struck at 245 feet. This well has been a misunderstanding with the driller the first oil sands were not torpedoed, although at the time they yielded considerable oil, which is still flowing between the casings of this well. The company, recognizing that a mistake was made in not torpedoing the first oil sands, decided to test this strata at another point. They selected a site westward one mile and sunk a well and supposed the first oil sands could be reached by a six inch bore. Unfortunately before reaching the oil sands a quicksand was met, which demanded either abandonment or heavy outlay for casing. It was decided as the bore was only a small one, it would be cheaper to abandon and commence anew. On May 14, 1901, the boring plant was moved eastward to the present fortunate location. From May 14th until June 1st the borings were continued. At six inch bore, the present well was sunk to a depth of 1,100 feet and yesterday by a happy coincidence when Senator King, president of the company, Hon. H. B. Emerson and Mr. Lodge, secretary, were present for business consultation, the well was struck. The explorations, the best results were obtained from this well. Today a Transcript representative hearing of the fortunate strike visited the scene and counted the oil output had doubled since yesterday. The present output from the boring is between two and three barrels per day, without torpedoing the well. A three barrel a day pumping well would be considered a good paying one. Mr. Foster, who has been in charge of the borings and who all through has had great confidence in the results, says that the sands will yield about ten barrels per day from each well. The site which is now yielding oil, it may be remarked, is not in Prof. Shaler's opinion, the district from which the largest producing wells will be found, and further it has never been expected to find large wells in the first sands. His opinion has been that the lower strata will be the most generous producers and this fact is borne out in all known fields. The best wells in the United States range from 1,000 to 2,500 feet. To bore such wells means a large outlay of capital and the company has now demonstrated that the oil exists in paying quantities. It is the company's intention to immediately drill other wells in this district and continue to a greater depth the well abandoned last fall.

A sample of the oil taken today out of the well was obtained and can be seen at the Transcript Office. It smells genuine enough to satisfy anybody, and even in its crude state can be used for lubricating purposes. In fact it is now being used on the oil well machinery and a barrel is being sent to Senator King to be used in his mill. It is dark green in color and resembles what is known as No. 1 cylinder stock oil. Tests that have been made of this oil place it in the same standard as the black sands of Pennsylvania, and it runs very high in the paraffine process. For this reason, while ordinary crude oil sells in the United States for from 50 cents to \$1.75 at the well's mouth, the Black Sands crude oil sells from \$4.50 to \$7.00 per barrel at the well's mouth. This grade of petroleum is being obtained in decreasing quantities every year, and the price is naturally rising as the supply cannot equal the increasing demand, on account of the many by-products obtained from this grade of petroleum. The New Brunswick field promises to be one of the greatest producers of this grade of oil in the known world. While many fields produce oil, with an asphalt base, few fields produce oil as in New Brunswick, with a paraffine base. The directors of the company in New Brunswick will meet tomorrow at the works at St. Joseph's to consider the situation precipitated by the present satisfactory results and determine upon extended operations. A few days will probably enable the telling of even better news than at present, as at once day-and night operations will be carried on.

THAT THREATENED LYNCHING. NEW ORLEANS, June 14.—Advices from Shreveport this morning indicate that none of the negroes under arrest in connection with the murder of John Foster, the planter, have been lynched. Prince Edwards, the negro charged with having fired the fatal shot, is still at large.

SUPREME COURT.

Judgments Delivered—The Lewin and Turnbull Estates Matter.

FREDERICTON, June 14.—The Supreme Court met today, all the judges, except Langtry, being present. Several judgments were delivered as follows:

Ex Parte Quirk.—An application, to make absolute a rule for certiorari to quash a Scott Act conviction. Rule refused.

Ex Parte Simpson.—Rule nisi to quash Scott Act conviction. Queen's Bench division case—Chief Justice Tuck delivered the judgment, at considerable length, referring to the acts of Mr. Wilmot and the efforts to serve the petition. It was the opinion of the court that it did not so manifestly appear what he did as the effort made by the petitioner, to serve notice. While the special circumstances were not so great as in the York Co. case, yet the court felt that Judge McLeod was justified in extending the time and the court so declared.

Potter v. Morrice.—This was an action on a promissory note, Appeal allowed with costs, and the case to go back to the judge of the county court, St. John, for a new hearing.

Potter v. Creaghan.—A similar case. Appeal allowed with costs.

The King v. Wells, ex parte Thingley. Rule discharged.

The King v. Kay, ex parte Belyea.—This was an application for a mandamus to compel Kay, police magistrate of Moncton, to try certain charges of violation of the Scott Act made by Belyea. The court was divided three, Hamilton and Langtry favoring an order; and Barker, McLeod and Gregory against. Rule dropped.

The King v. Sharpe and the Assessors of St. John, ex parte Lewin.—This was an appeal to quash an assessment. Rule discharged. Both the chief justice and Judge Barker read lengthy judgments. The chief justice said it appeared as if a certain act passed by the legislature in 1860 were intended to exempt the assessment held by the Lewin and Turnbull estates from taxation, and he expressed any such legislation.

The King v. Sharpe, ex parte Turnbull.—Rule discharged.

Peck v. Peck.—An action to recover damages for false imprisonment. Motion for new trial refused.

Jack v. Bonnell.—Judgment that verdict be entered for defendant, Judge McLeod dissenting, chief justice no part.

Goldie and McCullough Co. v. Hewson. Judgment for defendant with costs; \$100.00. Two days and evening court adjourned to resume at 2:30 p. m.

THE FIRE RECORD.

A Russian Blaze That Cost 10,000,000 Roubles—A \$500,000 Hotel Goes.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 14.—The fire at the Gaiety Island shipyard yesterday consumed the ship, the cruiser at Wiljas and other vessels, the government and other buildings there and a large stock of timber. The flames also leaped the Neva-Fontanka canal, destroying several military warehouses filled with supplies. According to Novoe Vremya twelve persons lost their lives in the flames. The damage done amounts to 10,000,000 roubles.

WEST BADEN, Ind., June 14.—The Mineral Springs hotel was destroyed by fire today. No person was injured. The fire broke out at 1:20 a. m. in the baker shop at the south end of the building. It burned rapidly, and by 3 o'clock the hotel had been completely consumed. The loss is \$500,000, insured \$100,000. Two days and evening court adjourned to resume at 2:30 p. m.

FREDERICTON.

An Old Man's Suicide.—F. B. Coleman's Son Missing.

FREDERICTON, June 14.—Samuel Haines, aged 82, of Dorchester, died here yesterday. He was working in a field with his sons and left them and went to the barn. He hanged himself to a beam with a halter. The beam was so low that he had time to accomplish his purpose. His mind was affected. He leaves a wife, three daughters and three sons.

Ronald Coleman, 15 years old, son of Fred Coleman, has been missing from home since Tuesday morning, and his parents are greatly alarmed.

ASSYRIAN WENT TO PIECES.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., June 14.—The Leyland line steamer Assyrian, ashore off Cape Race, went to pieces during the night, and this morning is a total wreck. The center part of the vessel is under water and the hull is broken asunder. A heavy sea is running and the cargo is being partly washed ashore and partly carried seaward. Owing to the darkness of the night, the tremendous sea, little of the cargo has thus far been salvaged. The tug Petrel, which was forced on the rocks while engaged in attempting to assist the Assyrian, has also become a total wreck. The crews of both vessels escaped safely to the shore and are housed in the Cape Race light house.

LONG, LONG AGO.

Miss Hutton-Manning has a portrait of me that was painted when I was a child of six.

A YEAR OF WORK

King's Daughters Held Their Annual Meeting This Afternoon.

The Officers' Reports Show That the Year Has Been Very Successful—The Guild Has Done Good Work.

The annual meeting of the King's Daughters was held this afternoon in the guild rooms. Reports were received from the different officers.

The year just closed has been to the King's Daughters one grand year of work. There has been no previous year that we can look back to with such keen satisfaction on the work accomplished by the order. During the winter there was much poverty and distress, caused largely by the shutting down of the cotton factories and times in general being hard. But through the various channels of assistance that were opened up we were in a position to give relief to many of the sufferers. Now we rejoice that times have brightened and that many of the homes have become self-supporting. I am especially glad to note that many of the young girls who were in the cotton factories are now located in homes as domestics. What a great benefit it would be to these girls if we could prevent them from entering the factories again, for in visiting their homes we find them so ill kept, with such lack of comfort, that indeed we wonder not that the members of their families seek more congenial spots. We also find in these homes little or no cooking is done; their provisions they procure ready cooked, as many of them are ignorant of even the first principles of plain cooking. By way of advancement we can readily see there are many steps yet we might take. One of the best work we have done in establishing a cooking school in connection with the guild. We have every facility to insure its successful operation. In securing our building and getting it in working order as we have done we know we have accomplished much, but with our grand force of Christian workers we can easily accomplish more.

Circles. I would make special mention of the true, strong individual work done in each of the circles. They have been active, honest workers, and through their energy many of the deserving poor were enabled to tide over a hard winter.

Boarding House. Reports of the year show 135 young women boarders have been accommodated. Permanent boarders and 19 transient. Great satisfaction is expressed with the arrangement of the house, its sunny rooms and healthy locality, though more room is needed, and as soon as circumstances permit we expect to enlarge the building.

Gospel Services. Arranged for every Sunday at 4 o'clock, 39 meetings. It is to be regretted that the interest in these services has slackened since the guild has been moved to the new building. We strongly appeal to the King's Daughters and the public in general to take a deeper interest in these meetings. We know they would be beneficial to all.

Mothers' Meetings. Opened Nov. 9th, with a membership of 16; closed April 10th. Material for sewing is provided at the wholesale prices, and various useful garments are cut and made by the members, which can be bought by them at the cost price. The hard working, tired women who attend these mothers' meetings find it a quiet, restful hour, and they thoroughly enjoy the music, reading or other entertainment provided. Through the coming year we hope for a large increase in the attendance.

The Social element has been well sustained. There was a number of very successful teas and receptions given, all of which were well attended and much appreciated.

Employment Register. We have been very successful in obtaining work for the unemployed, also procuring many good servants for the ladies who have registered at our office.

Educational classes were well attended, 33 names on register of writing class and 29 names on register of English branches. Last year closed April 10th, but three of the girls were so anxious to continue their work that the writing class was kept on until June by Miss Tiddies, while Miss M. B. Smith kindly offered to continue Miss Gilmore's class in the English for the same period.

Respectfully submitted, P. KNIGHT HANSON, General Secretary. Miss C. A. Pratt, the treasurer, reported that the total receipts amounted to \$2,573.38. This was made up from members' subscriptions, board, educational classes, relief work, employment and entertaining guests. The total expenditure was \$2,587, leaving a balance of \$16.38. There are however unpaid bills amounting to \$70. Out of the receipts \$370, so specified, was placed in the bank to the credit of the building fund.

The chair officers of the ten circles also reported. The circles and officers are: Doorkeepers, Miss Maude Golding; Opportunity, Mrs. E. Stewart; Ministerial, Mrs. W. H. Purdy; Co-workers, Miss A. W. Jordan; Pastor's Helpers, Mrs. F. C. Jones; Watchful, Miss L. Currie; Lend-A-Hand, Mrs. John Dan; Thelma, Mrs. Jas. Byers; Merry Makers, Miss Winter; Here-A-Little, There-A-Little, Mrs. T. H. Esauwicks.

WHITE'S RESTAURANT

Now Open.

DINNER, 25c.

Breakfast, 2.50 to 10. Dinner, 12 to 2.30. Supper, 5 to 7.30.

Our Ice Cream is strictly up-to-date and our Ice Cream Sandwiches are the latest delicacy.

Our Chocolates and Bon Bons are equal to any in Canada regardless of price.

Bon Bons: 20, 25, 30 & 40c. lb. Chocolates: 20, 25, 40 & 80c. lb.

WHITE'S, 90 King St.

Snowflakes, Velvetines, and Caramels. MONTGOMERY'S PLANTS FOR SALE.

FOOTWEAR!

A CHOICE LINE OF

Boots and Shoes.

Men's Goodyear Welt Boots \$3.50 Ladies' " " " 3.50 Boys' " " " 3.00

Also a choice lot of Men's and Children's Choc. and Black But. and Lace Boots to select from.

JOS. IRVINE, 307 Main St.

MISS K. A. HENNESSY, 113 Charlotte St., Opp. Dufferin Hotel.

HAIR GOODS.

Visitors will find in my establishment only the choicest hair goods and exclusive designs at reasonable prices.

FOR THE FRONT HAIR—Transformation Marie Antoinette Pompadour.

FOR THE BACK—HAIR—Lovers' Knot. Newport Coll. Wavy Switches.

WIGS AND TOUPEES. In fact, I have Everything for the Hair.

CHEAP TAN BOOTS.

WE HAVE 90 MEN'S TAN BALMOREL. Which we are selling at \$1.50. Regular \$2 boots. All sizes.

W. A. SINCLAIR,

65 Brussels Street, St. John.

A. B. OSBORNE

HAS REMOVED

To 107 Princess Street,

where parties can purchase reliable instru-

ments on easy terms. Pianos, Pipe and Reed Organs tuned and repaired by experienced workmen.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

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CONTRACTOR FOR...

Hot Water or Steam Heating and Plumbing

...DEALER IN...

Water and Gas Fittings.

70 & 72 PRINCESS STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Telephone: Office, 105; Residence, 324.

MISS S. C. MULLIN

Carries the most fashionable stock of

Millinery to be had in St. John City.

Style unequalled. Prices real moderate.

339 Main St. Opp. Douglas Avenue.

BOOT BLACKING EMPORIUM

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

JOHN DE ANGELIS,

WATER STREET. Cor. Market St.

YES, THAT'S RIGHT.

Dunham's is the place to buy

your Furniture. A first-class

stock to choose from.

UPHOLSTERING AND REPAIRING

FRED H. DUNHAM,

408 Main Street, N. B.

MARITIME TENNIS ASSOCIATION.

(Amherst Daily News)

A Maritime Tennis association will

in all probability be formed in the near

future, Mr. Lithgow, the secretary of

the Wanderers' Tennis club, has now

had sufficient encouragement from

chess all over the province to justify

him in calling a meeting of those in-

terested, to take action in the matter.

An association will doubtless be formed

and a tour is suggested as the place

for holding the first grand tournament

some time in August.